## $\rightarrow$ RIDDLE \#1

## ESA's NEO Coordination Centre

## An NEO with a peculiar orbit

The recently discovered asteroid $2020 \mathrm{HY}_{5}$, firstly observed by Mt. Lemmon Survey on 23 April 2020, has an interesting particularity: it roughly passes half of its orbital period of about 387 days inside 1.3 au and the other half outside. Such distance is used for the definition of NEOs: the perihelion distance of an NEO must be below 1.3 au. $2020 \mathrm{HY}_{5}$ actually spends 192.0 days below 1.3 au and 194.9 days above that distance.

And here is a riddle:

- Assuming an NEO that spends exactly $50 \%$ of its time inside 1.3 au and $50 \%$ of its time outside 1.3 au, what would be the maximum aphelion such an NEO could have?
- As a bonus, would you be able to find similar cases in our database? (Hint: you can use the advanced search functionality in our left menu)

Please, send your responses before the proposed deadline to the following e-mail: neocc@ssa.esa.int.
Use as subject of your e-mail: "Riddle \#1 - solution".
Moreover, please let us know if you would prefer not to have your name included in the list of winners, in case of a correct answer.

