NEAR EARTH ASTEROIDS (NEAs)

A CHRONOLOGY OF MILESTONES 1800 - 2200

version 116.0 – 01 June 2021 (completeness not pretended)

Introduction

An asteroid is coined a **Near Earth Asteroid (NEA)** when its trajectory brings it within 1.3 AU from the Sun. A **NEA** is said to be a **Potentially Hazardous Asteroid (PHA)** when its orbit comes to within 0.05 AU (= 19.5 LD = 7.5 million km) of the Earth's orbit and has a measured absolute magnitude H < 22 mag (i.e., an estimated diameter D > 140 m).

As of 1 June 2021, 25946 **NEAs** are registered by *NASA JPL CNEOS*, including 891 **NEAs** with D > 1 km (94.8 % of an estimated population of 940 ± 10); 8,782 **NEAs** with 1 km > D > 140 m (35.1 % of an estimated population of 25,000); 7,974 **NEAs** with 140 m > D > 40 m (1.59 % of an estimated population of 500,000); 4,572 **NEAs** with 40 m > D > 20 m (0.18 % of an estimated population of 2,500,000); 3,728 **NEAs** with 20 m > D. Among the km-size **NEAs**, 157 of those are **PHAs**.

Amor, Apollo, Aten and Atira NEAs

Definitions

Amor Earth approaching asteroid with orbit exterior to Earth's orbit, but interior to the orbit of Mars. Amor was discovered 12 March 1932.

Apollo Earth orbit crossing asteroid with semi-major axis larger than that of

Earth. Apollo was discovered 24 April 1932.

Aten Earth orbit crossing asteroid with semi-major axis smaller than that of

Earth. Aten was discovered 7 January 1976.

Atira Earth approaching asteroid with orbit interior to Earth's orbit. Atira

was discovered 11 February 2003.

Occurrence

As of 30 May 2021, the 25945 registered **NEAs** include 14471 **Apollos** (55.8 %), 9449 **Amors** (36.4 %), 2002 **Atens** (7.72 %), and 23 **Atiras** (0.09 %).

First *observed* **NEA** flyby at d < 1 LD : 18 Jan 1991, **1991 BA** $(D \approx 8 \text{ m})$. First *observed* **NEA** flyby at d < 0.1 LD : 31 Mar 2004, **2004 FU162** $(D \approx 8 \text{ m})$.

Closest *observed* NEA flyby, at $d \approx 1.06$ R_{Earth} from the geocenter, on 13 Nov 2020: **2020** VT4 ($D \approx 6$ m).

One but closest *observed* NEA flyby, at $d \approx 1.46$ R_{Earth} from the geocenter, on 16 Aug 2020: **2020 OG** ($D \approx 4$ m).

See: https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=7728

But see also: http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [4 September 2020]

The NEA chronology lists:

- (a) data of known NEAs with past nominal Earth close approach distances $d \le 1.00$ LD;
- (b) data of known NEAs with future nominal Earth close approach distances $d \le 10.00$ LD and minimum close approach distances $d \le 1.00$ LD;
- (c) data of known PHA's with $H \le 22$ mag and nominal Earth close approach distances $d \le 5.00$ LD;
- (d) scientific literature, conferences and other milestones of **NEO** research.
- (e) interstellar minor planets

The NEA Chronology is updated monthly and can be downloaded as pdf file.

Information on categories (a) and (b) is quoted from both the <u>ESA NEO Coordination</u> <u>Centre Close Approach Tables</u> and the <u>NASA JPL CNEOS Close Approach Tables</u> for the period 1900 – 2200 A.D., as of 01 June 2021.

By listing in chronological order this broad selection of milestones of **NEO** research, a global impression is offered of what has been done and has happened, and what is being done and will happen in those fields, as far as presently known.

As 01 June 2021, the *NEA Chronology* lists 5702 entries of known *past* events registered since AD 1800, including 734 *observed* (the first one in 1991: **1991 BA**) and calculated close approaches of **NEAs** ranging in size from 1 to 325 m (including 7 **PHAs**, one in the km class (**2011 MD5**)) with nominal Earth close approach distances $d \le 1.00$ LD (82 in 2019; 107 in 2020; to date 60 in 2021), 40 of which with $d \le 0.10$ LD. Moreover, seven impacts have been recorded: on 30 June 1908 (Tunguska), 6 October 2008 (**2008 TC3**, Sudan), 15 February 2013 (Chelyabinsk), 2 January 2014 (**2014 AA**, off the coast of West Africa), 2 June 2018 (**2018 LA**, Botswana), 18 December 2018 (Bering Sea), and on 22 June 2019 (**2019 MO**, Caribbean Sea).

As of 01 June 2021, the *NEA Chronology* lists 668 entries of known *future* events announced and predicted up to AD 2200, of which 344 *predicted* close approaches of **NEAs** with nominal Earth close approach distances $d \le 10.00$ LD and minimum close approach distances $d \le 1.00$ LD (i.e., about one per year), including 55 *predicted* close approaches of **NEAs** with nominal Earth close approach distances $d \le 1.00$ LD (10 of which are **PHAs**, one in the km class (**2001 WN5**) and one with $d \le 0.10$ LD (**Apophis**)).

Colour coding

green bold asteroid, meteorite, impact site purple bold Potentially Hazardous Asteroid

red bold italics spacecraft

red bold spacecraft subsystem

blue bold NEA related institute, observatory, organization, program

blue bold italics NEA related conference, meeting, workshop, seminar

Sources

https://minorplanetcenter.net/

https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/

https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/totals.html

https://ssd.jpl.nasa.gov/sbdb query.cgi#x

https://www.nasa.gov/planetarydefense/overview

http://neo.ssa.esa.int/neo-home

http://neo.ssa.esa.int/close-approaches

http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abstract_service.html

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1862 Apollo

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1221 Amor

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2062 Aten

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Atira asteroid

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See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2015Icar..257..302H

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See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar..36514452H/abstract

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NEA CHRONOLOGY 1800 - 2200

1801 , Jan 1	First and largest asteroid discovered, 1 Ceres ($H = 3.34 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx$
	975 km, main-belt asteroid), by Giuseppe Piazzi (1746 – 1826,
	Italy) at the Osservatorio Astronomico di Palermo. Asteroid
	Cerere Ferdinandea was named in honour of King Ferdinand IV
	of Sicily, and later became known simply as Ceres. Carl Gauss
	developed the math to determine an accurate orbit for Ceres and
	published his results in November 1801. Given the definition of
	planets and dwarfplanets accepted by the IAU XXVI General
	Assembly in 2006, Ceres is considered a dwarf planet rather than
	an asteroid.
	See: Ceres - JPL, 1 Ceres - SSA
	https://ssd.jpl.nasa.gov/sbdb.cgi?sstr=Ceres
	Ref:
	- G. Piazzi, 1802, Della scoperta del nuovo planeta Cerere
	Ferdinandea (Palermo: Nella Stamperia Reale).

	g
	See: https://archive.org/details/DellaScopertaDelNuovoPianetaCerereFerdina ndea
	See also:
	http://www.space.com/12969-giant-asteroid-ceres-telescopes-
	skywatching.html
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ceres (dwarf planet)
	More recently:
	Since 6 March 2015, NASA spacecraft <i>Dawn</i> is in orbit around
	Ceres. See:
	http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=4503
	http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=4540
1803, 26 Apr	L'Aigle Meteorite Fall. In the early afternoon of 26 April 1803 a meteorite shower of more than 3000 fragments fell upon the town of L'Aigle (Normandy, France). Ref:
	- M. Gounelle, 2003, in 66th Annual Meteoritical Society Meeting
	(2003), Meteoritics & Planetary Science, 38, Supplement, abstract
	no.5251, "The meteorite fall at l'Aigle on April 26th 1803 and the
	Biot report."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2003M%26PSA38.5251G
	See also:
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/L'Aigle_(meteorite)
1807 , Dec 14	Weston Meteorite. At 6:30 hr on the morning of 14 December 1807, a blazing fireball about two-thirds the size of the Moon was seen traveling southwards by early risers in Vermont and Massachusetts (USA). Three loud explosions were heard over the town of Weston in Fairfield County, Connecticut. Stone fragments fell in at least 6 places. See:
	http://peabody.yale.edu/collections/meteorites-and-planetary-
	science/weston-meteorite
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Weston meteorite
1840, Jun 12	Uden Meteorite (Netherlands). A 0.6 kg meteorite was found. See:
	http://www.dwc.knaw.nl/DL/publications/PU00015500.pdf
	http://www.sterrenkunde.nl/index/encyclopedie/meteoren.html
1010 = -	
1843 , Jun 2	Blauwkapel Meteorite (Netherlands). Two pieces were found, of
	2.7 and 7 kg. See:
	http://www.dwc.knaw.nl/DL/publications/PU00015500.pdf
	http://www.sterrenkunde.nl/index/encyclopedie/meteoren.html
1859 , Nov 15	New York City Fireball and Airburst (USA).
1037, 1101 13	See:
	500.

	http://www.meteoritehistory.info/AJS/S2VIEWS/V30P186.HTM http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_meteor_air_bursts
1860, Jul 20	The Meteor Procession of 20 July 1860, visible from the Great Lakes to New York State (USA), continuing out over the Atlantic Ocean. Ref: - Walt Whitman, 1859-1860, in Leaves of Grass, "Year of Meteors."; - A.G. Pope, 5-1-2010, Astronomical dating of Edvard Munch's summer sky paintings, University Honors Program, Texas State University; - R. Sinnott, 2010, Sky & Telescope, 7 June 2010, "Walt Whitman's "Meteor-Procession"." See: http://www.skyandtelescope.com/community/skyblog/newsblog/957657 19.html - D.W. Olson, R.L Doescher, M.S. Olson, A.G. Pope, 2010, Sky & Telescope, 120, No.1, July 2010, p. 28, "Walt Whitman's "Year of Meteors"." See: http://www.skyandtelescope.com/community/skyblog/newsblog/957657 19.html http://www.skyandtelescope.com/community/skyblog/newsblog/957657 19.html http://www.txstate.edu/news/news_releases/news_archive/2010/06/Year OffMeteors060110.html http://www.newscientist.com/gallery/whitman-mystery-solved/3 http://www.newscientist.com/plogs/culturelab/2010/06/the-forensic-astronomer-donald-olson.html http://www.newscientist.com/_news/2010/06/02/4448882-150-year-old-meteor-mystery-solved http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap100722.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Earth-grazing_fireball
1864 , May 14	Orgueil Meteorite rain over Orgueil (Southern France). Some 20 stones fell over an area of several square kilometers, with a total weight of 14 kg. Ref: - M. Gounelle, P. Spurný, P.A. Bland, 2006, Meteoritics & Planetary Science, 41, 135, "The orbit and atmospheric trajectory of the Orgueil meteorite from historical records." See: http://www.springerlink.com/content/m470723364612j6x/ See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Orgueil_(meteorite)
1868 , July 11	Main-belt asteroid 100 Hekate ($H = 7.66 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 123 \text{ km}$) discovered by James C. Watson (1838 – 1880) at Ann Arbor (MI,

	USA). 100 th numbered asteroid in the data base of the IAU Minor Planet Center , Cincinnati Observatory (Ohio, USA). See: 100 Hekate - JPL, 100 Hekate - SSA See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/100_Hekate
1873 , Oct 27	Diepenveen Meteorite Fall, Diepenveen (the Netherlands). See: http://www.naturalis.nl/en/news/collectie-2/new-dutch-meteorite-fell-1873/
1890, May 2	Forest City Meteorite Fall, Forest City (Iowa, USA), 2 May 1890. Ref: - H.H. Nininger, 1942, <i>Popular Astronomy</i> , 50, 111, "A celestial bomb." See: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Meteorite_falls
1891 , Dec 22	First photographic discovery of an asteroid, 323 Brucia (H = 9.53 mag, $D \approx 35.8$ km), by Maximilian F.J.C. Wolf (1863 – 1932) at the Landessternwarte Heidelberg-Königstuhl (Heidelberg, Germany). See: <u>Brucia - JPL</u> , <u>Brucia - SSA</u> See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/323_Brucia
1893	G.K. Gilbert (1893) suggested impacts as most likely process for forming lunar craters. Ref: - G.K. Gilbert, 1893, <i>Bulletin of the Philosophical Society of Washington</i> , 12, 241, "The Moon's face: a study of the origin of its features." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1893QB591.G46
1896 , Feb 2	Great Madrid Meteor Event. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/full/1896PASP886C http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Chelyabinsk_meteor
1898 , Aug 13	First discovery of a NEA: asteroid 433 Eros (1898 DQ, $H = 10.3$ mag, $D \approx 34.4 \times 11.2 \times 11.2$ km, orbital $P = 1.76$ yr, Amor asteroid), by Carl Gustav Witt ($1866 - 1948$) at the Urania Sternwarte Berlin (Germany), and independently by Auguste Charlois ($1864 - 1910$) at the Observatoire de Nice (France). Second-largest NEA known . Its perihelion distance of 1.133 AU brings it with 0.15 AU of the orbit of the Earth. See: $1898 \text{ DQ} - \text{JPL}$, $433 \text{ Eros} - \text{SSA}$ See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/433 Eros

	Ref: - P. Michel, P. Farinella, Ch. Froeschlé, 1996, <i>Nature</i> , 380, 689, "The orbital evolution of the asteroid Eros and implications for collision with the Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1996Natur.380689M See also: http://www.oaa.gr.jp/~oaacs/mp/BriefHistoryofMPCbyConradBardwell.pdf See also: 23 Jan 1975 , 31 Jan 2012 .
1899 , Mar 12	Helsinki Fireball and Airburst (Finland). See: http://www.somerikko.net/collection/meteorites.php?id=374 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_meteor_air_bursts
1900 , Jan 1	1 NEA known. See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
1900, Jan 4	Aten NEA 509352 (2007 AG, $H = 20.2$ mag, $D \approx 300$ m, PHA), passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.75 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.75 LD. See: 2007 AG - JPL, 2007 AG - SSA See also: 4 Jan 1919.
1900, Jan 29	Apollo NEA 4660 Nereus (1982 DB, <i>H</i> = 18.3 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 510 x 330 240 m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal distance of 8.09 LD. Minimum distance 8.08 LD. See: 1982 DB - JPL, 4660 Nereus - SSA https://ssd.jpl.nasa.gov/sbdb.cgi?sstr=4660 Nereus See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/4660 Nereus Ref: - M. Brozovic, S.J. Ostro, L.A.M. Benner, et al., 2009, <i>Icarus</i> , 201, 153, "Radar observations and a physical model of asteroid 4660 Nereus, a prime space mission target." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009Icar201153B - K. Kitazato, S. Abe, M. Ishiguro, et al., October 2012, <i>AAS DPS meeting</i> #44, #210.20, "Measuring the YORP effect of asteroid 4660 Nereus." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012DPS4421020K See also: 22 Jan 2002, 11 Dec 2021, 14 Feb 2060, 4 Feb 2071, 23 Dec 2112, 4 Feb 2166.
1900, May 10	Aten NEA 326290 Akhenaten (1998 HE3 , $H = 22.0$ mag, $D \approx 100$ m, PHA), passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.01 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.01 LD. See: <u>1998 HE3- JPL</u> , <u>1998 HE3- SSA</u>

1900, Jul 24	Apollo NEA 2007 HE15 (H = 20.0 mag, $D \approx$ 400 m, PHA), passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.98 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.96 LD. See: 2007 HE15 - JPL, 2007 HE15 - SSA
1901 , Jun 7	Aten NEA 2014 HQ124 (H = 19.0 mag, $D \approx 370$ m, PHA), passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.95 LD. Minimum miss distance 5.90 LD. See: 2014 HQ124 - JPL, 2014 HQ124 - SSA See also: https://www.google.nl/#q=asteroid+2014+hq124 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2014 HQ124 See also: 7 Jun 1952, 8 Jun 2014, 8 Jun 2065 .
1901, Aug 14	Apollo NEA 2011 DS ($H = 26.8$ mag, $D \approx 15$ m), passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.94 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.75 LD. See: 2011 DS - JPL, 2011 DS - SSA See also: 18 Feb 1966 , 18 Feb 2050 .
1902 , May 22	Apollo NEA 2018 KS (H = 28.0 mag, $D \approx 9$ m), passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.84 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.96 LD. See: 2018 KS - JPL, 2018 KS - SSA
1902, Nov 19	Aten NEA 2019 OR1 (H = 21.1 mag, $D \approx 220$ m, PHA), passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.80 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.40 LD. See: $2019 \text{ OR1} - \text{JPL}$, $2019 \text{ OR1} - \text{SSA}$ See also: 20 Nov 2085 , 21 Nov 2100 , 21 Nov 2178 .
1903 , Jan 13	Apollo NEA 2010 WZ8 ($H = 20.9$ mag, $D \approx 230$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.51 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.51 LD. See: 2010 WZ8 - JPL, 2010 WZ8 - SSA See also: 13 Jan 2047 .
1903, Feb 18	Aten NEA 208023 (1999 AQ10 , $H = 20.6$ mag, $D \approx 280$ m, PHA), passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.29 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.28 LD. See: <u>1999 AQ10 - JPL</u> , <u>1999 AQ10 - SSA</u> See also: 18 Feb 2009 .
1903, Apr 24	Apollo NEA 2007 VG ($H = 21.4$ mag, $D \approx 190$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.14 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.05 LD. See: 2007 VG - JPL, 2007 VG - SSA

	See also: 23 Apr 2062.
1904 , Oct 29	Apollo NEA 260141 (2004 QT24 ($H = 18.1 \text{ mag}, D \approx 900 \text{ m},$ PHA), passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.30 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.29 LD. See: $2004 \text{ QT24} - \text{JPL}$, $2004 \text{ QT24} - \text{SSA}$
1905	C. Flammarion, 1905, <i>L'Astronomie</i> , 19, 309, "Si quelque jour la vertu disparaissait de la Terre, il serait convenable de la retrouver au ciel." See: http://gallica.bnf.fr/ark:/12148/bpt6k96408857
1905, Jun 3	Apollo NEA 2007 LU 19 (H = 21.5 mag, $D \approx 180$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.97 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.97 LD. See: 2007 LU19 - JPL, 2007 LU19 - SSA
1905, Jun 27	Apollo NEA 25143 Itokawa (1998 SF36 , $H = 19.1$ mag, $D = 520 \times 270 \times 230$ m, $M = 3.6 \times 10^{10}$ kg, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.50 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.50 LD. See: <u>1998 SF36 - JPL</u> , <u>25143 Itokawa - SSA</u> See also: 26 Jun 2004 , 9 Apr 2167 . See also: <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/25143_Itokawa</u>
1906 , Jan 11	Apollo NEA 2018 YO2 ($H = 30.0$ mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 36.68 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.38. LD. See: 2018 YO2 - SSA, 2018 YO2 - JPL See also: http://iawn.net/See also: 28 Dec 2018.
1906, Feb 26	Apollo NEA 2014 PW59 ($H = 21.0 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 230 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.98 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.67 LD. See: 2014 PW59 - JPL, 2014 PW59 - SSA See also: 1 Mar 1947 .
1906, Apr 11	Apollo NEA 2011 UH20 (H = 21.1 mag, $D \approx$ 220 m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.70 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.54 LD. See: 2011 UH20 - JPL, 2011 UH20 - SSA See also: 11 Apr 1977 .
1907 , Apr 5	Apollo NEA 2005 TS15 ($H = 21.3 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 200 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.44 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.43 LD.

	See: 2005 TS15 - JPL, 2005 TS15 - SSA
1907, Apr 13	Aten NEA 99942 Apophis (2004 MN4, $H = 19.7 \text{ mag}$, $D = 310 \pm 30 \text{ m}$, orbital $P = 0.89 \text{ yr}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 11.27 LD. Minimum miss distance 8.12 LD. See: 2004 MN4 - JPL, 99942 Apophis - SSA See also: http://www.esa.int/Our_Activities/Space_Science/Herschel_intercepts_asteroid_Apophis http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/99942_Apophis See also: 14 Apr 1949, 14 Apr 1998, 13 Apr 2029, 23 Mar 2036, 7 Apr 2123.
1907, May 20	Apollo NEA 2001 SG286 (H = 20.8 mag, $D \approx 250$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.84 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.84 LD. See: 2001 SG286 - JPL, 2001 SG286286 - SSA
1907, Dec 26	Aten NEA 2010 XC15 (H = 21.6 mag, $D \approx 170$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.61 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.74 LD. See: 2010 XC15 - JPL, 2010 XC15 - SSA See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2010_XC15 See also: 27 Dec 1914, 27 Dec 1976, 27 Dec 2022, 28 Dec 2059, 26 Dec 2064, 26 Dec 2096.
1908 , Jun 2	Apollo NEA 2020 KQ1 (H = 24.2 mag, $D \approx 50$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.32 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.26 LD. See: $2020 \text{ KQ1} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ KQ1} - \text{JPL}$
1908, Jun 30	Impact. Tunguska event, Siberia (Russia). According to Boslough & Crawford (2008), possibly an asteroid with <i>D</i> ≈ 30 − 50 m, exploding in an airburst with <i>E</i> ≈ 4 megaton TNT at an altitude of ~8.5 km, flattening ~2000 km² of forest. Ref: - L.A. Kulik, 1938, <i>Astronomical Society of the Pacific Leaflets</i> , 3, 78, "The meteorite of June 30, 1908, in Central Siberia." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1938ASPL378K - A. Ben-Menahem, September 1975, <i>Physics of the Earth and Planetary Interiors</i> , 11, 1, "Source parameters of the Siberian explosion of June 30, 1908, from analysis and synthesis of seismic signals at four stations." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1975PEPI111B - L'. Kresak, 1978, <i>Bulletin Astronomical Institutes of Czechoslovakia</i> , 29, 129, "The Tunguska object – a fragment of

Comet Encke?"

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	http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap111002.html
	https://sputniknews.com/analysis/20080626112250936/
	https://sputniknews.com/science/201701181049718416-tunguska-event-
	lake-cheko/
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List of meteor air bursts
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tunguska_event
1908, Oct 3	Apollo NEA 2020 JN3 ($H = 27.4 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 12 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at
	a nominal miss distance of 6.46 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.89
	LD.
	See: 2020 JN3 – S2P , 2020 JN3 - JPL
	500. <u>2020 3143 - 521</u> , <u>2020 3143 - 51 L</u>
1908, Dec 16	Aten NEA 33342 (1998 WT24, $H = 18.3 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 415 \text{ m}$, PHA)
1700, Dec 10	passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.54 LD. Minimum
	•
	miss distance 3.54 LD.
	See: <u>1998 WT24 - JPL</u> , <u>1998 WT24 - SSA</u>
	See also:
	http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/images/1998wt24.html
	http://science.nasa.gov/science-news/science-at-nasa/2001/ast14dec_1/
	http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=4800
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(33342) 1998 WT24
	See also: 16 Dec 1956, 16 Dec 2001, 11 Dec 2015, 18 Dec 2099.
1909 , Mar 6	Apollo NEA 474158 (1999 FA, $H = 20.9 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 300 \text{ m}$, PHA)
	passed Earth at a nominal distance of 4.20 LD. Minimum distance
	4.16 LD.
	See: 1999 FA - JPL, 1999 FA - SSA
	See also: 6 Mar 1999, 6 Mar 2143, 7 Mar 2194.
	See also. 6 War 1999, 6 War 2143, 7 War 2194.
1000 Aug 29	Atom NEA 2016 OA2 ($H=25.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 20 \text{ m}$) magged Earth at a
1909, Aug 28	Aten NEA 2016 QA2 ($H = 25.3$ mag, $D \approx 30$ m) passed Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 5.83 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.27
	LD.
	See: <u>2016 QA2- JPL</u> , <u>2016 QA2 - SSA</u>
1010 7	4277.4
1910 , Jan 1	1 NEA known.
	See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
1910	Minor planet astronomy became organized in a formal way at the
	Rechen-Institut in Berlin-Dahlem (Germany), director Fritz Cohn
	(1878 - 1940).
	Ref:
	- G. Stracke, 1935, Astronomische Nachrichten, 255, 189, "25
	G. Shacke, 1755, Ash onomische Patent tenten, 255, 167, 25

	Jahre genäherte Bearbeitung der Bahnen der Kleinen Planeten im Astronomischen Rechen-Institut." Predecessor of the MPC. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1935AN2551898 See also: 1947.
1910, May 9	Aten NEA 2007 JB21 (H = 25.8 mag, $D \approx 25$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.45 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.16 LD. [1910-01] See: $2007 \text{ JB21} - \text{JPL}$, $2007 \text{ JB21} - \text{SSA}$ See also: 8 May 2054 .
1911 , Jun 28	The Nakhla Meteorite fell to Earth on 28 June 1911 in the Nakhla region of Abu Hommos (Alexandria, Egypt). Many people witnessed its explosion in the upper atmosphere before the meteorite fell to Earth in an area of 4.5 km in diameter. About forty pieces were recovered. Recovered fragments ranged in weight from 20 to 1813 g. See: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nakhla_meteorite
1911, Sep 8	Amor NEA 719 Albert (A911 TB = 2000 JW8, H = 15.8 mag, D ≈ 2400 m) passed Earth at 80 LD. Discovered by Johann Palisa (1848 – 1925), discoverer of 122 asteroids at the Vienna Observatory (Austria). Lost (the last missing), but rediscovered 1 May 2000 by Jeffrey A. Larsen with the Spacewatch Telescope in Arizona (USA). See: 2000 JW8 - JPL, 719 Albert - SSA See also: http://www.space.com/scienceastronomy/asteroid_found_000510.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/719_Albert http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Johann_Palisa
1912 , Sep 11	Apollo NEA 2001 FA58 (H = 21.5 mag, $D \approx 180$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.60 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.60 LD. See: 2001 FA58 - JPL, 2001 FA58 - SSA
1913, Feb 9	Earth-grazing fireball. A meteor procession observed from Canada to Bermuda and beyond. Ref: - J.A. O'Keefe, 1959, Journal Royal Astronomical Society of Canada, 53, 59, "A probable natural satellite: the meteor procession of February 9, 1913." As of 2008, four Earth-grazing fireballs have been scientifically observed: on 10 August 1972, 13 October 1990, 29 March 2006, and 7 August 2007. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1959JRASC53590

	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Earth-grazing_fireball
1913, Apr 2	Apollo NEA 2020 GY1 (H = 26.6 mag, $D \approx 17$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.67 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.83 LD. See: $2020 \text{ GY1} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ GY1} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 5 Apr 2020 , 5 Apr 2033 .
1913, Sep 30	Apollo NEA 2012 GV17 ($H = 20.1 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 300 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.20 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.08 LD. See: 2012 GV17 - JPL, 2012 GV17 - SSA
1914 , Mar 10	Apollo NEA 2016 CY135 (H = 24.5 mag, $D \approx$ 40 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.28 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.80 LD. See: 2016 CY135 - JPL, 2016 CY135-SSA See also: 11 Mar 2068.
1914, Oct 29	Apollo NEA 69230 Hermes (1937 UB, $H = 17.5 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 1100 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal distance of 9.74 LD. Minimum distance 9.70 LD. Discovered by Karl W. Reinmuth (1892 – 1979) at the Landessternwarte Heidelberg-Königstuhl (Heidelberg, Germany); lost; recovered 15 October 2003. Arecibo radar observations on the same day revealed it to be a binary asteroid, with components of $D \approx 400 \text{ m}$, separated by 1200 m. See: 1937 UB - JPL, 69230 Hermes - SSA See also: http://science.nasa.gov/headlines/y2003/31oct_hermes.htm http://www.news.cornell.edu/releases/Oct03/Arecibo.asteroid.deb.html http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2003IAUC.82272M http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/69230_Hermes See also: 30 Oct 1937, 26 Apr 1942, 1 Nov 1954, 31 Oct 2086, 30 Apr 2123.
1914, Dec 18	Apollo NEA 2017 YE ($H = 28.7 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.57 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.34 LD. See: 2017 YE - JPL, 2017 YE - SSA
1914, Dec 27	Aten NEA 2010 XC15 ($H = 21.6 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 170 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.00 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.94 LD. See: $2010 \times 15 - 10 \times 10 \times 15 - 10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10^{-2}$ See also: 26 Dec 1907, 27 Dec 1976, 27 Dec 2022, 28 Dec 2059, 26 Dec 2064, 26 Dec 2096.

	See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2010_XC15
1914, Dec 31	Apollo NEA 152680 (1998 KJ9 , H = 19.4 mag, $D \approx 500$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.61 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.60 LD. [1914-01] See: <u>1998 KJ9 - JPL</u> , <u>152680 1998 KJ9 - SSA</u> See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(152680)_1998_KJ9
1915 , May 15	Apollo NEA 2000 SL10 (H = 22.5 mag, $D \approx 110$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.32 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.86 LD. See: $2000 \text{ SL}10 - \text{JPL}$, $2000 \text{ SL}10 - \text{SSA}$ See also: 14 May 2029.
1915, Aug 8	Aten NEA 2018 MD7 (H = 22.6 mag, $D \approx 110$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.27 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.23 LD. [1915-01] See: 2018 MD7 - JPL, 2018 MD7 - SSA
1915, Sep 10	Apollo NEA 2010 RF12 (H = 28.1 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.22 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.10 LD. See: 2010 RF12 - JPL, 2010 RF12 - SSA See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2010_RF12 See also: 8 Sept 2010, 5 Sep 2095.
1916 , Mar 12	Apollo NEA 216985 (2000 QK130, H = 21.3 mag, $D \approx$ 200 m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.67 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.59 LD. See: $2000 \text{ QK130} - \text{JPL}$, $2000 \text{ QK130} - \text{SSA}$ See also: 14 Mar 1968, 15 Mar 2036, 15 Mar 2089.
1917 , Oct 4	Apollo NEA 2008 TC3 (H = 30.3 mag, $D \approx 4.1$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.80 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.06 LD. See: $\frac{2008 \text{ TC3} - \text{JPL}}{2008 \text{ TC3} - \text{SSA}}$ See also: $\frac{\text{https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2008}}{2008 \text{ TC3}}$ See also: 11 Oct 1961, 2 Oct 1971, 27 Jan 1988, 6 Oct 2008.
1918 , Feb 17	Aten NEA 367943 Duende (2012 DA14 , $H = 24.2$ mag, $D \approx 40 \times 20$ m), discovered in 2012 by the Spanish Observatorio Astronomico de la Sagra , passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.13 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.13 LD.

	G 2012 D 4 14 IDI 2000 12 D 1 CCC
	See: 2012 DA14 - JPL, 367943 Duende - SSA See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/367943 Duende See also: 19 Aug 2004, 16 Feb 2012, 15 Feb 2013, 15 Feb 2046, 15 Feb 2087.
1918, Sep 17	Apollo NEA 458732 (2011 MD5 , $H = 17.8$ mag, $D \approx 1000$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.91 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.91 LD. [1918-01] See: $2011 \text{ MD5} - \text{JPL}$, $2011 \text{ MD5} - \text{SSA}$
1919 , Jan 4	Aten NEA 509352 (2007 AG, $H = 20.2$ mag, $D \approx 300$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.95 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.95 LD. See: 2007 AG - JPL, 2007 AG - SSA See also: 4 Jan 1900 .
1919, Nov 26	Michigan - Indiana Fireball and Airburst (USA). See: http://chroniclingamerica.loc.gov/lccn/sn84026749/1919-11-27/ed-1/seq-1/ http://en.ssa.esa.int/newsletters (5 November 2019) http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_meteor_air_bursts
1919, Dec 21	Amor NEA 2015 JQ1 (H = 20.5mag, $D \approx$ 280 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.94 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.28 LD. See: 2015 JQ1 - JPL, 2015 JQ1 - SSA
1920 , Jan 1	3 NEAs known, of which 0 PHAs. See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
1920, Feb 10	Apollo NEA 2019 CB2 (H = 26.1 mag, $D \approx 21$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.90 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.80 LD. See: 2019 CB2 - SSA, 2019 CB2 - JPL
1920, Jun 20	Apollo NEA 2017 MF ($H = 26.4$ mag, $D \approx 19$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.17 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.32 LD. See: 2017 MF - SSA, 2017 MF - JPL See also: 19 Jun 2017 .
1920, Dec 13	Apollo NEA 2016 WJ1 (H = 21.4 mag, $D \approx 180$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.49 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.36 LD. See: <u>2016 WJ1 - JPL</u> , <u>2016 WJ1 - SSA</u>

	See also: 14 Dec 2061, 14 Dec 2097.
1920, Dec 20	Apollo NEA 2015 YQ1 ($H = 28.2$ mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.98 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.23 LD. See: 2015 YQ1- SSA, 2015 YQ1 - JPL
1921	Alfred Wegener (1880 – 1930, Germany), 1921, <i>Die Entstehung der Mondkrater</i> (Braunschweig: Friedrich Vieweg & Sohn). Translation: A. Wegener, 1975, <i>The Moon</i> , 4, 211, "The origin of lunar craters." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1975Moon14211W
1921, Oct 20	Apollo NEA 2340 Hathor (1976 UA, $H = 20.5$ mag, $D \approx 210$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.82 LD. See: $\underline{1976 \text{ UA} - \text{JPL}}$, $\underline{1976 \text{ UA} - \text{SSA}}$ See also: 20 Oct 1976, 21 Oct.2069, 21 Oct 2086.
1922 , Apr 30	Aten NEA 2020 JG ($H = 25.9$ mag, $D \approx 24$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.79 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.52 LD. See: $\frac{2020 \text{ JG} - \text{S2P}}{\text{See}}$, $\frac{2020 \text{ JG} - \text{JPL}}{\text{See}}$ see also: 30 Apr 2020 .
1922, Jun 7	Apollo NEA 2017 LD (H = 27.5 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.13 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.025 LD (= 1.50 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). [1922-01] See: 2017 LD - SSA, 2017 LD - JPL
1923	Discovery of asteroid 1000 Piazzia (1923 NZ , (<i>H</i> = 10.6 mag, <i>D</i> = 27 km, Main-belt asteroid), by Karl W. Reinmuth (1892 – 1979) at the Landessternwarte Heidelberg-Königstuhl in Heidelberg (Germany). Upon his proposal, the IAU named the asteroid 1000 Piazzia , being the 1000th documented asteroid, in honour of Giuseppe Piazzi who discovered asteroid Ceres in 1801. See: 1923 NZ - JPL, 1000 Piazzia - SSA See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1000_Piazzia Ref: - B. Asplind, 1926, <i>Astronomische Nachrichten</i> , 228, 89, "Benennung der Planeten 1000 – 1002." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1926AN22889A
1924 , Jun 5	Aten NEA 163348 (2002 NN4 , $H = 20.3$ mag, $D \approx 300$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.49 LD. Minimum

	miss distance 4.48 LD. See: 2002 NN4- JPL, 2002 NN4 - SSA See also: 6 Jun 1965, 6 Jun 2070, 7 Jun 2130.
1924, Aug 22	Apollo NEA 513126 (1998 QP , $H = 21.6$ mag, $D \approx 200$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.25 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.25 LD. See: <u>1998 QP - JPL</u> , <u>1998 QP - SSA</u> See also: 23 Aug 1998 .
1924, Sep 27	Apollo NEA 2003 SR84 (H = 25.9 mag, $D \approx 29$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.68 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.10 LD. See: 2003 SR84 - JPL, 2003 SR84 - SSA
1924, Oct 23	Discovery of Amor NEA 1036 Ganymed (A924 UB, $H = 9.45$, $D = 36.5$ km, orbital $P = 4.34$ yr), by W.H. Walter Baade at Hamburg-Bergedorf Observatory (Germany). Largest known NEA. In 1998, Arecibo radar images revealed a near spherical object. See: 1924 TD - JPL, 1036 Ganymed - SSA See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1036_Ganymed Ref: - G. Hahn, P. Magnusson, A.W. Harris, et al., 1989, Icarus, 78, 363, "Physical studies of Apollo-Amor asteroids - UBVRI photometry of 1036 Ganymed and 1627 Ivar." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1989Icar78363H - P. Michel, R. Gonczi, P. Farinella, Ch. Froeschlé, 1999, Astronomy & Astrophysics, 347, 711, "Dynamical evolution of 1036 Ganymed, the largest near-Earth asteroid." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999A%26A347711M - S.K. Fieber-Beyer, M.J. Gaffey, P.A. Abell, 2011, Icarus, 212, 149, "Mineralogical characterization of Near Earth Asteroid (1036) Ganymed. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Icar212149F
1924, Dec 20	Aten NEA 2020 XY4 (H = 27.0 mag, $D \approx 14$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.59 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.03 LD. See: $2020 \text{ XY4} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ XY4} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 21 Dec 1958 .
1925 , Aug 28	Ellemeet Meteorite. Whit aloud noise, so that horses and cows took fright, this meteorite fell down in a meadow near Ellemeet, on the island of Schouwen (the Netherlands) on 28 August 1925,

	about 11:30 hr a.m. See: http://www.sterrenkunde.nl/index/encyclopedie/meteoren.html Ref: - A.A. Nijland, 1927, Hemel en Dampkring, 1927, 187, "Een merkwaardige meteoorsteen." - W. Nieuwenkamp, 1927, Proc. Koninklijke Nederlandse Academie van Wetenschappen, 1927, 724, "The Meteorite of Ellemeet (after that of Uden in 1840, and that of Blauwkapel in 1843, the third known in the Netherlands)." See: http://www.dwc.knaw.nl/DL/publications/PU00015500.pdf
1925, Aug 30	Apollo NEA 163132 (2002 CU11, $H = 18.7$ mag, $D \approx 460$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.90 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.90 LD. [1925-01] See: 2002 CU11 - JPL, 163132 2002 CU11 - SSA See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(163132) 2002 CU11 See also 31 Aug 2080.
1926 , Nov 29	Apollo NEA 2015 XG55 (H = 27.9 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.61 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.92 LD. See: $2015 \times 355 - 354 \times 355 = 355 \times 35$
1927 , Mar 14	Apollo NEA 275677 (2000 RS11, $H = 19.0$ mag, $D \approx 600$ m, PHA) passed Earth aat a nominal miss distance of 3.15 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.15 LD. See: $2000 \text{ RS11} - \text{JPL}$, $2000 \text{ RS11} - \text{SSA}$ See also: 13 Mar 1940.
1927, Apr 11	Apollo NEA 2002 JE9 ($H = 21.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 200 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.86 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.20 LD See: $2002 \text{ JE9} - \text{JPL}$, $2002 \text{ JE9} - \text{SSA}$ See also: 11 Apr 1971 . See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2002_JE9
1927, Dec 17	Apollo NEA 2016 XA2 ($H = 21.8$ mag, $D \approx 150$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.60 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.86 LD. See: 2016 XA2 - JPL, 2016 XA2 - SSA
1927, Dec 31	Apollo NEA 2018 WR1 ($H = 20.3 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 300 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.74 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.82 LD. See: $2018 \text{ WR1} - \text{SSA}$, $2018 \text{ WR1} - \text{JPL}$

1928 , Jan 23	Apollo NEA 2010 XC25 (H = 21.1 mag, $D \approx$ 210 m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.34 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.20 LD. See: $2010 \times 25 - 10 \times 25 - 10 \times 25 - 10 \times 25 = 10 \times 25 \times 2$
1928, Apr 25	Aten NEA 2011 DV ($H = 20.5 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 280 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.11 LD. See: $2011 \text{ DV} - \text{JPL}$, $2011 \text{ DV} - \text{SSA}$ See also: 25 Apr 2120 .
1928, Nov 20	Apollo NEA 2005 LW3 (H = 21.7 mag, $D \approx 160$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.17 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.16 LD. See: 2005 LW3 - JPL, 2005 LW3 - SSA See also: 23 Nov 2022, 22 Nov 2084.
1929 , Mar 3	Aten NEA 2019 VV (H = 25.3 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.07 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.84 LD. See: $2019 \text{ VV} - \text{SSA}$, $2019 \text{ VV} - \text{JPL}$
1929, Mar 16	Aten NEA 2021 FC (H = 28.1 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.30 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.50 LD. See: 2021 FC $-$ S2P , 2021 FC $-$ JPL
1929, Apr 4	Apollo NEA 2007 SQ6 ($H = 22.0$ mag, $D \approx 140$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.74 LD. See: $2007 \text{ SQ6} - \text{JPL}$, $2007 \text{ SQ6} - \text{SSA}$ See also: 3 Apr 2072 .
1929, Nov 1	Apollo NEA 2016 VP1 ($H = 27.3 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 13 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.07 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.62 LD. See: <u>2016 VP1 - JPL</u> , <u>2016 VP1 - SSA</u> See also: 2 Nov 2075 .
1930 , Jan 1	5 NEAs known, of which 0 PHAs. See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
1930, Jan 29	Apollo NEA 2018 BT6 ($H = 21.4$ mag, $D \approx 180$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.73 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.72 LD.

	See: <u>2018 BT6 - JPL</u> , <u>2018 BT6 - SSA</u>
1930, May 13	Aten NEA 2011 AX22 (H = 24.9 mag, $D \approx 40$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.95 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.18 LD. See: 2011 AX22 - JPL, 2011 AX22 - SSA See also: 13 May 2055 .
1930, Jul 27	Apollo NEA 2014 SP142 ($H = 21.8 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 160 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.72 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.02 LD. See: $2014 \text{ SP142} - \text{JPL}$, $2014 \text{ SP142} - \text{SSA}$ See also: 27 Jul 1984 .
1930, Aug 13	Curuçá Fireball and Airburst over Rio Curuçá (Amazonas, Brazil). Coinciding with the annual Perseid meteor shower. See: http://www.uh.edu/engines/epi1102.htm http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_meteor_air_bursts Ref: - N. Vasilyev, G. Andreev, 1989, WGN, the Journal of the International Meteor Organization, 17, 245, "The Brazilian twin of the Tunguska Meteorite: myth or reality?" See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1989JIMO17245V - M.E. Bailey, D.J. Markham, S. Massai, J.E. Scriven, 1995, The Observatory, 115, 250, "The 1930 August 'Brazilian Tunguska' Event." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1995Obs115250B - D. Steel, 1995, WGN, the Journal of the International Meteor Organization, 23, 207, "Two 'Tunguskas' in South America in the 1930's?" See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1995JIMO232078 - W. Napier, D. Asher, 2009, Astronomy & Geophysics, 50, 1.18, "The Tunguska impact event and beyond." See: http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/j.1468-4004.2009.50118.x/abstract - G. Cordero, A. Poveda, 2011, Planetary and Space Science, 59(1), 10, "Curuça 1930: A probable mini-Tunguska?" See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011P%268S5910C
1930, Oct 3	Apollo NEA 2016 TH (H = 29.4 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.41 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.80 LD. See: <u>2016 TH - JPL</u> , <u>2016 TH - SSA</u>
1931, Feb 1	Apollo NEA 2020 BX12 ($H = 20.7 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 260 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.47 LD. Minimum miss

	distance 3.46 LD. See: <u>2020 BX12 – S2P</u> , <u>2020 BX12 - JPL</u>
1931, Feb 7	Apollo NEA 2008 PF1 (H = 21.2 mag, $D \approx$ 210 m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.48 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.48 LD. See: $2008 \text{ PF1} - \text{SSA}$, $2008 \text{ PF1} - \text{JPL}$
1931, May 8	Apollo NEA 2008 JP24 (H = 26.8 mag, $D \approx 16$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.02 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.30 LD. See: 2008 JP24 - JPL, 2008 JP24 - SSA
1931, Jun 7	Apollo NEA 2019 LZ4 (H = 24.6 mag, $D \approx 40$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.20 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.12 LD. See: 2019 LZ4 - JPL, 2019 LZ4 - SSA
1931, Sep 7	Aten NEA 2010 RX30 (H = 27.4 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.65 LD. Minimum miss distance 9.59 LD. See: 2010 RX30 - JPL, 2010 RX30 - SSA See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2010_RX30 See also: 8 Sep 2010 .
1932 , Jan 8	Aten NEA 2021 AD4 (H = 25.7 mag, $D \approx 26$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.21 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.14 LD. See: 2021 <u>AD4 – S2P</u> , 2021 AD4 – JPL
1932, Feb 3	Aten NEA 2014 BW32 (H = 26.8 mag, $D \approx 16$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.47 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.86 LD. See: 2014 BW32 - JPL, 2014 BW32 - SSA
1932, Mar 12	Apollo NEA 2017 FD157 (H = 22.1 mag, $D \approx 130$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.07 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.43 LD. See: $2017 \text{ FD157} - \text{JPL}$, $2017 \text{ FD157} - \text{SSA}$ See also: 13 Mrt 2094 .
1932, Mar 12	Discovery by Eugène Delporte (1882 – 1955) on 12 March 1932 at the Uccle Observatory (Brussels, Belgium) of asteroid 1221 Amor (1932 EA1, $H = 17.5$ mag, $D \approx 1100$ m) as an Earth-orbit approaching asteroid. Since then Amor is the namesake of the

	Amor asteroids.
	See: <u>1932 EA1 - JPL</u> , <u>1221 Amor - SSA</u>
	See also:
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1221_Amor
1932, Apr 24	Discovery by Karl W. Reinmuth (1892 – 1979), on 24 April 1932 at the Landessternwarte Heidelberg-Königstuhl (Heidelberg, Germany) of asteroid 1862 Apollo (1932 HA , $H = 16.2$ mag, $D \approx 1400$ m, PHA) as an Earth-orbit crossing asteroid. Since then Apollo is the namesake of the Apollo asteroids. See:
	<u>1932 HA - JPL</u> , <u>1862 Apollo - SSA</u>
	See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1862_Apollo Ref:
	- M. Davidson, 1932, <i>Monthly Notices Roy. Astron. Soc.</i> , 92, 691, "The Reinmuth object ."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1932MNRAS92691D - L.A. Lebofsky, G.J. Veeder, G.H. Rieke, et al., 1981, <i>Icarus</i> , 48, 335, "The albedo and diameter of 1862 Apollo ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1981Icar48335L
1932, Oct 21	Apollo NEA 2012 CU (H = 26.3 mag, $D \approx 20$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.09 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.73 LD. See: 2012 CU - JPL, 2012 CU - SSA
1932, Dec	In December 1932, scientists surveying the southern Egyptian desert came upon pieces of a translucent, pale yellow-green, glassy substance, from tiny fragments to football-sized chunks, scattered over a huge area at the Libyan border. Known as Libyan desert glass , this almost pure silica contained isotopes showing it to be of extraterrestrial origin. Further reading: see 3 March 2006. See: http://www.sciencemag.org/cgi/content/summary/311/5765/1223c See also: http://www.wits.ac.za/newsroom/newsitems/201310/21649/news_item_2 1649.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Libyan_desert_glass
1932, Dec 8	Arroyomolinos de León Fireball and Airburst (Spain). See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/meetings/lpsc2011/pdf/1368.pdf http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List of meteor air bursts
1022 5 22	
1932, Dec 22	Aten NEA 2020 YB ($H = 28.9$ mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a

	nominal miss distance of 6.43 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.34 LD.
	See: <u>2020 YB – S2P</u> , <u>2020 YB – JPL</u>
1932, Dec 29	Aten NEA 2012 XE133 (H = 23.5 mag, $D \approx 70$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.51 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.9985 LD. See: 2012 XE133 - JPL, 2012 XE133 - SSA
1933 , Jan 3	Apollo NEA 2017 XT61 (H = 23.1 mag, $D \approx 80$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.29 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.18 LD. See: 2017 XT61 - JPL, 2017 XT61 - SSA
1933, Jan 17	Apollo NEA 7482 (1994 PC1 , $H = 16.7 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 1300 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at 2.93 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.93 LD. See: <u>1994 PC1 -JPL</u> , <u>7482 1994 PC1 - SSA</u> See also: 18 Jan 2022 . See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(7482)_1994_PC1
1933, Jun 5	Apollo NEA 2018 LU2 (H = 26.8 mag, $D \approx 16$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.00 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.84 LD. See: 2018 LU2 - JPL, 2018 LU2 - SSA
1933, Oct 22	Apollo NEA 2015 UM52 (H = 28.1 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.66 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.47 LD. [1933-01] See: 2015 UM52 - JPL, 2015 UM52 - SSA See also: 22 Oct 2015 .
1933, Dec 13	Apollo NEA 2010 MU112 ($H = 20.9$ mag, $D \approx 599$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.19 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.17 LD. See: 2010 MU112 - JPL, 2010 MU112 - SSA See also: 13 Dec 2082 .
1934 , Feb 10	Discovery of Apollo NEA 1934 CT and promptly lost. Rediscovered on 4 January 1989 and listed as 1989 AC = 4179 Toutatis ($H = 15.3 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 4750 \text{ x} 1950 \text{ m}$) See: 1934 CT - JPL, 4179 Toutatis - SSA See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/4179_Toutatis See: 4 Jan 1989.
1934, Apr 20	Apollo NEA 2014 SM143 ($H = 20.4 \text{ mag}, D \approx 290 \text{ m}, \text{PHA}$)

	passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.63 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.62 LD. See: 2014 SM143 - JPL, 2014 SM143 - SSA See also: 19 Apr 2093, 23 Oct 2197.
1934, May 3	Apollo NEA 2011 JV10 (H = 30.0 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.31 LD. See: <u>2011 JV10 - JPL</u> , <u>2011 JV10 - SSA</u>
1934, Sep 22	Aten NEA 2013 RG74 (H = 23.3 mag, $D \approx 80$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.58 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.84 LD. See: <u>2013 RG74 - JPL</u> , <u>2013 RG74 - SSA</u>
1935 , Feb 8	Apollo NEA 2018 CN2 (H = 27.6 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.94 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.77 LD. See: 2018 CN2 - SSA , 2018 CN2 - JPL See also: 9 Feb 2018 , 9 Feb 2088 .
1935, Mar 8	Apollo NEA 2015 DD54 ($H = 25.6$ mag, $D \approx 27$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.48 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.48 LD. [1935-01] See: 2015 DD54 - JPL, 2015 DD54 - SSA
1935, Apr	G. Stracke, 1935, Astronomische Nachrichten, 255, 189, "25 Jahre genäherte Bearbeitung der Bahnen der Kleinen Planeten im Astronomischen Rechen-Institut." Predecessor of the Minor Planet Center. At the time 1301 minor planets were numbered. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1935AN2551898
1935, Jul 20	Apollo NEA 2016 FG60 (H = 21.7 mag, $D \approx 160$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.08 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.88 LD. See: 2016 FG60 - JPL, 2016 FG60 - SSA
1935, Dec 11	Rupununi Fireball and Airburst over Rupununi (British Guyana), near the date of the peak of the annual Geminid meteor shower. Ref: - D. Steel, 1995, WGN, the Journal of the International Meteor Organization, 23, 207, "Two 'Tunguskas' in South America in the 1930's?" See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1995JIMO232078 - W. Napier, D. Asher, 2009, Astronomy & Geophysics, 50, 1.18,

	"The Tunguska impact event and beyond." See: http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/j.1468-4004.2009.50118.x/abstract
1936	F. Watson, 1936, <i>Popular Astronomy</i> , 44, 2, "Meteor craters." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1936PA442W
1936	F. Watson, E.M. Cook, 1936, <i>Popular Astronomy</i> , 44, 131, "The detonating Fireball of May 26, 1935 ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1936PA44.131W
1936, Jan 6	Apollo NEA 2010 VB1 (H = 23.5 mag, $D \approx 70$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.55 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.55 LD. [1936-01] See: 2010 VB1 - JPL, 2010 VB1 - SSA See also: 7 Jan 2086.
1936, Feb 7	Second discovery of an Earth-orbit crossing Apollo NEA: asteroid 2101 Adonis (1936 CA, $H = 18.4$ mag, $D \approx 880$ m, PHA), by Eugene Delporte (1872 – 1955, Belgium). Nominal miss distance of 5.77 LD. Minimum miss distance 5.77 LD. Subsequently lost; recovered in 1977. See: <u>1936 CA - JPL</u> , <u>2101 Adonis - SSA</u> See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2101_Adonis
1936, Feb 14	Apollo NEA 2021 CA6 (H = 28.6 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.58 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.20 LD. [1936-02] See: $2021 \text{ CA6} - \text{S2P}$, $2021 \text{ CA6} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 13 Feb 2021, 13 Feb 2054.
1936, Mar 3	Apollo NEA 2014 EF (H = 29.0 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.73 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.26 LD. See: 2014 EF - JPL, 2014 EF - SSA See also 6 Mar 2014.
1936, Apr 15	Apollo NEA 2015 GA1 (H = 26.8 mag, $D \approx 15$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.27 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.42 LD. See: 2015 GA1 - JPL, 2015 GA1 - SSA
1937	F.G. Watson, H. Shapley, 1937, <i>Annals of the Astronomical Observatory of Harvard College</i> , 105, no. 32, <i>The Observatory</i> , p. 623. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1937AnHar.105623W

1937, Oct 30	Apollo NEA 69230 Hermes (1937 UB , $H = 17.5 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 1100 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at 1.93 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.93 LD. Discovered by Karl W. Reinmuth (1892 – 1979) at the Landessternwarte Heidelberg-Königstuhl (Heidelberg, Germany); lost; recovered 15 October 2003. Arecibo radar observations on the same day revealed it to be a binary asteroid, with components of $D \approx 400 \text{ m}$, separated by 1200 m. See: 1937 UB - JPL, 69230 Hermes - SSA See also: http://science.nasa.gov/headlines/y2003/31oct_hermes.htm http://www.news.cornell.edu/releases/Oct03/Arecibo.asteroid.deb.html http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2003IAUC.82272M http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/69230 Hermes See also: 29 Oct 1914, 26 Apr 1942, 1 Nov 1954, 31 Oct 2086, 30 Apr 2123.
1937, Nov 17	Apollo NEA 2020 VT4 (H = 28.8 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.46 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.003 LD. See: $2020 \text{ VT4} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ VT4} - \text{JPL}$ See also: $13 \text{ Nov } 2020$. See also: $\frac{13 \text{ Nov } 2020}{\text{Minimum miss}}$
1938 , Jan 09	Apollo NEA 332446 (2008 AF4, $H = 19.7$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, PHA) passed Earth at 2.19 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.18 LD. See: 2008 AF4 - JPL, 2008 AF4 - SSA See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(332446)_2008_AF4
1938, Mar 11	Apollo NEA 2013 FA8 (H = 21.3 mag, $D \approx 200$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.10 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.90 LD. See: 2013 FA8 - JPL, 2013 FA8 - SSA
1938, Jun 1	Apollo NEA 2017 KW31 (H = 26.8 mag, $D \approx 16$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.54 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.52 LD. See: 2017 KW31 - JPL, 2017 KW31 - SSA
1938, Jun 2	Aten NEA 437844 (1999 MN , $H = 20.8$ mag, $D \approx 250$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.37 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.37 LD. See: <u>1999 MN - JPL</u> , <u>1999 MN - SSA</u> See also: 2 Jun 1943 , 4 Jun 2110 , 4 Jun 2137 , 3 Jun 2148 .

1938, Jun 21	Aten NEA 2018 RW (H = 30.5 mag, $D \approx 2.8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.27 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.05 LD. [1938-01] See: 2018 RW - 2
1938, Jun 24	Chicora meteoroid. A meteoroid exploded as it entered the atmosphere above Chicora (PA, USA) on June 24, 1938. Based on the size of the explosion, the rock's initial mass (before it broke up) may have been more than 450 tons. However, only scant pieces of the meteorite were ever found – located miles away from where the main mass, missing to this day, is thought to have landed. Several reports on the Chicora meteorite mention that an unsuspecting cow was struck and injured by one falling shard; other accounts say that the poor animal was killed. See:
	http://www.lifeslittlemysteries.com/1535-when-space-attacks-6-craziest-meteor-impacts-history.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Chicora, Pennsylvania#Chicora_Meteor http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_meteor_air_bursts
1938, Nov 2	Aten NEA 2016 VA (H = 27.8 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.58 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.42 LD. [1938-02] See: 2016 VA - SSA, 2016 VA - JPL See also: 2 Nov 2016, 1 Nov 2024.
1938, Nov 18	Apollo NEA 496816 (1989 UP , $H = 20.7$ mag, $D \approx 300$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.02 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.02 LD. See: <u>1989 UP - JPL</u> , <u>1989 UP - SSA</u>
1939, May 4	Apollo NEA 394130 (2006 HY51 , $H = 17.1$ mag, $D = 1218 \pm 228$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 63.27 LD. Minimum miss distance 63.24 LD. See: 2006 HY 51 – SSA, 2006 HY51 – JPL See also: 15 May 1985. See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(394130), 2006, HY51 Eccentricity: 0.9695. Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter crosser.
1939, May 30	Apollo NEA 2012 KP24 ($H = 26.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 20 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.29 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.63 LD. See: 2012 KP24 - JPL, 2012 KP24 - SSA See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012 KP24

	See also: 28 May 2012.
1940 , Jan 1	9 NEAs known, of which 3 PHAs. See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
1940	F. Watson, 1940, <i>Journal of the Royal Astronomical Society of Canada</i> , 34, 418, "The meteor of May 7, 1928." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1940JRASC34418W
1940, Feb 15	Aten NEA 2020 CL1 (H = 20.0 mag, $D \approx$ 400 m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.89 LD. Minimum miss distance 5.50 LD. See: $\frac{2020 \text{ CL1} - \text{S2P}}{2020 \text{ CL1}}$, $\frac{2020 \text{ CL1} - \text{JPL}}{2020 \text{ CL1}}$ See also: 15 Feb 1991, 15 Feb 2036, 14 Feb 2081, 16 Feb 2118, 16 Feb 2155
1940, Mar 3	Apollo NEA 2021 DE1 (H = 27.6 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.56 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.98 LD. See: $2021 DE1 - S2P$, $2021 DE1 - JPL$
1940, Mar 13	Apollo NEA 275677 (2000 RS11, $H = 19.0$ mag, $D \approx 600$ m, PHA) passed Earth at 4.11 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.11 LD. See: 2000 RS11 - JPL, 2000 RS11 - SSA See also: 14 Mar 1927.
1940, May 29	Apollo NEA 2018 LE1 (H = 27.7 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.12 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.39 LD. See: <u>2018 LE1 - JPL</u> , <u>2018 LE1 - SSA</u>
1940, Jul 6	Apollo NEA 2014 HC199 (H = 22.6 mag, $D \approx 110$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.45 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.30 LD. See: $2014 \text{ HC199} - \text{SSA}$, $2014 \text{ HC199} - \text{JPL}$
1940, Sep 16	Apollo NEA 2007 RJ1 (H = 25.3 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.65 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.60 LD. [1940-01] See: $2007 \text{ RJ1} - \text{S2P}$, $2007 \text{ RJ1} - \text{JPL}$
1941	F.G. Watson, 1941, <i>Between the planets</i> (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press).
1941, Jan 10	Apollo NEA 2014 AW32 ($H = 27.8$ mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth

	at a nominal miss distance of 0.37 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.27 LD. [1941-01] See: 2014 AW32 - JPL, 2014 AW32 - SSA See also: 10 Jan 2014.
1941, Apr 9	Chelyabinsk Airburst and Fireball (Russia). See: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_meteor_air_bursts
1941, Oct 9	Apollo NEA 2011 UK10 (H = 24.7 mag, $D \approx$ 40 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.16 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.30 LD. See: 2011 UK10 - JPL, 2011 UK10 - SSA
1941, Oct 30	Aten NEA 2018 UC (H = 26.0 mag, $D \approx 22$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.14 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.93 LD. See: 2018 UC - JPL, 2018 UC - SSA See also: 10 Jun 2005 .
1942 , Feb	H.H. Nininger, 1942, <i>Popular Astronomy</i> , 50, 111, "A celestial bomb." On the Forest City (Iowa, USA) fall of 2 May 1890. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1942PA50111N
1942, Mar 22	Aten NEA 2006 GB ($H = 20.2$ mag, $D \approx 300$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.35 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.35 LD. See: 2006 GB - JPL, 2006 GB - SSA See also: 22 Mar 2037 , 22 Mar 2081 .
1942, Apr 2	Apollo NEA 2021 GE2 ($H = 29.0$ mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.90 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.96 LD. See: 2021 GE2 – 2021
1942, Apr 26	Apollo NEA 69230 Hermes (1937 UB, $H = 17.5$ mag, $D \approx 1100$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.65 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.65 LD. See: 1937 UB JPL, 69230 Hermes - SSA See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/69230 Hermes See also: 29 Oct 1914, 30 Oct 1937, 1 Nov 1954, 31 Oct 2086, 30 Apr 2123.
1942, Jun 30	Aten NEA 2020 MK3 ($H = 25.8$ mag, $D \approx 24$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.98 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.97 LD.

	See: <u>2020 MK3 – S2P</u> , <u>2020 MK3 – JPL</u>
1943	Antoine de Saint Exupéry, 1943, <i>Le Petit Prince</i> (Paris: Editions Gallimard). Featuring fictional asteroid B612. See: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/The_Little_Prince See also: http://www.universetoday.com/96509/chasing-the-little-prince-in-new-york-city/
1943, Feb 26	Apollo NEA 2017 DR34 (H = 29.2 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.92 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.24 LD. See: 2017 DR34 - JPL, 2017 DR34 - SSA See also: 25 Feb 2017 , 26 Feb 2105 .
1943, Mar 27	Apollo NEA 2018 EM4 (H = 25.3 mag, $D \approx 37$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.57 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.08 LD. See: 2018 EM4 - JPL, 2018 EM4 - SSA See also: 26 Mar 2063 .
1943, May 13	Apollo NEA 2015 KG 158 (H = 28.1 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.19 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.72 LD. See: 2015 KG158 - JPL, 2015 KG158 - SSA See also: 15 May 2060 .
1943, Jun 2	Apollo NEA 437844 (1999 MN , $H = 20.8$ mag, $D \approx 250$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.86 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.86 LD. See: <u>1999 MN - JPL</u> , <u>1999 MN - SSA</u> See also: 2 Jun 1938 , 4 Jun 2110 , 4 Jun 2137 , 3 Jun 2148 .
1944 , Feb 6	Apollo NEA 2013 VA10 (H = 22.4 mag, $D \approx 120$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.30 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.29 LD. See: 2013 VA10 – SSA, 2013 VA10 – JPL See also: 6 Feb 1944 , 8 Feb 2161 .
1944, Mar 9	Apollo NEA 2017 DA36 (H = 25.1 mag, $D \approx 40$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.06 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.31 LD. See: 2017 DA36- JPL, 2017 DA36- SSA
1944, Jul 8	Aten NEA 2011 OB ($H = 19.7 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 400 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.44 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.44 LD.

	See: <u>2011 OB - JPL</u> , <u>2011 OB - SSA</u>
1944, Nov 14	Apollo NEA 2007 VF189 ($H = 28.6$ mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.28 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.92 LD. See: 2007 VF189 - JPL, 2007 VF189 - SSA See also: 14 Nov 2007 .
1944, Dec	Daytime Fireball over Bulannyo (Rhodesia). Norman Appleton witnessed a meteor so bright he remembered it his entire life. Right before his eyes a tremendous smoking fireball streaked across the daytime sky. Years later, as an accomplished member of the Guild of Aviation Artists, he recorded his memories in a painting. See: http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap010728.html http://www.gava.org.uk/index.cfm?page=searchresults&searchType=quickSearch
1945 , Mar 15	Aten NEA 2020 FK1 (H = 27.3 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.24 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.16 LD. See: $2020 \text{ FK1} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ FK1} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 15 Mar 2070.
1945, Jun 1	Aten NEA 2008 LH2 (H = 23.6 mag, $D \approx 70$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.94 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.002 LD. See: 2008 LH2 - JPL, 2008 LH2 - SSA
1945, Jul 19	Apollo NEA 2016 BA15 (H = 27.0 mag, $D \approx 14$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.99 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.09 LD. See: 2016 BA15 - JPL, 2016 BA15 - SSA See also: 21 Jul 2056.
1945, Sep 4	Apollo NEA 2014 RC (H = 26.9 mag, $D \approx 15$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.67 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.42 LD. See: $2014 \text{RC} - \text{JPL}$, $2014 \text{RC} - \text{SSA}$ See also: 7 Sep 2014 .
1945, Nov 2	Aten NEA 2016 VA (H = 27.8 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.26 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.07 LD. See: $2016 \text{ VA} - \text{JPL}$, $2016 \text{ VA} - \text{SSA}$
1946 , Apr 4	Apollo NEA 2020 TX2 ($H = 20.8 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 240 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed

	Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.96 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.31 LD.
	See: <u>2020 TX2 – S2P</u> , <u>2020 TX2 – JPL</u>
1946, Apr 29	Apollo NEA 2008 UC 202 (H = 28.9 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.51 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.85 LD. See: 2008 UC202 - JPL , 2008 UC202 - SSA
1946, Aug 7	Asteroid 137108 (1999 AN10, $H = 18.4 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 700 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at 2.43 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.43 LD. See: 1999 AN10 - JPL, 137108 1999 AN10 - SSA See also: 7 Aug 2027.
1946, Nov 15	Apollo NEA 2018 VJ10 (H = 28.8 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.48 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.98 LD. See: 2018 VJ10 - SSA, 2018 VJ10 - JPL See also: 14 Nov 2018 .
1947	IAU Minor Planet Center (MPC), established by the International Astronomical Union, Commission 20, and succeeding the work which was carried out since 1910 by the Rechen-Institut in Berlin-Dahlem (Germany), started operations at the Observatory of the University of Cincinnati (Ohio, USA), director Paul Herget (1908 – 1981, USA). At the time, 1564 minor planets were numbered. Upon Herget's retirement in 1978, the amount of numbered minor planets had reached 2060, and the MPC moved to the Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics, Cambridge (MA, USA) with Brian G. Marsden (1937 – 2010) as director. For a history of the MPC, see: - C.M. Bardwell, 1989, "A brief history of the Minor Planet Center." - B.G. Marsden, 2009, IAU Information Bulletin, No. 104, p. 67, "History of the Minor Planet Center." See: http://www.cfa.harvard.edu/iau/mpc.html http://www.iau.org/static/publications/IB104.pdf , p. 67.
1947, Feb 12	Sikhote-Alin Fireball and Airburst passed over Sikhote-Alin mountains (Primorye, Russia), creating a 32 km long smoke trail in the sky at an altitude of 5.6 km. The bright flash and the deafening sound of the fall were observed at 300 km around the point of impact, not far from Luchegorsk and ~ 440 km northeast of Vladivostok. The pre-impact mass of the meteoroid may have been 100,000 kg. The strewn field of this meteorite covered an elliptical area of about 1.3 km. Some fragments made craters, the largest of which was about 26 m across and 6 m deep.

	Ref:
	- R.A. Gallant, 1997, <i>Sky & Telescope</i> , 93, no. 2, p.50, " Sikhote -
	Alin: 50 years later."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1997S%26T93b50G
	See also:
	http://www.lifeslittlemysteries.com/1535-when-space-attacks-6-craziest-
	meteor-impacts-history.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List of meteor air bursts
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sikhote-Alin meteorite
1947, Mar 1	Apollo NEA 2014 PW59 ($H = 21.0 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 230 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed
	Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.27 LD. Minimum miss
	distance 4.26 LD.
	See: <u>2014 PW59 - JPL</u> , <u>2014 PW59 - SSA</u>
	See also: 26 Feb 1906 .
1947, Apr 3	Apollo NEA 2008 GM2 ($H = 28.3 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at
1741, Api 3	a nominal miss distance of 9.99 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.51
	LD.
	See: 2008 GM2 - JPL , 2008 GM2 - SSA
	See also: 3 Apr 2008.
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1947, Apr 21	Apollo NEA 2016 EK27 ($H = 22.5 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 110 \text{ m}$) passed Earth
	at a nominal miss distance of 2.38 LD. Minimum miss distance
	0.51 LD.
	See: <u>2016 EK27 - JPL</u> , <u>2016 EK27 - SSA</u>
1947, Dec 3	Apollo NEA 2008 WA14 ($H = 22.9 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 90 \text{ m}$) passed Earth
1947, Dec 3	at a nominal miss distance of 9.89 LD. Minimum miss distance
	0.27 LD.
	See: 2008 WA14 -JPL , 2008 WA14 - SSA
1948	The international yearbook "Ephemerides of minor planets",
	published since 1948 for the International Astronomical Union
	by the Institute of Applied Astronomy, St Petersburg (Russian
	Federation), contains information on orbital elements of numbered
	minor planets and the circumstances of their observations during
	the best observation periods.
	See: http://www.ipa.nw.ru/PAGE/DEPFUND/LSBSS/engephem.htm
1948, Jan 24	Apollo NEA 2017 BX ($H = 28.0 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 9 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a
12,10,000121	nominal miss distance of 0.99 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.17
	LD. [1948-01]
	See: <u>2017 BX – S2P</u> , <u>2017 BX - JPL</u>
1948, Mar 31	Aten NEA 2015 FA285 ($H = 26.7 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 16 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at
	a nominal miss distance of 2.23 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.44

	LD. See: <u>2015 FA285 - JPL</u> , <u>2015 FA285 - SSA</u>
1948, May 11	Aten NEA 2020 JQ1 ($H = 26.0$ mag, $D \approx 22$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.98 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.27 LD. See: $2020 \text{ JQ1} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ JQ1} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 12 May 1967 , 12 May 2039 .
1949	Ralph E. Baldwin (– 19, USA), <i>The Face of the Moon</i> (Chicago: UCP), describing the damage that a NEO impact might cause on Earth. Reviews: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1949PA57257B
1949, Jan 1	Apollo NEA 2003 YS70 (H = 29.1 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.67 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.63 LD. [1949-01] See: 2003 YS70 - JPL , 2003 YS70 - SSA
1949, Apr 14	Aten NEA 99942 Apophis (2004 MN4, $H = 19.7$ mag, $D = 310 \pm 30$ m, orbital $P = 0.89$ yr, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 10.89 LD. Minimum miss distance 10.87 LD. See: 2004 MN4 - JPL, 99942 Apophis - SSA See also: http://www.esa.int/Our_Activities/Space_Science/Herschel_intercepts_asteroid_Apophis http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/99942_Apophis See also: 13 Apr 1907, 14 Apr 1998, 13 Apr 2029, 23 Mar 2036, 7 Apr 2123.
1949, Jun 11	Kunashak Meteor Shower. A shower of about 20 meteorites fell near Kunashak (Chelyabinsk Province, Russia). Total recovered weight over 200 kg, the largest stones weighing 120 kg, 40 kg, and 36 kg. See: http://books.google.nl/books?id=mkdHJR35Q_8C&pg=PA285&redir_es c=y#v=onepage&q&f=false http://www.lpi.usra.edu/meteor/metbull.php?code=12377 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Chelyabinsk_meteor
1949, Jun 27	Discovery of Earth-orbit crossing Apollo NEA 1566 Icarus (1949 MA , $H = 16.3$ mag, $D = 1300$ m, also Venus - and Mercury -orbit crossing, PHA) by Walter Baade (1893 – 1960, Germany/USA). In 1968 Icarus became the first minor planet to be observed by radar. It is plausible that Icarus and asteroid 5786 Talos (1991 RC , $H = 16.0$ mag, $D \approx 1.3$ km) and asteroid 2007 MK6 ($H = 19.9$ mag, $D \approx 350$ m) are related. See:

	T
	<u>1949 MA - JPL</u> , <u>1566 Icarus - SSA</u>
	See also:
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1566_Icarus
	Ref:
	- D.K. Yeomans, 1991, Astronomical Journal, 101, 1920, "A
	comet among the near-earth asteroids?"
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1991AJ101.1920Y
	Erratum: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1992AJ104.1266Y
	- D. Steel, 1991, <i>Nature</i> , 354, 265, "Our asteroid-pelted planet."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1991Natur.3542658
	- K. Ohtsuka, H. Arakida, T. Ito, et al., 2007, Astrophysical
	Journal Letters, 668, L71, "Apollo asteroids 1566 Icarus and 2007
	MK6: Icarus family members?"
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007ApJ668L71O
1949, Aug 10	Apollo NEA 2018 PD20 ($H = 27.5 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 11 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.77 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.57 LD.
	See: <u>2019 PD20 – SSA</u> , <u>2019 PD20 – JPL</u>
1040 0 111	11 NEA 2014 (PERE (V. 242)
1949, Oct 14	Apollo NEA 2016 TZ55 ($H = 26.9$ mag, $D \approx 15$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.98 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.06 LD.
	See: <u>2016 TZ55 - JPL</u> , <u>2016 TZ55 - SSA</u>
1949, Dec 11	Aten NEA 2010 XR69 ($H = 26.1$ mag, $D \approx 22$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.42 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.90 LD.
	See: <u>2010 XR69 -JPL</u> , <u>2010 XR69 - SSA</u>
1950 , Jan 1	13 NEAs known, of which 5 PHAs.
	See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
1950	The Yerkes-McDonald Survey of Asteroids (1950 – 1952), down to $v = 16.5$, was performed by astronomers Gerard P. Kuiper (1905)
	– 1973, Netherlands/USA), George A. Van Biesbroeck (1880 – 1974, Belgium/USA), Cornelis J. van Houten (1920 – 2002,
	Netherlands), Ingrid M. van Houten-Groeneveld (Netherlands) and Tom Gehrels (Netherlands/USA). A number of 3247 objects were found.
	Ref:
	- G.P. Kuiper, Y. Fujita, T. Gehrels, I. M. Groeneveld, J. Kent, G.A. Van Biesbroeck, C.J. van Houten, 1958, <i>Astrophysical</i>
	Journal Supplement, 3, 289, "Survey of asteroids".
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1958ApJS3289K
1050 E-1-10	Atom NICA 2000 DE50 (II = 21.9 mag D > 150 m DII A) mag 1
1950, Feb 10	Aten NEA 2009 BE58 ($H = 21.8 \text{ mag}, D \approx 150 \text{ m}, PHA$) passed

	Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.08 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.07 LD. See: 2009 BE58 - JPL, 2009 BE58 - SSA See also: 11 Feb 2058, 13 Feb 2194.
1950, Sep 10	Apollo NEA 2018 RB1 (H = 27.7 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.17 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.28 LD. See: 2018 RB1 -JPL , 2018 RB1 - SSA
1950, Dec 12	Apollo NEA 523685 (2014 DN112 , $H = 19.9$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.68 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.67 LD. See: <u>2014 DN112 - JPL</u> , <u>2014 DN112 - SSA</u>
1951	Ernst Julius Öpik (1893-1985, Estonia – Ireland), 1951, <i>Proc.</i> Royal Irish Academy, 54A, 165, "Collision probabilities with the planets and the distribution of interplanetary matter." Discussing the possible importance of the Yarkovsky effect, discovered by Ivan Osipovich Yarkovsky (1844-1902, Russian-Polish civil engineer) for meteoroids moving about the Solar System. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1951PRIA541650 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Yarkovsky_effect
1951, Apr 30	Asteroid 2013 JL22 ($H = 21.3 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 190 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.64 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.64 LD. See: $2013 \text{ JL22} - \text{JPL}$, $2013 \text{ JL22} - \text{SSA}$
1951, May 2	Aten NEA 2019 JX1 ($H = 29.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 5 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.20 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.75 LD. See: $2019 \text{ JX1} - SSA$, $2019 \text{ JX1} - JPL$ See also: 2 May 2019
1951, Jun 22	Apollo NEA 496860 (1999 XL136 , $H = 19.4$ mag, $D \approx 500$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.05 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.05 LD. See: <u>1999 XL136 - JPL</u> , <u>1999 XL136 - SSA</u> See also: 23 Jun 2012 .
1952	V.V. Radzievskii, 1952, <i>Astron. Zh.</i> , 29, 162, "A mechanism for the disintegration of asteroids and meteorites". See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1952AZh29162R

1952, Jun 7	Aten NEA 2014 HQ124 (H = 19.0 mag, $D \approx 370$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.35 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.35 LD. See: 2014 HQ124 - JPL, 2014 HQ124 - SSA See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2014_HQ124 See also: 7 Jun 1901, 8 Jun 2014, 8 Jun 2065.
1952, Oct 23	Apollo NEA 2009 UU1 (H = 24.8 mag, $D \approx 40$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.68 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.68 LD. [1952-01] See: 2009 UU1 – 2009 UU1
1952, Dec	E.J. Öpik, 1952, <i>Irish Astronomical Journal</i> , 2, 95, "Collisions with heavenly bodies." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1952IrAJ2950
1952, Dec 9	Apollo NEA 2014 QK434 (H = 19.5 mag, $D \approx 500$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.10 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.97 LD. See: 2014 QK434 - JPL, 2014 QK434 - SSA
1952, Dec 24	Asteroid 450293 (2004 LV 3 , $H = 19.1$ mag, $D \approx 500$ m, PHA) passed Earth at 4.61 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.61 LD. See: 2004 LV 3 - JPL, 2004 LV 3 - SSA See also: 25 Dec 2049.
1953 , Nov 29	Aten NEA 153201 (2000 WO 107 , H = 19.4 mag, $D \approx 510$ m, PHA) passed Earth at 2.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.53 LD. See: 2000 WO 107 - JPL, 2000 WO 107 - SSA See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(153201) 2000 WO 107 See also: 30 Nov 2093, 1 Dec 2140.
1954	A.C.B. Lovell, 1954, <i>Meteor Astronomy</i> (Oxford: Clarendon Press). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1954QB741.L6 A critical review of this book, with comments on meteor velocities in particular, is given by E.J. Öpik, 1955, <i>Irish Astronomical Journal</i> , 3, 144, "Meteor astronomy." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1955IrAJ31440
1954, Feb 28	Apollo NEA 462550 (2009 CB3, $H = 19.7$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.47 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.47 LD. See: 2009 CB3 - JPL, 2009 CB3 - SSA

1954, Mar 13	Apollo NEA 2013 RZ53 ($H = 31.4$ mag, $D \approx 1.9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.27 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.27 LD. [1954-01] See: $2013 RZ53 - JPL$, $2013 RZ53 - SSA$ See also: 18 Sep 2013.
1954, Mar 18	Aten NEA 2005 FN (H = 26.6 mag, $D \approx 17$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.02 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.06 LD. See: 2005 FN - JPL, 2005 FN - SSA
1954, Aug 1	Apollo NEA 2011 CC 22 (H = 21.3 mag, $D \approx 200$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 11.87 LD. Minimum miss distance 11.86 LD. See: 2011 CC22 - SSA, 2011 CC22 - JPL See also: 4 Aug 2017.
1954, Aug 1	Apollo NEA 2019 BV2 (H = 25.6 mag, $D \approx 27$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.30 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.37 LD. See: 2019 BV2 - JPL, 2019 BV2 - SSA See also: 26 Jan 2016, 2 Aug 2064.
1954, Nov 30	Hodges meteorite. First known modern case of a human hit by a space rock occurred in Sylacauga (Alabama, USA). A 4 kg stone chondrite crashed through a roof and hit Mrs. Ann Hodges in her living room after it bounced off her radio. She was badly bruised. The Hodges meteorite, or Sylacauga meteorite, is on exhibit at the Alabama Museum of Natural History. See: http://www.lifeslittlemysteries.com/1535-when-space-attacks-6-craziest-meteor-impacts-history.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sylacauga (meteorite)
1954, Dec	G.P. Kuiper, 1954, <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 40(12), 1096, "On the origin of the lunar surface features." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1954PNAS40.1096K
1954, Dec 4	Apollo NEA 2012 KT42 (H = 28.6 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.61 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.03 LD. See: 2012 KT42 - JPL, 2012 KT42 - SSA See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012 KT42

	See also: 3 Dec 1915 , 29 May 2012 .
1955 , Feb 22	Aten NEA 2021 DA2 (H = 29.1 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.25 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.90 LD. See: $2021 DA2 - S2P$, $2021 DA2 - JPL$ See also: 21 Feb 2021 , 21 Feb 2050 .
1955, Mar 13	Apollo NEA 2020 EQ (H = 29.1 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.36 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15 LD. See: $2020 \text{ EQ} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ EQ} - \text{JPL}$
1955, Apr 18	Apollo NEA 2021 HY2 (H = 28.9 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.62 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.32 LD. See: $2021 \text{ HY2} - \text{S2P}$, $2021 \text{ HY2} - \text{JPL}$
1955, Jun 19	Apollo NEA 2015 LR21 (H = 26.7 mag, $D \approx 16$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.59 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.55 LD. [1955-01] See: 2015 LR21 - JPL, 2015 LR21 - SSA
1955, Sep 17	Aten NEA 2015 KE ($H = 26.3$ mag, $D \approx 20$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.61 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.012 LD (= 0.72 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). [1955-02] See: 2015 KE - JPL, 2015 KE - SSA See also: 7 May 2107.
1956, Jan	M.W. De Laubenfels, 1956, suggested that the dinosaurs demise is due to an impact event and the resulting super-hot winds that would result. He scaled up the effects of the Tunguska blast and made first suggestion of the death of the dinosaurs being impact related. Mammals first appeared in Cretaceous with the most outstanding type differing little from the modern opossum. The author argues for a brief period of extreme heat enough to kill exposed large animals. Birds, mammals, aquatic animals would have survived. He notes in October 1937 the close Earth approach of Hermes and the Tunguska event . He computes an amount of heat available from a 100 m sized impactor at 10 km/s and notes that if kinetic energy turned into heat, it would be enough to boil 10 ¹⁶ tons of water whereas entire oceans are 10 ¹⁸ tons. - Ref: M.W. De Laubenfels (Oregon State College), 1956, <i>Journal of Paleontology</i> , 30, 207, "Dinosaur extinction: one more hypothesis." See: http://www.norwebster.com/astrohit/

1956, May	C.S. Beals, G.M. Ferguson, A. Landau, 1956, <i>Sky & Telescope</i> , 15, 296, "The Holleford Crater in Ontario." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1956S%26T15296B
1956, Oct 13	Apollo NEA 496817 (1989 VB , $H = 20.1$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.26 LD. Minimum miss distance 7.26 LD. See: <u>1989 VB - SSA</u> , <u>1989 VB - JPL</u> See also: 29 Sep 2017 , 20 Oct 2078 .
1956, Nov	Harold C. Urey (1893 – 1981, USA), 1956, <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 124, 623, "Diamonds, meteorites, and the origin of the Solar System." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1956ApJ124623U
1956, Nov 24	Apollo NEA 2013 NJ (H = 22.1 mag, $D \approx 130$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.63 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.60 LD. See: 2013 NJ - SSA, 2013 NJ – JPL See also: 24 Nov 1997, 26 Nov 2013, 26 Nov 2067.
1956, Dec 16	Aten NEA 33342 (1998 WT24, $H=18.3$ mag, $D\approx415$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.52 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.52 LD. See: 1998 WT24 - JPL, 1998 WT24 - SSA See also: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/images/1998wt24.html http://science.nasa.gov/science-news/science-at-nasa/2001/ast14dec_1/http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=4800 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(33342)_1998_WT24 See also: 16 Dec 1908, 16 Dec 2001, 11 Dec 2015, 18 Dec 2099
1957 , Jan 31	Apollo NEA 2019 CD2 (H = 19.9 mag, $D \approx 400$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.95 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.13 LD. See: 2019 CD2 - JPL, 2019 CD2 - SSA
1957, Sep	C.S. Beals, 1957, <i>Sky & Telescope</i> , 16, 526, "A probable meteorite crater of great age." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1957S%26T16526B
1957, Oct 23	Aten NEA 2020 UO4 (H = 28.7 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.31 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.79 LD. See: $2020 \text{ UO4} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ UO4} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 19 Oct 2068 .

1957, Oct 26	Apollo NEA 2019 UY7 (H = 27.5 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.00 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.05 LD. See: $2019 \text{ UY7} - \text{SSA}$, $2019 \text{ UY} - \text{JPL}$
1957, Oct 10	Aten NEA 2020 TK5 (H = 23.7 mag, $D \approx 70$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.86 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.78 LD. [1957-01] See: $2020 \text{ TK5} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ TK5} - \text{JPL}$
1957, Dec 10	Apollo NEA 2010 XW 58 (H = 25.0 mag, $D \approx$ 40 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.16 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.16 LD. [1957-02] See: $2010 \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-$
1958	E.J. Öpik, 1958, <i>Physics of meteor flight in the atmosphere</i> (New York: Interscience Publishers). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1958QB741.038
1958, Feb 22	C.S. Beals, 1958, <i>Nature</i> , 181, 559, "A survey of terrestrial craters." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1958Natur.181559B
1958, Mar	E.J. Öpik, 1958, <i>Irish Astronomical Journal</i> , 5, 34, "On the catastrophic effect of collisions with celestial bodies." Öpik proposed that NEO impacts might have handicapped the development of land in the paleontological history. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1958QB741.O38
1958, Jul	G.P. Kuiper, Y. Fujita, T. Gehrels, I.M. Groeneveld, J. Kent, G.A. Van Biesbroeck, C.J. van Houten, 1958, <i>Astrophysical Journal Supplement</i> , 3, 289, "Survey of asteroids". See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1958ApJS3289K
1958, Oct 11	Aten NEA 2008 TZ (H = 25.2 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.05 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.002 LD. See: 2008 TZ - JPL, 2008 TZ - SSA
1958, Oct 29	Apollo NEA 2020 TD8 ($H = 27.0$ mag, $D \approx 14$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.11 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.62 LD. See: $2020 \text{ TD8} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ TD8} - \text{JPL}$
1958, Dec 21	Aten NEA 2020 XY4 ($H = 27.0 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 14 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a

	nominal miss distance of 4.48 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.59 LD.
	See: <u>2020 XY4 – S2P</u> , <u>2020 XY4 – JPL</u> See also: 20 Dec 1924 .
1959, Jan 5	Apollo NEA 2020 JV (H = 21.6 mag, $D \approx 170$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.31 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.72 LD. See: $2020 \text{ JV} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ JV} - \text{JPL}$
1959, Jan 27	Aten NEA 2012 BX34 (H = 27.4 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.40 LD. [1959-01] See: 2012 BX34 - JPL, 2012 BX34 - SSA See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012_BX34 See also: 27 Jan 2012
1959, Apr 7	Příbram Meteorite Fall, the first meteorite simultaneously observed by several stations in the Czech Republic. The network was initiated locally at Ondřejov Observatory. By 1963, the network consisted of 5 stations. In 1968 it had expanded by the installation of about 15 new stations in Germany, and was named the European Fireball Network. - Ref: P. Spurný, J. Boroviča, L. Shrbený, 2007, in: A. Milani, G.B. Valsecchi & D. Vokrouhlický (eds.), Proc. IAU Symposium No. 236 on Near Earth Objects, our Celestial Neighbors: Opportunity and Risk, Prague (Czech Republic), 14-18 August 2006 (Cambridge: CUP), p. 121, "Automation of the Czech part of the European Fireball Network: equipment, methods and first results." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007IAUS2361218 http://www.dlr.de/pf/en/desktopdefault.aspx/tabid-623/1043_read-26813/http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/European_Fireball_Network
1959, May 29	Apollo NEA 2020 DY1 ($H = 21.9 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 150 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.22 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.79 LD. See: $2020 \text{ DY1} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ DY1} - \text{JPL}$
1959, Jul 12	Amor NEA 2017 NM6 (H = 19.0 mag, $D \approx 600$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.89 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.85 LD. See: 2017 NM6 - JPL, 2017 NM6 - SSA
1959, Aug 20	Apollo NEA 2020 QR5 ($H = 27.3 \text{ mag}, D \approx 12 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at

1959, Nov 11	a nominal miss distance of 8.81 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.80 LD. See: $2020 \text{ QR5} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ QR5} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARS 1, Haleakala See also: 23 Aug 2020, 24 Aug 2105. Apollo NEA 2018 VX1 ($H = 27.7 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 10 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at
	a nominal miss distance of 0.96 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.87 LD. [1959-02] See: 2018 VX1 - SSA, 2018 VX1 - JPL See also: 10 Nov 2018.
1959, Nov 25	Apollo NEA 2018 WE1 ($H = 26.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 20 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.60 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.77 LD. See: 2018 WE1 - JPL, 2018 WE1 - SSA See also: 25 Nov 2018.
1959, Dec 15	Aten NEA 487577 (2014 YQ 15 , H = 20.9 mag, $D \approx$ 240 m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.64 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.57 LD. See: $2014 \text{ YQ15} - \text{JPL}$, $2014 \text{ YQ15} - \text{SSA}$ See also: 15 Dec 2066 , 16 Dec 2122 .
1960 , Jan 1	20 NEAs known, of which 8 PHA6. See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
1960, Jan 17	Aten NEA 2001 BA16 (H = 26.5 mag, $D \approx 18$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.88 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.20 LD. See: $2001 \text{ BA16} - \text{JPL}$, $2001 \text{ BA16} - \text{SSA}$ See also: 15 Jan 2001 .
1960, Sep - Oct	Tom Gehrels took Palomar Schmidt (1.2-m) plates, on which C.J. van Houten et al. (1970) discovered over 2000 asteroids with $v < 20$ mag, including four NEAs. Ref: C.J. van Houten, I. van Houten-Groeneveld, P. Herget & T. Gehrels, 1970, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics Suppl.</i> , 2, 339, "The Palomar-Leiden survey of faint minor planets. " See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1970A%26AS2339V C.J. van Houten, P. Herget, B.G. Marsden, 1984, <i>Icarus</i> , 59, 1, "The Palomar-Leiden survey of faint minor planets — Conclusion." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1984Icar591V
1960, Oct 24	Aten NEA 2004 UH1 ($H = 28.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 10 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a

	nominal miss distance of 0.48 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.41 LD. [1960-01] See: 2004 UH1 - JPL, 2004 UH1 - SSA See also: 24 Oct 2004.
1960, Nov 22	Apollo NEA 2019 WG2 (H = 25.0 mag, $D \approx 40$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.51 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.72 LD. See: $2019 \text{ WG2} - \text{SSA}$, $2019 \text{ WG2} - \text{JPL}$
1961 , Mar 24	Aten NEA 234145 (2000 EW70, $H = 21.9$ mag, $D \approx 344$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.75 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.75 LD. See: $2000 \text{ EW70} - \text{JPL}$, $2000 \text{ EW70} - \text{SSA}$ See also: 24 Mar 1971.
1961, Apr 12	Aten NEA 163243 (2002 FB3, $H = 16.6$ mag, $D \approx 1620$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.90 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.90 LD. See: 2002 FB3 - JPL, 2002 FB3 - SSA See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(163243) 2002 FB3
1961, Sep 14	Aten NEA 2020 RF3 (H = 28.6 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.58 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.77 LD. See: $2020 \text{ RF3} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ RF3} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 14 Sep 2020, 15 Sep 2070 .
1961, Oct	Eugene M. Shoemaker and Edward C.T. Chao proved that Nördlingen Ries crater (<i>d</i> = 24 km, Nördlingen, western Bavaria, Germany), formed ~14.4 My ago in the Miocene, was caused by meteorite impact. Another impact crater, the much smaller (3.8 km diameter) Steinheim crater , is located ~ 42 km WSW from the centre of Ries. The two craters are believed to have formed nearly simultaneously by the impact of a binary asteroid. The impactors probably had diameters of ~ 1.5 km (Ries) and 150 m (Steinheim), and a pre-impact separation of some tens of kilometers. Ref: - E.M. Shoemaker, E.C.T. Chao, 1961, <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 66, 3371, "New evidence for the impact origin of the Ries Basin, Bavaria, Germany." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1961JGR66.33718 See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/N%C3%B6rdlinger_Rieshttp://www.unb.ca/passc/ImpactDatabase/images/ries.htm http://www.lpi.usra.edu/meetings/nordlingen2010/

	http://www.hq.nasa.gov/alsj/a14/a14ries.html The Earth Impact Database lists some 170 known impact craters on Earth. See: http://www.unb.ca/passc/ImpactDatabase/
1961, Oct 11	Apollo NEA 2008 TC3 ($H = 30.3$ mag, $D \approx 4.1$ m, Apollo NEO) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.25 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.20 LD. See: 2008 TC3 - JPL, 2008 TC3 - SSA See also: 4 Oct 1917 , 2 Oct 1971 , 27 Jan 1988 , 6 Oct 2008 .
1962 , Mar 16	Aten NEA 2021 FA (H = 25.1 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.38 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.78 LD. See: <u>2021 FA S2P</u> , <u>2021 FA JPL</u>
1962, Mar 24	H.C. Urey, 1962, <i>Nature</i> , 193, 1119, "Life-forms in meteorites: origin of life-like forms in carbonaceous chondrites. Introduction." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1962Natur.193.1119U
1962, Mar 30	Aten NEA 2002 GQ ($H = 26.8$ mag, $D \approx 15$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.97 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.49 LD. See: 2002 GQ - JPL, 2002 GQ - SSA See also: 20 Mar 2035 .
1963	Eugene M. Shoemaker (1928 – 1997, USA) and colleagues firmly established the impact origin of the Meteor Crater in Arizona. Meteor Crater is located approximately 69 km east of Flagstaff, near Winslow in the northern Arizona desert of the United States. The site was formerly known as the Canyon Diablo Crater. Scientists generally refer to it as Barringer Crater, in honor of the geologist Daniel Barringer (1860 – 1929) who was first to suggest that it was produced by meteorite impact. Barringer Meteor Crater lies at an elevation of about 1,740 m above sea level. It is ~ 1,200 m in diameter, 170 m deep, and is surrounded by a rim that rises 45 m above the surrounding plains. The center of the crater is filled with 210 – 240 m of rubble lying above crater bedrock. The incoming asteroid had a diameter of ~ 25 m and a velocity of 15 km/s. The largest meteorite found is the so-called Holsinger meteorite, weighing 639 kg, on display in the Meteor Crater Visitor Center on the rim of the crater. See: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Meteor_Crater http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Holsinger_Meteorite Ref:

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	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999S%26T98e48K
	- H.J. Melosh, G.S. Collins, 2005, <i>Nature</i> , 434, 157, "Meteor
	Crater formed by a low-velocity impact."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005Natur.434157M
	See also:
	http://www.unb.ca/passc/ImpactDatabase/images/barringer.htm
	http://antwrp.gsfc.nasa.gov/apod/ap070623.html
1963	Initiation of the European Fireball Network. Ref: J. Olberst, S.
1703	Molau, D. Heinlein, et al., 1998, Meteoritics & Planetary Science,
	33, 49, "The 'European Fireball Network ': Current status and
	future prospects".
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998M&PS33490
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	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007IAUS236121S
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1963	M.R. Dence, M.J.S. Innes, C.S. Beals, 1963, Astronomical
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	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1963AJ68534D
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1703, 11141	station in Havanna (IL, USA). By May 1964, 16 stations were
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1963, Aug 3	No. 173, "The Prairie Meteorite Network." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1965SAOSR.173M - Z. Ceplecha, R.E. McCrosky, 1997, Meteoritics & Planetary Science, 32, A157, "Prairie Network fireballs: data on height, distance and brightness for each measured time-mark." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1997M%26PSA32157C Prince Edward Islands Fireball and Airburst (South Africa).
1963, Nov 2	See: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_meteor_air_bursts R.L.C. Gallant, 1963, <i>Nature</i> , 200, 414, "Changes in the Earth's
1703,11012	axis due to large meteorite collisions." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1963Natur.200414G
1963, Nov 4	Apollo NEA 2010 JL88 (H = 26.5 mag, $D \approx 18$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.80 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.56 LD. See: 2010 JL88 - JPL, 2010 JL88 - SSA See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2010_JL88
1964	C.S. Beals, M.R. Dence, A.J. Cohen, 1964, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 69, 134, "Evidence suggesting a meteorite impact origin for Lac Couture, Quebec." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1964AJ69R.134B
1964	Dandridge M. Cole, Donald W. Cox, 1964, <i>Islands in space: the challenge of the planetoids</i> (Philadephia: Chilton). See: http://discoveryenterprise.blogspot.com/2007/08/islands-in-space-challenge-of.html
1964	René L.C. Gallant (1906 – 1985, Belgium), 1964, <i>Bombarded Earth</i> (London: John Baker Publishers Ltd). See: http://www.catastrophism.com/cdrom/pubs/books/gallant/index.htm http://www.velikovsky.info/Ren%C3%A9_Gallant#cite_note-palmer2003-0
1964, Oct 24	Apollo NEA 2020 FM6 ($H = 21.9 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 150 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.52 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.55 LD. See: $2020 \text{ FM6} - 220 \text{ FM6} - 220 \text{ FM6} - 220 \text{ FM6} - 220 \text{ FM6}$ See also: 25 Oct 2101 .
1964, Nov 26	Apollo NEA 2014 EU ($H = 27.8$ mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.71 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.88 LD.

	See: <u>2014 EU - JPL</u> , <u>2014 EU- SSA</u>
1965 , Jan 17	Apollo NEA 2007 BD (H = 26.5 mag, $D \approx 18$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.002 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.855 LD. See: 2007 BD - JPL, 2007 BD - SSA See also: 18 Jan 2007 .
1965, Mar 31	Revelstoke Fireball and Airburst, 64 km NW of the city of Revelstoke (BC, Canada): an extremely bright bolide giving off sparks was observed to travel for 100 km in 8 seconds. See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/meteor/metbull.php?code=22592 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_meteor_air_bursts
1965, Jun 6	Aten NEA 163348 (2002 NN4, $H = 20.3$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.01 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.01 LD. See: 2002 NN4 - JPL, 2002 NN4 - SSA See also: 5 Jun 1924, 6 Jun 2070, 7 Jun 2130.
1965, Oct 21	Apollo NEA 171576 (1999 VP11, $H = 18.7$ mag, $D \approx 700$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.42 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.36 LD. See: 1999 VP11 - JPL, 1999 VP11 - SSA See also: 21 Oct 1982, 22 Oct 2086.
1965, Oct 27	Aten NEA 2005 VL1 (H = 26.5 mag, $D \approx 18$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.75 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.75 LD. [1965-01] See: 2005 VL1 - JPL, 2005 VL1 - SSA See also: 3 Nov 2087.
1966 , Jan 12	Apollo NEA 2016 AN165 ($H = 28.0 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 9 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.21 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.31 LD. See: 2016 AN165- JPL, 2016 AN165- SSA See also: 13 Jan 2016 .
1966, Feb 18	Apollo NEA 2011 DS ($H = 26.8 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 15 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.44 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.55 LD. See: 2011 DS - JPL, 2011 DS - SSA See also: 14 Aug 1901 , 18 Feb 2050 .
1966, July	In an UPI report, Australian scientist S.T. Butler noted an upcoming close Earth approach by the asteroid 1566 Icarus (1949

	MA, H = 16.0 mag, D = 1.3 km, PHA) in 1968. He suggested that the asteroid could possibly be destroyed by a nuclear warhead if it neared the Earth. Paul Sandorff (MIT, U.S.A.) then assigned a hypothetical problem to his system engineering class. This "Icarus Project" drew a good deal of attention, including a <i>Time Magazine</i> story in June 1967 and a book the following year. See: 1949 MA -JPL, 1566 Icarus - SSA, http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Project_Icarus Ref: - Time Magazine, 16 June 1967, "Systems engineering: avoiding an asteroid"; - Louis A. Kleinman (ed.), 1968, "Project Icarus: an MIT student project in systems engineering" (Cambridge: MIT Press); - MIT Students, 1979, "Project Icarus – revised edition" (Cambridge: MIT Press).
1966, Sep 17	Lake Huron, Michigan-Ontario Fireball and Airburst (USA, Canada). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/full/1966JRASC60257H http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_meteor_air_bursts
1966, Nov 17	Leonid Fireball over Table Mountain Observatory (Angeles National Forest, Wrightwood, CA, USA). See: http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap981113.html
1967 , Feb 5	Vilna Fireball and Airburst (Alberta, Canada). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/full/1969JRASC6361F http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_meteor_air_bursts
1967, Mar 29	Aten NEA 2019 FB2 (H = 26.5 mag, $D \approx 21$ m), passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.52 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.08 LD. See: <u>2019 FB2 - JPL</u> , <u>2019 FB2 - SSA</u>
1967, May 12	Aten NEA 2020 JQ1 (H = 26.0 mag, $D \approx 22$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.30 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.10 LD. See: $\frac{2020 \text{ JQ1} - \text{S2P}}{2020 \text{ JQ1} - \text{JPL}}$ See also: 11 May 1948 , 12 May 2039 .
1967, Jun	The largest know meteorite, the Hoba meteorite , lies on the farm "Hoba West", not far from Grootfontein, in the Otjozondjupa Region of Namibia. It has been uncovered in 1920, but, because of its large mass, has never been moved from where it fell. The main mass is estimated at 54,000 kg, and it is the largest known meteorite (as a single piece) and the most massive naturally-

	occurring piece of iron known at the Earth's surface. The Hoba meteorite is thought to have landed less than 80,000 years ago. It is inferred that the Earth's atmosphere slowed the object down to the point that it fell to the surface at terminal velocity, thereby remaining intact and causing little excavation. The Hoba meteorite is unusual in that it is flat on both major surfaces, possibly causing it to have skipped across the top of the atmosphere in the way a flat stone skips on water. Size: 2.7 × 2.7 × 0.9 m. Ref: - J.D. Fernie, 1967, <i>Journal of the Royal Astronomical Society of</i> Canada, 61, 127, "Journey via Otjiwarongo. A trip to the Hoba Meteorite ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1967JRASC61127F http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hoba_meteorite
1967, Sep 29	Apollo NEA 440212 (2004 OB , $H = 18.9$ mag, $D \approx 600$ m, PHA), passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.35 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.35 LD. See: 2004 OB - JPL, 2004 OB - SSA
1967, Nov 3	Apollo NEA 2014 AA (H = 30.9 mag, $D \approx 2.3$ m), passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 99.33 LD. Minimum miss distance 89.08 LD. Impact on 2 January 2014. See: 2014 AA - SSA, 2014 AA - JPL See also: http://www.minorplanetcenter.net/mpec/K14/K14A02.html http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2014-001 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2014_AA See also: 26 May 1994, 21 Mar 1996, 2 Jan 2014 .
1968	European Fireball Network established. Ref: - P. Spurný, J. Boroviča, L. Shrbený, 2007, in: A. Milani, G.B. Valsecchi & D. Vokrouhlický (eds.), Proc. IAU Symposium No. 236 on Near Earth Objects, our Celestial Neighbors: Opportunity and Risk, Prague (Czech Republic), 14-18 August 2006 (Cambridge: CUP), p. 121, "Automation of the Czech part of the European Fireball Network: equipment, methods and first results." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007IAUS236121S See also: http://www.dlr.de/pf/en/desktopdefault.aspx/tabid-623/1043_read-26813/ http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/European_Fireball_Network
1968	C.S. Beals, 1968, <i>Contributions Dominion Observatory Ottawa</i> , 4(29), 1, "Theories of the origin of Hudson Bay. I. On the

	possibility of a catastrophic origin for the great arc of eastern Hudson Bay." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1968CoDAO41B
1968, Jan	G.W. Wetherill, J.G. Williams, 1968, <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 73, 635, "Evaluation of the Apollo asteroids as sources of stone meteorites." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1968JGR73635W
1968, Mar 14	Apollo NEA 216985 (2000 QK130 , $H = 21.3$ mag, $D \approx 200$ m, PHA), passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.53 LD. See: 2000 QK130 - JPL, 2000 QK130 - SSA See also: 12 Mar 1916 , 15 Mar 2036 , 15 Mar 2089 .
1968, Apr 23	Apollo NEA 2008 GD110 (H = 24.6 mag, $D \approx 40$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.24 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.16 LD. [1968-01] See: 2008 GD110 - JPL, 2008 GD110 - SSA
1968, May 15	Aten NEA 2010 JR34 (H = 27.8 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.92 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.91 LD. [1968-02] See: 2010 JR34 -JPL, 2010 JR34 - SSA
1968, Jun 14	Apollo NEA 1566 Icarus (1949 MA , <i>H</i> = 16.3 mag, <i>D</i> = 1300 m, PHA) passed Earth at 16.53 LD. Observed by radar by NASA's Goldstone Solar System Radar (CA, USA) and the MIT Haystack Observatory (Westfort, MA, USA). See: 1949 MA - JPL, 1566 Icarus - SSA See also:
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1566_Icarus Ref: - R.M. Goldstein, 1968, <i>Science</i> , 162, 903, "Radar observations of Icarus." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1968Sci162903G - B.G. Marsden, 1998, <i>Boston Sunday Globe</i> , 29 March 1989, "How the asteroid story hit: an astronomer reveals how a discovery spun out of control." See:
	http://www.minorplanetcenter.net/iau/pressinfo/1997XF11Globe.html See also: 16 Jun 2015, 14 Jun 2090.
1968, Nov 30	Apollo NEA 2018 WE3 ($H = 21.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 200 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.28 LD. Minimum miss distance 7.17 LD.

Apollo NEA 2015 XA378 ($H = 25.9$ mag, $D \approx 23$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.78 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.62 LD. See: 2015 XA378 - SSA, 2015 XA378 - JPL See also: 1 June 2053 .
Aten NEA 2014 YW14 ($H = 27.8$ mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.62 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.60 LD. [1968-03] See: $2014 \text{ YW14} - \text{JPL}$, $2014 \text{ YW14} - \text{SSA}$
Aten NEA 2019 BE5 (H = 25.1 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.14 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.30 LD. See: $2019 \text{ BE5} - \text{JPL}$, $2019 \text{ BE5} - \text{SSA}$
Chihuahua Fireball, witnessed falling over the Mexican State of Chihuahua. After breaking up in the atmosphere, an extensive search for pieces was conducted; it is often described as "the best-studied meteorite in history." Some 2000 kg of meteorite material has been collected. The largest piece found, the Allende meteorite of 0.520 kg, is notable for possessing abundant, large calcium-aluminum-rich inclusions, which are among the oldest objects formed in the Solar System. The ²³⁸ U/ ²³⁵ U isotope ratio found in the Allende meteorite by Brennecka et al. (2010) implies that the Solar System is some 5 million years younger than thought previously. See: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Allende_meteorite Ref: G.A. Brennecka, S. Weyer, M. Wadhwa, et al., 2010, <i>Science</i> , 327, 449, " ²³⁸ U/ ²³⁵ U variations in meteorites: extant ²⁴⁷ Cm and implications for Pb-Pb dating." See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/327/5964/449 Chi Ma, O. Tschauner, J.R. Beckett, et al., 2012, <i>American Mineralogist</i> , 97, 1219, "Panguite, (Ti4+,Sc,Al,Mg,Zr,Ca) _{1.8} O ₃ , a new ultra-refractory titania mineral from the Allende meteorite: synchrotron micro-diffraction and EBSD." See: http://www.its.caltech.edu/~chima/publications/2012_AM_buseckite.pdf http://www.its.caltech.edu/~chima/publications/2012_AM_buseckite.pdf
Apollo NEA 2019 FV (H = 24.0 mag, $D \approx 60$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.39 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.96 LD. See: 2019 FV – SSA, 2019 FV – JPL

1969, Jul 21	Apollo NEA 2018 BN6 (H = 26.9 mag, $D \approx 15$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.47 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.96 LD. See: 2018 BN6 - SSA, 2018 BN6 - JPL See also: 24 Jan 2018, 25 Jan 2045
1969, Aug 4	Apollo NEA 2020 NK1 (H = 19.0 mag, $D \approx 600$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.83 LD. Minimum miss distance 6.66 LD. See: $2020 \text{ NK1} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ NK1} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 4 Aug 2043 .
1969, Aug 27	Apollo NEA 192642 (1999 RD32, $H = 16.7$ mag, $D \approx 1600$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.63 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.62 LD. See: 1999 RD32 - JPL, 1999 RD32 - SSA See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(192642)_1999_RD32
1969, Sep 28	Murchison Fireball and Meteorite. Near the town of Murchison (Victoria, Australia), a bright fireball was observed to separate into three fragments before disappearing, leaving a cloud of smoke. About 30 seconds later, a tremor was heard. Many specimens were found over an area larger than 13 km², with individual masses up to 7 kg; one piece, weighing 680 g, broke through a roof. The total collected mass exceeds 100 kg. Ref:
	- P. Schmitt-Kopplin, Z. Gabelica, R.D. Gougeon, et al., 2010, <i>Proc. Nat Acad. Sci. USA</i> , 107, 2763, "High molecular diversity of extraterrestrial organic matter in Murchison meteorite revealed 40 years after its fall." See: http://www.pnas.org/content/early/2010/02/12/0912157107.abstract - S. Pizzarello, August 2012, <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> (Letters), 754, L27, "Hydrogen cyanide in the Murchison Meteorite ."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012ApJ754L27P See also: http://tin.er.usgs.gov/meteor/metbull.php?code=16875 http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=murchison-meteorite http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Murchison_meteorite
1969, Dec	The Japanese Antarctic Research Expedition discovered nine meteorites on the blue ice field of the Yamato Mountains in Antarctica, December 1969. This was the first significant recovery of Antarctic meteorites and represented samples of several different types. In 2011, co-researchers from the USA, South Korea and Japan have found in meteorite Yamato 691 a new mineral, dubbed

	"Wassonite", formed from sulfur and titanium, and possessing a unique crystal structure that has not been previously observed in nature. Ref: - T. Nagata, 30 June 1976, <i>Meteoritics</i> , 11, 181, "Yamato meteorites collected in Antarctica in 1969." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1976Metic11181N http://www.nasa.gov/centers/johnson/home/wassonite.html
1970 , Jan 1	27 NEAs known, of which 10 PHAs. See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
1970	First infrared diameter of an asteroid measured: 4 Vesta (<i>H</i> = 3.40 mag, <i>D</i> = 530 km, Main-belt asteroid). See: Vesta - JPL, 4 Vesta - SSA See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/4 Vesta Ref: - D.A. Allen, 1970, Nature, 227, 158, "Infrared diameter of Vesta." See: http://nature.com/nature/journal/v227/n5254/abs/227158a0.html
1970, Jan 3	Lost City Fireball. Four stations (Hominy OK, Woodward OK, Pleasanton KS, and Garden City KS) of the Prairie Meteorite Network simultaneously photographed the track of a meteoroid fireball. Analysis of the photographs indicated that a meteorite might have landed within an area east of Lost City (OK, USA). This was the first time in the US that simultaneous photography of a fireball from multiple observation points was achieved, making it possible to calculate a trajectory and delimit a search area on the ground. Six days later, a 9.83 kg (21.6 pound) meteorite was spotted sitting in a snow-covered dirt road within one-half mile of Lost City. Three additional smaller meteorite fragments were recovered later (272 g, 640 g, 6.6 kg). Ref: - Z. Ceplecha, 1996, Astronomy & Astrophysics, 311, 329, "Luminous efficiency based on photographic observations of the Lost City fireball and implications for the influx of interplanetary bodies onto Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1996A%26A311329C http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lost City, Oklahoma
1970, Jan 24	C.S. Beals, 1970, <i>Nature</i> , 225, 368, "Impact craters and the relative ages of Earth and Moon." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1970Natur.225368B

1970, Jan 31	Aten NEA 2006 AM4 ($H = 21.7 \text{ mag}, D \approx 160 \text{ m}, PHA$) passed
	Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.18 LD. Minimum miss
	distance 4.17 LD. See: 2006 AM4 - SSA, 2006 AM4 - JPL
	2001 2001 2011 2011 2011
1970, Feb 26	Apollo NEA 2019 DS1 ($H = 25.6$ mag, $D \approx 26$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.94 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.93 LD. [1970-01] See: $2019 DS1 - SSA$, $2019 DS1 - JPL$ See also: 26 Feb 2082 .
1970, Mar 27	Apollo NEA 215588 (2003 HF2 , $H = 19.3$ mag, $D \approx 490$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.02 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.02 LD. See: 2003 HF2 - JPL, 2003 HF2 - SSA
1970, May 7	Apollo NEA 2019 JJ3 (H = 27.5 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.96 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.43 LD. See: $2019 \text{ JJ3} - \text{SSA}$, $2019 \text{ JJ3} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 13 May 2095 .
1970, Oct	C.J. van Houten, I. van Houten-Groeneveld, P. Herget & T. Gehrels, 1970, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics Suppl.</i> , 2, 339, "The Palomar-Leiden Survey of faint Minor Planets. " See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1970A%26AS2339
1971 , Jan 22	Aten NEA 2020 BP8 (H = 25.6 mag, D \approx 28 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.14 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.88 LD. See: $2020 \text{ BP8} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ BP8} - \text{JPL}$
1971, Feb 4	Aten NEA 2016 CE ($H = 28.7$ mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.58 LD. [1971-01] See: 2016 CE - JPL, 2016 CE - SSA See also: 5 Feb 2056 .
1971, Mar 6-10	IAU Colloquium No. 12 on <i>Physical Studies of Minor Planets</i> , Tucson (AZ, USA), 6-10 March 1971. Proceedings: T. Gehrels (ed.), 1971, <i>NASA SP</i> -267, "Physical studies of minor planets." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1971NASSP.267G
1971, Mar 24	Aten NEA 234145 (2000 EW70, $H = 21.9$ mag, $D \approx 344$ m, PHA), passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.61 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.61 LD.

	See: <u>2000 EW70 - JPL</u> , <u>2000 EW70 - SSA</u> See also: 24 Mar 1961 .
1971, Apr 2	Aten NEA 2015 FA285 ($H = 26.7 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 16 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.81 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.73 LD. See: $2015 \text{ FA285} - \text{JPL}$, $2015 \text{ FA285} - \text{SSA}$
1971, Apr 3	Aten NEA 2014 GC 49 (H = 28.9 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.04 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.64 LD. See: 2014 GC49 - JPL, 2014 GC49 - SSA
1971, Apr 11	Apollo NEA 2002 JE9 (H = 21.2 mag, $D \approx 200$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.70 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.65 LD. [1971-02] See: 2002 JE9 - JPL, 2002 JE9 - SSA See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2002_JE9 See also: 10 Apr 1927.
1971, May 11	Aten NEA 2021 JZ5 (H = 28.4 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.93 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.89 LD. See: $2021 \text{ JZ5} - \text{S2P}$, $2021 \text{ JZ5} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 11 May 2034.
1971, May 20	Aten NEA 2021 JY3 (H = 28.4 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.56 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.52 LD. [1971-03] See: $2021 \text{ JZ5} - 82P$, $2021 \text{ JZ5} - JPL$ See also: 16 May 2052 , 8 May 2059 .
1971, May 22	Apollo NEA 2017 WL15 (H = 25.8 mag, $D \approx$ 24 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.58 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.50 LD. See: 2017 WL15 - JPL, 2017 WL15 - SSA
1971, May 23	Apollo NEA 2020 KQ4 (H = 26.5 mag, $D \approx 18$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.71 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.63 LD. See: $2020 \text{ KQ4} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ KQ4} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 24 May 2031 .
1971, Jul 20	Apollo NEA 2002 BF25 ($H = 22.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 152 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.66 LD. Minimum miss distance

	7.66 LD. See: 2002 BF25 - SSA, 2002 BF25 - JPL See also: 20 Jul 2020.
1971, Oct 2	Apollo NEA 2008 TC3 (H = 30.3 mag, $D \approx 4.1$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 15.26 LD. Minimum miss distance 14.01 LD. See: $2008 \text{ TC3} - \text{JPL}$, $2008 \text{ TC3} - \text{SSA}$ See also: 4 Oct 1917 , 11 Oct 1961 , 27 Jan 1988 , 6 Oct 2008 .
1971, Dec 7	Apollo NEA 2020 XC4 (H = 26.0 mag, $D \approx 22$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.46 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.67 LD. See: $2020 \times 24 - 82P$, $2020 \times 24 - 3PL$
1972	V.L. Masajtis, M.V. Mikhajlov, T.V. Selivanovskaya, 1972, <i>Meteoritics</i> , 7(1), 39, "The Popigay meteorite crater ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1972IGRv14327M
1972	V.L. Masaitis, M.V. Mikhailov, T.V. Selivanovskaya, 1972, <i>Int. Geol. Rev.</i> , 14, 327, "Popigai Basin an explosion meteorite crater." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1972Metic739M
1972, Mar	D.J. Milton, B.C. Barlow, R. Brett, et al., 1972, <i>Science</i> , 175, 1199, "Gosses Bluff impact structure, Australia." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1972Sci175.1199M http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gosses_Bluff_crater
1972, Aug 6	Apollo NEA 2018 LB1 ($H = 20.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 300 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.70 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.58 LD. See: $2018 \text{ LB1} - \text{JPL}$, $2018 \text{ LB1} - \text{SSA}$
1972, Aug 10	Great Daylight 1972 Fireball (US19720810), Earth-grazing asteroid, estimated $D \approx 3\text{-}14$ m, 100-sec passage with 15 km/s through the Earth atmosphere, 57 km high over the Rocky Mountains from Utah (USA) to Alberta (Canada). Co-inciding with the annual Perseid meteor shower. Suggestions that this object is still in an Earth crossing orbit around the Sun and passed close to the Earth again in August 1997 have not been substantiated (Spahr, 2010, private communication). Ref: - R.D. Rawcliffe, C.D. Bartky, F. Li, et al., 1974, <i>Nature</i> , 247, 449, "Meteor of August 10, 1972." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1974Natur.247.449R

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	meteorite that got away."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1974IrAJ111650
	- A.C. Clarke, 1993, in preface of his novel <i>The Hammer of God</i>
	(New York: Bantam Books).
	See: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/The Hammer of God
	- E. Tagliaferri, 1998, Mercury, Vol. 27, no. 6, p. 18, "Observation
	of meteoroid impacts by space-based sensors."
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	- Z. Ceplecha, 1994, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> , 283, 287, "Earthgrazing daylight fireball of August 10, 1972."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1994A%26A283287C
	See also:
	http://web.archive.org/web/20050120051405/www.maa.agleia.de/Comet
	/Other/1972.html
	http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap090302.html
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/The_Great_Daylight_1972_Fireball
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Earth-grazing_fireball
1972, Oct 2	R.J. Ford, 1972, Earth and Planetary Science Letters, 16, 228, "A
1972, Oct 2	· ·
	possible impact crater associated with Darwin glass."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1972E&PSL16228F
	See also:
	http://www.newscientist.com/article/dn24560-meteor-impact-trapped-
	ancient-swamp-plants-in-glass.html#.UpZU6rB3tdg
1973 , Jan	Eleanor F. Helin and Eugene M. Shoemaker begin photographic
	NEO searches using Palomar 46 cm (18 inch) telescope: the
	Planet-Crossing Asteroid Survey (PCAS), 1973 – 1978. They
	took photographic plates 3 nights each month till 1978 and found
	first Earth orbit crosser: Apollo NEA 5496 (1973 NA, $H = 15.9$
	mag, $D \approx 2.73$ km) on 4 July 1973.
	See: 1973 NA - JPL, 5496 1973 NA - SSA
	See also:
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(5496) 1973 NA
	Ref:
	- E.F. Helin, E.M. Shoemaker, 1979, <i>Icarus</i> , 40, 321, "The
	Palomar Planet-Crossing Asteroid Survey, 1973 – 1978."
	See:
	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1979Icar40321H
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Planet-Crossing_Asteroid_Survey
1973, Jan 17	Aten NEA 2009 BH2 ($H = 22.3 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 130 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a
ĺ	nominal miss distance of 5.50 LD. Minimum miss distance 5.50
	LD.
	See: 2009 BH2 - JPL, 2009 BH2 - SSA
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1973, Feb	J.K. Bjorkman, 1973, <i>Meteoritics</i> , 8, 91, "Meteors and meteorites in the ancient Near East." See: <a <a="" asteroidal="" href="http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1973Sci18251Z" meteorites."="" of="" see:="" source="">http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1973Sci18251Z
1973, Dec 19	Aten NEA 2017 YO3 (H = 28.2 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.43 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.63 LD. See: 2017 YO3 - JPL, 2017 YO3 - SSA See also: 20 Dec 2064 .
1974 , Feb 12	Aten NEA 2017 CP32 ($H = 23.8$ mag, $D \approx 60$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.51 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.39 LD. See: 2017 CP32 - JPL, 2017 CP32 - SSA See also: 12 Feb 2061 .
1974, Mar 16	Apollo NEA 2012 EN5 (H = 27.5 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.10 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.31 LD. See: 2012 EN5 -JPL, 2012 EN5 - SSA
1974, May 6	Apollo NEA 2014 HB177 (H = 28.4 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.37 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.075 LD (0.45 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). See: 2014 HB177 - SSA, 2014 HB177 - JPL See also: 6 May 2034.
1974, Oct 5	Apollo NEA 2018 CC1 ($H = 23.5 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 70 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at

	a nominal miss distance of 1.95 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.89 LD. See: 2018 CC1 - JPL, 2018 CC1 - SSA
1974, Dec 16	Apollo NEA 3200 Phaethon (1983 TB, <i>H</i> = 14.4 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 5100 ± 200 m, PHA, causing the annual Geminids meteor shower) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 21.30 LD (= 0.05 au). Minimum miss distance 21.30 LD. See: 3200 Phaethon - SSA, 1983 TB - JPL Ref: - T. Kasuga, JI. Watanabe, M. Sato, 2006, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 373, 1107, "Benefits of an impact mission to 3200 Phaethon: nature of the extinct comet and artificial meteor shower." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006MNRAS.373.1107K See also: https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=7030 https://phys.org/news/2017-12-arecibo-radar-asteroid-phaethon-images.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/3200_Phaethon See also: https://www.space.com/42236-weird-blue-asteroid-phaethon.html See also: 16 Dec 2017, 14 Dec 2093.
1975	G.W. Wetherill, 1975, in: Proc. 6 th Lunar Science Conference, Houston (TX, USA), 17-21 March 1975, Vol. 2 (New York: Pergamon Press, Inc.), p. 1539, "Late heavy bombardment of the moon and terrestrial planets." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1975LPSC6.1539W
1975, Jan 14	Aten NEA 2018 AS2 (H = 28.6 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.37 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.24 LD. See: 2018 AS2 - JPL, 2018 AS2 - SSA
1975, Jan 23	Amor NEA 433 Eros (A898 PA , $H = 10.3$ mag, $D = 34.4 \times 11.2 \times 11.2$ km, orbital $P = 1.76$ yr), passed Earth at 59 LD (= 0.15 AU). See: <u>433 Eros - JPL</u> , <u>433 Eros - SSA</u> See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/433_Eros See also: 13 Aug 1898 , 31 Jan 2012 .
1975, Jan 31	Apollo NEA 27002 (1998 DV9 , $H = 18.2$ mag, $D \approx 700$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.76 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.76 LD. See: <u>1998 DV9 - JPL</u> , <u>1998 DV9 - SSA</u>

1975, Mar 25	Aten NEA 2012 FT35 (H = 29.5 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.83 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.94 LD. See: 2012 FT35 - JPL, 2012 FT35 - SSA See also: 29 Mar 1925 .
1975, Apr 19	Apollo NEA 2018 HW1 ($H = 25.8$ mag, $D \approx 25$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.54 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.63 LD. See: $2018 \text{ HW1} - \text{SSA}$, $2018 \text{ HW1} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 21 Apr 2018 , 24 Apr 2041 .
1975, Apr 26	Apollo NEA 2020 HF5 (H = 26.8 mag, $D \approx 16$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.24 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.11 LD. See: $\frac{2020 \text{ HF5} - \text{S2P}}{2020 \text{ Apr}}$, $\frac{2020 \text{ HF5} - \text{JPL}}{2020 \text{ Apr}}$ See also: 22 Apr 2020, 26 Apr 2079 .
1975, Sep	A. Ben-Menahem, 1975, <i>Physics of the Earth and Planetary Interiors</i> , 11, 1, "Source parameters of the Siberian explosion of June 30 , 1908 , from analysis and synthesis of seismic signals at four stations." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1975PEPI111B
1975, Nov 11	Apollo NEA 2008 XA2 (H = 21.6 mag, $D \approx 170$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.25 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.25 LD. See: $2008 \text{ XA2} - \text{SSA}$, $2008 \text{ XA2} - \text{JPL}$
1976	D. Morrison, 1976, <i>Astronomy</i> , 4, no. 6, p. 6, "Asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1976Ast4f6M
1976, Jan 7	First discovery of an Earth orbit crossing Aten NEA : 2062 Aten (1976 AA , $H = 17.2$ mag, $D = 1300$ m), by Eleanor F. Helin (1932 – 2009, USA). See: <u>1976 AA - JPL</u> , <u>2062 Aten - SSA</u> See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2062_Aten Ref: - E.F. Helin, E.M. Shoemaker, 1977, <i>Icarus</i> , 31, 415, "Discovery of asteroid 1976 AA ". See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1977Icar31415H
1976, Jan 16	Apollo NEA 2008 RM98 ($H = 20.8 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 250 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.18 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.17 LD.

	See: <u>2008 RM98 - JPL</u> , <u>2008 RM98 - SSA</u>
1976, Jan 28	Gujarat Brilliant Fireball and Dhajala Meteorite Shower, India. Ref: - N. Bhandari, D. Lal, J.R. Trivedi, 1976, Meteoritics, 11, 137, "The Dhajala meteorite shower." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1976Metic11137B
1976, Jan 28	Apollo NEA 2020 YB5 (H = 25.2 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.78 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.90 LD. See: $2020 \text{ YB5} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ YB5} - \text{JPL}$
1976, Mar 8	Jilin Meteorite Shower, near Jilin City (Jilin Province, China), had a dispersion ellipse of 72 × 8.5 km and landed over 100 fragments with a total mass > 2700 kg. The largest of these fragments weighs 1770 kg and presents the largest stony meteorite known. Ref: - K. Yau, P. Weissman, D. Yeomans, 1994, Meteoritics, 29, 864, "Meteorite falls in China and some related human casualty events." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1994Metic29864Y http://www.daviddarling.info/encyclopedia/J/Jilin.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Meteorite_fall
1976, Mar 29	Apollo NEA 2014 GY44 (H = 25.7 mag, $D \approx$ 26 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.19 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.17 LD. See: 2014 GY44 - JPL , 2014 GY44 - SSA
1976, Jun 7	Apollo NEA 2019 LW4 (H = 26.8 mag, $D \approx 15$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.09 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.97 LD. See: 2019 LW4 - SSA, 2019 LW4 - JPL See also: 8 Jun 2019 , 9 Jun 2074 .
1976, Oct 17	Aten NEA 2013 UG1 (H = 22.5 mag, $D \approx 110$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.85 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.85 LD. [1976-01] See: 2013 UG1 - JPL, 2013 UG1 - SSA See also: 17 Oct 2065.
1976, Oct 20	Aten NEA 2340 Hathor (1976 UA , $H = 20.5$ mag, $D \approx 210$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.02 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.02 LD.

	See: <u>1976 UA - JPL</u> , <u>1976 UA - SSA</u> See also: 20 Oct 1921 , 21 Oct 2069 , 21 Oct. 2086 .
1976, Dec	Z. Ceplecha, R.E. McCrosky, 1976, <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 81, 6257, "Fireball end h eights – a diagnostic for the structure of meteoric material." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1976JGR81.6257C
1976, Dec 27	Aten NEA 2010 XC15 ($H = 21.6 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 170 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.43 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.43 LD. See: 2010 XC15 - JPL, 2010 XC15 - SSA See also: 26 Dec 1907, 27 Dec 1914, 27 Dec 2022, 28 Dec 2059, 26 Dec 2064, 26 Dec 2096.
1977, Jan 29	Apollo NEA 292220 (2006 SU49, $H = 19.7$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.87 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.86 LD. See: $2006 \text{ SU49} - \text{JPL}$, $2006 \text{ SU49} - \text{SSA}$ See also: $2006 \text{ SU49} - 2006 \text{ SU49}$ See also: $2006 \text{ SU49} - 2006 \text{ SU49}$ See also: $2006 \text{ SU49} - 2006 \text{ SU49}$
1977, Apr 11	Apollo NEA 2011 UH20 (H = 21.1 mag, $D \approx$ 220 m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.57 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.57 LD. See: 2011 UH20 - JPL, 2011 UH20 - SSA See also: 11 Apr 1906 .
1977, May 7	Apollo NEA 2018 VO6 (H = 24.3 mag, $D \approx 50$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.86 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.60 LD. See: $\frac{2007 \text{ VO6} - \text{SSA}}{2007 \text{ VO6} - \text{JPL}}$ See also: 7 May 2058 , 8 May 2063 .
1977, Jun 8	Amor NEA 2020 KB3 (H = 24.9 mag, $D \approx$ 40 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.10 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.87 LD. See: $2020 \text{ KB3} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ KB3} - \text{JPL}$
1977, Jul 21	Apollo NEA 2021 BN , $H = 28.3$ mag, $D \approx 8$ m passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.83 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.95 LD. See: 2021 BN $-$ S2P, 2021 BN $-$ JPL See also: 28 Jul 2064 .
1977, Sep 13	Apollo NEA 2012 EP10 ($H = 29.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 5 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at

	a nominal miss distance of 3.52 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.21 LD. See: 2012 EP10 - JPL, 2012 EP10 - SSA
1977, Oct 20	Apollo NEA 2020 FN3 (H = 24.5 mag, $D \approx 50$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.19 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.66 LD. See: $2020 \text{ FN3} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ FN3} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 3 Apr 2075 .
1978	C.R. Chapman, J.G. Williams, W.K. Hartmann, 1978, <i>Annual Review of Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> , 16, 33, "The asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1978ARA%26A1633C
1978	L'. Kresák, 1978, <i>Bulletin Astronomical Institutes of Czechoslovakia</i> , 29, 103, "Passages of comets and asteroids near the earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1978BAICz29103K
1978	L'. Kresák, 1978, <i>Bulletin Astronomical Institutes of Czechoslovakia</i> , 29, 114, "The comet and asteroid population of the earth's environment." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1978BAICz29114K
1978	L'. Kresák, 1978, <i>Bulletin Astronomical Institutes of Czechoslovakia</i> , 29, 149, "The total number of the Apollo asteroids and their chance rediscoveries." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1978BAICz29149K
1978	B.L. Narendra, 1978, <i>Discovery</i> 13(1), 10, "The Peabody Museum meteorite collection: a historic account." See: http://peabody.yale.edu/collections/meteorites-and-planetary-science/weston-meteorite http://peabody.yale.edu/collections/meteorites-and-planetary-science/wethersfield-meteorite
1978	G.L. Verschuur, 1978, <i>Cosmic Catastrophes</i> (Reading, MA, USA: Addison-Wesley Publ. Co.). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1978coca.bookV
1978, Apr 1	IAU Minor Planet Center moved to Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory, Cambridge (MA, USA). Brian G. Marsden, director. Up to this time, the set of numbered minor planets had increased to 2060, with nearly 180,000 observations in the archive. See: http://www.oaa.gr.jp/~oaacs/mp/BriefHistoryofMPCbyConradBardwell.

http://www.iau.org/static/publications/IB104.pdf , p. 67. 1978, May 20 02:43 Apollo NEA 2017 KY4 ($H = 24.5 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 40 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.50 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.77	
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LD.	
See: 2017 KY4 - JPL, 2017 KY4 - SSA	
500. <u>2017 K14 - 31 L</u> , <u>2017 K14 - 55/1</u>	
1978, May 20 12:48 Aten NEA 2011 UD21 ($H = 28.8 \text{ mag}, D \approx 6 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a	
nominal miss distance of 1.75 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.24	
LD.	
See: 2011 UD21 - JPL, 2011 UD21 - SSA	
Sec. <u>2011 OD21 - 31 L</u> , <u>2011 OD21 - 35A</u>	
1978, Jul 1 Apollo NEA 436724 (2011 UW158 , $H = 20.0 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 600 \text{ x } 300 \text{ mag}$	
m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.68 LD.	
Minimum miss distance 4.68 LD.	
See: 2011 UW158 - JPL, 2011 UW158 - SSA	
See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(436724) 2011 UW158	
See also: 2 Jul 2108.	
See also. 2 sui 2100.	
1978, Sep E. Bowell, C.R. Chapman, J.C. Grady, D. Morrison, B. Zellner,	
1978, <i>Icarus</i> , 35, 313, "Taxonomy of asteroids."	
See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1978Icar35313B	
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1978, Oct 11 Aten NEA 2020 TK5 ($H = 23.7 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 70 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a	
nominal miss distance of 9.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.62	
LD.	
See: <u>2020 TK5 – S2P</u> , <u>2020 TK5 – JPL</u>	
See also: 12 Oct 2186.	
1978, Oct 20 Apollo NEA 2017 UJ2 ($H = 31.0 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 2.2 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at	
a nominal miss distance of 2.16 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.40	
LD.	
See: <u>2017 UJ2 - SSA</u> , <u>2017 UJ2 - JPL</u>	
See also: 20 Oct 2017, 30 Oct 2030.	
T. Gehrels (ed.), 1979, Asteroids I (Tucson: Univ. Arizona Press).	
See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1979aste.bookG	
1979 E.J. Öpik, 1979, Irish Astronomical Journal, 14, 31, "Dinosaurs."	
See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1979IrAJ14Q310	
1070 I 5 A 11 NEA 2010 DN/2 /II 22 0 D 140 DN/1 1	
1979, Jan 5 Apollo NEA 2018 BM3 ($H = 22.0 \text{ mag}, D \approx 140 \text{ m}, PHA$) passed	
Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.29 LD. Minimum miss	
distance 2.29 LD.	
See: <u>2018 BM3 - JPL</u> , <u>2018 BM3 - SSA</u>	
See also: 5 Jan 2051.	

1979, Feb	R.D. Rawcliffe, 1979, <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 228, 338, "Satellite observations of meteors." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1979ApJ228338
1979, Mar	G.W. Wetherill, 1979, <i>Scientific American</i> , 240, No. 3, 38, "Apollo objects." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1979SciAm.24054W
1979, Aug 17	Apollo NEA 2017 RV (H = 21.9 mag, $D \approx 150$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.20 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.19 LD. See: $2017 \text{ RV} - \text{JPL}$, $2017 \text{ RV} - \text{SSA}$ See also: 19 Aug 2125 , 19 Aug 2175 .
1979, Sep 2	Apollo NEA 2014 WX202 (H = 29.8 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.87 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.86 LD. [1979-01] See: 2014 WX202 - JPL , 2014 WX202 - SSA See also: 7 Dec 2014 .
1979, Sep 22	The Vela Incident. Double flash explosion detected by an American <i>Vela Hotel satellite</i> over the South Atlantic caused by nuclear weapons test or meteoroid? See: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Vela_Incident
1979, Nov	W.M. Napier, S.V.M. Clube, 1979, <i>Nature</i> , 282, 455, "A theory of terrestrial catastrophism." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1979Natur.282455N
1979, Dec	E.F. Helin, E.M. Shoemaker, 1979, <i>Icarus</i> , 40, 321, "The Palomar planet-crossing asteroid survey , 1973-1978." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1979Icar40321H
1979, Dec	H.H. Nininger, 1979, <i>Meteoritics</i> , 14, 497, "Small asteroids frequently arrive on the Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1979Metic14497N
1979, Dec 17	Apollo NEA 1979 XB ($H = 18.5$ mag, $D \approx 700$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 14.24 LD. Minimum miss distance 11.30 LD. See: $\underline{1979} \times \underline{B} - \underline{JPL}$, $\underline{1979} \times \underline{B} - \underline{SSA}$ This asteroid may make a close Earth flyby on 14 Dec 2113.
1980 , Jan 1	51 NEAs known, of which 17 PHAs. See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/

1980	Spacewatch program started by Tom Gehrels and Robert S. McMillan, LPL, UA, Tucson (AZ, USA). Routine detections started in 1984, survey started in 1989. CCD-scanning observations are conducted 20 nights each lunation with the Steward Observatory 0.9-m Spacewatch Telescope (down to $v = \frac{1}{2}$)
	21 mag) and the Spacewatch 1.8-m telescope (down to $v = 23$ mag), both on Kitt Peak (AZ, USA). From 1992 to 1995
	Spacewatch automatically detected more than $60,000$ asteroids down to $v = 21$ mag. See: http://spacewatch.lpl.arizona.edu/
	Ref:
	- R.S. McMillan and The Spacewatch Team, 2007, in: A. Milani, G.B. Valsecchi & D. Vokrouhlický (eds.), Proc. IAU Symposium No. 236 on <i>Near Earth Objects, our Celestial Neighbors:</i> Opportunity and Risk, Prague (Czech Republic), 14-18 August
	2006 (Cambridge: CUP), p. 329, "Spacewatch preparations for the era of deep all-sky surveys."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007IAUS236329M - D.K. Yeomans, S.R. Chesley, P.W. Chodas, 2010, in: A.M.
	Finkelstein, W.F. Huebner & V.A. Shor (eds.), Proc. Intern. Conf. Asteroid-Comet Hazard 2009, Protecting the Earth against
	collisions with asteroids and comet nuclei, St. Petersburg (Russian Federation), 21-25 September 2009 (Saint Petersburg: Nauka), p. 244, "NASA's Near-Earth Object Program Office."
	See: http://ftp://quasar.ipa.nw.ru/pub/ACHBOOK_2009/ach-2009_book.pdf http://www.skyandtelescope.com/news/125432648.html
	- R.S. McMillan, T.H. Bressi, J.V. Scotti, et al., 2012, American Astronomical Society, DPS meeting #44, #210.14, "Spacewatch observations of Near-Earth Objects."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012DPS4421014M See also:
	http://spacewatch.lpl.arizona.edu/ http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Spacewatch
1980	E. Helin, D. Morrison, G. Wetherill, M. Hanner, 1980, <i>Sky & Telescope</i> , 60, 12, " <i>IRAS</i> and the asteroids."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1980S%26T6012H
1980, Jan 12	L. Alvarez, W. Alvarez, S. Klint, 1980, <i>Science News</i> , 117(2), 22, 12 January 1980, "Asteroid-caused extinctions." Correction: <i>Science News</i> , 117(6),, 9 February 1980.
	See: http://www.sciencenews.org/view/feature/id/188305/title/Now Asteroid-Caused Extinctions
	http://www.sciencenews.org/view/feature/id/177017/title/Correction No

	w Asteroid-Caused Extinctions
	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1980SciN11722A
1980, Jan 20	Aten NEA 2018 BH3 ($H = 25.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 30 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 1.14 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.92
	LD.
	See: <u>2018 BH3 - JPL</u> , <u>2018 BH3 - SSA</u>
	See also: 20 Jan 2060.
1000 Fab 10	Apollo NEA 2021 DC ($H=20.1$ max, $D\approx 2$ m) magned Earth at a
1980, Feb 18	Apollo NEA 2021 DG ($H = 30.1 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 3 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.01 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.72
	LD.
	See: 2021 DG – S2P, 2021 DG – JPL
	See also: 18 Feb 2021, 19 Feb 2031.
1980, May 17	Apollo NEA 2009 WW7 ($H = 28.8 \text{ mag}, D \approx 6 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at
-	a nominal miss distance of 6.71 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.12
	LD.
	See: <u>2009 WW7 - JPL</u> , <u>2009 WW7 - SSA</u>
1980, May 22	J. Smit, J. Hertogen, 1980, Nature, 225, 198, "An extraterrestrial
	event in the Cretaceous-Tertiary boundary."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1980Natur.285198S
1980, Jun	Nobel Prize winning physicist Luiz W. Alvarez (1911 – 1988,
1500, 5411	USA) and colleagues published their seminal paper (1980),
	associating the extinction of dinosaurs ~65.5 Myr ago with the
	direct impact of a large asteroid or comet. Ten years later after this
	initial proposal, evidence of a huge impact crater called
	Chicxulub, off the coast of Yucatán Peninsula (Mexico), strongly
	confirmed their theory. The crater center is located near the town
	Chicxulub. The crater diameter is over 180 km, maybe even 300
	km, making the feature one of the largest confirmed impact craters
	on Earth. The crater was discovered by the geophysicist Glen
	Penfield, who had been looking for oil in Yucatán during the late-
	1970s. Returning later he found evidence for the impact theory
	(A.R. Hildebrand et al., 1991). The impacting NEO that formed the
	crater had a diameter $D = 10 \pm 4$ km; the explosion released an
	energy of about 5×10^7 megaton TNT, substantially more powerful than the largest known volcanic eruption. W.F. Bottke et al. (2007)
	suggested that the impacting NEO was a member of the Baptistina
	family of asteroids, created by a collision of two main-belt
	asteroids (with $D = 170 \text{ km}$ and 60 km) 160 Myr ago, the largest
	surviving orbiting member of which is main-belt asteroid 298
	Baptistina ($D = 13-30 \text{ km}$), discovered in 1890 by Auguste H.
	Charlois (1864 – 1910) at the Observatoire de Nice (France). But
	see Masiero et al. (2011). Schulte et al. (2010) summarized
•	60

evidence that the **Chicxulub** impact triggered the mass extinction ~65.5 year ago.

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http://www.sciencenews.org/view/feature/id/188305/title/Now_--Asteroid-Caused Extinctions

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See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1980Sci...208.1095A

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	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Extinction_event
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	http://www.sciencedaily.com/releases/2007/01/070118094039.htm
	http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2011-
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	http://www.space.com/19681-dinosaur-killing-asteroid-chicxulub-
	<u>crater.html</u>
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1980, Aug 5	Tajikistan Fireball, 5 August 1980, observed by the meteor
	observing stations operated by the Meteor Patrol of the Hissar
	Astronomical Observatory (Tajikistan) and Kipchak station.
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	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013LPICo1719.1479K
1980, Sep 22	Apollo NEA 2016 FW3 ($H = 25.5 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 29 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at
1760, Sep 22	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	a nominal miss distance of 1.01 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.003
	LD.
	See: <u>2016 FW3 - JPL</u> , <u>2016 FW3 - SSA</u>
1980, Sep 28	Aten NEA 2011 TO ($H = 26.3 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 23 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a
_	nominal miss distance of 9.38 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.79
	LD.
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	See: <u>2011 TO - JPL</u> , <u>2011 TO - SSA</u> See also: 28 Sep 2011 , 27 Sep 2044 .
1980, Oct 15	Aten NEA 2018 RY1 (H = 24.4 mag, $D \approx 50$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.41 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.40 LD. [1980-01] See: 2018 RY1 - JPL , 2018 RY1 - SSA
1980, Nov 9	Aten NEA 2018 XQ2 (H = 28.1 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 44.31 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.48 LD. See: $2018 \times 202 - JPL$, $2018 \times 202 - SSA$ See also: 11 Jan 1985, 11 Nov 2048.
1981 , Feb 13	D.V. Kent, G.C. Reid, R.E. Brown, L.W. Alvarez, et al. 1981, <i>Science</i> , 211, 648, 13 February 1981, "Asteroid extinction hypothesis." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1981Sci211648K
1981, Apr 10	Apollo NEA 2012 HG2 (H = 27.2 mag, $D \approx 13$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.74 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.49 LD. See: $2012 \text{ HG2} - \text{SSA}$, $2012 \text{ HG2} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 12 Feb 2047 .
1981, May 7	R.A.F. Grieve, 1981, <i>Nature</i> , 291, 16, "Impact cratering." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1981Natur.29116G
1981, May 18	Apollo NEA 143651 (2003 QO104, $H = 16.2$ mag, $D \approx 2290$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.76 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.76 LD. See: $2003 \text{ QO104} - \text{JPL}$, $143651 2003 \text{ QO104} - \text{SSA}$ See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(143651) 2003 QO104
1981, Jul 2	J. Smit, G. Klaver, 1981, <i>Nature</i> , 292, 47, 2 July 1981, "Sanadine spherules at the Cretaceous-Tertiary boundary indicate a large impact event." See: http://www.nature.com/nature/journal/v292/n5818/abs/292047a0.html http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1981Natur.292478
1981, Jul 13-16	First NASA NEO workshop on Collision of Asteroids and Comets with the Earth: Physical and Human Consequences, Snowmass (CO, USA), chaired by Eugene M. Shoemaker. Report never published. Ref: - D. Chandler, 2008, Nature, 453, 1164, "The burger bar that saved

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	See: http://www.nature.com/news/2008/080625/full/4531164a.html
1981, Oct 2	R.P. Turco, O.B. Toon, C. Park, et al., 2 October 1981, <i>Science</i> , 214, 19, " Tunguska meteor fall of 1908 – effects on stratospheric ozone." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1981Sci21419T
1981, Oct 12-22	First Snowbird Conference on Large Body Impacts and Terrestrial Evolution: Geological, Climatological, and Biological Implications, Snowbird (Utah, USA). See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/lpi_40th/1981.shtml
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1981, Nov	G.W. Wetherill, 1981, <i>Icarus</i> , 48, 308, "Which fireballs are meteorites – a study of the Prairie Network photographic meteor data." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1981Icar48308W
1982	L.T. Silver, P.H. Schulz (eds.), 1982, Proc., <i>Geological implications of impacts of large asteroids and comets on the Earth</i> , <i>Geological Society of America Special Papers</i> , Vol. 190. See: http://specialpapers.gsapubs.org/content/190
1982, Jan 8	Aten NEA 2020 AD3 (H = 21.6 mag, $D \approx 170$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.33 LD. Minimum miss distance 7.27 LD. See: $2020 \text{ AD3} - 82P$, $2020 \text{ AD3} - JPL$ See also: 12 Jan 2132 .
1982, Jan 9	Aten NEA 2018 AM12 ($H = 20.9 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 230 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.57 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.56 LD. See: $2018 \text{ AM12} - \text{JPL}$, $2018 \text{ AM12} - \text{SSA}$ See also: 11 Jan 2191 .
1982, Jan 30	Apollo NEA 292220 (2006 SU49, $H = 19.7$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.49 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.49 LD. See: $2006 \text{ SU49} - \text{JPL}$, $2006 \text{ SU49} - \text{SSA}$ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(292220)_2006_SU49 See also: 29 Jan 1977, 28 Jan 2029.

1982, Oct 21	Apollo NEA 171576 (1999 VP11, $H = 18.7$ mag, $D \approx 700$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.77 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.77 LD. See: $\underline{1999 \text{ VP11}} - \underline{\text{JPL}}$, $\underline{1999 \text{ VP11}} - \underline{\text{SSA}}$ See also: 21 Oct 1965, 22 Oct 2086.
1982, Nov 4	Apollo NEA 2012 TY52 ($H = 21.3 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 190 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.81 LD. [1982-01] See: $2012 \text{ TY52} - \text{JPL}$, $2012 \text{ TY52} - \text{SSA}$ See also: 6 Nov 2158 .
1982, Nov 8	The Wethersfield Fireball and Meteorite. See: http://peabody.yale.edu/collections/meteorites-and-planetary-science/wethersfield-meteorite
1982, Nov 28	Apollo NEA 2018 WG2 (H = 30.2 mag, $D \approx 3$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.905 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.011 LD (= 0.65 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). See: 2018 WG2 - SSA, 2018 WG2 - JPL See also: 30 Nov 2018.
1983	E.M. Shoemaker, 1983, <i>Annual Review of Earth and Planetary Science</i> , 11, 461, "Asteroid and comet bombardment of the Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1983AREPS114618
1983	Discovery of the Chesapeake Bay impact crater, formed by a bolide that impacted the eastern shore of North America ~35 million years ago. It is the largest impact crater in the USA. Ref: - Wuchang Wei, C.W. Poag, L.J. Poppe, et al., 1993, Geology, 21, 478, "Deep sea drilling Project Site 612 bolide event: new evidence of a late Eocene impact-wave deposit and a possible impact site, U.S. east coast: comment and reply." See: http://geology.geoscienceworld.org/cgi/content/abstract/21/5/478 - C. Koeberl, W.U. Reimold, D. Brandt, C.W. Poag, 1995, Meteoritics, 30, 528, "Chesapeake Bay crater, Virginia: confirmation of impact origin." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1995Metic30R.528K See also: http://woodshole.er.usgs.gov/epubs/bolide/http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Chesapeake Bay impact crater

1983, Jan 3	Apollo NEA 471240 (2011 BT15 , $H = 21.7$ mag, $D \approx 160$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.04 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.04 LD. See: 2011 BT15 - JPL, 2011 BT15 - SSA See also: 7 Jan 2102 .
1983, Mar 19	Apollo NEA 2018 VG3 (H = 21.0 mag, $D \approx$ 230 m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.55 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.51 LD. See: <u>2018 VG3 - JPL</u> , <u>2018 VG3 - SSA</u>
1983, Mar 20	Apollo NEA 2021 FO1 (H = 29.5 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.88 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.25 LD. See: $2021 \text{ FO1} - \text{S2P}$, $2021 \text{ FO1} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 23 Mar 2021 .
1983, Apr 17	Apollo NEA 2019 GC6 (H = 26.5 mag, $D \approx 17$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.78 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.58 LD. See: 2019 GC6 - SSA, 2019 GC6 - JPL See also: 18 Apr 2019, 17 Apr 2134.
1983, Jun 20-22	International conference on Asteroids, Comets, Meteors, Uppsala (Sweden). Proceedings: CI. Lagerkvist & H. Rickman, 1983, Asteroids, Comets, Meteors (Uppsala: Astronomiska Observatoriet). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1983acmp.bookL
1983, Jul 13	Apollo NEA 2018 NM (H = 26.5 mag, $D \approx 18$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.45 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.79 LD. See: <u>2018 NM - JPL</u> , <u>2018 NM - SSA</u>
1983, Oct 11	Apollo NEA 3200 Phaethon (1983 TB, $H = 13.9$ mag, $D \approx 5100 \pm 200$ m, PHA) discovered by <i>IRAS</i> . It approaches the Sun closer than any other numbered asteroid: its perihelion is 0.14 AU, i.e., less than half Mercury's perihelion distance. Phaethon is possibly an old comet core. Its closest approach to Earth within the next 190 yr will occur on 14 December 2093 at 7.7 LD. See: 1983 TB - JPL, 3200 Phaethon - SSA
	Ref: - J. Davies, S.F. Gree, C.M. Bardwell, et al., 1983, <i>IAU Circular</i> 3860, "Comet IRAS (1983o)."

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	* '
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010AJ140.1519J
	- J. Li, D. Jewitt, June 2013, Astronomical Journal, 145, 9,
	"Recurrent perihelion activity in (3200) Phaethon."
	See:
	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013AJ145154L
	See also:
	http://www.cfa.harvard.edu/iauc/03800/03878.html
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Geminids
	http://science.nasa.gov/science-news/science-at-
	nasa/2010/06dec geminids/
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/3200_Phaethon
1984	The 0.9-m Spacewatch Telescope became the first telescope to
1701	detect and discover asteroids and comets with electronic detectors
	(CCDs, as opposed to photographic plates or films).
	See: http://spacewatch.lpl.arizona.edu/
	Sec. http://spacewatch.ipi.arizona.edu/
1984, Jan	Z. Sekanina, D.K. Yeomans, 1984, Astronomical Journal, 89, 154,
1501,000	"Close encounters and collisions of comets with the Earth ."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1984AJ89154S
	осс. <u>http://adsabs.narvard.eda/abs/176473671545</u>
1984, Jan 10	Apollo NEA 2016 TB57 ($H = 26.2 \text{ mag}, D \approx 20 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at
1501, 341110	a nominal miss distance of 0.77 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.76
	LD. [1984-01]
	See: <u>2016 TB57 - JPL</u> , <u>2016 TB57 - SSA</u>
1984, May 24	J.K. Davies, S.F. Green, B.C. Stewart, et al., 1984, Nature, 309,
=	315, "The <i>IRAS</i> fast-moving object search."
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1984, Jul	C.J. van Houten, P. Herget, B.G. Marsden, 1984, <i>Icarus</i> , 59, 1,
2 - 9	"The Palomar-Leiden Survey of Faint Minor Planets –
	conclusion."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1984Icar591V
	500. <u>http://adsaos.narvard.oda/aos/170πlear571</u> γ
1984, Jul 27	Apollo NEA 2014 SP142 ($H = 21.8 \text{ mag}, D \approx 160 \text{ m}, PHA$)
1701,00121	[I Police Delia vi Delia vi

	passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.48 LD. See: 2014 SP142 - JPL, 2014 SP142- SSA See also: 27 Jul 1930,
1984, Aug 2	R.A.F. Grieve, 1984, <i>Nature</i> , 310, 370, "Cretaceous-Tertiary extinctions: physical evidence of impact." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1984Natur.310370G
1984, Aug	H.J. Melosh, 1984, <i>Icarus</i> , 59, 234, "Impact ejection, spallation, and the origin of meteorites." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1984Icar59234M
1984, Oct 18	P. Hut, 1984, <i>Nature</i> , 311, 638, "How stable is an astronomical clock that can trigger mass extinctions on Earth?" See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1984Natur.311638H
1985	Fred L. Whipple (1906 – 2004, USA): "Protection of the Earth from undesirable impacting bodies is not just a science fiction project for some improbable future. The cost might be comparable to, even smaller than, the world's current military expenditures. We could choose to do it now. We could choose to protect ourselves from asteroids and comets rather than from each other." Ref: F.L. Whipple, 1985, The Mystery of Comets (Baltimore: Smithsonian Institution Press).
1985, Jan 11	Aten NEA 2018 XQ2 (H = 28.1 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.69 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.00081 LD (= 0.049 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). See: $2018 \times 202 - JPL$, $2018 \times 202 - SSA$ See also: 9 Nov 1980, 11 Nov 2048.
1985, Jan 18	Apollo NEA 85640 (1998 OX4 , $H = 2.9$ mag, $D \approx 230$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.52 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.52 LD. See: <u>1998 OX4 - JPL</u> , <u>1998 OX4 - SSA</u> See also: 22 Jan 2148 .
1985, Feb	D.I. Steel, W.J. Baggaley, 1985, <i>Monthly Notices Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 212, 817, "Collisions in the Solar System. I. Impacts of the Apollo-Amor-Aten asteroids upon the terrestrial planets." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1985MNRAS.2128178
1985, Feb 11	Apollo NEA 2012 PB20 ($H = 25.0 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 30 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.23 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.86

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	LD. See: <u>2012 PB20 - JPL</u> , <u>2012 PB20 - SSA</u>
1985, Mar	G. Hahn, H. Rickman, 1985, <i>Icarus</i> , 61, 417, "Asteroids in cometary orbits." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1985Icar61417H
1985, Mar	G.W. Wetherill, 1985, <i>Meteoritics</i> , vol. 20,1, "Asteroidal source of ordinary chondrites." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1985Metic201W
1985, Apr 9	Apollo NEA 2017 UK1 (H = 27.0 mag, $D \approx 14$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.34 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.51 LD. See: 2017 UK1 - JPL, 2017 UK1- SSA
1985, May 4	Apollo NEA 394130 (2006 HY51 , $H = 17.2$ mag, $D = 1218 \pm 228$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 42.32 LD. Minimum miss distance 42.32 LD. See: 2006 HY 51 – SSA, 2006 HY51 – JPL See also: 4 May 1939. See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(394130) 2006 HY51 Eccentricity: 0.9695. Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter crosser.
1985, May 17	G.W. Wetherill, 1985, <i>Science</i> , 228, 877, "Occurrence of giant impacts during the growth of the terrestrial planets." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1985Sci228877W
1985, Jun	P. Hut, P.R. Weissman, 1985, <i>Bulletin of the American Astronomical Society</i> , 17, 690, "Double craters on the Earth and planets: evidence for binary asteroids and comets." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1985BAAS17R.690H
1985, Jun 3-6	International conference on Asteroids, Comets, Meteors, II, Uppsala (Sweden). Proceedings: CI. Lagerkvist, H. Rickman, B.A. Lindblad, H. Lundstedt, 1986, Asteroids, Comets, Meteors II (Uppsala: Astronomiska Observatoriet). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1986acmprocL
1985, Jul 12	L.A. McFadden, M.J. Gaffey, Th.B. Mccord, 1985, <i>Science</i> , 229, 160, "Near-Earth Asteroids: possible sources from reflectance spectroscopy." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1985Sci229160M
1985, Sep 2	Apollo NEA 371660 (2007 CN 26 , $H = 20.9$ mag, $D \approx 240$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.05 LD.

	Minimum miss distance 1.05 LD. See: <u>2007 CN26 - JPL</u> , <u>371660 2007 CN26 - SSA</u>
1985, Oct	P. Hut, 1985, <i>Zenit</i> , 12, 308, "Dreiging uit de kosmos." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1985Zenit12308H
1985, Nov 3	Apollo NEA 2018 GE2 (H = 27.0 mag, $D \approx 14$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.004 LD. See: 2018 GE2 - SSA, 2018 GE2 - JPL See also: 29 Oct 2042 .
1985, Nov 28	I. Halliday, A.T. Blackwell, A.A. Griffin, 28 November 1985, <i>Nature</i> , 318, 317, "Meteorite impacts on humans and buildings." See: http://www.nature.com/nature/journal/v318/n6044/abs/318317a0.html
1985, Dec	S.F. Green, N. Eaton, A.J. Meadows, J.K. Davies, B.C. Stewart, 1985, <i>Icarus</i> , 64, 517, "The detection of fast-moving asteroids and comets by <i>IRAS</i> ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1985Icar64517G
1985, Dec	R.A.F. Grieve, V.L. Sharpton, A.K. Goodacre, 1985, <i>Earth and Planetary Science Letters</i> , 76, 1, "A perspective on the evidence for periodic cometary impacts on Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1985E%26PSL7616
1986	D.L. Matson, 1986, <i>The IRAS Asteroid and Comet Survey</i> , JPL D-3689 (Pasadena: JPL). See: http://irsa.ipac.caltech.edu/IRASdocs/surveys/comet.html
1986, Jan	D.I. Steel, W.G. Elford, 1986, <i>Monthly Notices Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 218, 185, "Collisions in the Solar System. III. Meteoroid survival times." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1986MNRAS.2181858
1986, Jan 29	Apollo NEA 2020 OP3 ($H = 20.8 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 230 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.72 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.57 LD. See: $2020 \text{ OP3} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ OP3} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 28 Jan 2027 , 29 Jan 2046 .
1986, Mar 13	ESA spacecraft <i>Giotto</i> flyby of comet Halley . Ref: - J. Kissel, D.E. Brownlee, K. Buchler, et al., 1986, <i>Nature</i> , 321, 336, "Composition of comet Halley dust particles from <i>Giotto</i>

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	observations."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1986Natur.321336K
	- G. Schwehm, 2006, ESA Bulletin, 125, 8, "Twenty years after
	Giotto - ESA's pioneering mission to comet Halley."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006ESABu.1258S
	See also:
	http://hubble.esa.int/science-e/www/object/index.cfm?fobjectid=31876
	http://hubble.esa.int/science-e/www/area/index.cfm?fareaid=15
	http://www.esa.int/SPECIALS/Rosetta/SEMMA0YTVKG 0.html
	http://www.esa.int/esaSC/SEMUAYJ4LOG index 0.html
	http://www.esa.int/esaSC/SEM18PD1XOG index 0.html
1986, Apr 30	Apollo NEA 2019 JD6 ($H = 25.0 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 40 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at
1	a nominal miss distance of 5.85 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.78
	LD.
	See: 2019 JD6 – SSA, 2019 JD6 - JPL
	Sec. <u>2019 JD0 – SSA</u> , <u>2019 JD0 - J1 L</u>
1986, Sep 22-25	R.N. Pugh, J.E. Allen, 1986, presented at the 49th Annual Meeting
1760, Sep 22-23	of the Meteoritical Society, American Museum of Natural History,
	New York (NY, USA), LPI Contribution 600, p.208, "Origing of
	the Willamette Meteorite."
	See:
	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1986LPICo.600E.208P
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Willamette_Meteorite
1986, Oct 11	Apollo NEA 2012 TC4 ($H = 26.7 \text{ mag}, D \approx 15 \text{ y}, 9 \text{ m}$) magged
1980, Oct 11	Apollo NEA 2012 TC4 ($H = 26.7$ mag, $D \approx 15$ x 8 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.84 LD. Minimum miss
	distance 2.62×10^{-7} LD (= 1.58×10^{-5} R _{Earth} from the geocenter).
	See: <u>2012 TC4 - JPL</u> , <u>2012 TC4 - SSA</u>
	See also: 12 Oct 2012, 12 Oct 2017
1987	DAE Crieve 1097 Annual Davieur of Fauth and Dlanateur
170/	R.A.F. Grieve, 1987, Annual Reviews of Earth and Planetary
	Sciences, 15, 245, "Terrestrial impact structures."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1987AREPS15245G
1007 Apr 21	Apollo NEA 2017 HV2 ($H=20.0$ mag $D\approx 6$ m) massed Equals at a
1987, Apr 21	Apollo NEA 2017 HV2 ($H = 29.0 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 8.76 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.19
	LD.
	See: <u>2017 HV2 - JPL</u> , <u>2017 HV2 - SSA</u>
1007 1 1	AII. NEA 2014 WC265 (II. 20.1 D.: 200 DIVA)
1987, Jun 1	Apollo NEA 2014 WG365 ($H = 20.1 \text{ mag}, D \approx 300 \text{ m}, PHA$)
	passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.94 LD. Minimum
	miss distance 4.94 LD.
	See: <u>2014 WG365 - JPL</u> , <u>2014 WG365 - SSA</u>
1007 7	1 1777 - 2010 750 (77 255
1987, Jun 27	Apollo NEA 2019 MO ($H = 26.6 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 17 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at
	a nominal miss distance of 3.40 LD. Minimum miss distance

	1.0003 LD. See: 2019 MO - JPL, 2019 MO - SSA See also: 22 June 2019, object impacted Earth.
1987, Jul	D.K. Yeomans, S.J. Ostro, P.W. Chodas, 1987, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 94, 189, "Radar astrometry of near-earth asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1987AJ94.189Y
1987, Jul	Z. Ceplecha, P. Spurný, J. Bocek, et al., 1987, <i>Bulletin Astronomical Institutes of Czechoslovakia</i> , 38, 211, "European Network fireballs photographed in 1978." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1987BAICz38211C
1987, Jul	Z. Ceplecha, 1987, Bulletin of the Astronomical Institutes of Czechoslovakia, 38, 222, "Geometric, dynamic, orbital and photometric data on meteoroids from photographic fireball networks." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1987BAICz38222C
1987, Sep	P. Hut, W. Alvarez, W.P. Elder, et al., 1987, <i>Nature</i> , 329, 118, "Comet showers as a cause of mass extinction." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1987Natur.329118H
1987, Nov 3	Apollo NEA 2010 TU149 ($H = 21.0$ mag, $D \approx 603$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.75 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.74 LD. See: <u>2010 TU149 - JPL</u> , <u>2010 TU149 - SSA</u>
1988	T. Gehrels, 1988, <i>On the Glassy Sea. An Astronomer's Journey</i> (New York: American Institute of Physics), Ch. 16, p. 183, "Asteroid I mpacts and planet formation". Including the history of the 90 cm Spacewatch Telescope on Kitt Peak (AZ, USA). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1988gsaa.bookG
1988, Jan 27	Apollo NEA 2008 TC3 (H = 30.3 mag, $D \approx 4.1$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 11.22 LD. Minimum miss distance 10.82 LD. See: 2008 TC3 - JPL, 2008 TC3 - SSA See also: 4 Oct 1917, 11 Oct 1961, 2 Oct 1971, 6 Oct 2008.
1988, Feb 18	K.A. Maher, D.J. Stevenson, 1988, <i>Nature</i> , 331, 612, "Impact frustration of the origin of life." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1988Natur.331612M
1988, Mar 8-11	International conference on Asteroids II, Tucson (AZ, USA). Proceedings: R.P. Binzel, T. Gehrels, & M.S. Matthews (eds.),

	1989, Asteroids II (Tucson: Univ. Arizona Press). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1989aste.confB
1988, Apr 21	H.J. Melosh, 1988, <i>Nature</i> , 332, 687, "The rocky road to panspermia." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1988Natur.332687M
1988, Jul	Z. Ceplecha, 1988, <i>Bulletin Astronomical Institutes of Czechoslovakia</i> , 39, 221, "Earth's influx of different populations of sporadic meteoroids from photographic and television data." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1988BAICz39221C
1988, Aug	T. Gehrels, 1988, in: <i>Reports of Planetary Astronomy</i> (NASA: Washington), p. 45, "CCD scanning for comets and asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1988plas.rept45G
1988, Sep 22	Apollo NEA 523654 (2011 SR5 , H = 20.5 mag, $D \approx$ 280 m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.78 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.77 LD. See: 2011 SR5 - JPL, 2011 SR5 - SSA See also: 23 Sep 2066.
1988, Sep 29	Apollo NEA 360191 (1988 TA , $H = 20.0$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.83 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.83 LD. See: <u>1988 TA - JPL</u> , <u>1988 TA - SSA</u> See also: 20 Sep 2053 , 3 Oct 2189 .
1988, Oct	G.W. Wetherill, 1988, <i>Icarus</i> , 76, 1, "Where do the Apollo objects come from?" See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1988Icar761W
1988, Oct 15	Aten NEA 2010 UK (H = 27.1 mag, $D \approx 13$ m) passed Earth at at a nominal miss distance of 0.96 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.82 LD. [1988-01] See: 2010 UK - JPL, 2010 UK - SSA
1988, Oct 20-22	Second Snowbird Conference on Global Catastrophes in Earth History: Interdisciplinary Conference on Impacts, Volcanism, and Mass Mortality, Snowbird (Utah, USA). Proc.: V.L. Sharpton & P.D. Ward (eds.), 1991, Geol. Soc. of America Special Paper, Vol. 247. See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/lpi_40th/1988.shtml
1988, Oct 22	E.M. Shoemaker, C.S. Shoemaker, R.F. Wolfe, 1988, in: V.L. Sharpton & P.D. Ward (eds.), 1991, Proc. Second Snowbird

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1989	T. Gehrels begins full NEO search operation using CCD drift-scan mode at the Spacewatch Telescope , on Kitt Peak (AZ, USA). See: http://spacewatch.lpl.arizona.edu/
1989	C.R. Chapman, D. Morrison, 1989, <i>Cosmic Catastrophes</i> (New York: Plenum). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1989coca.bookC
1989	H.J. Melosh, 1989, <i>Impact cratering: a geologic process</i> (New York: Oxford University Press). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1989icgp.bookM http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1989S%26T78T.382M
1989	D.L. Matson, G.J. Veeder, E.F. Tedesco, L.A. Lebofsky, 1989, in: <i>Asteroids II</i> , R.P. Binzel, et al. (eds.), Proc. Conf. in Tucson (AZ, USA) 8-11 March 1988, (Univ. Arizona Press), p. 269, "The <i>IRAS</i> asteroid and comet survey". See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1989aste.conf269M A total of 1811 asteroids and 25 comets with known orbits were measured. Evidence was found in the <i>IRAS</i> data base for a large population of asteroids with unknown orbits. See also: D.L. Matson, IPAC, JPL D-3698, 1986, http://irsa.ipac.caltech.edu/IRASdocs/surveys/comet.html
1989	C.M. Bardwell (1926 – 2010), 1989, <i>Temmon Guide</i> Marsden, "A brief history of the Minor Planet Center ." See: http://www.oaa.gr.jp/~oaacs/mp/BriefHistoryofMPCbyConradBardwell.pdf
1989, Jan 4	Re-discovery of the largest known PHA: 4179 Toutatis, 1989 AC $(H=15.3 \text{ mag}, D=4.6\times2.4\times1.9 \text{ km}, P=4.03 \text{ yr})$. It was first sighted on February 10, 1934, as object 1934 CT, and then promptly lost. Re-discovery on January 4, 1989, by Christian Pollas (France), and was named after the Celtic god Toutatis/Teutates, known to popular culture as the God the cartoon character Astérix's chief Vitalstatistix evokes so that the sky may never fall on his head. Radar imagery has shown that Toutatis is a irregular body consisting of two distinct "lobes",

	with maximum widths of about 4.6 km and 2.4 km respectively. It is hypothesized that Toutatis formed from two originally separate bodies which coalesced at some point, with the resultant asteroid being compared to a "rubble pile". See:
	1989 AC - JPL, 4179 Toutatis - SSA Ref:
	- JL. Heudier, R. Chemin, A. Maury, C. Pollas, January 1989, <i>IAU Circ.</i> , 4701, 2, "1989 AC."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1989IAUC.47012H - S.J. Ostro, R.S. Hudson, R.F. Jurgens, et al., 1995, Science, 270,
	80, "Radar images of asteroid 4179 Toutatis." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1995Sci270800
	- R.S. Hudson, S.J. Ostro, 1995, <i>Science</i> , 270, 84, "Shape and non-principal axis spin state of asteroid 4179 Toutatis ."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1995Sci27084H - D.J. Scheeres, S.J. Ostro, R.S. Hudson, et al., 1998, <i>Icarus</i> , 132, 53, "Dynamics of orbits close to asteroid 4179 Toutatis."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998Icar132538 - S.J. Ostro, R.S. Hudson, K.D. Rosema, et al., 1999, <i>Icarus</i> , 137,
	122, "Asteroid 4179 Toutatis : 1996 radar observations." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999Icar1371220
	- R.S. Hudson, S.J. Ostro, D.J. Scheeres, 2003, <i>Icarus</i> , 161, 346, "High-resolution model of asteroid 4179 Toutatis."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2003Icar161346H - A.M. MacRobert, 2004, <i>Sky & Telescope</i> , 108 (3), 82, "The Closest Whiz-by of Toutatis ."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004S%26T108c82M http://br.groups.yahoo.com/group/Astronomynews/message/5177
	See also: http://newton.dm.unipi.it/neodys/index.php?pc=1.1.8&n=Toutatishttp://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Toutatis-4179
1989, Mar	G.W. Wetherill, 1989, <i>Meteoritics</i> , 24, 15, "Cratering of the
	terrestrial planets by Apollo objects." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1989Metic2415W
1989, Mar 2	Apollo NEA 2016 DV1 ($H = 24.3$ mag, $D \approx 40$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.55 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.05 LD.
	See: <u>2016 DV1 - JPL</u> , <u>2016 DV1 - SSA</u> See also: 3 Mar 2016 .
1989, Mar 22	Apollo NEA 4581 Asclepius (1989 FC , $H = 20.9$ mag, $D \approx 230$ m, PHA) passed Earth at at a nominal miss distance of 1.78 LD.

	Minimum miss distance 1.78 LD.
	The next pass to come within 3 LD will not take place until 2189 . See: 1989 FC - JPL, 4581 Asclepius - SSA Ref:
	- C.R. Chapman, D. Morrison, E. Bowell, 1989, in: 52 nd Annual Meeting of the Meteoritical Society, 31 July 31 – 4 August, Vienna (Austria), LPI Contr. 712, Meteoritics, 24, 258, "Hazards from Earth-approachers: implications of 1989 FC's 'Near Miss'." See also:
	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1989LPICo.71233C http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1989Metic24S.258C http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/4581_Asclepius See also: 16 Aug 2012, 24 Mar 2051.
1989, Apr	G. Hahn, P. Magnusson, A.W. Harris, et al., 1989, <i>Icarus</i> , 78, 363, "Physical studies of Apollo-Amor asteroids - <i>UBVRI</i> photometry of 1036 Ganymed and 1627 Ivar ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1989Icar78363H
1989, Apr	A. Milani, M. Carpino, G. Hahn, A.M. Nobili, 1989, <i>Icarus</i> , 78, 212, "Dynamics of planet-crossing asteroids – classes of orbital behaviour. Project SPACEGUARD ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1989Icar78212M
1989, Apr	G.J. Veeder, M.S. Hanner, D.L. Matson, et al., 1989, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 97, 1211, "Radiometry of Near-Earth Asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1989AJ97.1211V
1989, May	S. van den Bergh, 1989, <i>Publ. Astron. Soc. Pacific</i> , 101, 500, "Life and death in the inner solar system." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1989PASP101500V http://www.astronomynotes.com/solfluf/s5.htm
1989, Jun 6	Apollo NEA 2018 LA (H = 30.5 mag, $D \approx 2.8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 18.80 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.24 LD See: 2018 LA - 2018 L
1989, Jun 12-16	International conference on Asteroids, Comets, Meteors, III, Uppsala (Sweden). Proceedings: CI. Lagerkvist, H. Rickman, B.A. Lindblad, & M. Lindgren, 1990, Asteroids, Comets, Meteors III (Uppsala: Astronomiska Observatoriet). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1990acmi.bookL
1989, Jul 28	Apollo NEA 2020 OY4 ($H = 30.3 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 3 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a

	nominal miss distance of 5.14 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.36
	LD.
	See: <u>2020 OY4 – S2P</u> , <u>2020 OY4 - JPL</u>
	See also: 28 Jul 2020.
1989, Aug 19-22	First-ever radar images of an asteroid: 4769 Castalia (1989 PB , Apollo NEA, $H = 17.8$ mag, $D = 1.8 \times 0.8$ km, PHA) obtained with the 305 m Arecibo radio telescope by Steven J. Ostro (1946 – 2008) of NASA JPL, Pasadena (CA, USA) and R. Scott Hudson of Caltech, Pasadena. At the time of observation the distance to 4769 Castalia was $d = 11$ LD. See: 1989 PB - JPL, 4769 Castalia - SSA See also:
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/4769_Castalia
	Ref: - S.J. Ostro, J.F. Chandler, A.A. Hine, et al., 1990, <i>Science</i> , 248, 1523, "Radar images of asteroid 1989 PB."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1990Sci248.15230 As of May 2008, Ostro and his collaborators had detected 222 NEAs (including 130 PHAs and 24 binaries) and 118 main-belt objects with radar. See: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=180
1989, Sep 15	Apollo NEA 408792 (2000 GF2 , $H = 20.6$ mag, $D \approx 270$ m, PHA)
1989, SCP 13	passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.90 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.90 LD. See: $\underline{2000 \text{ GF2- JPL}}$, $\underline{2000 \text{ GF2- SSA}}$
1000 0 420	A. NEA 2015 HHE2 (II. 2022 - D. 21) 1E 4 4
1989, Oct 20	Aten NEA 2015 UH52 (H = 26.2 mag, D \approx 21 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.15 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.0055 LD (= 0.33 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). See : 2015 UH52 - JPL , 2015 UH52 - SSA See also: 19 Oct 2000, 20 Oct 2052.
1989, Nov	J. Luu, D. Jewitt, 1989, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 98, 1905, "On the relative numbers of C types and S types among near-earth asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1989AJ98.1905L
1989, Nov 4	Apollo NEA 2015 JJ (H = 22.3 mag, $D \approx 130$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.12 LD. Minimum miss distance 9.12 LD. See : 2015 JJ - JPL, 2015 JJ - SSA See also: 5 Nov 2050, 5 Nov 2094, 6 Nov 2110,
1989, Nov 6	D.M. Raup, P.A. Sabine, P. Ashmole, et al., 1989, <i>Philosophical</i>
1707, 1101 0	D.M. Raup, 1.7. Saome, 1. Asimiole, et al., 1707, 1 miosophical

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	Sciences, vol. 325, No. 1228, Evolution and Extinction, p. 421, "The case for extraterrestrial causes of extinction." See:
	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1989RSPTB.325421R
	http://www.jstor.org/stable/pdfplus/2396933.pdf?acceptTC=true
1989, Nov 9	N.H. Sleep, K.J. Zahnle, J.F. Kasting, H.J. Morowitz, 1989, <i>Nature</i> , 342, 139, "Annihilation of ecosystems by large asteroid impacts on the early Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1989Natur.3421398
1989, Dec	C.R. Chapman, D. Morrison, 1989, <i>Mercury</i> , 18, 185, "Cosmic impacts, cosmic catastrophes." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1989Mercu18185C
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Survey (AANEAS) for the discovery and tracking of near-Earth
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	Earth_Asteroid_Survey
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	cratering on the Earth."
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	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1990Mercu1921C
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	"Target Earth – it will happen."
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	recommendations concerning NEOs to US Congress in a Position
	Paper Dealing with the Threat of an Asteroid Striking the Earth.
	See:
	http://pdf.aiaa.org//downloads/publicpolicypositionpapers//Asteroid-
	<u>1990.pdf</u>
1990, Apr 7	Glanerbrug meteorite. A fireball seen by hundreds of people in
1550,11p1 /	the Netherlands, Germany and Denmark resulted in an impact of
	an 885 g meteorite, riddling the roof of a home in Glanerbrug (the
	Netherlands).
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1990, Apr 26	C.R. Chapman, 1990, Nature, 344, 813, "Meteorite parent bodies."
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	*
1990, Jul 7	Aten NEA 2018 NX ($H = 27.9$ mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 7.62 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.61
	LD.
	See: 2018 NX - SSA , 2018 NX - JPL
	See also: 7 July 2018, 5 July 2086.
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

1990, Jul 25	Apollo NEA 2013 PG10 (H = 27.8 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.05 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.63 LD. See: 2013 PG10 - SSA, 2013 PG10 - JPL See also: 24 Jul 2041 .
1990, Sep	US Congress House in NASA Multiyear Authorization Act of 1990: " imperative that detection rate of Earth-orbit-crossing asteroids must be increased substantially, and that means to destroy or alter orbits should be defined and agreed internationally"
1990, Sep 19	Aten NEA 2003 SW130 (H = 29.4 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at at a nominal miss distance of 0.54 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.46 LD. [1990-01] See: 2003 SW130 - JPL, 2003 SW130 - SSA See also: 19 Sept 2003.
1990, Oct 13	Earth-grazing fireball, a 40 kg asteroid passing 98 km above Czechoslovakia and Poland with 41.5 km/s. Ref: - P. Spurný, Z. Ceplecha, J. Borovička, 1991, WGN, the Journal of the IMO, 19, 13, "Earth-grazing fireball: Czechoslovakia, Poland, October 13, 1990, 03h27m16sUT." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1991JIMO1913S - J. Borovička, Z. Ceplecha, 1992, Astronomy & Astrophysics, 257, 323, "Earth-grazing fireball of October 13, 1990." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1992A%26A257323B See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Earth-grazing_fireball
1990, Nov 10	Apollo NEA 2019 VF5 (H = 27.6 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.72 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.38 LD. See: $2019 \text{ VF5} - \text{SSA}$, $2019 \text{ VF5} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 9 Nov 2019.
1990, Dec	A. Milani, M. Carpino, F. Marzari, 1990, <i>Icarus</i> , 88, 292, "Statistics of close approaches between asteroids and planets: project SPACEGUARD ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1990Icar88292M
1991	US Congresssional Statement 1991: "The House Committee on Science and Technology believes that it is imperative that the detection rate of Earth-orbit-crossing asteroids must be increased substantially, and that the means to destroy or alter the orbits of asteroids when they do threaten collisions should be defined and

	agreed upon internationally. The chances of the Earth being struck by a large asteroid are extremely small, but because the consequences of such a collision are extremely large, the Committee believes it is only prudent to assess the nature of the threat and prepare to deal with it." NASA Authorization Bill, 1991. The US Congress House Committee on Science and Technology used NASA Authorization Bill to direct NASA to study (1) a programme to increase detection rate of Earth-orbit-crossing asteroids addressing costs, schedule, technology and equipment (Spaceguard Survey Report); (2) systems and technologies to destroy or alter orbits of such asteroids if they should pose a danger to life on Earth (NEO Interception Workshop). See: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/gov_cong_hearings_1.cfm
1991	The 5000 th minor planet was numbered at the IAU Minor Planet Center, Main-belt asteroid 5000 IAU (1987 QN7 , $H = 14.3$ mag, $D \approx 5000$ m), discovered on 23 August 1987 by Eleanor F. Helin (1932 – 2009) at Palomar Observatory (CA, USA). See: <u>1987 QN7 - JPL</u> , <u>5000 IAU - SSA</u> , http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/5000_IAU
1991, Jan 18	Apollo NEA 1991 BA (H = 28.7 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.44 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.36 LD. [1991-01] See: 1991 BA - JPL, 1991 BA - SSA See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1991_BA Ref: - D. Steel, 1991, $Nature$, 354, 265, "Our asteroid-pelted planet". See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1991Natur.354265S - J.V. Scotti, D.L. Rabinowitz, B.G. Marsden, 1991, $Nature$, 354, 287, "Near miss of the Earth by a small asteroid." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1991Natur.354287S
1991, Feb 15	Aten NEA 2020 CL1 (H = 20.0 mag, D \approx 400 m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.08 LD. Minimum miss distance 6.41 LD. See: $\frac{2020 \text{ CL1} - \text{S2P}}{\text{S2P}}$, $\frac{2020 \text{ CL1} - \text{JPL}}{\text{S2P}}$ See also: 15 Feb 1940, 15 Feb 2036, 14 Feb 2081, 16 Feb 2118, 16 Feb 2155
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1991, Apr 8	Apollo NEA 2012 UE34 (H = 23.1 mag, $D \approx 90$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.86 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.86 LD. [1991-02] See: 2012 UE34 - JPL , 2012 UE34 - SSA See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012_UE34 See also: 8 Apr 2041.
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1991, May 7	Benešov Bolide detected and observed at the Czech stations of the European Fireball Network on 7 May 1991, one of the brightest and best-documented bolides. Ref: - J. Borovicka, O.P. Popova, I.V. Nemtchinov, et al., 1998, Astronomy & Astrophysics, 334, 713, "Bolides produced by impacts of large meteoroids into the Earth's atmosphere: comparison of theory with observations. I. Benešov Bolide dynamics and fragmentation." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998A%26A337591B - N.G. Barri, V.P. Stulov, 2003, Solar System Research, 37, 302, "Peculiarities of the fragmentation of Benešov's Bolide." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2003SoSyR37302B
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1991, June 30 – Jul Sep 24-25 Nov 5	NASA <i>International NEO Detection Workshops</i> , (1 st) San Juan Capistrino Research Institute; (2 nd) NASA Ames Research Center; (3 rd) Palo Alto (CA, USA).
1991, Aug	IAU XXI General Assembly, Buenos Aires (Argentina). Resolution by IAU Commission 20 on <i>Positions and Motions of</i>

	Asteroids, Comets and Satellites, under the presidency of Richard West, calling for an IAU Inter-Commission Working Group on Near Earth Objects (WG-NEO). See: http://web.mit.edu/rpb/wgneo/ http://spaceguard.iasf-roma.inaf.it/SGF/history.html
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1991, Sep	G.L. Verschuur, 1991, <i>Astronomy</i> , 19, No. 9, p. 50, "The end of civilization." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1991Ast1950V
1991, Sep 1	A.R. Hildebrand, G.T. Penfield, D.A. Kring, et al., 1 September 1991, <i>Geology</i> , 19, 867, "Chicxulub Crater: A possible Cretaceous/Tertiary boundary impact crater on the Yucatán Peninsula, Mexico." See: https://pubs.geoscienceworld.org/gsa/geology/article-abstract/19/9/867/205322/chicxulub-crater-a-possible-cretaceous-tertiary?redirectedFrom=fulltext
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1992, Jan	Workshop on Hazards Due to Comets and Asteroids (2), Los Alamos (NM, USA). Proceedings: T. Gehrels, M.S. Matthews & A.M. Schumann (eds.), 1994, Hazards Due to Comets and Asteroids (Tucson: Univ. Arizona Press). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1994hdtc.confG http://www.ips.gov.au/IPSHosted/neo/info/refers/Bk_Hazards_Gehrels.htm
1992, Jan 10	Apollo NEA 2016 AH164 (H = 30.0 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.77 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.0089 LD (= 0.53 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). See: <u>2016</u> AH164- JPL, 2016 AH164- SSA See also: 12 Jan 2016.
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	1 km; and the provision of six ground based telescopes, northern
	and southern hemisphere sites, southern hemisphere radar; half
	costs to come from international partners.
	See:
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	The term Spaceguard loosely refers to a number of efforts to
	discover and study NEOs. The British author Arthur C. Clarke
	(1917 – 2008) coined the name in his novel Rendezvous with Rama
	(London: Victor Gollancz, 1973) where <i>Spaceguard</i> was the name
	of an early warning system. The name was later adopted by a
	number of real life efforts to discover and study NEOs. The IAU
	Working Group on Near-Earth Objects (WG-NEO) presented a
	paper in September 1995 entitled <i>Beginning the Spaceguard</i>
	Survey, which led on 26 March 1996 to the international
	organization called the Spaceguard Foundation (SGF) .
	See:
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	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Spaceguard Ref:
	- A.W. Harris, 2008, <i>Nature</i> , 453, 1178, "What Spaceguard did."
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1992, Jun	G.H. Canavan, J. Solem, May-June 1992, <i>Mercury</i> , 21(3), 107,

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1992, Aug 7	Apollo NEA 2021 AY5 (H = 24.9 mag, $D \approx$ 40 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.18 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.0026 LD (= 0.16 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). See: $\underline{2021}$ AY5 $\underline{-}$ S2P, $\underline{2021}$ AY $\underline{5}$ $\underline{-}$ JPL
1992, Sep	Z. Ceplecha, 1992, Astronomy & Astrophysics, 263, 361, "Influx of

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	interplanetary bodies onto earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1992A%26A263361C
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1992, Oct 9	Peekskill Fireball and Meteorite. A fireball was seen streaking across the sky from Kentucky to New York. At least 14 people captured part of the fireball on videotape. A 12-kilogram stony meteorite (chondrite) from the fireball fell in Peekskill (NY, USA), smashed the trunk of a parked automobile and came to rest beneath it. Ref: - Z. Ceplecha, P. Brown, R.L. Hawkes, 1994, Meteoritics, 29, 455, "Video observations of the Peekskill meteorite fireball: atmospheric trajectory and orbit." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1994Metic29Q.455C - P. Brown, Z. Ceplecha, R.L. Hawkes, et al., 1994, Nature, 367, 624, "The orbit and atmospheric trajectory of the Peekskill meteorite from video records." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1994Natur.367624B See also: http://starchild.gsfc.nasa.gov/docs/StarChild/solar_system_level2/peekskill.html http://csep10.phys.utk.edu/astr161/lect/meteors/impacts.html <a -="" <a="" about="" and="" asteroids="" comets,="" doomsday="" end."="" how="" href="http://www.amazon.com/Newsweek-November-DOOMSDAY-THEORIES-ASTEROIDS/dp/B0054K8T0E" might="" new="" science="" see:="" the="" theories="" world="">http://www.amazon.com/Newsweek-November-DOOMSDAY-THEORIES-ASTEROIDS/dp/B0054K8T0E
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1992, Dec 8	Apollo NEA 4179 Toutatis (1989 AC , $H = 15.2$ mag, $D \approx 4.6 \times 2.4 \times 1.9$ km, orbital $P = 4.03$ yr, PHA) passed Earth at 9.40 LD. Minimum miss distance 9.40 LD. It is the largest known

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	- R.S. Hudson, S.J. Ostro, D.J. Scheeres, 2003, <i>Icarus</i> , 161, 346, "High-resolution model of asteroid 4179 Toutatis."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2003Icar161346H See also:
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	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/4179_Toutatis See also: 30 Nov 1996, 31 Oct 2000, 29 Sep 2004, 9 Nov 2008, 12 Dec 2012, 5 Nov 2069.
1993	NASA Planetary Astronomy Program Office begins ramp up of funding for NEO observations.
1993	Major L.N. Johnson, 1993, White Paper, presented to SPACECAST 2020, "Preparing for Planetary Defense: detection and interception of asteroids on collision course with Earth." In this paper the term Planetary Defense was coined. See:
	http://csat.au.af.mil/2020/index.htm http://www.fas.org/spp/military/docops/usaf/2020/app-r.htm
1993	Photographic asteroid and comet search project started by Timothy B. Spahr and C. Hergenrother (LPL, Univ. of Arizona). This project eventually evolved into the Catalina Sky Survey in 1998. Ref:
	- T.B. Spahr, C. Hergenrother, S.M. Larson, 1993, <i>Bulletin of the American Astronomical Society</i> , 25, 1059, "High ecliptic latitude asteroid and comet search." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1993DPS25.1013S
1993	Arthur C. Clarke (1917-2008, UK/Sri Lanka), 1993, <i>The Hammer of God</i> (London: Victor Gollancz Ltd). See: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/The_Hammer_of_God
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	Swedish historian-turned sailor Olof Eriksson Willman, who travelled the Netherlands-Indies in 1647 – 1653. See also: http://sv.wikipedia.org/wiki/Olof_Eriksson_Willman
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1993, Jan 7-12	Workshop on <i>Hazards Due to Comets and Asteroids (3)</i> , Tucson (AZ, USA). Proceedings: T. Gehrels, M.S. Matthews & A.M. Schumann (eds.), 1994, <i>Hazards Due to Comets and Asteroids</i> (Tucson: Univ. Arizona Press). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1994hdtc.confG http://www.ips.gov.au/IPSHosted/neo/info/refers/Bk_Hazards_Gehrels.htm
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1993, May	Workshop on Hazards Due to Comets and Asteroids (4), Erice (Italy). Proceedings: T. Gehrels, M.S. Matthews & A.M. Schumann (eds.), 1994, Hazards due to Comets and Asteroids (Tucson: Univ. Arizona Press). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1994hdtc.confG http://www.ips.gov.au/IPSHosted/neo/info/refers/Bk_Hazards_Gehrels.htm
1993, May 20	Apollo NEA 1993 KA2 (H = 29.0 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.39 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.39 LD. [1993-01] See: 1993 KA2 - JPL, 1993 KA2 - SSA
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1994, Jan 18	Cando Fireball and Airburst (Spain). See: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_meteor_air_bursts
1994, Feb	P. Spurný, 1994, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 42, 157, "Recent fireballs photographed in central Europe." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1994P%26SS42157S
1994, Feb	US Congress House Committee on Science and Technology passed an amendment to NASA Authorization Bill directing NASA to report within a year with a programme to identify and catalogue, with help from the Department of Defense and space agencies of other countries, within 10 year, orbital characteristics of all comets and asteroids with $D > 1$ km and in an orbit that crosses Earth's. See: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/gov_cong_hearings_1.cfm
1994, Feb 1	Marshall Islands Fireball and Airbursts. A large meteoroid impacted over the Pacific Ocean at 2.6° N, 164.1° E, 300 km south of Kosrae (Micronesia). The impact was observed by space-based infrared sensors operated by the U.S. Department of Defense and by visible wavelength sensors operated by the U.S. Department of

	Energy. The object produced a 11 kT explosion. During entry the object broke into several pieces, one of which detonated at 34 km
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1994, Mar 15	Apollo NEA 1994 ES1 ($H = 28.6$ mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.44 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.44 LD. [1994-01]
	See: <u>1994 ES1 - JPL</u> , <u>1994 ES1 - SSA</u>
1994, Apr 5	Apollo NEA 2019 SQ1 (H = 27.4 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.08 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.28 LD.
	See: <u>2019 SQ1 – SSA</u> , <u>2019 SQ1 – JPL</u>
1994, Apr 7	C. Sagan, S.J. Ostro, 1994, <i>Nature</i> , 368, 501, "Dangers of asteroid deflection."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1994Natur.368501S
1994, Apr 16	Apollo NEA 2019 UU1 ($H = 30.5 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 2.9 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.49 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.32 LD. [1994-02]
	See: <u>2019 UU1 – SSA</u> , <u>2019 UU1 - JPL</u> See also: 18 Oct 2019 .
1994, May 18	Aten NEA 2017 KJ32 ($H = 28.9 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.10 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.27 LD.
	See: <u>2017 KJ32 - JPL</u> , <u>2017 KJ32 - SSA</u> See also: 21 May 2042 .
1994, May 26	Apollo NEA 2014 AA ($H = 30.9$ mag, $D \approx 2.3$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 184.47 LD. Minimum miss distance

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	164.67 LD. Impact on 2 January 2014.
	See: <u>2014 AA - SSA</u> , <u>2014 AA - JPL</u>
	See also:
	http://www.minorplanetcenter.net/mpec/K14/K14A02.html
	http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2014-001
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.,	of meteoroids larger than 1 M into the Earth's atmosphere."
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	100. http://adsaos.narvard.edu/aos/1774A/020A200707C
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	Canada-US border, travelling at a velocity of ~13 km/s, widely
	seen from the provinces of Quebec and Ontario and the states of
	New Hampshire, Vermont and New York at distances up to ~500
	km. The rock fragmented spectacularly ~50 km NE of Montreal at
	an altitude of ~36 km; hundreds of fragments have been found
	with pieces of up to 6.5 kg.
	See:
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/St-Robert_meteorite
	Ref:
	- P. Brown, A.R. Hildebrand, D.W. Green, et al., 1996,
	Meteoritics, 31, 502, "The fall of the St-Robert meteorite."
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	- A.R. Hildebrand, P.G. Brown, J.F. Wacker, et al., 1997, Journal
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	collisions."
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1994, Jul	W.F. Bottke, M.C. Nolan, R. Greenberg, 1994, Meteoritics, 29,
	446, "Provenance of the spacewatch small Earth-approaching
	asteroids."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1994Metic29S.446B
1994, Jul 16-22	Comet Shoemaker-Levy 9 collides with Jupiter. Some 21
	cometary fragments with diameters up to ~ 2 km caused massive
	explosions, temporarily visible on the surface of Jupiter.
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	Ref:
	- H.A. Weaver, P.D. Feldman, M.F. A'Hearn, et al., 1994, Science,
	263, 787, "Hubble Space Telescope observations of comet
	Shoemaker-Levy 9 (1993e)."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1994Sci263787W
	- K. Zahnle, MM. Mac Low, 1994, <i>Icarus</i> , 108,1, "The collision
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	- MM. Mac Low, K. Zahnle, 1994, Astrophysical Journal, 434,
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	Jovian atmosphere."
	<u> </u>
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1994ApJ434L33M
	- G. Orton, M. A'Hearn, K. Baines, et al., 1995, Science, 267,
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	campaign on comet Shoemaker- Levy 9."
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1,	worldwide protection against asteroid impacts."
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1995, Jun	Report of the NASA <i>Near Earth Objects Survey Working Group</i> , E.M. Shoemaker (ed.), 1995 (Washington DC: NASA Office of Space Science, Solar System Exploration Office). Released with a programme to meet Congress' requirements, delivered to Congress 9 Aug 1995. Recommends NASA, USAF and international collaboration to provide two dedicated 2-m discovery telescopes, use of two existing 1 m telescopes for survey and follow-up, enhanced funding to obtain roughly half time on a 3 – 4 m telescopes for physical observation, and Minor Planet Center enhancements. See: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/downloads/neosurvey.pdf http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=94
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1995, Sep 18-22	IAU Working Group on Near Earth Objects Workshop, Vulcano (Italy), Beginning the Spaceguard Survey. The Workshop participants agreed to set up a Spaceguard Foundation, which materialized on 26 September 1996, in Rome. The Spaceguard Central Node (SCN), hosted by ESA at ESRIN (Frascati, Italy) is a web site of The Spaceguard Foundation. Since 2002, the SCN is supporting ESA's Science Programme in all issues related to NEOs. Ref: - J. Tate, 2000, Space Policy, 16, 261, "Avoiding collisions: the Spaceguard Foundation." See: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0265964600000369 See also: http://cfa-www.harvard.edu/~marsden/SGF/Vulcano/programme.ps http://spaceguard.iasf-roma.inaf.it/SGF/history.html http://www.esa.int/esaMI/NEO/SEMS58OVGJE_0.html
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1996, Mar 21	Apollo NEA 2014 AA (H = 30.9 mag, $D \approx 2.3$ m, Apollo NEO) passed Mars at a nominal miss distance of 11.86 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.07 LD. Impact on 2 January 2014. See: 2014 AA - SSA , 2014 AA - JPL See also: http://www.minorplanetcenter.net/mpec/K14/K14A02.html http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2014-001 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2014_AA See also: 3 Nov 1967, 26 May 1994, 2 Jan 2014 .
1996, Mar 26	Inauguration of the Spaceguard Foundation (SGF) , Rome (Italy), founded by E. Shoemaker, D. Steel, A. Carusi and the IAU WG-NEO . The SGF is located at the ESA Centre for Earth Observations (ESRIN) in Frascati (Italy). See: http://spaceguard.iasf-roma.inaf.it/SGF/history.html http://spaceguard.esa.int

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1996, May 19	Apollo NEA 1996 JA1 (H = 20.8 mag, $D \approx 200$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.18 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.18 LD. See: <u>1996 JA1- JPL</u> , <u>1996 JA1 - SSA</u>
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1996, Jul 8-12	International conference on Asteroids, Comets, Meteors, VI, Versailles (France). Proc.: A.V. Levasseur-Regourd & M. Fulchignoni (eds.), Asteroids, Comets, Meteors 1996, I: 1996, Planetary and Space Science, 45, No. 5; II: 1997, Planetary and Space Science, 45 No.7; III: 1997, Planetary and Space Science, 45, No.12; Planetary and Space Science, 46, No.8. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998P%26SS45L http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998P%26SS46835L
1996, Jul 15-17	International conference Tunguska '96, Bologna (Italy). See: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=88
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1996, Oct	Start of the OCA-DLR Asteroid Survey (O.D.A.S.), to search for

	asteroids and comets with emphasis on NEO's, operated from October 1996 to April 1999 by the Observatoire de Côte d'Azur (OCA, Nice, France) and the DLR – Institute of Planetary Research (Berlin-Adlershof, Germany), in the framework of the EUNEASO project. Five NEAs were discovered. See: http://earn.dlr.de/odas/http://earn.dlr.de/euneaso.htm
1996, Oct 20	The Japanese Spaceguard Association (JSGA) officially founded. Plans for the future involved two 1-m class ground-based NEO telescopes in Japan and a 30-cm NEO telescope on the Moon. A 1-m wide-field telescope for NEO detection became operational in 2002, and observes NEOs down to $v = 20.5$ since 2006. Ref: <i>SGF Information Bulletin</i> No. 1997/01, May 22, 1997, Item 7. See also: http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/reports/ac105/AC105_976E.pdf http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/reports/ac105/C1/AC105_C1_100E.pdf
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1996, Dec	A. Tollman, 1996, <i>Astronomie + Raumfahrt in Unterricht</i> , 33 (6), 12, "Ein Komet – Ursache der Sintflut." See: http://www.fachportal-paedagogik.de/fis_bildung/suche/fis_set.html?FId=405749
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1997, Jun 7	Inauguration of the 1.8 m Spacewatch Telescope on Kitt Peak (AZ, USA). See: http://spacewatch.lpl.arizona.edu/
1997, Jun 27	NASA spacecraft <i>Near Earth Asteroid Rendezvous – Shoemaker</i> (<i>NEAR – Shoemaker</i>) flew within 1200 km by Main-belt asteroid 253 Mathilde (1949 OL1, <i>H</i> = 10.4 mag, <i>D</i> = 66 × 48 × 46 km). See: 1949 OL1 - JPL, 253 Mathilde - SSA See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/253_Mathilde Ref: - A.F. Cheng, 1997, <i>Space Science reviews</i> , 82, 3, " <i>Near-Earth Asteroid Rendezvous</i> : mission overview." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1997SSRv823C - A.F. Cheng, A.G. Santo, K.J. Heeres, et al., 1997, <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 102, E10, p. 23695, " <i>Near-Earth Asteroid Rendezvous</i> : mission overview." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1997JGR10223695C - D.K. Yeomans, JP. Barriot, D.W. Dunham, et al., 1997, <i>Science</i> , 278, 2106, "Estimating the mass of asteroid 253 Mathilde from tracking data during the <i>NEAR</i> flyby." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1997Sci278.2106Y - E. Asphaug, 2004, in: M.J.S. Belton, et al. (eds.), <i>Mitigation of Hazardous Comets and Asteroids</i> (Cambridge: CUP), p. 66, "Interior structures for asteroids and cometary nuclei". See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004mhca.conf66A See also: http://near.jhuapl.edu/media/NEAR fact_sheet.pdf http://osalrsystem.nasa.gov/missions/profile.cfm?MCode=NEAR http://www.nasa.gov/pdf/474202main_Cheng_ExploreNOW.pdf http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=near-ing-mathilde
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	based cameras. Estimated initial NEA mass $M \approx 36,000$ kg. No meteorites were recovered. See:
	http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=80 http://goes.gsfc.nasa.gov/text/9712.greenland/9712.greenland.html
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	superbolide event of 1997 December 9." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2001M%26PS36549P
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	http://www.sciencemag.org/content/278/5346/2070.short http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1997Sci278.2070A
1998	First asteroid discovered by Lowell Observatory NEO Search (LONEOS), initiated by E.L.G. Bowell. The 0.6m telescope
	project, funded by NASA, was terminated at the end of February 2008. LONEOS discovered 288 NEOs.
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	http://www2.lowell.edu/users/elgb/loneos_disc.html http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/programs/loneos.html
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lowell_Observatory_Near-Earth-Object_Search
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1998, Feb	A. Montanari, A. Campo Bagatin, P. Farinella, 1998, in: Proceedings International Workshop <i>Tunguska 96</i> , <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 46, 271, "Earth cratering record and impact energy flux in the last 150 Ma." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998P%26SS46271M
1998, Feb	K. Muinonen, 1998, in: Proceedings International Workshop <i>Tunguska 96</i> , <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 46, 291, "Discovery and follow-up simulations for small Earth-crossing asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998P%26SS46291M
1998, Feb-Mar	N.V. Vasilyev, 1998, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 46, 129, "The Tunguska Meteorite problem today." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998P%26SS46129V

1998, Feb 14	Atira NEA 1998 DK36 ($H = 25.0$ mag, $D \approx 40$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.41 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.38 LD.
	See: <u>1998 DK36 - JPL</u> , <u>1998 DK36 - SSA</u>
	See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1998_DK36
1998, Mar 11	B.G. Marsden, 1998, IAU <i>Circular</i> 6837, "1997 XF11." See:
	http://www.cbat.eps.harvard.edu/iauc/06800/06837.html#Item2
	http://www.minorplanetcenter.net/iau/pressinfo/1997XF11.html
	IAU Circular 6837 contained the (later corrected) assertion of a
	possible impact on Earth by Apollo NEA 35396 (1997 XF11, $H =$
	17.3 mag, $D \approx 1600$ m, PHA) on 26 Oct 2028. The ensuing debate
	on orbit determination, evaluation of impact risks and the
	dissemination of such results led to considerable activity.
	Improved analyses predicted an approach distance of 2.42 LD on 26 October 2028 .
	See:
	1997 XF11 - JPL, 35396 1997 XF11 - SSA
	See also:
	http://www.ibtimes.co.in/would-asteroid-discovered-1997-hit-earth-search-answers-led-much-more-732947
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(35396) 1997 XF1
	Ref:
	- B.G. Marsden, 1998, Boston Sunday Globe, 29 March 1989,
	"How the asteroid story hit: an astronomer reveals how a discovery
	spun out of control."
	See:
	http://www.minorplanetcenter.net/iau/pressinfo/1997XF11Globe.h
	tml
	- I. Semeniuk, 1998, <i>Mercury</i> , 27, No. 6, p. 12, "Armageddon?
	Sorry, just Armakiddin!"
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	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999JBAA10939M
	- B.G. Marsden, 1999, <i>Journal British Interplanetary Society</i> , 52
	(5 - 6), 195, "A discourse on 1997 XF11 ."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999JBIS52195M
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	M.J.S. Belton, et al. (eds.), 2004, Mitigation of Hazardous Comets
	and Asteroids (Cambridge: CUP), p. 353, "Impacts and the public:
	communicating the nature of impact hazard."

	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004mhca.conf353M
	- B.G. Marsden, 2007, in: P. Bobrowsky & H. Rickman (eds.),
	2007, Comet/Asteroid Impacts and Human Society (Berlin:
	Springer), p. 505, "Impact risk communication management (1998
	– 2004): Has it improved?"
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007caih.bookB
	See also:
	http://www.cfa.harvard.edu/iauc/06800/06837.html#Item2
	http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=60
	http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=63
	http://sciencenow.sciencemag.org/cgi/content/full/1998/311/1
	http://www.nytimes.com/1998/03/13/us/man-in-the-news-a-cheery-
	herald-of-fear-brian-geoffrey-marsden.html
	http://discovermagazine.com/2000/oct/featblunders/
	See also: 26 Oct 2028, 27 Oct 2095.
	See also. 20 Oct 2020, 27 Oct 2073.
1998, Mar 12	J.G. Spray, S.P. Kelley, D.B. Rowley, 1998, <i>Nature</i> , 392, 171,
1990, Mai 12	
	"Evidence for a late Triassic multiple impact event on Earth."
	See:
	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998Natur.392171S
	On the Manicouagan Crater, one of the oldest known impact
	craters, located in the Côte-Nord region of Québec, Canada, about
	300 km north of the city of Baie-Comeau.
	See: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Manicouagan_crater
1998, Mar 29	B.G. Marsden, 1998, <i>Boston Sunday Globe</i> , 29 March 1989, "How the asteroid story hit: an astronomer reveals how a discovery spun out of control." See: http://www.minorplanetcenter.net/iau/pressinfo/1997XF11Globe.html
	http://www.mmorptaneteenter.neurau/pressinto/1997A1 11Globe.num
1998, Apr	The Catalina Sky Survey came into operation, starting from the ashes of an old photographic project started by Spahr & Hergenrother (1993). The CSS consists of a consortium of three cooperating surveys, all funded by NASA: the original Catalina Sky Survey (CSS , 0.7-m telescope) in Arizona, the Siding Spring Survey (SSS , 0.5-m telescope) in Australia, and the Mt. Lemmon Survey (MLSS , 1.5-m telescope) in Arizona. As of 2009, CSS had discovered more than 2,142 NEOs down to $v = 22$ mag.
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	collisions with asteroids and comet nuclei, St. Petersburg (Russian Federation), 21-25 September 2009 (Saint Petersburg: Nauka), p. 244, "NASA's Near-Earth Object Program Office." - A.J. Drake, S.G. Djorgovski, A. Mahabal, et al., April 2012, in: R.E. Griffin, R.J. Hanisch, R.L. Seaman (eds.), New horizons in time-domain astronomy, Proceedings IAU Symposium No. 285 (Cambridge: CUP), 306, "The Catalina Real-time Transient Survey." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012IAUS285306D See also: http://www.lpl.arizona.edu/css/http://uanews.org/node/23277 http://ftp://quasar.ipa.nw.ru/pub/ACHBOOK_2009/ach-2009_book.pdf http://www.space.com/14911-dangerous-asteroids-search-nasa-funding.html http://www.newscientist.com/article/mg21528724.800-vital-eye-for-killer-asteroids-could-shut-imminently.html http://www.canberratimes.com.au/national/funding-black-hole-means-our-asteroid-sentinel-may-abandon-crucial-work-20120710-21ubf.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Catalina Sky Survey
1998, Apr	P. Farinella, D. Vokroughlický, W.K. Hartmann, 1998, <i>Icarus</i> , 132, 378, "Meteorite delivery via Yarkovsky orbital drift." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998Icar132378F
1998, Apr 10	Apollo NEA 138175 (2000 EE104, $H = 20.7$ mag, $D \approx 260$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.46 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.46 LD. See: 2000 EE104- JPL, 2000 EE104- SSA See also: 11 Apr 1999.
1998, Apr 14	Aten NEA 99942 Apophis (2004 MN4 , $H = 19.0$ mag, $D = 310 \pm 30$ m, orbital $P = 0.89$ yr, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.491 LD. Minimum miss distance 9.490 LD. See: 2004 MN4 - JPL, 99942 Apophis - SSA See also: <a <a="" and="" asteroid="" comet="" distributions="" earth="" href="http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998P%26SS46.473S" impact="" mars."="" moments="" of="" see:="" speeds="" the="" upon="">http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998P%26SS46473S

1998, May 21	U.S. Congressional Hearing on NEOs and Planetary Defense. Statement by Carl Pilcher, Science Director, Solar System Exploration, Office of Space Science, NASA, announcing the Spaceguard Goal to the U.S. House Subcommittee on Space & Aeronautics, i.e., find and track 90% of NEOs with D > 1 km. See: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/gov_asteroidperils_1.cfm http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/gov_asteroidperils_3.cfm
1998, Jun	NASA Near Earth Orbit Program Office established at NASA Jet Propulsion Laboratory (Pasadena, CA, USA), to coordinate and provide a focal point for US studies of NEOs. See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/ http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/programs_office.cfm
1998, Jun	J. Borovička, O.P. Popova, I.V. Nemtchinov, P. Spurný, Z. Ceplecha, 1998, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> , 334, 713, "Bolides produced by impacts of large meteoroids into the Earth's atmosphere: comparison of theory with observations. I. Benešov bolide dynamics and fragmentation." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998A%26A334713B Benešov bolide was detected and observed at the Czech stations of the European Fireball Network on 7 May 1991, one of the brightest and best-documented bolides.
1998, Jun	G.L. Verschuur, 1998, <i>Sky & Telescope</i> , 95(6), 26, "Impact hazards: truth and consequences." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998S%26T95f26V
1998, Jun	P.A. Wiegert, K.A. Innanen, S. Mikkola, 1998, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 115, 2604, "The orbital evolution of Near-Earth Asteroid 3753." See: http://iopscience.iop.org/1538-3881/115/6/2604/fulltext/
1998, Jun 4	A.W. Harris, 1998, <i>Nature</i> , 393, 418, "Planetary science: making and braking asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998Natur.393418H
1998, Jun 4	E. Asphaug, S.J. Ostro, R.S. Hudson, D.J. Scheeres, W. Benz, 1998, <i>Nature</i> , 393, 437, "Disruption of kilometre-sized asteroids by energetic collisions." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998Natur.393437A
1998, Jun 8	Apollo NEA 1998 KY26 ($H = 25.5$ mag, $D \approx 30$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.10 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.10 LD.

	See: 1998 KY26 - JPL, 1998 KY26 - SSA See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1998_KY26 Ref:
	- S.J. Ostro, P. Pravec, L.A.M. Benner, et al. 1999, <i>Science</i> , 285, 557, "Radar and optical observations of asteroid 1998 KY26 ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999Sci2855570 See also: http://antwrp.gsfc.nasa.gov/apod/ap020919.html
1998, Jul	F. Langenhorst, G. Shafranovsky, V.L. Masaitis, 1998, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 33, A90, "A comparative study of impact diamonds from the Popigai , Ries , Sudbury , and Lappajarvi Craters ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998M%26PSA33R90L
1998, Jul	V. Zappalà, A. Cellino, B.J. Gladman, et al., 1998, <i>Icarus</i> , 134, 176, "Asteroid showers on Earth after family breakup events." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998M%26PSA33R90L
1998, Jul 4	The International Astronomical Union Executive Committee, at its 71st meeting in Paris, on the initiative of General Secretary Johannes Andersen, issued a policy statement, which made clear that the detection and observations of NEOs to determine their orbits "is an international responsibility that requires the efforts of and support for astronomers around the world." It also stated that the IAU "coordinates this activity through the IAU Working Group on Near Earth Objects (WG-NEO) and offers the services of the Minor Planet Center, the international clearing house and data disseminator for NEO observations and research." It was emphasized that this was not a scientific policy judgment, but a policy issue related to public safety. See: https://www.iau.org/static/publications/IB83.pdf
	IAU Information Bulletin No.83, January 1999: 8. Policy Statement On Near Earth Object Research, Issued by the IAU Executive Committee on July 4, 1998.
	The Solar system contains a large number of bodies ranging in size from the major planets to tiny meteorites. Research over the last several decades has revealed that all major bodies of the Solar system have suffered larger or smaller impacts of bodies ranging in size from millimetres to kilometres, the best-known example of which is the abundance of craters on the Moon. Geological features on Earth show that impacts of significant size have occurred also on our own planet. The realization that such impacts occur at long, but presently poorly-known intervals has recently

caused growing concern in the public, and in the press.

Research on the minor constituents of the Solar system - the minor planets or asteroids - has formed part of astronomical research for the last two centuries. The International Astronomical Union (IAU) has acted as the international focal point for this research since the foundation of the Union in 1919, in particular through its Commission on the Positions and Motions of Minor Planets, **Planets, and Satellites**. As part of this function, the IAU has for over 50 years operated a Minor Planet Center (MPC), currently at the Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory (SAO; Cambridge, Mass., USA), for the collection of data and the dissemination of information concerning minor planets and, lately, comets. When continued research showed that the orbits of several minor planets crossed that of the Earth, the IAU in 1991 appointed a Working **Group on Near Earth Objects (NEO)** to coordinate international studies of NEOs and develop suitable strategies for detection, follow-up, and orbit prediction. As one result of this work, the international **Spaceguard Foundation** was formed, and a number of observational programs for the detection of NEO's have been started. The **WGNEO** is also active in the development of proven algorithms for long-term NEO orbit prediction and thus for assessing the distance to which NEOs may approach Earth within the next few centuries.

Currently, the number, size distribution, and orbits of individual NEOs are incompletely known from observation. Thus, the most urgent task is the detection and observation of NEO's to determine their orbits. This is an international responsibility that requires the efforts of and support for astronomers around the world. As the international organization of professional astronomers, the IAU coordinates this activity through the NEO Working Group and offers the services of the MPC for the collection and collation of new observations and computation of predictions from which follow-up observations can be made to improve our knowledge of the orbits and sizes of these objects.

It is possible that, sometime in the future, these studies may lead to the prediction of an actual impact on Earth. In such a case, this information must be promptly conveyed to the governments of the world, who may be in a position to organise countermeasures (a subject outside the mandate of the IAU). On the other hand, public announcements of potential impacts without proper verification are clearly undesirable. The IAU has therefore charged the WGNEO, in consultation with astronomers worldwide, to draft a set of recommended procedures to be followed in case minor planets and comets are discovered that lead to predictions by the

	MPC of potential impacts. These procedures will conform to the following general principles:
	1: All information will be openly shared with astronomers and the general public world-wide.
	2: The content of public statements that might alarm the public will be subject to prior scientific peer review by the IAU.
	3: The IAU Officers and appropriate authorities will be consulted before such information is released to the press.
	The IAU reaffirms and increases its support of the Minor Planet Center, as the international clearing-house for this research, and acknowledges the support of SAO and NASA for its operation. The IAU encourages all countries of the world to contribute to the effort of charting the NEO population and will continue to ensure that this global issue is addressed in a properly international forum.
1998, Jul 14	Anon., 1998, <i>JPL News</i> , 14 July 1998, "JPL selected for Near-Earth Object Program Office." See: https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=5134
1998, Jul 28	Apollo NEA 2019 BZ (H = 27.7 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.87 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.13 LD. See: 2019 BZ - JPL, 2019 BZ - SSA See also: 24 Jan 2000 .
1998, Aug	S.J. Ostro, C. Sagan, 1998, <i>Astronomy & Geophysics</i> , 39, 22, "Cosmic collisions and galactic civilizations." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998A%26G39d220
1998, Aug	A.W. Harris, 1998, in: J. Andersen (ed.), Proc. IAU XXIII GA Joint Discussion <i>Interactions between Planets and Small Bodies</i> , in: <i>Highlights in Astronomy</i> , 11A, 257, "Searching for NEAs from Earth or space." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998HiA11257H
1998, Aug	A.D. Taylor, W.G. Elford, 1998, in: J. Andersen (ed.), Proc. IAU XXIII GA Joint Discussion <i>Interactions between Planets and Small Bodies</i> , in: <i>Highlights in Astronomy</i> , 11A, 239, "Aspects of the terrestrial influx of small meteoroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998HiA11239T

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1998, Aug 23	Apollo NEA 513126 (1998 QP , $H = 21.6$ mag, $D \approx 200$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.62 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.62 LD. See: <u>1998 QP - JPL</u> , <u>1998 QP - SSA</u> See also: 22 Aug 1924 .
1998, Aug 30	Apollo NEA 2009 DM45 (H = 21.2 mag, $D \approx$ 200 m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.43 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.42 LD. See: 2009 DM45 - JPL, 2009 DM45 - SSA
1998, Sep	Z. Ceplecha, J. Borovička, W.G. Elford, et al., 1998, <i>Space Science Reviews</i> , 84, 327, "Meteor phenomena and bodies." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998SSRv84327C
1998, Sep	A. Morbidelli, B. Gladman, 1998, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 33, 999, "Orbital and temporal distributions of meteorites originating in the asteroid belt." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998M%26PS33999M
1998, Sep 25	R. Greenberg, 1998, <i>Science</i> , 281, 1971, "How asteroids come to Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998Sci281.1971G
1998, Sep 25	F. Migliorini, P. Michel, A. Morbidelli, et al., 1998, <i>Science</i> , 281, 2022, "Origin of multi-kilometer Earth- and Mars-crossing asteroids: a quantitative simulation." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998Sci281.2022M
1998, Oct 7	C.R. Chapman, 1998, "History of the asteroid/comet impact hazard." See: http://www.boulder.swri.edu/clark/ncarhist.html
1998, Nov	R.B. Stothers, 1998, <i>Monthly Notices Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 300, 1098, "Galactic disc dark matter, terrestrial impact cratering and the law of large numbers." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998MNRAS.300.1098S
1998, Nov	R.J. Whiteley, D.J. Tholen, 1998, <i>Icarus</i> , 136, 154, "A CCD search for Lagrangian asteroids of the Earth–Sun system." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998Icar136154W
1998, Nov	J.C. Wynn, E.M. Shoemaker, 1998, <i>Scientific American</i> , 279 (5), 36, "The day the sands caught fire." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998SciAm.279e36W http://volcanoes.usgs.gov/jwynn/1998SciAm-Wabar.pdf

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1998, Nov	Leonid meteor shower "Glowworm", seen over Kirtland Air Force Base, Albuquerque (NM, USA).
	See: http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap000428.html
	See. http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/apod/428.html
1998, Nov 1	P. Pravec, M. Wolf, L. Šarounová, 1998, <i>Icarus</i> , 136, 124,
	"Lightcurves of 26 Near-Earth Asteroids."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998Icar136124P
1998, Nov 17	Leonid Fireball over Monteromano (Italy).
	See: http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap991112.html
1998, Nov 17	Leonid Fireball over Cape Canaveral (FL, USA).
	See: http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap981120.html
1998, Nov 17	Large Leonid meteor fireballs over northern New Mexico.
	Ref:
	- J. Zinn, J. Wren, R. Whitaker, et al., 1999, Meteoritics &
	Planetary Science, 34, 1007, "Coordinated observations of two
	large Leonid meteor fireballs over northern New Mexico, and
	computer model comparisons."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999M%26PS34.1007Z
1998, Nov 25	E. Pierazzo, D.A. Kring, H.J. Melosh, 1998, Journal of
	Geophysical Research, Planets, 103, 28607, "Hydrocode
	simulation of the Chicxulub impact event and the production of
	climatically active gases."
	See: http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1029/98JE02496/abstract
1998, Dec	E.M. Shoemaker, 1998, Journal of the Royal Astronomical Society
	of Canada, 92, 297, "Impact cratering through geologic time." See:
	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1998JRASC92297S
1998, Dec 23	NASA spacecraft Near Earth Asteroid Rendezvous – Shoemaker
	(NEAR – Shoemaker) arrives at Amor NEA 433 Eros (1898 DQ,
	$H = 11.16 \text{ mag}, D = 34.4 \times 11.2 \times 11.2 \text{ km}, \text{ orbital period } P = 1.76$
	yr, Amor asteroid).
	See: <u>1898 DQ- JPL</u> , <u>433 Eros - SSA</u>
	See also:
	http://near.jhuapl.edu/media/NEAR_fact_sheet.pdf
	http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=come-closer-my-near
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/433_Eros
1999 , Jan 1	650 NEAs known, of which 166 PHAs.
	See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
1999	The 10,000 th minor planet was numbered at the IAU Minor Planet

	Center: Main-belt asteroid 10000 Myriostos (1951 SY, $H = 15.1$ mag, $D \approx 3000$ m), discovered by Albert G. Wilson at Palomar Observatory (CA, USA). See: 1951 SY - JPL, 10000 Myriostos - SSA See also: http://www.iau.org/static/publications/IB104.pdf p. 67, http://www.physics.uc.edu/~sitko/AdvancedAstro/25- SmallBodies/SmallBodies.htm http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/10000 Myriostos
1999	NASA NEO Program Office at the Jet Propulsion Laboratory (Caltech, Pasadena, CA, USA) begins partial funding of the IAU Minor Planet Center. See: http://www.minorplanetcenter.net/iau/mpc.html
1999	LINEAR adds second co-located 1m search telescope with fast read-out CCD. See: http://www.ll.mit.edu/mission/space/linear/
1999	Australian National Observatory 0.5 m telescope in Siding Spring begins follow up observations as part of the Catalina Sky Survey . See: http://www.lpl.arizona.edu/css/index.html
1999	B.O. Dressler, V.L. Sharpton (eds.), 1999, Proc., <i>Large meteorite impacts and planetary evolution; II</i> , <i>Geological Society of America Special Papers</i> , Vol. 339. See: http://specialpapers.gsapubs.org/content/339
1999	J.S. Lewis, 1999, Comet and asteroid impact hazards on a populated Earth (New York: Academic Press). See: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/John_SLewis http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2000caih.bookL
1999	H.Y. McSween, 1999, <i>Meteorites and their Parent Planets</i> (Cambridge: CUP). See: http://www.cambridge.org/us/academic/subjects/earth-and-environmental-science/planetary-science-and-astrobiology/meteorites-and-their-parent-planets-2nd-edition
1999	C.W. Poag, 1999, <i>Chesapeake invader: discovering America's giant meteorite crater</i> (Princeton: Princeton University Press, ISBN 0-691-00919-8). See: http://press.princeton.edu/titles/6765.html
1999, Jan	A. Morbidelli, 1999, <i>Celestial Mechanics and Dynamical Astronomy</i> , 73(1/4), 39, "Origin and evolution of Near Earth

	Asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999CeMDA7339M
1999, Jan 21	Fireball over Czech Republic, recorded by the European Fireball Network. The luminous trail is measured to begin at an altitude of 81.9 kilometers and covered 71.1 kilometers in 6.7 seconds. See: http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap990219.html
1999, Mar	The threat from NEOs is debated in the UK House of Commons. Minister for Energy & Industry, John Battle, said that the government will consult British astronomers and other experts on ways the UK can support NEO research.
1999, Mar 5-6	Near Earth Objects Dynamic Site (NEODyS) created, as an Italian/Spanish service that provides information on NEOs, operated at the University of Pisa (Italy), with a mirror site in Valladolid (Spain). Operational since November 1999. Both the University of Pisa and JPL post their web sites for information on NEOs (close approaches, ephemerides, orbital data). The close approach monitoring efforts, CLOMON at Pisa and SENTRY at NASA-JPL were initiated later. Since early 2002 the two automated NEO close approach monitoring services, CLOMON2 (Pisa) and SENTRY (JPL), are cross-checking their monitoring results. Starting from 1 September 2011 NEODyS is sponsored by ESA, which pays a portion of the operating costs, both for the background orbit and risk computations and for the database and web interface; the rest of the cost is covered, as before, by the Department of Mathematics, University of Pisa, with the running research grants of the Celestial Mechanics Group, and by IASF-INAF (Rome), with a PRIN-INAF grant. Ref: - A. Milani, S.R. Chesley, M.E. Sansaturio, G. Tommei, G.B. Valsecchi, 2005, <i>Icarus</i> , 173, 362, "Nonlinear impact monitoring: line of variation searches for impactors." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005Icar173362M See also: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2001DPS33.4108C http://aas.org/archives/BAAS/v31n4/dps99/28.htm http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/NEODys
1999, Mar 6	Apollo NEA 474158 (1999 FA, $H = 20.9$ mag, $D \approx 300$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.17 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.17 LD. See: 1999 FA - JPL, 1999 FA - SSA See also: 6 Mar 1909, 6 Mar 2143, 7 Mar 2194.

1999, Mar 12	Apollo NEA 2013 EC20 (H = 29.2 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.27 LD. [1999-01] See: 2013 EC20 - JPL, 2013 EC20 - SSA See also: 9 March 2013.
1999, Apr	D. Vokrouhlický, 1999, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> , 344, 362, "A complete linear model for the Yarkovsky thermal force on spherical asteroid fragments." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999A%26A344362V
1999, Apr 11	Apollo NEA 138175 (2000 EE104, $H = 20.7$ mag, $D \approx 260$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.72 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.72 LD. See: $2000 \text{ EE}104 - \text{JPL}$, $2000 \text{ EE}104 - \text{SSA}$ See also: 10 Apr 1998.
1999, May	NASA/USAF NEO Search Program. NASA, in collaboration with the USA Air Force, is moving to implement a search program to meet the objectives of the Spaceguard Survey, as set down in the NASA Spaceguard reports of 1992 and 1995. See: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=22
1999, May	In a report to the ESA Council at ministerial level, the ESA Long-Term Space Policy Committee recommended (Action 13, Threat of Cosmic Collision) that ESA be involved in NEO activities, including the study of counter measures. Ref: LSPC Report "Investing in space – the challenge for Europe", 1999, ESA SP-2000. See: http://www.esa.int/esapub/sp/sp2000/sp2000.pdf
1999, May	A. Poveda, M.A. Herrera, J.L. García, K. Curioka, 1999, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 47, 679, "The diameter distribution of Earthcrossing asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999P%26SS47679P
1999, May	A. Poveda, M.A. Herrera, J.L. García, A. Hernandéz-Alcántara, K. Curioka, 1999, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 47, 715, "The expected frequency of collisions of small meteorites with cars and aircraft." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999P%26SS47715P
1999, May 6	Aten NEA 2000 SG344 (H = 25.1 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.48 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.48 LD.

	See: <u>2000 SG344 - JPL</u> , <u>2000 SG344 - SSA</u>
	See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2000 SG344
	Ref:
	- D. Morrison, C.R. Chapman, D. Steel, R.P. Binzel, 2004, in:
	M.J.S. Belton, et al. (eds.), 2004, Mitigation of Hazardous Comets
	and Asteroids (Cambridge: CUP), p. 353, "Impacts and the public:
	communicating the nature of impact hazard."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004mhca.conf353M
	B.G. Marsden, 2007, in: P. Bobrowsky & H. Rickman (eds.), 2007, Comet/Asteroid Impacts and Human Society (Berlin: Springer), p.
	505, "Impact risk communication management (1998 – 2004): Has
	it improved?"
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007caih.bookB
	See also: 7 May 2028, 13 Sep 2072.
1999, May 10	R.P. Binzel, M. A'Hearn, C.R. Chapman, C. Chyba, A.L. Cochran,
	A.W. Harris, D.K. Yeomans, B.G. Marsden, R.L. Millis & D.
	Morrison, 1999, "From the pragmatic to the fundamental: the scientific case for near-Earth object surveys." Report prepared for
	the Astronomy and Astrophysics Survey Committee (AASC) of the
	National Academy of Sciences.
	Quoted in: http://www.boulder.swri.edu/clark/ncar799.html
1999, May 18	P.W. Chodas, 18 May 1999, "The continuing story of asteroid
	1999 AN10."
	See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news017.html
1999, May 27	Aten NEA 2010KV39 ($H = 27.0 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 14 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a
•	nominal miss distance of 5.80 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.98
	LD.
	See: <u>2010 KV39 -JPL</u> , <u>2010 KV39 - SSA</u>
1999, Jun	S. Isobe and Japan Spaceguard Association , 1999, <i>Advances in</i>
,	Space Research, 23(1), 33, "Japanese 0.5 m and 1.0 m telescopes
	to detect space debris and near-earth asteroids."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999AdSpR2333I
1999, Jun	A. Milani, S.R. Chesley, G.B. Valsecchi, 1999, <i>Astronomy &</i>
1777, 0011	Astrophysics (Letters), 346, L65, "Close approaches of asteroid
	1999 AN10: resonant and non-resonant returns."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999A%26A346L65M
	See also: 7 August 2027.
1999, Jun	A. Morbidelli, D. Nesvorný, 1999, <i>Icarus</i> , 139, 295, "Numerous
,	weak resonances drive asteroids toward terrestrial planets orbits."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999A%26A346L65M

1999, Jun	Threat from NEOs discussed in UK House of Lords. Science Minister, Lord Sainsbury, says that Britain must cooperate internationally on this topic. See: http://www.greatdreams.com/near.htm
1999, Jun 1-4	Torino Workshop on International Monitoring Programs for Asteroid and Comet Threat (IMPACT), Torino (Italy), organized by IAU Commission 15, the Spaceguard Foundation and others, and co-sponsored by NASA, ESA, IAU, ASI, IACG, Planetary Society, Alenia. The outcome includes the "Torino Scale" (describing risk and severity of possible impact for newly discovered hazardous objects), a call for national Spaceguard centres, and a plea to finance these centers in order to facilitate international collaboration in the international Spaceguard programme. Ref: - R.P. Binzel, 2000, Planetary and Space Science, 48, 297, "The Torino Impact Hazard Scale." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2000P%26SS48297B See also: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=35 http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=49 http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=55 http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news024.html
1999, Jul	The Torino Impact Hazard Scale announced simultaneously by the IAU and by NASA. Ref: - D. Morrison, C.R. Chapman, D. Steel, R.P. Binzel, 2004, in: M.J.S. Belton, et al. (eds.), 2004, <i>Mitigation of Hazardous Comets and Asteroids</i> (Cambridge: CUP), p. 353, "Impacts and the public: communicating the nature of impact hazard." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004mhca.conf353M http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/torino_scale.html
1999, Jul	The Third United Nations Conference on the Exploration and Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UNISPACE III, Vienna, Austria), held a workshop on NEOs and made recommendations to the UN General Assembly. Resolution 1 adopted by the Conference, the Vienna Declaration on Space and Human Development, declares a strategy including actions that should be taken to: improve knowledge of NEOs; improve international coordination of activities related to NEOs; harmonize worldwide effort directed to identification, follow-up observations and orbit prediction; and research safety measures on the use of nuclear power sources in

	outer space. The Vienna Declaration stated that: That the United Nations take the initiative of inviting all Member States to support near-Earth object research in their own countries, through the establishment of national or regional "spaceguard" centres to be coordinated by the international Spaceguard Foundation; That every effort be made to provide financial support for near-Earth object research, both theoretical and observational (from ground and space), The United Nations support and promote greater involvement of scientists and observatories from nations in the southern hemisphere, This Vienna Declaration was endorsed by the UN General Assembly in December 1999. In 2001, in response to recommendation 14 of UNISPACE III, Action Team 14 on NEOs was established by UN-COPUOS with terms of reference: (a) review the content, structure and organization of on-going efforts in the field of NEOs (b) identify any constitution of on-going efforts in the field of NEOs; (b) identify any constitution of on-going efforts
	in the field of NEOs; (b) identify any gaps in the on-going work where additional cooperation is required and/or where other
	countries or organizations could make contributions; and (c)
	propose steps for the improvement of international coordination in collaboration with specialized bodies. See:
	http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/oosa/unisp-3/index.html
	http://www.un.org/events/unispace3/bginfo/events.htm
1999, Jul	Start of the Arcetri NEO Precovery Program (ANEOPP). See: http://www.arcetri.astro.it/science/aneopp/ Ref:
	- A. Boattini, G. D'Abramo, G. Forti, R. Gal, 2001, Astronomy & Astrophysics, 375, 293, "The Arcetri NEO Precovery Program."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2001A%26A375293B - A. Boattini, G. D'Abramo, G. Forti, 2003, <i>Memorie della Società Astronomica Italiana</i> , 74, 864, "The importance of Near Earth Object detections on archival images: recent results and future potential."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2003MmSAI74864B
1999, Jul	W.K. Hartmann, P. Farinella, D. Vokrouhlický, 1999, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 34, A161, "Reviewing the Yarkovsky effect: new light on the delivery of stone and iron meteorites from the asteroid belt." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999A%26A347711M
1999, Jul	P. Michel, R. Gonczi, P. Farinella, 1999, Astronomy &
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	Astrophysics, 347, 711, "Dynamical evolution of 1036 Ganymed , the largest near-Earth asteroid." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999M%26PSA34161H
1999, Jul 26-30	International conference on Asteroids, Comets, Meteors, VII, Cornell University, Ithaca (NY, USA). See: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=52
1999, Jul 29	NASA spacecraft <i>Deep Space 1</i> (1998 – 2001) flew by 9969 Braille (1992 KD , <i>H</i> = 15.9 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 2200 m, Mars-crossing asteroid) at a distance of 26 km. See: <u>1992 KD - JPL</u> , <u>9969 Braille - SSA</u> Ref: - B.J. Buratti, D.T. Britt, L.A. Soderblom, et al., 2004, <i>Icarus</i> , 167, 129, " 9969 Braille : <i>Deep Space 1</i> infrared spectroscopy, geometric albedo and classification." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004Icar167129B See also: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/ds1/gen/gen3.html http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/apod/ap990805.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/9969_Braille
1999, Aug 15-19	1999 AAS/AIAA Astrodynamics Specialist Conference, Girdwood, Alaska (USA). See: http://www.space-flight.org/AAS_meetings/1999_astro/1999_astro.html
1999, Aug 15	P.W. Chodas, D.K. Yeomans, 1999, presented at the 1999 AAS/AIAA Astrodynamics Specialist Conference, Girdwood, Alaska (USA), 15-19 August 1999, p. 2531, "Predicting close approaches and estimating impact probabilities for Near-Earth Objects." See: http://md1.csa.com/partners/viewrecord.php?requester=gs&collection=T RD&recid=A0035184AH&q=&uid=790941543&setcookie=yes See also: http://www.space-flight.org/AAS_meetings/1999_astro/1999_astro.html
1999, Aug 19	C.R. Chapman, 1999, case study for Workshop on prediction in the Earth sciences: use and misuse in policy making, 10-12 July 1997, National Center for Atmospheric Research, Boulder (CO, USA) and 10-12 September 1998, Estes Park (CO, USA), "The asteroid/comet impact hazard." See: http://www.boulder.swri.edu/clark/ncar799.html
1999, Sep	A. Boattini, G. D'Abramo, G.B. Valsecchi, 1999, Bulletin

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	American Astronomical Society, 31, 1117, #28.07, "NEO follow-up coordination using the Spaceguard Central Node : priority list and opportunties."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999BAAS31.1117B
1999, Sep	Start of UAO – DLR Asteroid Survey (UDAS), a collaboration between the Uppsala Astronomical Observatory (UOA, 1 m Schmidt, Uppsala, Sweden) and the Deutschen Zentrum für Luft-und Raumfahrt (DLR, the German Aerospace Center, Berlin, Germany). From 1999 to 2011 a number of 215 asteroids have been detected. See: http://earn.dlr.de/udas http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/UAO-DLR_Asteroid_Survey
1999, Sep 10	J.G. Hills, M.P. Goda, 1999, <i>Physica D: Nonlinear Phenomena</i> , 133, 189, "Damage from comet-asteroid impacts with Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999PhyD133189H
1999, Sep 22	Apollo NEA 101955 (1999 RQ36, Bennu, H = 20.4 mag, D = 484 m, PHA) passed Earth at 5.716 LD. Minimum miss distance 5.716 LD. See: 1999 RQ36 - JPL, 101955 Bennu - SSA Ref: - S.R. Chesley, M.C. Nolan, D. Farnocchia, et al., May 2012, in: American Astronomical Society, DDA meeting #43, #7.08, "The trajectory dynamics of Near-Earth Asteroid 101955 (1999 RQ36)." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012DDA43.0708C See also: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2012-145 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1999_RQ36 See also: 23 Sep 2060, 25 Sep 2135.
1999, Oct	T. Gehrels, E. Echternach, 1999, <i>Zenit</i> , 26(10), 416, "Mooi, maar gevaarlijk: de dodelijke schoonheid van kometen en planetoiden." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999Zenit26416G
1999, Oct	C. de Jager, 1999, <i>Zenit</i> , 26(10), 427, "Periodieke inslagen op aarde?" See: http://www.dekoepel.nl/zenit/inslagen.html http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999Zenit26427D
1999, Oct 7	J.S. Lewis, 1999, Comet and asteroid impact hazards on a populated earth: computer modeling (Waltham: Academic Press). See: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/John_SLewis

1999, Oct 11	S. Isobe, 1999, <i>Advances in Space Research</i> , 23(11), 1861, "Proposed lunar-based telescopes for NEO observations." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999AdSpR23.18611
1999, Nov	E. Asphaug, 1999, <i>Nature</i> , 402, 127, "Survival of the weakest." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999Natur.402127A
1999, Nov	W. Benz, E. Asphaug, <i>Icarus</i> , 142, 5, "Catastrophic disruptions revisited." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999Icar1425B
1999, Nov	T. Gehrels, 1999, <i>Earth, Planets and Space</i> , 51, 1155, "A review of comet and asteroid statistics." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999EP%26S51.1155G
1999, Nov 7-20	First-ever radar images of a Main-belt asteroid: 216 Kleopatra (<i>H</i> = 7.20 mag, <i>D</i> = 270 × 94 × 81 km) obtained with the 305 m Arecibo radio telescope by Steven J. Ostro (1946 – 2008) of NASA JPL, Pasadena (CA, USA). Shape: dog bone. At the time of observation the distance to 216 Kleopatra was <i>d</i> = 171 × 10 ⁶ km. As of May 2008, Ostro and his collaborators had detected 222 NEAs (including 130 PHAs and 24 binaries) and 118 main belt objects with radar. See: 216 Kleopatra - JPL, 216 Kleopatra - SSA Ref: - S.J. Ostro, R.S. Hudson, M.C. Nolan, et al., 5 May 2000, <i>Science</i> , 288, 836, "Radar observations of asteroid 216 Kleopatra." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2000Sci288.8360 - P. Descamps, F. Marchis, J. Berthier, et al., 2011, <i>Icarus</i> , 211, 1022, "Triplicity and physical characteristics of asteroid (216) Kleopatra." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Icar211.1022D - T. Chanut, O.C. Winter, October 2012, American Astronomical Society, DPS meeting #44, #210.15, "Evaluation of the gravity field and the dynamic environment of asteroid 216 Kleopatra." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012DPS4421015C See also: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012DPS4421015C See also: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=38 http://newscenter.berkeley.edu/2011/02/22/how-kleopatra-got-its-moons/http://www.planetary.org/blog/article/00002926/http://www.planetary.org/blog/article/00002926/http://www.space.com/11836-asteroid-kleopatra-moons-rubble-pile.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/216_Kleopatra
1999, Nov 11	E. Asphaug, 1999, <i>Nature</i> , 402, 127, "Survival of the weakest." See: http://www.nature.com/nature/journal/v402/n6758/full/402127a0.html

	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999Natur.402127A
1999, Nov 18	Leonid Fireball over Dagali (Norway). See: http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap991202.html
1999, Dec	A.W. Harris, J.K. Davies, 1999, <i>Icarus</i> , 142, 464, "Physical characteristics of Near-Earth Asteroids from thermal infrared spectrophotometry." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999Icar142464H
2000 , Jan 1	879 NEAs known, of which 215 PHAs. See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
2000	The $100,000^{\text{th}}$ minor planet was numbered at the Minor Planet Center : inner Main-belt asteroid 100000 Astronautica (1982 SH1 , $H = 16.8$ mag, $D \approx 1500$ m), discovered on 28 September 1982 by J. Gibson at Palomar Observatory (CA, USA). This minor planet has been named Astronautica to recognize the 50^{th} anniversary of the beginning of the Space Age, inaugurated by the launch of the first artificial earth satellite on 4 October 1957, Sputnik . The name Astronautica is associated with this significant number, as space is defined to begin at an altitude of $100,000$ meters above the Earth's surface. See: $1982 \text{ SH1} - \text{JPL}$, $100000 \text{ Astronautica} - \text{SSA}$ http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/100000_Astronautica
2000	Bisei Spaceguard Center established in Bisei (Okayama, Japan). See: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bisei_Spaceguard_Center-http://www.spaceguard.or.jp/ja/index.html
2000	A. Deutsch, V.L. Masaitis, F. Langenhorst, R.A.F. Grieve, 2000, <i>Episodes</i> 23(1), 3, " Popigai , Siberia - well preserved giant impact structure, national treasury, and world's geological heritage." See: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Popigai_crater
2000	R.A.F. Grieve, 2000, Annual Review of Earth and Planetary Sciences, 28, 305, "Vredefort, Sudbury, Chicxulub: three of a kind?" See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2000AREPS28305G
2000	D.I. Steel, 2000, <i>Target Earth</i> (Time Life 2000; Readers Digests 2001). With an afterword by Arthur C. Clarke. See: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Duncan_Steel
2000, Jan	L. Jetsu, J. Pelt, 2000, Astronomy & Astrophysics, 353, 409,

	"Spurious periods in the terrestrial impact crater record." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2000A%26A353409J
2000, Jan	L. Foschini, P. Farinella, C. Froeschlé, et al., 2000, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> , 353, 797, "Long-term dynamics of bright bolides." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2000A%26A353797F
2000, Jan	D.A. Kring, 2000, <i>GSA Today</i> , 10(8), 1, "Impact events and their effects on the origin, evolution and distribution of life." See: http://www.geosociety.org/pubs/gsatoday/archive/sci0008.htm http://www.lpi.usra.edu/science/kring/cataclysm_concept.pdf
2000, Jan 1	The University of Pisa puts its NEO Close Approach Monitoring system (CLOMON) on-line. See: http://newton.dm.unipi.it/neodys/
2000, Jan 13	D.C. Jewitt, 2000, <i>Nature</i> , 403, 145, "Eyes wide shut." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2000Natur.403145J http://www.nature.com/nature/journal/v403/n6766/full/403145a0.html http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=44 http://www.bibliotecapleyades.net/ciencia/ciencia_nemesis09.htm
2000, Jan 13	D. Rabinowitz, E. Helin, K. Lawrence, S. Pravdo, 2000, <i>Nature</i> , 403, 165, "A reduced estimate of the number of kilometre-sized near-Earth asteroids". See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2000Natur.403165R
2000, Jan 18	The Tagish Lake Meteorite exploded in the upper atmosphere at an estimated altitude of ~ 40 km with an energy of 1.7 kT TNT over Tagish Lake (Yukon Territory and northern British Columbia, Canada). A fireball was observed and over 500 fragments of meteorite collected. The Tagish Lake meteoroid is estimated to have been of $D \approx 4.5$ m in diameter and $M \approx 75$ tons in weight before it entered the Earth's atmosphere. It is estimated that only 1.3 tons remained after ablation in the upper atmosphere and several fragmentation events, meaning that around 97% of the meteorite had vaporized. Of these 1.3 tons of fragmented rock, only 0.1% was found and collected. Studies of the reflectance spectrum of the meteorite indicate that it likely originated from 773 Irmintraud , a D-type main-belt asteroid. Ref: - T. Hiroi, M.E. Zolensky, C.E. Pieters, 2001, <i>Science</i> , 293, 2234, "The Tagish Lake Meteorite : a possible sample from a D-type asteroid."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2001Sci293.2234H

	- A.R. Hildebrand, P.J.A. McCausland, P.G. Brown, et al., 2006, <i>Meteoritics &Planetary Science</i> , 41, 407, "The fall and recovery of the Tagish Lake Meteorite ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006M%26PS41407H - C.D.K. Herd, A. Blinova, D. Simkus, 201, <i>Science</i> , 332, 1304, "Origin and evolution of prebiotic organic matter as inferred from the Tagish Lake Meteorite ." See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/332/6035/1304.abstract?sid=22a6dae6-2ea2-4c33-a0a6-5937339f249b See also: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=37 http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=ancient-meteorites-from-o
2000, Jan 23	NASA/ESA spacecraft <i>Cassini/Huygens</i> took pictures of Mainbelt asteroid 2685 Masursky (1981 JN , <i>H</i> = 12.1, <i>D</i> = 13 km). See: 1981 JN - JPL , 2685 Masursky - SSA See also: http://ciclops.org/view/76/Masursky_Flyby?js=1 http://uanews.org/node/2841 http://www.nasa.gov/pdf/474203main_Coradini_ExploreNOW.pdf https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2685_Masursky
2000, Jan 24	Apollo NEA 2019 BZ ($H = 27.7 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 10 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.73 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.53 LD. See: $2019 \text{ BZ} - \text{JPL}$, $2019 \text{ BZ} - \text{SSA}$ See also: 28 Jul 1998 .
2000, Feb	The Japanese Spaceguard Association (JSGA) starts operations at Bisei Spaceguard Center (0.5 m and 1.0 m telescopes), Bisei (Japan). Ref: - M. Yoshikawa, A. Asami, D. Asher, et al., 2002, Memorie della Società Astronomica Italiana, 73, 772, "Current status of asteroid observations in Bisei Spaceguard Center." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2002MmSAI73772Y
2000, Feb	P. Michel, V. Zappalà, A. Cellino, P. Tanga, 2000, <i>Icarus</i> , 143, 42, "Estimated abundance of Atens and asteroids evolving on orbits between Earth and Sun." This paper defines the Inner-Earth Objects (IEOs). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2000Icar143421M
2000, Feb	C.R. Chapman, 2000, in: D. Sarewitz, R.A. Pielke, R. Byerly (eds.), <i>Prediction: Science, Decision Making, and the Future of</i>

	Nature (Washington DC: Island Press), p. 107, "The asteroid/comet impact hazard: homo sapiens as dinosaur?" See: http://www.boulder.swri.edu/clark/ncar799.html http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=57
2000, Mar	Between August 1972 and March 2000, the US Air Force <i>Early Warning Satellites</i> sensors detected 518 impact events (\sim 30 events per year) in the > 1kT TNT class, i.e. impacts of objects with $D \approx$ few meters. Most of these events were primarily bursts in the upper atmosphere and were not detected at ground level. See: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=43
2000, Mar	D.W. Dunham, B. Cudnik, D.M. Palmer, et al., 2000, in: 31st Annual Lunar and Planetary Science Conference, March 13-17, 2000, Houston (Texas, USA), abstract no. 1547, "The first confirmed video recordings of lunar meteor impacts." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2000LPI31.1547D
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2000, Oct 19	Aten NEA 2015 UH52 (H = 26.2 mag, $D \approx 21$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.49 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.34 LD. See: 2015 UH52 - JPL, 2015 UH52 - SSA See also: 20 Oct 1989 , 20 Oct 2052 .
2000, Oct 31	Apollo NEA 4179 Toutatis (1989 AC, $H = 15.2 \text{ mag}$, $D = 4.6 \times 2.4 \times 1.9 \text{ km}$, orbital $P = 4.03 \text{ yr}$, PHA) passed Earth at 28.7 LD. It is the largest known PHA. See: 1989 AC - JPL, 4179 Toutatis - SSA http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/4179 Toutatis Ref: - R.S. Hudson, S.J. Ostro, D.J. Scheeres, 2003, <i>Icarus</i> , 161, 346, "High-resolution model of asteroid 4179 Toutatis." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2003Icar161346H See also: <a <b="" and="" asteroid="" href="http://science.nasa.gov/science-news/science-at-nasa/2000/ast31oct_1/http://newton.dm.unipi.it/neodys/index.php?pc=1.1.8&n=Toutatis See also: 8 Dec 1992, 30 Nov 1996, 29 Sep 2004, 9 Nov 2008, 12 Dec 2012, 5 Nov 2069.</td></tr><tr><td>2000, Nov</td><td>R.S. Hudson, S.J. Ostro, R.F. Jurgens, et al., 2000, <i>Icarus</i>, 148, 37, " model="" observations="" of="" physical="" radar="">6489 Golevka." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2000Icar14837H 6489 Golevka, 1991 JX, $H = 18.9$ mag, $D \approx 350$ x 250 x 250 m, Apollo NEA, PHA. See: 1991 JX - JPL, 6489 Golevka - SSA
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2000, Nov	D. Vokrouhlický, A. Milani, S.R. Chesley, 2000, <i>Icarus</i> , 148, 118, "Yarkovsky effect on small Near-Earth Asteroids: mathematical formulation and examples." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2000Icar148118V
2000, Dec 17	Apollo NEA 2020 XF4 (H = 27.5 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.52 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.44 LD. See: $2020 \times 14 \times 10^{-5} \times 10^$
2001 , Jan 1	1241 NEAs known, of which 291 PHAs. See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
2001	The CINEOS program (Campo Imperatore Near Earth Object Survey), which started in 2001, is dedicated to the discovery and follow-up of Near Earth Objects with a 90-cm Schmidt telescope. Between October 2001 and November 2004 CINEOS measured more than 6,1000 asteroid positions and discovered almost 2,200 new objects, including six NEOs and one Centaur (planetoid). Ref: - F. Bernardi, A. Boattini, G. D'Abramo, 2002, in B. Warmbein (ed.), 2002, Proc. Asteroids, Comets, Meteors - ACM 2002, 29 July - 2 August 2002, Berlin (Germany), ESA SP-500, p. 801, "The Campo Imperatore Near Earth Objects Survey (CINEOS)." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2002ESASP.500W - A. Boattini, G. D'Abramo, G.B. Valsecchi, et al., 2007, Earth, Moon and Planet, 100, 259, "The Campo Imperatore Near Earth Objects Survey (CINEOS)." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007EM%26P100259B See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Campo Imperatore Near-Earth Object Survey
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2001	A. Morbidelli, 2001, in: M. Marov, H. Rickman (eds.), <i>Collisional processes in the Solar System</i> (Dordrecht: Kluwer), p. 289, "Origin and evolution of Near Earth Asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2001ASSL261289M
2001, Jan	A. Cellino, 2001, <i>Advances in Space Research</i> , 28, 1103, "Physical properties of near-earth objects: open problems." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2001AdSpR28.1103C
2001, Jan 1	Spaceguard Survey update, ~50% of asteroids with <i>D</i> > 1 km discovered. See: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=31
2001, Jan 15	Aten NEA 2001 BA16 ($H = 26.5$ mag, $D \approx 18$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.80 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.79

	LD. [2001-01] See: 2001 BA16 - JPL, 2001 BA16 - SSA See also: 17 Jan 1960.
2001, Jan 18	Perseid Meteor Shower recorded at Wise Observatory (Israel). See: http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap050812.html
2001, Jan 19	NEO - MIPA Near-Earth Object hazard mitigation publication analysis, performed for ESA-ESOC. See: http://www.tu-dresden.de/mwilr/space/rfs/Dokumente/Publikationen/NEO-MIPA-report.pdf
2001, Feb	Asiago DLR Asteroid Survey (ADAS) began observations at Asiago-CimaEkar, a joint venture between the Department of Astronomy of the University of Asiago (Italy), the Astronomical Observatory of Padua (Italy), and the DLR Institute of Space Sensor Technology and Planetary Exploration, Berlin-Adlershof (Germany). The system uses a 2K x 2K CCD detector and a 0.6 m aperture Schmidt telescope. 108 asteroids discovered in 2001 – 2002. See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/programs/adas.html
2001, Feb 12	Touch down of NASA spacecraft <i>Near Earth Asteroid</i> **Rendezvous - Shoemaker (NEAR - Shoemaker), launched 17 February 1996, on Amor NEA 433 Eros (A898 PA, H = 11.16 mag, D = 34.4 × 11.2 × 11.2 km, orbital P = 1.76 yr) in the "saddle region." Radio contact with **NEAR - Shoemaker** was lost on 28 February 2001. See: 1898 DQ - JPL, 433 Eros - SSA Ref: - D.K. Yeomans, P.G. Antreasian, JP. Barriot, et al., 2000, **Science*, 289, 2085, "Radio science results during the **NEAR - Shoemaker** spacecraft rendezvous with Eros." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2000Sci289.2085Y - E. Asphaug, September 2001, **Nature*, 413, 369, "Once upon an asteroid." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2001Natur.413369A - J. Veverka, B. Farquhar, M. Robinson, et al., 2001, **Nature*, 413, 390, "The landing of the **NEAR - Shoemaker** spacecraft on asteroid 433 Eros." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2001Natur.413390V - J. Veverka (ed.), 2002, **Icarus*, 155, 1, "Near* at Eros." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2002Icar1551V - D.W. Dunham, R.W. Farquhar, J.V. McAdams, et al., **Icarus*, 155, 1.**Icarus*,

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2001, Feb 23	New asteroid survey telescope proposed: the LSST. See: 2021. See also: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=30 http://www.lsst.org/lsst
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2001, Mar 27	Apollo NEA 2012 FP35 (H = 28.0 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.43 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15 LD. See: 2012 FP35 - JPL, 2012 FP35 - SSA See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012_FP35
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2001, May 12	New evidence indicates that the Triassic-Jurassic mass extinction 200 Myr ago was sudden, consistent with possible impact

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	mechanism.
	See:
	http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=23
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Triassic%E2%80%93Jurassic_extinction_ev
	<u>ent</u>
2001, May 25	Binary Aten NEA 66391 (1999 KW4, <i>H</i> = 16.9 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 1600 m, PHA) passed Earth at 12.58 LD. Minimum miss distance 12.58 LD. See: 1999 KW4 - JPL, 66391 1999 KW4 - SSA A team of astronomers studied images that show the trail of a smaller component orbiting a larger component, images made with the 70-m Goldstone radar antenna in California's Mojave Desert. The system is the third binary near-Earth asteroid pair revealed by radar, but the first system imaged over a complete orbit of one component around the other. Steven J. Ostro of NASA's Jet Propulsion Laboratory in Pasadena (CA, USA), leader of the team that made the discovery: "Goldstone was able to track the asteroid for up to eight hours daily for a week. Then we made close-up images of each component using the Arecibo telescope in Puerto Rico, which is not as fully steerable but is much more powerful." Ref: - S.J. Ostro, JL. Margot, L.A.M. Benner, et al., 2006, Science, 314, 1276, "Radar imaging of binary Near-Earth Asteroid (66391) 1999 KW4." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006Sci314.12760 - A.W. Harris, E.G. Fahnestock, P. Pravec, 2009, Icarus, 199, 310, "On the shapes and spins of "rubble pile" asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009Icar199310H See also: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=2 http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=169
	http://www.planetary.org/radio/show/0000216/
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(66391) 1999 KW4
	See also: 25 May 2019, 27 May 2071.
	500 aiso. 25 May 2017, 27 May 2071.
2001, Jun	R.P. Binzel, A.W. Harris, S.J. Bus, T.H. Burbine, 2001, <i>Icarus</i> , 151, 139, "Spectral properties of Near-Earth Objects: Palomar and IRTF results for 48 objects including spacecraft targets (9969) Braille and (10302) 1989 ML." NEOs show a greater spectral diversity than main-belt asteroids.
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	Tible own III (I weboli. Oliv. I II Zoliu I 1655).

	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2002aste.confB
2001, Jun 17-25	Workshop on <i>Physical Properties Of Potential Earth Impactors: Know Your Enemy</i> , Erice (Sicily, Italy). Proceedings: W.F. Huebner, J.M. Greenberg (eds.), 2002, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 37, "Erice Workshop Summary on Physical and Chemical Properties of Potential Earth Impactors." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2002M%26PS37.1642H http://www.ccsem.infn.it/ccsem01/Greenberg01.html
2001, Jul	G.F. Gronchi, 2001, <i>Icarus</i> , 152, 58, "Proper elements for Earthcrossing asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2001Icar15258G
2001, Jul 23	Bright meteor fireball over central Pennsylvania (USA) seen from the ground and space (by DoD satellites), tracked from an altitude of 82 km down to 32 km. Evaporated object had initial mass $M \approx 30-90$ ton. See: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=1 http://www.space.com/scienceastronomy/solarsystem/meteor_eastcoast_010725.html
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2001, Sep 11-15	4 th International Conference on Space Protection of the Earth (SPE-2001), Evpatoriya (Ukraine).
2001, Oct	S.V. Jeffers, S.P. Manley, M.E. Bailey, D.J. Asher, 2001, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 327, 126, "Near-Earth

	object velocity distributions and consequences for the Chicxulub impactor." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2001MNRAS.327126J
2001, Oct 20	B612 Foundation founding workshop on <i>Deflecting Asteroids</i> , NASA Johnson Space Center, Houston (TX, USA), organized by Ed Lu and Piet Hut. Named after the asteroid featuring in the novel <i>Le Petit Prince</i> (Antoine de Saint Exupéry, 1943, Paris: Editions Gallimard), B612 is a think-tank and lobby group set up by Apollo 9 astronaut Russell L. Schweickart to further the Earth's protection against asteroid strikes. See: http://www.b612foundatiom.org/b612 Ref: - D. Chandler, 2008, <i>Nature</i> , 453, 1164, "The burger bar that saved the world." See: http://www.nature.com/news/2008/080625/full/4531164a.html See also: http://www.b612foundation.org/about/history.html http://www.sns.ias.edu/~piet/act/geo/deflection/index.html
2001, Oct 23 – 26	International Workshop on Collaboration and Coordination among NEO Observers and Orbital Computers, Kurashiki (Okayama, Japan), organized by the Japan Spaceguard Association. Proceedings: S. Isobe & Y. Asakura (eds.), 2001. See: http://www.spaceguard.or.jp/SGFJ/ws2001/kurashiki.pdf
2001, Oct 24	Aten NEA 2010 FN (H = 26.4 mag, $D \approx 18$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.54 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.64 LD. See: 2010 FN - JPL, 2010 FN - SSA See also: 24 Mar 2074 .
2001, Nov	J.S. Stuart, 2001, <i>Science</i> , 294, 1691, "A Near-Earth Asteroid population estimate from the LINEAR Survey ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2001Sci294.1691S The NEA population is more highly inclined than previously estimated, and the total number of kilometer-sized NEAs is estimated at 1227–90 ⁺¹⁷⁰ (1σ).
2001, Nov 8	Apollo NEA 2017 VW13 ($H = 20.6 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 270 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.37 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.32 LD. [2001-02] See: $2017 \text{ VW13} - \text{JPL}$, $2017 \text{ VW13} - \text{SSA}$
2001, Nov 17	Trans-Carpathians Fireball. The bolide, EN171101, which entered the atmosphere near the village Turýi Remety in the Trans-Carpathians (Ukraine) was photographed by the Czech and

	Slovakia chambers of the European Bolide Network . The length of the luminous track reached 107 km, starting at an altitude of 81 km. The initial mass was estimated at 4500 kg. Ref: - K.I. Churyumov, R.A. Belevtsev, E.V. Sobotovich, et al., 2010, in: J.A. Fernández, et al. (eds.), <i>Icy Bodies of the Solar System</i> , Proc. IAU Symp. No. 263, Rio de Janeiro (Brazil) 3-7 August 2009 (Cambridge: CUP), p. 244, "Magnetic microspheric particles from bright bolide of EN171101 , exploded above the Trans-Carpathians mountains on November 17, 2001." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010IAUS263244C
2001, Nov 18	Fireball, Smoke Trail, Meteor Storm, over Spruce Knob (WV, USA). See: http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap011122.html
2001, Nov 18	Leonids Meteor Shower Fireball, over Hawaii (USA). See: http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap011119.html
2001, Nov 23	J.S. Stuart, 2001, <i>Science</i> , 294, 1691, "A Near-Earth Asteroid population estimate from the LINEAR survey." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2001Sci294.1691S See also: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/294/5547/1691.full.pdf http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=new-studies-sharpen-pictu
2001, Nov 23	W.F. Bottke, D. Vokrouhlický, M. Brož, D. Nesvorný, A. Morbidelli, 2001, <i>Science</i> , 294, 1693, "Dynamical spreading of asteroid families by the Yarkovsky Effect." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2001Sci294.1693B See also: http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=new-studies-sharpen-pictu
2001, Nov 23	P. Michel, W. Benz, P. Tanga, D.C. Richardson, 2001, <i>Science</i> , 294, 1696, "Collisions and gravitational re-accumulation: forming asteroid families and satellites." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2001Sci294.1696M See also: http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=new-studies-sharpen-pictu
2001, Dec 16	Aten NEA 33342 (1998 WT24, $H = 18.3$ mag, $D \approx 415$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.86 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.86 LD. See: $\underline{1998 \text{ WT24} - \text{JPL}}$, $\underline{1998 \text{ WT24} - \text{SSA}}$

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	See also:
	http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/images/1998wt24.html
	http://science.nasa.gov/science-news/science-at-nasa/2001/ast14dec_1/
	http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=4800
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(33342)_1998_WT24
	See also: 16 Dec 1908, 16 Dec 1956, 11 Dec 2015, 18 Dec 2099
2002 , Jan 1	1683 NEAs known, of which 373 PHAs.
	See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
2002	Russian and Ukrainian organizations founded the Planetary
	Defence Centre (Khimki-2, Moscow, Russian Federation) as a
	nonprofit-making partnership, with a view to combining the efforts
	of organizations and experts working in various fields towards the
	establishment of a planetary defence system. The activities of the
	Planetary Defence Centre are based on the conceptual design for
	1 6
	the 'Citadel Planetary Defence System', which has been
	approved by the Centre's member organizations. See:
	http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/reports/ac105/AC105_863Add1E.pdf
	http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/pres/stsc2010/tech-43.pdf
2002	W.F. Bottke, A. Cellino, P. Paolicchi & R.P. Binzel (eds.), 2002,
2002	Asteroids III, Proceedings International meeting Asteroids 2001:
	From Piazzi to the 3 rd Millennium, Palermo (Sicily, Italy), 11-16
	June 2001 (Tucson: Univ. Arizona Press).
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2002aste.confB
	Among the papers:
	- A. Milani, S.R. Chesley, P.W. Chodas, G.B. Valsecchi, 2002, p.
	55, "Asteroid close approaches: analysis and potential impact
	detection."
	See:
	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2002aste.book55M
	https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/doc/milani_impact_paper.html
	- G.H. Stokes, J.B. Evans, S.M. Larson, 2002, p. 45, "Near-Earth
	Asteroid search programs."
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	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2002aste.conf45S
	http://www.lpi.usra.edu/books/AsteroidsIII/pdf/3037.pdf
	http://www.ipi.usia.edu/oooks/Asteroidsiii/pui/3037.pdi
2002	C. Koeberl, K.G. MacLeod (eds.), 2002, Proceedings
	International conference on Catastrophic Events & Mass
	Extinctions: Impacts and Beyond, 9-12 Jul 2000, Vienna
	(Austria), Geological Society of America Special Papers, Vol. 356,
	"Catastrophic events and mass extinctions: impacts and beyond."
	See: http://specialpapers.gsapubs.org/content/356
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2002caev.bookK
	See also:
	http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=46
	nup://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cim/1D=46

Among the papers:

- U. Köehler, 2002, *GSA SP*, 356, 1, "Meteors and comets in ancient Mexico." See: http://specialpapers.gsapubs.org/content/356
- C.R. Chapman, 2002 *GSA SP*, 356, 7, "Impact lethality and risks in today's world: Lessons for interpreting **Earth** history."

See: http://specialpapers.gsapubs.org/content/356/7.abstract

- F.T. Kyte, 2002, *GSA SP*, 356, 21, "Tracers of the extraterrestrial component in sediments and inferences for **Earth**'s accretion history."

See: http://specialpapers.gsapubs.org/content/356/21.abstract

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See: http://specialpapers.gsapubs.org/content/356/39.abstract

- E. Lounejeva, M. Ostroumov, G. Sánchez-Rubio, 2002, *GSA SP*, 356, 47, "Micro-Raman and optical identification of coesite in suevite from **Chicxulub**."

See: http://specialpapers.gsapubs.org/content/356/47.abstract

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See: http://specialpapers.gsapubs.org/content/356/55.abstract

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See: http://specialpapers.gsapubs.org/content/356/69.abstract

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See: http://specialpapers.gsapubs.org/content/356/79.abstract

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- A. Raukas, 2002, *GSA SP*, 356, 563, "Postglacial **impact events in Estonia** and their influence on people and the environment." See: http://specialpapers.gsapubs.org/content/356/563.abstract

- P.S. DeCarli, E. Bowden, A.P. Jones, G.D. Price, 2002, *GSA SP*, 356, 595, "Laboratory impact experiments versus natural impact events."

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	See: http://specialpapers.gsapubs.org/content/356/619.abstract
	- E.W. Elst, 2002, <i>GSA SP</i> , 356, 645, "On the completeness of the
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	sources of Earth crossers."
	See: http://specialpapers.gsapubs.org/content/356/651.abstract
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	- C.A. Olano, 2002, <i>GSA SP</i> , 356, 679, "Solar system linked to a
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	galactic theory of terrestrial catastrophism."
	See: http://specialpapers.gsapubs.org/content/356/679.abstract
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	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2001caev.conf.3152W
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2002	S.N. Ward, E. Asphaug, 2002, Deep-Sea Research, Part II, 49,
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	axis."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2002Icar1562118
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2002, Jan 7	Apollo NEA 2001 YB5 ($H = 20.4 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 290 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed
2002, 3411 /	Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.16 LD. Minimum miss
	distance 2.16 LD.
	See: <u>2001 YB5 - JPL</u> , <u>2001 YB5 - SSA</u>

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	See also:
	http://www.planetary.org/news/2002/0109 Asteroid Gives Earth a Clo
	se Flyby.html
	http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=105
	http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=107
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Delta_Cancrids
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2001_YB5
2002, Jan 22	Apollo NEA 4660 Nereus (1982 DB , <i>H</i> = 18.5 mag, <i>D</i> = 510 x
	330 x 240 m, PHA) passed Earth at 11.30 LD. Minimum miss
	distance 11.30 LD.
	See: <u>1982 DB - JPL</u> , <u>4660 Nereus - SSA</u>
	Ref:
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	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012DPS4421020K
	See also:
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/4660 Nereus
	See also: 29 Jan 1900, 11 Dec 2021, 14 Feb 2060, 4 Feb 2071, 23
	Dec 2112, 4 Feb 2166.
	Dec 2112, 4 1 cb 2100.
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2002, Feb	Spaceguard Survey update: 587 of the larger (D > 1 km) NEAs found. The present number of NEAs of all sizes is 1743
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2002, Jun 14	Apollo NEA 2002 MN ($H = 23.9 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 60 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.31 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.31 LD. [2002-01] See: $2002 \text{ MN} - \text{JPL}$, $2002 \text{ MN} - \text{SSA}$ Ref: - D. Morrison, C.R. Chapman, D. Steel, R.P. Binzel, 2004, in: M.J.S. Belton, et al. (eds.), 2004, <i>Mitigation of Hazardous Comets and Asteroids</i> (Cambridge: CUP), p. 353, "Impacts and the public: communicating the nature of impact hazard." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004mhca.conf353M - B.G. Marsden, 2007, in: P. Bobrowsky & H. Rickman (eds.), 2007, <i>Comet/Asteroid Impacts and Human Society</i> (Berlin: Springer), p. 505, "Impact risk communication management (1998)

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	"Introduction:
	A few weeks ago the world almost saw a nuclear war. Pakistan and
	India were at full alert and poised for a large-scale war - which
	both sides appeared ready to escalate into nuclear war. The
	situation was defused - for now! Most of the world knew about this
	situation and watched and worried. But few know of an event over
	the Mediterranean in early June of this year that could have had a
	serious bearing on that outcome. U.S. early warning satellites
	detected a flash that indicated an energy release comparable to the
	Hiroshima burst. We see about 30 such bursts per year, but this
	one was one of the largest we've ever seen. The event was caused
	by the impact of a small asteroid - probably about 5-10 meters in
	diameter on the earth's atmosphere. Had you been situated on a
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	vessel directly underneath the intensely bright flash would have
	been followed by a shock wave that would have rattled the entire
	ship and possibly caused minor damage.
	The event of this June caused little or no notice as far as we can
	tell. But had it occurred at the same latitude, but a few hours
	earlier, the result on human affairs might have been much worse.
	Imagine that the bright flash accompanied by a damaging shock
	wave had occurred over Delhi, India or Islamabad, Pakistan?
	Neither of those nations have the sophisticated sensors we do that
	can determine the difference between a natural NEO impact and a
	nuclear detonation. The resulting panic in the nuclear-armed and
	hair-trigger militaries there could have been the spark that would
	have ignited the nuclear horror we'd avoided for over a half-
	century. This situation alone should be sufficient to get the world
	to take notice of the threat of asteroid impact."
	<u> </u>
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2002, Aug 3	Apollo NEA 2013 YP139 ($H = 21.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 968 \text{ m}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.12 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.12 LD. See: 2013 YP139 - JPL, 2013 YP139 - SSA See also: 12 Dec 2069 .
2002, Aug 18	Apollo NEA 2002 NY40 (H = 19.3 mag, $D \approx 280$ m, PHA) passed Earth at 1.37 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.37 LD. See: 2002 NY40 - JPL, 2002 NY40 - SSA Ref: - R.W. Sinnott, 23 July 2003, <i>Sky & Telescope</i> , "Hefty asteroid to sweep near Earth." See: http://www.skyandtelescope.com/news/3306351.html

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2002, Sep 15	Aten NEA 2020 RD4 (H = 29.8 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.06 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.03 LD. See: $2020 \text{ RD4} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ RD4} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 14 Sep 2020 , 15 Sep 2079 .
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	population of Near-Earth Asteroids in coorbital motion with the Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2002Icar1601M
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2003, Jan	D. Morrison, 2003, <i>Astrobiology</i> , 3, 193, "Impacts and evolution: future prospects." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2003AsBio3193M
2003, Jan	In the context of ESA NEO space mission preparations, ESA presented the mission study report for <i>Smallsat Intercept Missions to Objects Near Earth</i> (<i>SIMONE</i>).

	See: http://www.esa.int/gsp/completed/neo/simone.html http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/reports/ac105/AC105_863Add1E.pdf
2003, Jan 4	A.P.J. Abdul Kalam, President of India, 4 January 2003, Space Summit Address to the 90 th Indian Science Congress, "Vision for the global space community: prosperous, happy and secure planet earth." See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/1950da/1950DA_Kalam_90th_Indian_Congress.pdf
2003, Jan 8	Aten NEA 2002 AA29 (H = 24.5 mag, $D \approx 25$ m) passed Earth at 15.22 LD. Minimum miss distance 15.22 LD. See: 2002 AA29 - JPL, 2002 AA29 - SSA See also: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news137.html http://www.spaceref.com/news/viewpr.html?pid=8834 https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/doc/2002aa29/ http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2002_AA29
2003, Jan 8	R.L. Schweickart, 2003, "The need for a United Nations asteroid deflection treaty to establish a system for trustworthy mission design and execution." See: http://www.b612foundation.org/papers/OECD_trustworthy.pdf
2003, Jan 9	C.R. Chapman, 2003, in: OECD Global Science Forum Workshop <i>Near Earth Objects: Risk, Policies and Actions</i> , Frascati (Italy) 20-22 January 2003, "How a Near-Earth Object impact might affect society." See: http://www.oecd.org/dataoecd/18/40/2493218.pdf
2003, Jan 20-22	Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD, Paris, France) Global Science Forum Workshop on Near Earth Objects: Risk, Policies and Actions, hosted by ESRIN, Frascati (Italy). Final report of 11 August 2004. See: http://www.iau.org/static/publications/IB93.pdf , p. 13, "NEO-related activities". The Workshop stated: • " assess the NEO hazard as it relates to public safety, determine the commensurate level of response, and undertake appropriate actions at national and international levels." • " each government that has not already done so consider designating a responsible official (office, administration, etc.) within the government, tasked with following the ever-growing body of knowledge about NEO impacts, and, where appropriate, advising the government regarding the implications for public safety of the NEO risk.

	• "explore strategies for mitigating the impact of a range of
	characteristic NEOs, identifying the scientific, technical, legal and policy implications of mounting a NEO negation mission" Ref:
	- D. Morrison, C.R. Chapman, D. Steel, R.P. Binzel, 2004, in: M.J.S. Belton, et al. (eds.), 2004, <i>Mitigation of Hazardous Comets and Asteroids</i> (Cambridge: CUP), p. 353, "Impacts and the public:
	communicating the nature of impact hazard." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004mhca.conf353M
	See also: http://www.oecd.org/document/17/0,3343,en 2649 34319 2767633 1
	1 1 1,00.html http://www.oecd.org/dataoecd/39/40/2503992.pdf
	http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=124
2003, Feb	Lowell Observatory (Flagstaff, AZ, USA) and Discovery
2003,100	Communications formed a partnership to build the 4.2m Discovery Channel Telescope . First light expected by the end of 2010. Ref:
	- E. Bowell, R.L. Millis, E.W. Dunham, et al., 2007, in: A. Milani, G.B. Valsecchi & D. Vokrouhlický (eds.), Proc. IAU Symposium
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	Opportunity and Risk, Prague (Czech Republic), 14-18 August 2006 (Cambridge: CUP), p. 363, "Searching for NEOs using the
	Lowell Observatory's Discovery Channel Telescope (DCT) ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007IAUS236363B
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	families." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2003Natur.421608M
2003, Feb 10	Great Impact Debates, <i>Astrobiology Magazine</i> , 10 February 2003, "The benefits of hard bodies."
	See: http://www.astrobio.net/debate/373/the-benefits-of-hard-bodies
2003, Feb 11	First discovery of an IEO asteroid: 163693 Atira (2003 CP20, $H = 16.5$, $D \approx 1800$ m), by the LINEAR team of the Lincoln Near-
	Earth Asteroid Research at Lincoln Laboratory's Experimental Test Site near Socorro (NM, New Mexico, USA). Atira is the
	Pawnee goddess of Earth and the evening star. This is the first numbered minor planet to have an orbit completely interior to that

	of the Earth. See: 2003 CP20 - JPL, 163693 Atira - SSA See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/163693_Atira
2003, Feb 14	Symposium on <i>The Asteroid/Comet Impact Hazard: A Decade of Growing Awareness</i> , American Association for the Advancement of Science (AAAS), Denver (CO, USA), marking the 10 th anniversary of the Spaceguard Report . See: http://www.aaas.org/news/releases/2003/0122am.shtml http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=122
2003, Feb 17	Great Impact Debates, <i>Astrobiology Magazine</i> , 17 February 2003, "Much ado about nothing?" See: http://www.astrobio.net/debate/378/much-ado-about-nothing
2003, Feb 24	Great Impact Debates, <i>Astrobiology Magazine</i> , 24 February 2003, "The large and the small." See: http://www.astrobio.net/debate/382/the-large-and-the-small
2003, Mar 3	Great Impact Debates, <i>Astrobiology Magazine</i> , 3 March 2003, "Collision course for Earth." See: http://www.astrobio.net/debate/389/collision-course-for-earth
2003, Mar 14	M. Belló, J.A. González, A. Milani, G. Valsecchi, P. Paolicchi, et al., 2003, <i>NEO-DMS-EXS</i> , "Near Earth Objects space mission preparation: <i>Don Quijote</i> mission executive summary." ESA study contract. See: http://www.esa.int/gsp/completed/neo/donquijote_execsum.pdf See also: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=144 http://www.space.com/12781-space-missions-deflect-dangerous-asteroids-apophis.html
2003, Mar 16	Technical workshop <i>Tsunami Hazard Workshop</i> , Houston (TX, USA). See: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=123
2003, Mar 27	Park Forest Fireball and Meteorite . Bolide entering the Earth atmosphere over Park Forest (II, USA) south of Chicago, detected by U.S. Department of Energy and Department of Defense satellites. Estimated initial NEA diameter $D \approx 1.8$ m, estimated initial mass $M \approx 11,000$ kg. Ref: - P. Brown, D. Pack, W.N. Edwards, et al., 2004, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 39, 1781, "The orbit, atmospheric dynamics,

	and initial mass of the Park Forest Meteorite." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004M%26PS39.1781B See also: http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap030506.html http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap050724.html
2003, Apr 3	Apollo NEA 2003 GG21 (H = 22.1 mag, $D \approx 140$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.39 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.39 LD. See: 2003 GG21 - JPL, 2003 GG21 - SSA
2003, Apr 13-16	European Science Foundation Research Networking Programme Response of the Earth System to Impact Processes (IMPACT), Workshop on Biological Processes in Impact Craters, Cambridge (UK). See: http://www.esf.org/activities/research-networking-programmes/life-earth-and-environmental-sciences-lesc/completed-esf-research-networking-programmes-in-life-earth-and-environmental-sciences/response-of-the-earth-system-to-impact-processes-impact/science-meetings.html
2003, Apr 19	E. Asphaug, 2003, <i>New Scientist</i> , "Taming the heavens." See: http://www.newscientist.com/article/mg17823914.400-taming-the-heavens.html
2003, Apr 22-23	ICSU workshop on NEOs, Paris (France), with IAU, IUGG, IUGS, COSPAR, SCOR, SCOPE, and the USA, as well as the OECD GSF. See: http://www.iau.org/static/publications/IB93.pdf , p. 13, "NEO-related activities."
2003, Apr 29	Apollo NEA 2003 HW10 (H = 26.8 mag, $D \approx 16$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.86 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.86 LD. [2003-01] See: 2003 HW10 - JPL, 2003 HW10 - SSA
2003, May	A. Morbidelli, D. Vokrouhlický, 2003, <i>Icarus</i> , 163, 120, "The Yarkovsky-driven origin of near-Earth asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2003Icar163120M
2003, May 1-4	Meeting on Asteroids and Comets in Europe, Costitx (Mallorca, Spain). See: http://www.minorplanets.org/MACE2003/
2003, Jun	G. Masi, 2003, <i>Icarus</i> , 163, 389, "Searching for inner-Earth objects: a possible ground-based approach." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2003Icar163389M

2003, Jun 20	A. Milani, 2003, <i>Science</i> , 300, 1882, "Extraterrestrial material – virtual or real hazards?" See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/300/5627/1882.summary?sid=e377c0b3-994a-4614-bc70-5ee36edb563c
2003, Jul 14	In a letter to Congress, a group of space-savvy Americans urged the U.S. government to begin immediate preparations to deal with the threat of NEOs. See: http://usgovinfo.about.com/cs/technology/a/aaneoletter.htm
2003, Jul 14	S. Nadis, 2003, <i>Scientific American</i> , 14 July 2003, "Keeper of the objects." With a shoestring budget, asteroid and comet watcher Brian Marsden looks out for Armageddon from the skies – and not without controversy See: http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=keeper-of-the-objects
2003, Jul 22	 IAU XXV General Assembly, Sydney (Australia). Division III Working Group on Near-Earth Objects (WG-NEO) meeting. Report by David Morrison, chair WG-NEO. Ref: D. Morrision, 2007, in: O. Engvold (ed.), 2007, Transactions IAU XXVB (San Francisco: ASP), p. 131, "Working Group on Near-Earth Objects." See: http://www.astrosociety.org/astroshop/index.php?p=product&id=119&parent=8
2003, Jul 23	IAU XXV General Assembly, Sydney (Australia). Joint Discussion 10 on Physical Properties and Morphology of Small Solar System Bodies. In: O. Engvold (ed.), 2005, Highlights of Astronomy, Vol. 13 (San Francisco: ASP), p. 721. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005HiA13E http://www.iau.org/science/publications/iau/highlights/
2003, Aug	J.M. Trigo-Rodriguez, J. Llorca, J. Borovicka, J. Fabregat, 2003, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 38, 1283, "Chemical abundances determined from meteor spectra. I. Ratios of the main chemical elements." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2003M%26PS38.1283T
2003, Aug 22	G.H. Stokes, D.K. Yeomans, W.F. Bottke, et al. (eds.), 2003, NASA NEO Science Definition Team (SDT) report Study to Determine the Feasibility of Extending the Search for Near-Earth

	Objects to Smaller Limiting Diameters, NASA Office of Space Science, Solar System Exploration Division, Washington DC, USA (2003). See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/neo/report.html http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/neo/neoreport030825.pdf https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/doc/neoreport030825.pdf Summary: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=131
2003, Aug 25	F.A. Macdonald, J.A. Bunting, S.E. Cina, 2003, <i>Earth and Planetary Science Letters</i> , 213, 235, "Yarrabubba - a large, deeply eroded impact structure in the Yilgarn Craton, Western Australia." See: https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0012821X03003224
2003, Sep	E. Asphaug, 2003, <i>Scientific American</i> , 13, 44, "The small planets." See: http://81.70.242.211//Scientific%20American//
2003, Sep 19	Aten NEA 2003 SW130 (H = 29.4 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.42 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.42 LD. [2003-02] See: $2003 \text{ SW}130 - \text{JPL}$, $2003 \text{ SW}130 - \text{SSA}$ See also: 19 Sep 1990.
2003, Sep 27	Apollo NEA 2003 SQ222 (H = 30.0 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.22 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.22 LD. [2003-03] See: 2003 SQ222 - JPL , 2003 SQ222 - SSA See also: http://antwrp.gsfc.nasa.gov/apod/ap031015.html http://www.newscientist.com/article/dn4228-closest-asteroid-yet-flies-past-earth.html http://www.skyandtelescope.com/news/3308176.html
2003, Sep late	Fireball over South Wales (UK). See: http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap031001.html
2003, Oct 12	Apollo NEA 2003 UM3 ($H = 28.0$ mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.72 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.59 LD. [2003-04] See: 2003 UM3 - JPL, 2003 UM3 - SSA
2003, Oct 15	Apollo NEA 69230 Hermes (1937 UB , $H = 17.5$ mag, $D \approx 1100$, PHA) re-discovered. Binary asteroid, each $D \approx 300$ m, <i>separation</i> ≈ 1200 m, $P = 778$ d.

	See: 1937 UB - JPL, 69230 Hermes - SSA
	See also:
	http://www.news.cornell.edu/releases/Oct03/Arecibo.asteroid.deb.html
	http://science.nasa.gov/headlines/y2003/31oct_hermes.htm
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/69230_Hermes
	See also: 29 Oct 1914, 30 Oct 1937, 26 Apr 1942, 1 Nov 1954, 31 Oct 2086, 30 Apr 2123.
	Oct 2000, 50 Apr 2125.
2003, Oct 16	W.T. Huntress, 2003, statement before the Committee on Science,
	U.S. House of Representatives, "The future of human space flight".
	Advocating <i>inter alia</i> a one-year human mission to a Near Earth Object.
	See: http://www.access.gpo.gov/congress/house/pdf/108hrg/89892.pdf
	http://www.planetary.org/programs/projects/aim for mars/testimony hu
	ntress_2003.html
2003, Nov	D. Morrison, 2003, <i>Mercury</i> , 32, no. 6, p. 15, "Commentary: are
2003, 1101	astronomers crying wolf?"
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2003Mercu32f15M
2003, Nov	R.L. Schweickart, E.T. Lu, P. Hut, C.R. Chapman, 2003, Scientific
	American, 13 October 2003, "The Asteroid Tugboat."
	See: http://scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=the-asteroid-tugboat
	See also:
	http://www.secureworldfoundation.org/siteadmin/images/files/file_97.pd
	http://www.b612foundation.org/press/press.html #3
	http://www.b612foundation.org/papers/AT-GT.pdf
	http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=130
	http://www.nature.com/scientificamerican/journal/v305/n6/full/scientificamerican1211-16.html
2003, Nov	M. Delbò, A.W. Harris, R.P. Binzel, et al., 2003, <i>Icarus</i> , 166, 166,
	"Keck observations of near-Earth asteroids in the thermal
	infrared."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2003Icar166116D
2003, Nov 12	Apollo NEA 65803 Didymos (1996 GT, $H = 18.1 \text{ mag}, D \approx 800$
	+160 m, PHA) passed Earth at 18.69 LD (= 0.05 AU). Minimum
	miss distance 18.69 LD. Flyby target for <i>AIDA</i> mission.
	See: <u>65803 Didymos - SSA</u> , <u>1996 GT - JPL</u>
	See also:
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/65803_Didymos
	See also: 29 May 2012, 4 Oct 2022, 20 Oct 2062, 4 Nov 2123
2003, Dec	A. Boattini, G. D'Abramo, H. Scholl, O.R. Hainaut, R. West, G.
	Hahn, R. Michelsen, G. Forti, P. Pravec, G.B. Valsecchi, 2003,
	Earth, Moon, and Planets, 93, 239, "Eliminating virtual impactors

	with the Very Large Telescope: an ESO program with the FORS2 camera." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2003EM%26P93239B
2003, Dec	S.R. Chesley, A.W. Harris, D.K. Yeomans, S.N. Ward, 2003, <i>American Geophysical Union, Fall Meeting 2003</i> , abstract #P51E-01, "An updated assessment of the hazard due to Earth impacts." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2003AGUFM.P51E01C
2003, Dec 5	S.R. Chesley, S.J. Ostro, D. Vokrouhlický, et al., 2003, <i>Science</i> , 302, 1739, "Direct detection of the Yarkovsky Effect by radar ranging to Apollo NEA 6489 Golevka ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2003Sci302.1739C See also: 6489 Golevka , 1991 JX , <i>H</i> = 18.9 mag, <i>D</i> = 350 x 250 x 250 m, PHA. 1991 JX -JPL, 6489 Golevka - SSA See also: <a <a="" asteroid="" decision="" for="" href="http://www.digitalspace.com/projects/neo-mission/docs/Blair_ADM03.pdf" impacts."="" model="" potential="" see:="">http://www.digitalspace.com/projects/neo-mission/docs/Blair_ADM03.pdf
2003, Dec 22	Aten/Apollo NEA 2020 XC (H = 29.0 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.13 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.94 LD. See: $2020 \text{ XC} - 82P$, $2020 \text{ XC} - JPL$ See also: 30 May 2013 , 30 Nov 2020 .
2004 , Jan 1	2608 NEAs known, of which 551 PHAs. See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
2004	A. Cellino, K. Muinonen, E.F. Tedesco, 2004, <i>Advances in Space Research</i> , 33, 1576, "Rationale and orbital options for a dedicated space-based observatory for NEOs."

	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004AdSpR33.1576C
2004	R.A. Posner, 2004, <i>Catastrophe: risk and response</i> (Oxford: Oxford University Press). See: http://ukcatalogue.oup.com/product/9780195306477.do See also: http://www.hsaj.org/?article=4.1.5
2004	D. Sears, C. Allen, D. Britt, et al., 2004, <i>Advances in Space Research</i> , 34, 2270, "The <i>Hera</i> mission: multiple near-earth asteroid sample return." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004AdSpR34.2270S http://www.uark.edu/misc/hera/
2004	The international yearbook <i>Ephemerides of minor planets</i> (EMP), published since 1948 for the International Astronomical Union by the Institute of Applied Astronomy (IAA) in St. Petersburg (Russian Federation), contains information on orbital elements of numbered minor planets and the circumstances of their observations during the best observation periods. Starting in 2004 the IAA publishes the EMP in a reduced volume with information on a limited number of minor planets, together with a CD with data for all numbered planets. See: http://www.ipa.nw.ru/PAGE/DEPFUND/LSBSS/engephem.htm
2004, Jan	ESA international Near-Earth Object Mission Advisory Panel (NEOMAP) established. NEOMAP was charged with the task of advising ESA on cost-effective options for ESA participation in a space mission to contribute to our understanding of the physical nature of near-Earth asteroids and their terrestrial impact hazard. See: http://www.esa.int/SPECIALS/NEO/SEM4Q7OVGJE_0.html http://ebooks.worldscinet.com/ISBN/9789812701787/9789812701787_0 http://ebooks.worldscinet.com/ISBN/9789812701787/9789812701787_0 http://ebooks.worldscinet.com/ISBN/9789812701787/9789812701787_0 http://ebooks.worldscinet.com/ISBN/9789812701787/9789812701787_0 http://ebooks.worldscinet.com/ISBN/9789812701787/9789812701787_0 http://ebooks.worldscinet.com/ISBN/9789812701787/9789812701787_0
2004	H. Dypvik, A. Mørk, M. Smelror, et al., 2004, <i>Norwegian Journal of Geology</i> , 84(3), 143, "Impact breccia and ejecta from the Mjølnir crater in the Barents Sea - The Ragnarok Formation and Sindre Bed." See: http://www.geologi.no/cgi-bin/geologi/imaker?id=4333&visdybde=2&aktiv=4333 http://www.geologi.no/data/f/0/05/01/9_22301_0/Dypvik http://folk.uio.no/ftsikala/mjolnir/
2004, Jan 4	Villabeto de la Peña superbolide (Villabeto, Spain). Chondrite
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	meteorites found.
	Ref:
	- J. Llorca, J.M. Trigo-Rodríguez, J.L. Ortiz, et al., 2005,
	Meteoritics & Planetary Science, 40, 795, "The Villalbeto de la
	Peña meteorite fall: I. Fireball energy, meteorite recovery, strewn
	field, and petrography."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005M%26PS40795L
	- J.M. Trigo-Rodríguez, J. Boroviča, P. Spurný, et al., 2006,
	Meteoritics & Planetary Science, 41, 505, "The Villalbeto de la
	Peña meteorite fall: II. Determination of atmospheric trajectory
	and orbit."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005M%26PS41505T
	See also:
	http://www.spmn.uji.es/ENG/presentation.html
2004, Jan 13	Apollo NEA 444004 (2004 AS1, $H = 20.8$, $D \approx 250$ m, PHA)
	discovered and initially thought to be heading for potential (10-
	25%) Earth impact within 24 hours. Questions were raised re who
	should be notified and whether or not such notice should be raised
	to [US] Presidential level. Fortunate late telescopic view by
	amateur astronomer in the UK found that NEO not on impact
	trajectory. Czech observation following night demonstrated that
	the asteroid passed Earth on 16 February 2004 at 33.2 LD.
	1
	See: <u>2004 AS1 - JPL</u> , <u>2004 AS1 - SSA</u> Ref:
	- B.G. Marsden, 2007, in: P. Bobrowsky & H. Rickman (eds.),
	2007, Comet/Asteroid Impacts and Human Society (Berlin:
	Springer), p. 505, "Impact risk communication management (1998
	- 2004): Has it improved?"
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007caih.bookB
	See also:
	http://www.planetarydefense.info/resources/pdf/chapman.pdf
	http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=135
	http://b612foundation.org/papers/Chapman_AIAA.pdf
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2004_AS1
2004, Feb 8	Apollo NEA 2008 CE 22 ($H = 26.6 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 17 \text{ m}$) passed Earth
	at a nominal miss distance of 6.74 LD. Minimum miss distance
	0.95 LD.
	See: 2008 CE22 - JPL, 2008 CE22 - SSA
	500. 2000 CD22 511 , 2000 CD22 5511
2004, Feb 23-26	2004 Planetary Defense Conference, Protecting Earth from
	Asteroids, Garden Grove (CA, USA), sponsored by the American
	Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics (AIAA) and The
	Aerospace Corporation. Summary in White Paper.
	See: http://www.planetarydefense.info/
	http://www.planetarydefense.info/resources/pdf/conference_white_paper

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	<pre>.pdf http://www.aero.org/conferences/planetdef</pre>
	http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=136
	http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=139
	http://www.usatoday.com/tech/news/2004-03-11-asteroid-menace_x.htm
2004, Feb 23	C.R. Chapman, 2004, presented at AIAA 2004 Planetary Defense Conference <i>Protecting Earth from Asteroids</i> , Garden Grove (CA, USA), "NEO impact scenarios." See: http://www.b612foundation.org/papers/Chapman_AIAA.pdf
2004, Feb 23	D.K. Lynch, G.E. Peterson, 2004, presented at AIAA 2004 Planetary Defense Conference <i>Protecting Earth from Asteroids</i> , Garden Grove (CA, USA), "Athos, Porthos, Aramis, & D'Artagnon: four planning scenarios for planetary protection." See: http://www.planetarydefense.info/resources/pdf/lynch.pdf
2004, Mar	R.P. Binzel, E. Perozzi, A.S. Rivkin, A. Rossi, A.W. Harris, S.J. Bus, G.B. Valsecchi, S.M. Slivan, 2004, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 39, 351, "Dynamical and compositional assessment of near-Earth object mission targets." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004M%26PS39351B
2004, Mar	P. Jenniskens, 2004, WGN, Journal of the International Meteor Organization, 32, 7, "2003 EH1 and the Quadrantid shower." See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004JIMO327J/abstract See also: https://www.space.com/quadrantid-meteor-shower-2020-peaks-what-to-expect.html
2004, Mar	S.J. Ostro, L.A.M. Benner, M.C. Nolan, et al., 2004, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 39, 407, "Radar observations of asteroid 25143 Itokawa (1998 SF36)." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004M%26PS394070
2004, Mar	K. Petreshock, D. Abbott, C. Glatz, 2004, in: 35th Lunar and Planetary Science Conference, 15-19 March 2004, League City (TX, USA), abstract no.1364, "Continental impact debris in the Eltanin impact layer." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004LPI35.1364P
2004, Mar 1	Apollo NEA 2017 EA (H = 31.0 mag, $D \approx 2.3$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.25 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.66 LD. See: 2017 EA – 2017 EA
2004, Mar 18	Aten NEA 2004 FH ($H = 26.3 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 19 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a
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	nominal miss distance of 0.128 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.128 LD. [2004-01] See: 2004 FH - JPL, 2004 FH - SSA See also: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=137 http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news142.html http://antwrp.gsfc.nasa.gov/apod/ap040322.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2004_FH
2004, Mar 25	A. La Spina, P. Paolicchi, A. Kryszczyńska, P. Pravec, 2004, <i>Nature</i> , 428, 400, "Retrograde spins of near-Earth asteroids from the Yarkovsky effect." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004Natur.428.400L
2004, Mar 27	Apollo NEA 2004 FY15 (H = 26.2 mag, $D \approx 20$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.62 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.62 LD. [2004-02] See: $2004 \text{ FY15} - \text{JPL}$, $2004 \text{ FY15} - \text{SSA}$
2004, Mar 31	Aten NEA 2004 FU162 (H = 28.7 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.034 LD (= 2.03 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.0090 LD (= 0.54 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). [2004-03] See: 2004 FU162 - JPL, 2004 FU162 - SSA See also: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=145 See also: http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [June 2020] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2004_FU162
2004, Apr	The Catalina Sky Survey brings a 0.5 m Schmidt telescope online at Siding Spring (Australia) for a southern hemisphere NEO search effort. See: http://uanews.org/node/23277
2004, Apr 7	NASA astronauts Russell L. Schweickart and Ed T. Lu on deflecting NEAs, testimony before the U.S. Senate Subcommittee on Science, Technology and Space, dealing with defense against asteroid impacts. See: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=140 http://www.globalsecurity.org/space/library/congress/2004_h/040407-schweickart.htm
2004, Apr 7	Apollo NEA 2008 GF1 ($H = 28.5 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.57 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.25 LD.

	See: <u>2008 GF1 - JPL</u> , <u>2008 GF1 - SSA</u> See also: 7 Apr 2008 .
2004, Apr 18	Apollo NEA 2004 HE (H = 26.8 mag, $D \approx 15$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.72 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.72 LD. [2004-04] See: 2004 HE - JPL, 2004 HE - SSA
2004, May	A. Boattini, G. D'Abramo, H. Scholl, et al., 2004, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> , 418, 743, "Near Earth Asteroid search and follow-up beyond 22nd magnitude. A pilot program with ESO telescopes." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004A%26A418743B
2004, May	J.L. Remo, 2004, <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , 54, 755, "A quantitative NEO hazard mitigation scale." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004AcAau54755R
2004, May	Stokes, G., 2004, American Geophysical Union, Spring Meeting 2004, abstract #P11A-03, "A study to determine the feasibility of extending the search for NEOs to smaller limiting diameters: report of a NASA Science Definition Team." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004AGUSM.P11A03S
2004, May 15	C.R. Chapman, 2004, <i>Earth and Planetary Science Letters</i> , 222, 1, "The hazard of Near-Earth Asteroid impacts on Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004E%26PSL.2221C See also: http://www.b612foundation.org/press/press.html , #5, http://www.sciencemag.org/content/304/5674/1081.1.full?sid=7557ae29-dd09-49f2-8140-b0fc461e288d
2004, May 25	A. Cheng, 2004, <i>Space Daily</i> , 25 May 2004, "One giant leap on an asteroid." See: http://www.spacedaily.com/news/asteroid-04f.html
2004, May 27-30	Meeting on Asteroids and Comets in Europe, Fraso Sabino (Italy). See: http://www.ara.roma.it/eng/div/specials.htm
2004, Jun	Nordic Near-Earth Object Network (NEON) started operations with the Nordic Optical Telescope on La Palma (Canary Islands, Spain), running till September 2006. Ref: - K. Muinonen, J. Torpa, J Virtanen, et al., 2007, in: A. Milani, G.B. Valsecchi & D. Vokrouhlický (eds.), Proc. IAU Symp. No. 236 on Near Earth Objects, our Celestial Neighbors: Opportunity and Risk, Prague (Czech Republic), 14-18 August 2006

	(Cambridge: CUP), p. 309, "Spins, shapes and orbits for near-Earth
	objects by Nordic NEON."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007IAUS236309M
2004, Jun 4	L. Becker, R.J. Poreda, A.R. Basu, et al., 2004, <i>Science</i> , 304, 1469, "Bedout, a possible end-Permian impact crater offshore of Northwestern Australia." See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/304/5676/1469.abstract?sid=78e2e4f7-3397-4d09-b789-98f4799cf917
2004, Jun 19	Aten NEA 99942 Apophis (2004 MN4, <i>H</i> = 19.0 mag, <i>D</i> = 310 ± 30 m, <i>M</i> ≈ 4.7 × 10 ¹⁰ kg, orbital <i>P</i> = 0.89 yr, PHA) discovered, initially considered a serious impact probability. See: 2004 MN4 - JPL, 99942 Apophis - SSA Ref: - A.M. MacRobert, 15 February 2005, <i>Sky & Telescope</i> , "Asteroid 2004 MN4: a really near miss!" See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005S%26T109e16M - D. Chandler, 2005, <i>New Scientist</i> , 25 June 2005, issue 2505, "Killer asteroid: too close for comfort." See: http://www.newscientist.com/article/mg18625051.200-killer-asteroid-too-close-for-comfort.html - B.G. Marsden, 2007, in: P. Bobrowsky & H. Rickman (eds.), 2007, <i>Comet/Asteroid Impacts and Human Society</i> (Berlin: Springer), p. 505, "Impact risk communication management (1998 – 2004): Has it improved?" See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007caih.bookB - J.D. Giorgini, L. Benner, S.J. Ostro, et al., 2008, <i>Icarus</i> , 193, 1, "Predicting the Earth encounters of (99942) Apophis." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008Icar1931G - S.R. Chesley, A. Milani, D. Tholen, et al., 2009, <i>AAS-DPS</i> , 41.4306, "An updated assessment of the impact threat from 99942 Apophis." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009DPS41.4306C - J. Žižka, D. Vokrouhlický, 2011, <i>Icarus</i> , 211, 511, "Solar radiation pressure on (99942) Apophis." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Icar211511Z - M. Brozovic, L. Benner, J. McMichael, et al., 2015, AAS DPS
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	http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news164.html
	http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/apophis/
	http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2332
	http://www.newscientist.com/article/mg18625051.200-killer-asteroid-
	too-close-for-comfort.html
	http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/pres/stsc2010/tech-45.pdf
	http://content.usatoday.com/communities/sciencefair/post/2010/11/apoph
	is-asteroid-2013/1
	See also:
	http://www.esa.int/Our Activities/Space Science/Herschel intercepts as
	teroid Apophis
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/99942 Apophis
	See also: 13 Apr 1907, 14 Apr 1949, 14 Apr 1998, 9 Jan 2013, 13
	Apr 2029, 23 Mar 1936, 11 Sep 2059.
2004, Jun 25	J.K. Beatty, 2004, <i>Sky & Telescope</i> , "Killer asteroids: the count
2001,000120	rises." See:
	http://www.skyandtelescope.com/news/3304491.html?page=1&c=y
2004, Jun 26	Apollo NEA 25143 Itokawa (1998 SF36 , <i>H</i> = 19.1 mag, <i>D</i> =
200 4 , Juli 20	
	$0.520 \times 0.270 \times 0.230$ km, $M = 3.6 \times 10^{10}$ kg, PHA) passed Earth
	at a nominal miss distance of 5.02 LD. Minimum miss distance
	5.02 LD.
	See: <u>1998 SF36 - JPL</u> , <u>25143 Itokawa - SSA</u>
	See also:
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/25143 Itokawa
	See also: 27 Jun 1905, 9 Apr 2167.
2004, Jul 9	ESA report The Near-Earth Object Impact Hazard: Space Mission
200 4 , Jul <i>)</i>	
	Priorities for Risk Assessment and Reduction, recommendations to
	ESA by the Near-Earth Object Mission Advisory Panel
	(NEOMAP), by A.W. Harris, W. Benz, A. Fitzsimmons, A.
	Galvez, S.F. Green, P. Michel, and G.B. Valsecchi.
	See:
	http://www.esa.int/gsp/NEO/doc/NEOMAP report June23 wCover.pdf
	http://www.esa.mi/gsp/NEO/doc/NEOMAP_report_June23_wcover.pdi
2004, Jul 9	A Cosmic Study by the International Academy of Astronautics,
200 4 , Jul <i>)</i>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	final report "The next steps in exploring deep space", advocating
	inter alia the exploration of Near Earth Asteroids by human
	spaceflight.
	See:
	http://www.lpi.usra.edu/lunar/strategies/AdvisoryGroupReports/iaa repo
	rt.pdf
2004, Jul 15	P.R. Heck, B. Schmitz, H. Baur, A.N. Halliday, R. Wieler, 2004,
,	<i>Nature</i> , 430, 323, "Fast delivery of meteorites to Earth after a
	major asteroid collision."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004Natur.430323H

2004, Jul 16	Apollo NEA 2004 OD4 (H = 27.4 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.43 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.43 LD. [2004-05] See: 2004 OD4 - JPL, 2004 OD4 - SSA
2004, Aug	R.P. Binzel, A.S. Rivkin, J.S. Stuart, et al., 2004, <i>Icarus</i> , 170, 259, "Observed spectral properties of near-Earth objects: results for population distribution, source regions, and space weathering processes." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004Icar170259B
2004, Aug	J.S. Stuart, R.P. Binzel, 2004, <i>Icarus</i> , 170, 295, "Bias-corrected population, size distribution, and impact hazard for the near-Earth objects." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004Icar170259B
2004, Aug	D.J. Scheeres, F. Marzari, A. Rossi, 2004, <i>Icarus</i> , 170, 312, "Evolution of NEO rotation rates due to close encounters with Earth and Venus." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004Icar1703128
2004, Aug 6	Apollo NEA 2004 QB , $H = 19.8$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.29 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.29 LD. See: 2004 QB - JPL, 2004 QB - SSA
2004, Aug-Nov	N. Peter, A. Barton, D. Robinson, J.M. Salotti, 2004, <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , 55, 325, "Charting response options for threatening Near-Earth Objects." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004AcAau55325P559
2004, Aug 12	Perseid Fireball over Japan. See: http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap040813.html
2004, Aug 19	Aten NEA 367943 Duende (2012 DA14, H = 24.2 mag, $D \approx 40 \times 20$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.16 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.16 LD. See: 2012 DA14 - JPL, 367943 Duende - SSA See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012_DA14 See also: 17 Feb 1918, 16 Feb 2012, 15 Feb 2013, 15 Feb 2046, 15 Feb 2087.
2004, Aug 24	Aten NEA 2004 QA22 ($H = 28.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.47 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.46 LD.

	G 2004 O 4 22 IDI 2004 O 4 22 GG 4
	See: <u>2004 QA22 - JPL</u> , <u>2004 QA22 - SSA</u> See also:
	http://www.hohmanntransfer.com/mn/0408/29.htm
	http://www.hohmanntransfer.com/mn/0409/05.htm
	http://www.mommamaransier.com/min/0/102.htm
2004, Aug 31 - Sep	IAU Colloquium No. 197 on Dynamics of Populations of
	Planetary Systems, Belgrado (Serbia & Montenegro).
	Proceedings: Z. Knežević & A. Milani (eds.), 2005, Dynamics of
	Populations of Planetary Systems (Cambridge: CUP).
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005dpps.confK
2004, Sep 4	Antarctica Fireball and Airburst. United States Department of
	Defense (DoD) space-based infrared sensors detected a large
	meteor in flight at an altitude of approximately 75 km at on 3
	September 2004 at latitude 67.72° S, longitude 16.89° E. Space-
	based Department of Energy (DoE) visible light sensors also
	detected the fireball. The emissive debris trail from the fireball
	extended from 56 – 18 km altitude and remained detectable at
	infrared wavelengths owing to solar scattering for over an hour.
	Two distinct disintegration features were visible along the path, at
	32 km and 25 km altitude. Initial mass estimate $M \approx 0.6 \times 10^6$ kg,
	energy release $E \approx 13$ kT of exploding TNT). The original solar
	orbit of the body is similar to near-Earth asteroids of the Aten
	group.
	See:
	http://www.antarctica.gov.au/ data/assets/pdf file/0010/22213/0520cos
	mic20hole20in20one.pdf
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_meteor_air_bursts
	Ref:
	- A.R. Klekociuk, P.G. Brown, D.W. Pack, et al., 2005, Nature,
	436, 1132, "Meteoritic dust from the atmospheric disintegration of
	a large meteoroid".
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005Natur.436.1132K
2004, Sep 13	Apollo NEA 2004 RU109 ($H = 26.4 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 18 \text{ m}$) passed Earth
	at a nominal miss distance of 0.96 LD. Minimum miss distance
	0.96 LD. [2004-06]
	See: <u>2004 RU109 - JPL</u> , <u>2004 RU109 - SSA</u>
2004 6 21	A 11 NEA 2004 STEAC (M. 2011 B. 21) 1 E 1
2004, Sep 21	Apollo NEA 2004 ST26 ($H = 26.1 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 21 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at
	a nominal miss distance of 0.96 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.95
	LD. [2004-07]
	See: <u>2004 ST26 - JPL</u> , <u>2004 ST26 - SSA</u>
2004 Sec 26	Applia NEA 2016 TT (II - 26.1 mm - D 2/22 m) manual Eq. (1.4)
2004, Sep 26	Apollo NEA 2016 TT ($H = 26.1 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 22 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 0.67 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.64
	LD. [2004-08]

	See: <u>2016 TT - JPL</u> , <u>2016 TT - SSA</u>
2004, Sep 29	Apollo NEA 4179 Toutatis (1989 AC, $H = 15.2 \text{ mag}$, $D = 4.6 \times 2.4 \times 1.9 \text{ km}$, orbital $P = 4.03 \text{ yr}$, the largest known PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.03 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.03 LD. See: 1989 AC - JPL , 4179 Toutatis - SSA See also: http://echo.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroids/4179 Toutatis/toutatis.html http://www.space.com/scienceastronomy/toutatis video 040929.html#video http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=151 http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=151 http://antwrp.gsfc.nasa.gov/apod/ap041001.html http://www.planetary.org/news/2004/0927 Very Close Approach by A steroid 4179.html http://www.planetary.org/news/2004/0929 Simultaneous Observations of Asteroid.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/4179 Toutatis See also: 8 Dec 1992, 30 Nov 1996, 31 Oct 2000, 9 Nov 2008, 12 Dec 2012, 5 Nov 2069.
2004, Oct	NASA Meteoroid Environment Office, established in October 2004, at NASA Marshall Space Flight Center, Huntsville (AL, USA). The office set up the NASA All-sky Fireball Network. See: http://www.nasa.gov/offices/meo/home/aboutMEO-rd.html http://fireballs.ndc.nasa.gov/
2004, Oct	American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics (AIAA), Position Paper Protecting Earth from Asteroids and Comets. See: http://pdf.aiaa.org//downloads/publicpolicypositionpapers//Asteroids-Final.pdf http://www.planetarydefense.info/resources/pdf/Asteroids-Final.pdf http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=153
2004, Oct 2	Aten NEA 2016 TQ 54 (H = 27.4 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.84 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.13 LD. See: 2016 TQ54 - JPL, 2016 TQ54 - SSA
2004, Oct 16	Apollo NEA 2017 UR2 ($H = 27.7 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 10 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.93 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.016 LD (= 0.99 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). See: $2017 \text{ UR2} - SSA$, $2017 \text{ UR2} - JPL$ See also: 17 Oct 2017, 21 Oct 2119.

2004, Oct 24	Aten NEA 2004 UH1 ($H = 28.4$ mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.77 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.77 LD. [2004-09] See: 2004 UH1 - JPL, 2004 UH1 - SSA See also: 24 Oct 1960.
2004, Nov	D. Lazzaro, C.A. Angeli, J.M. Carvano, et al., 2004, <i>Icarus</i> , 172, 179, "S³OS²: the visible spectroscopic survey of 820 asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004Icar172179L S³OS²: Small Solar System Objects Spectroscopic Survey – carried out at the ESO (La Silla, Chile). See also: http://sbn.psi.edu/pds/resource/s3os2.html
2004, Nov 27 – Dec 2	ICSU Workshop on NEOs in La Laguna (Tenerife, Spain), "Tenerife Retreat", supported by the 2004 ICSU/UNESCO Grant Programme, and co-sponsored by the IAU. Proceedings: P. Bobrowsky & H. Rickman (eds.), 2007, Comet/Asteroid Impacts and Human Society (Berlin: Springer). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007caih.bookB http://thelightofdayradioshow.com//Comet-Asteroid-Impacts-and-Human-Socie See also: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=155 http://www.icsu.org/what-we-do/projects-activities/icsu-grants-programme/grant-summary-reports/?icsudocid=summary-2004 http://www- th.bo.infn.it/tunguska/ICSU_PARTICIPANTS_LIST.pdf
2004, Nov 26	E. Asphaug, 2004, <i>Science</i> , 306, 1489, "Nothing simple about asteroids." See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/306/5701/1489.summary
2004, Dec	M.J.S. Belton, T.H. Morgan, N. Samarasinha & D.K. Yeomans (eds.), 2004, <i>Mitigation of Hazardous Comets and Asteroids</i> (Cambridge: CUP). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004mhca.confB http://cambridge.org/us/catalogue/catalogue.asp?isbn=9780521827645&s=ind http://www.cambridge.org/gb/knowledge/isbn/item1170928/?site_locale=en_GB Abstracts: http://www.noao.edu/meetings/mitigation/eav.html Full report and recommendations: http://www.beltonspace.com/bsei-web-page-0000d.htm

2004, Dec	M.D. Campbell-Brown, A. Hildebrand, 2004, <i>Earth, Moon, and Planets</i> , 95, 489, "A new analysis of fireball data from the Meteorite Observation and Recovery Project (MORP) ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004EM%26P95489C
2004, Dec	D. Morrison, C.R. Chapman, D. Steel, R.P. Binzel, 2004, in: M.J.S. Belton, et al. (eds.), 2004, <i>Mitigation of Hazardous Comets and Asteroids</i> (Cambridge: CUP), p. 38, "The role of radar in predicting and preventing asteroid and comet collisions with Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004mhca.conf353M
2004, Dec	S.J. Ostro, J.D. Giorgini, 2004, in: M.J.S. Belton, et al. (eds.), 2004, <i>Mitigation of Hazardous Comets and Asteroids</i> (Cambridge: CUP), p. 353, "Impacts and the public: communicating the nature of impact hazard." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004mhca.conf380
2004, Dec	A.S. Rivkin, R.P. Binzel, J. Sunshine, et al., 2004, <i>Icarus</i> , 172, 408, "Infrared spectroscopic observations of 69230 Hermes (1937 UB): possible unweathered endmember among ordinary chondrite analogs." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004Icar172408R
2004, Dec 9	Aten NEA 2015 XT378 (H = 28.3 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.65 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.20 LD. See: 2015 XT378 - JPL, 2015 XT378 - SSA
2004, Dec 16	Apollo NEA 2004 XB45 (H = 26.2 mag, $D \approx 21$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.85 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.84 LD. [2004-10] See: $2004 \times 2004 \times 2004$
2004, Dec 19	Apollo NEA 2004 YD5 (H = 29.2 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.088 LD (= 5.32 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.088 LD. [2004-11] See: 2004 YD5 - JPL, 2004 YD5 - SSA See also: http://www.space.com/scienceastronomy/asteroid_close_041222.html
2004, Dec 24	Apollo NEA 184266 (2004 VW 14 , H = 19.3 mag, $D \approx 500$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.93 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.93 LD. See: 2004 VW14 - JPL, 2004 VW14 - SSA

2005 , Jan 1	3146 NEAs known, of which 646 PHAs. See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
2005	T. Kenkmann, F. Hörz, A. Deutsch (eds.), 2005, Proceedings Large meteorite impacts III, Geological Society of America Special Papers, Vol. 384. See: http://specialpapers.gsapubs.org/content/384
2005	D. Morrison, 2005, <i>Science and Global Security</i> , 13, 87, "Defending the Earth against asteroids: the case for a global response." See: http://www.informaworld.com/smpp/content~content=a714010227~db=all~jumptype=rss http://www.princeton.edu/sgs/publications/sgs/pdf/13%201-2%20Morrision.pdf
2005, Jan	M.C. Nolan, L.A. Benner, G. Black, et al., 2005, in: O. Engvold (ed.), <i>Highlights of Astronomy</i> , 13, 759, as presented at the <i>XXVth General Assembly of the IAU</i> , Sydney (Australia), 13 - 26 July 2003 (San Francisco: ASP), "Radar observations of Near-Earth Asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005HiA13759N
2005, Jan	P. Pravec, A.W. Harris, P. Scheirich, et al., 2005, <i>Icarus</i> , 173, 108, "Tumbling asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005Icar173108P
2005, Jan 7	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS), Information on research in the field of NEOs carried out by Member States, international organizations and other entities. See: http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/reports/ac105/AC105_839E.pdf
2005, Jan 13	Apollo NEA 2005 BS1 (H = 27.8 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.68 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.68 LD. [2005-01] See: $2005 \text{ BS1} - \text{JPL}$, $2005 \text{ BS1} - \text{SSA}$
2005, Feb 21- Mar	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS), Scientific and Technical Subcommittee, 42 nd Session, Action Team 14 on NEOs meets in Vienna (Austria), during the 42 nd session of the Scientific & Technical Subcommittee of UN-COPUOS. Report 25 February 2005. Hans Rickman, former IAU General Secretary, presents paper "Comet/Asteroid Impacts and Human Society". The Planetary Defense Center of Lavochkin

	Association, Moscow (Russia) presents a proposal "Creation of the 'Citadel' International Planetary Defense System." Report: http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/reports/ac105/AC105_848E.pdf See also: http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/reports/ac105/AC105_863Add1E.pdf http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=47
2005, Feb	A. Milani, S.R. Chesley, M.E. Sansaturio, 2005, <i>Icarus</i> , 173, 362, "Nonlinear impact monitoring: line of variation searches for impactors." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005Icar173362M
2005, Feb 15	A.M. MacRobert, 15 February 2005, <i>Sky & Telescope</i> , "Asteroid 2004 MN4 : a really near miss!" See: http://www.skyandtelescope.com/news/3310036.html?page=1&c=y
2005, Mar 5	H. Rickman, former IAU General Secretary, 2005, in: A. Heck (ed.), 2006, <i>Organizations and Strategies in Astronomy</i> , Vol. 6 (Dordrecht: Springer), p. 225, "IAU initiatives relating to the Near Earth Object impact hazard." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006ASSL335225R
2005, Mar 10	H.J. Melosh, G.S. Collins, 2005, <i>Nature</i> , 434, 157, " Meteor Crater formed by a low-velocity impact." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005Natur.434.157M See also: http://articles.cnn.com/2005-03-09/tech/arizona.meteor.crater_1_meteor-crater-jay-melosh-space-rock?_s=PM:TECH
2005, Mar 18	Aten NEA 2005 FN (H = 26.6 mag, $D \approx 17$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.37 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.37 LD. [2005-02] See: 2005 FN - JPL, 2005 FN - SSA
2005, Apr	P. Michel, A. Morbidelli, W.F. Bottke, 2005, <i>Comptes Rendus – Physique</i> , 6, 291, "Origin and dynamics of Near Earth Objects." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005CRPhy6291M
2005, Apr	W. Thuillot, J. Vaubaillon, H. Scholl, 2005, <i>Comptes Rendus - Physique</i> , 6, 327, "Relevance of the NEO dedicated observing programs." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005CRPhy6327T
2005, Apr 13	Apollo NEA 2018 GD2 (H = 29.5 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.77 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.78 LD. 2018 GD2 - SSA , 2018 GD2 - JPL

	See also: 12 Apr 2018, 15 Oct 2065.
2005, May 20	R.L. Schweickart, 2005, presented at the National Space Society <i>International Space Development Conference</i> , Washington (DC, USA), "A call to (considered) action". See: http://www.b612foundation.org/papers/Call_for_Action.pdf See also: http://www.thespacereview.com/article/384/1
2005, May 26	R. Gomes, H.F. Levison, K. Tsiganis, A. Morbidelli, 2005, <i>Nature</i> , 435, 466, "Origin of the cataclysmic Late Heavy Bombardment period of the terrestrial planets." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005Natur.435466G
2005, May 31	J. Foust, <i>The Space Review</i> , 31 May 2005, "Sounding an alarm, cautiously." See: http://www.thespacereview.com/article/384/1
2005, Jun	G.S. Collins, H.J. Melosh, R.A. Marcus, 2005, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 40, 817, "Earth impact effects program: a webbased computer program for calculating the regional environmental consequences of a meteoroid impact on Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005M%26PS40817C http://www.lpl.arizona.edu/impacteffects/ http://www.lpl.arizona.edu/impacteffects/CollinsEtAl2005.pdf
2005, Jun 6 – Oct 1 2005, Jun 10	Exchange of letters between B612 Foundation and NASA Administrator re the potential need for a near-term launch of a mission to Apophis (2004 MN4) to precisely determine its orbit in order to permit an orderly deflection mission should it, in fact, be on an impact trajectory. See: http://www.b612foundation.org/press/press.html #11. Aten NEA 2018 UC ($H = 26.0 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 22 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.55 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.92
	LD. 2018 UC - SSA, 2018 UC - JPL See also: 30 Oct 1941.
2005, Jul	Vredefort crater, located in the Free State Province of South Africa, and named after the town of Vredefort situated near its centre, is the largest verified impact crater on Earth. The site is also referred to as Vredefort dome or Vredefort impact structure. In 2005, the Vredefort Dome was added to the list of UNESCO World Heritage Sites for its geologic interest. The asteroid that hit the Vredefort area in pre-historic times is one of the largest to ever impact Earth (at least since the Hadean), with an estimated

	diameter of $D > 10$ km. The crater has a diameter $d \approx 250 - 300$
	km, larger than the 200 km wide Sudbury Basin crater and the 170 km wide Chicxulub crater . This makes Vredefort the largest known impact structure on Earth. The age is estimated to be 2,023 ± 4 million years, impacting during the Paleoproterozoic era. Ref:
	- E.P. Turtle, E. Pierazzo, D.P. O'Brien, 2003, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 38, 293, "Numerical modeling of impact heating and cooling of the Vredefort impact structure." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2003M%26PS38293T
	- W.U. Reimold, R.L. Gibson, 2005, "Meteorite Impact! The danger from space and South Africa's mega-impact the Vredefort structure" (Johannesburg: Chris van Rensburg Publications). Review by D.T. King.
	See: http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/j.1945-5100.2005.tb00154.x/abstract
	- R.A.F. Grieve, W.U. Reimold, J. Morgan, et al., 2008, Meteoritics & Planetary Science, 43, 855, "Observations and interpretations at Vredefort, Sudbury, and Chicxulub: towards an
	empirical model of terrestrial impact basin formation." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008M%26PS43855G
	See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Vredefort_crater
	http://www.hartrao.ac.za/other/vredefort/vredefort.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Earth_Impact_Database
2005, Jul 4	NASA spacecraft <i>Deep Impact</i> collided with comet 9P/Tempel . See:
	http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=159 http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=160 http://www.nasa.gov/pdf/474723main_Johnson-
	DI_Lessons_Learned_for_NOW.ppt.pdf http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2011- 367
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Deep_Impact_(space_mission)
2005, Jul 20	E. Asphaug, 2005, <i>Nature</i> , 436, 335, "Asteroids: shaken on impact." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005Natur.436335A
2005, Aug	M. Ćuk, J.A. Burns, 2005, <i>Icarus</i> , 176, 418, "Effects of thermal
	radiation on the dynamics of binary NEAs." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005Icar176418C
2005, Aug 7-12	IAU Symposium No. 229 on Asteroids, Comets, Meteors, IX, Búzios (Rio de Janeiro, Brazil). Proceedings: D. Lazzaro, S. Ferraz-Mello & J.A. Fernández (eds.), 2006, Asteroids, Comets, Meteors 2005 (Cambridge: CUP).

	See: http://journals.cambridge.org/action/displayIssue?jid=IAU&volumeId=1 http://journals.cambridge.org/action/displayIssue?jid=IAU&volumeId=1 https://www.displayIssue?jid=IAU&volumeId=1 <a 2005="" <a="" acm="" href="http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006IAUS229207B" near-earth="" object="" of="" population:="" properties="" see:="" the="" view."="">http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006IAUS229207B
2005, Aug 7	S.R. Chesley, 2006, in: D. Lazzaro, S. Ferraz-Mello & J.A. Fernández (eds.), Proc. IAU Symposium No. 229 on <i>Asteroids, Comets, Meteors, IX</i> , Búzios (Rio de Janeiro, Brazil), 7-12 Aug 2005 (Cambridge: CUP), p. 215, "Potential impact detection for Near-Earth asteroids: the case of 99942 Apophis (2004 MN4) ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006IAUS229215C http://www.b612foundation.org/papers/Chesley_paper.pdf
2005, Aug 13	Spaceguard Survey progress: 3496 NEAs known, of which 793 with $D > 1$ km. See: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=162
2005, Aug 25	A.R. Klekociuk, P.G. Brown, D.W. Pack, et al., 2005, <i>Nature</i> , 436, 1132, "Meteoritic dust from the atmospheric disintegration of a large meteoroid." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005Natur.436.1132K
2005, Sep	M.J. Gaffey, P.A. Abell, P.S. Hardersen, et al., 2005, in: Proc. 68th Annual Meeting of the Meteoritical Society, 12-16 September 2005, Gatlinburg (TN, USA), Meteoritics & Planetary Science, 40, Supplement, p.5127, "Compositions of binary Near-Earth Objects: implications for the meteorite flux." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005M%26PSA40.5127G
2005, Sep	D.T. King, L.W. Petruny, 2005, in: Proc. 68th Annual Meeting of the Meteoritical Society, 12-16 September 2005, Gatlinburg (TN, USA), Meteoritics & Planetary Science, 40, Supplement, p.5317, "The stratigraphic and historic record of meteoritic impact events in Alabama." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005M%26PSA40.5317K
2005, Sep 25	ESA selected two target asteroids for its NEO deflection mission concept <i>Don Quijote</i> , under study by ESA's Advanced Concepts Team (ACT). In February 2005 ESA's NEO Mission Advisory Panel (NEOMAP) submitted a target selection report for Europe's

	future asteroid mitigation missions, identifying the relevant criteria for selecting a target and picking two objects that meet most of those criteria: asteroid 10302 (1989 ML , <i>H</i> = 19.5 mag, <i>D</i> = 500 m, Amor asteroid) and asteroid 2002 AT4 (<i>H</i> = 20.9 mag, <i>D</i> = 160 × 370 m, Amor asteroid). Three industrial phase-A studies were completed in September 2007. See: http://www.esa.int/esaCP/SEML9B8X9DE_index_0.html http://www.esa.int/SPECIALS/NEO/SEMZRZNVGJE_0.html http://www.esa.int/SPECIALS/NEO/SEMJP4OVGJE_0.html http://www.esa.int/SPECIALS/NEO/SEMVXVB1S6F_0.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Don_Quijote_(space_probe) http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Don_Quijote_(space_probe) http://www.nasa.gov/pdf/474203main_Coradini_ExploreNOW.pdf http://www.spacegeneration.org/index.php/eventstopics/news/227-sgac-announces-the-winner-of-the-2010-move-an-asteroid-competition http://www.spacegeneration.org/images/stories/Projects/NEO/Corbin_As_teroid_Paper.pdf
2005, Sep - Oct	R.L. Schweickart, C.R. Chapman, 2005, <i>American Scientist</i> , 93, 392, "Better collision insurance - asteroids smaller than those now being actively catalogued constitute a largely neglected natural hazard." See: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=163
2005, Oct	D.J. Asher, M. Bailey, V. Emel'yanenko, W. Napier, 2005, <i>The Observatory</i> , 125, 319, "Earth in the cosmic shooting gallery." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005Obs125319A
2005, Oct 10	Apollo NEA 2005 TK50 (H = 29.0 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.35 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.23 LD. [2005-03] See: 2005 TK50 - JPL, 2005 TK50 - SSA
2005, Oct 10-14	The Association of Space Explorers (ASE), at its XIX Congress in Salt Lake City (Utah, USA), formed the ASE Committee on Near-Earth Objects (chair Russell L. Schweickart), and charged it with bringing to the attention of world leaders and key international institutions the threat of asteroid impacts to life on Earth. An Open Letter elaborates on the issue. See: http://www.space-explorers.org/committees/NEO/docs/ASE_intro_AT-14.pdf http://www.space-explorers.org/committees/NEO/docs/Open_Letter.pdf http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=164
2005, Oct 16	Apollo NEA 2017 BG92 ($H = 28.8 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at

	a nominal miss distance of 3.49 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.62 LD. See: 2017 BG92 – SSA, 2017 BG92 – JPL
2005, Oct 30	Apollo NEA 2005 UW5 ($H = 27.8$ mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.49 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.49 LD. [2005-04] See: 2005 UW5 - JPL, 2005 UW5 - SSA
2005, Nov	H. Fu, R. Jedicke, D.D. Durda, et al., 2005, <i>Icarus</i> , 178, 434, "Identifying near-Earth object families." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005Icar178434F
2005, Nov	D.P. O'Brien, R. Greenberg, 2005, <i>Icarus</i> , 178, 179, "The collisional and dynamical evolution of the main-belt and NEA size distributions." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005Icar1781790
2005, Nov	V.V. Svetsov, 2005, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 53, 1205, "Numerical simulations of very large impacts on the Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005P%26SS53.1205S
2005, Nov 1	Taurid Meteor shower over Cerro Pachon (Chile). See: http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap051115.html
2005, Nov 10	E.T. Lu, S.G. Love, 2005, <i>Nature</i> , 438, 177: " <i>Gravitational tractor</i> for towing asteroids", an article describing how a spacecraft could deflect an Earth-bound asteroid without having to dock to its surface. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005Natur.438177L http://www.b612foundation.org/press/press.html #12.
2005, Nov 19, 25	Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA) spacecraft $Hayabusa$ (formerly MUSES-C), launched 9 May 2003, lands on Apollo NEA 25143 Itokawa (1998 SF36 , $H = 19.1$ mag, $D = 535 \times 290 \times 209$ m, $M = 3.6 \times 10^{10}$ kg, PHA). The first rendezvous mission to a PHA. Sample return to Earth in June 2010. JAXA is considering a $Hayabusa2$ sample return mission to Apollo NEA 162173 Ryugu (1999 JU3 , $H = 19.5$ mag, $D \approx 870$ m, PHA). See: http://www.isas.ac.jp/e/enterp/missions/hayabusa/index.shtml http://www.jspec.jaxa.jp/e/activity/hayabusa2.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hayabusa https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/25143_Itokawa Ref:
	- I. Fuyuno, 2005, <i>Nature</i> , 438, 542, " <i>Hayabusa</i> ready to head

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See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/312/5778.toc

- A. Fujiwara, J. Kawaguchi, D.K. Yeomans, et al., *Science*, 312, 1330, "The rubble-pile asteroid **Itokawa** as observed by *Hayabusa*."

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See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006Sci...312.1350Y

- M. Yoshikawa, A. Fujiwara, J. Kawaguchi, 2007, in: K.A. van der Hucht (ed.), *Highlights of Astronomy*, Vol. 14, presented at the *IAU XXVI General Assembly*, Prague, 2006 (Cambridge: CUP), p. 323, "*Hayabusa* and its adventure around the tiny asteroid **Itokawa**."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007HiA....14..323Y

- M. Yoshikawa, A. Fujiwara, J. Kawaguchi, et al., 2007, in: A. Milani, G.B. Valsecchi & D. Vokrouhlický (eds.), *Near Earth Objects, our Celestial Neighbors: Opportunities and Risk*, Proc. IAU Symposium No. 236, Prague, 2006 (Cambridge: CUP), p. 401, "The nature of asteroid **Itokawa** revealed by *Hayabusa*." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007IAUS..236..401Y

Read further the items of 13 June 2010 and 17 November 2010. See also:

http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/pres/stsc2010/tech-44.pdf

http://www.nasa.gov/pdf/474205main_Kuninaka_HayabusaLL_Explore NOW.pdf

http://blogs.nature.com/news/thegreatbeyond/2010/06/japan_celebrates_asteroid_roun.html http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bbI78CZWP7g http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jEyQDwAUfRQ&NR=1

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http://www.nature.com/news/2010/290610/full/466016a.html

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	http://www.dlr.de/dlr/en/desktopdefault.aspx/tabid-10080/150_read-5773/year-all/
2005, Nov 23	Workshop Near Earth Objects, a Natural Hazard of Global Proportions, London (UK), hosted by the Royal Aeronautical Society. See: http://www.raes.org.uk/conference/PDFs/520.pdf http://www.spaceref.com/news/viewpr.html?pid=18431
2005, Nov 26	Apollo NEA 2005 WN3 ($H = 30.2$ mag, $D \approx 3$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.22 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.22 LD. [2005-05] See: 2005 WN3 - JPL, 2005 WN3 - SSA
2005, Dec	C.S. Cockell, P. Lee, P. Broady, 2005, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 40, 1901, "Effects of asteroid and comet impacts on habitats for lithophytic organisms – a synthesis." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2005M%26PS40.1901C
2005, Dec 5	Apollo NEA 2005 XA8 ($H = 25.8$ mag, $D \approx 24$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.57 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.56 LD. [2005-06] See: 2005 XA8 - JPL, 2005 XA8 - SSA
2005, Dec 22	US Congress passed Section 321 of the NASA Authorization Act of 2005 (Public Law No. 109-155), a.k.a. the "George E. Brown Jr NEO Survey Act" (in honour of US Congressman G. E. Brown, 1920 – 1999), charging NASA to detect, track and characterize 90% of NEOs with <i>D</i> > 140 m that could potentially strike Earth, by the end of 2020. Aim probably not reached before 2028. See: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=54 http://www.govtrack.us/congress/billtext.xpd?bill=s109-1281 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Planetary_defense#cite_note-morrison_1992-1
2006 , Jan 1	3775 NEAs known, of which 741 PHAs. See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
2006	A. Cellino, R. Somma, L. Tommasi, et al., 2006, <i>Advances in Space Research</i> , 37, 153, "NERO: general concept of a Near-Earth Object radiometric observatory." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006AdSpR37153C
2006	J. de Léon, J. Licandro, R. Duffard, M. Serra-Ricart, 2006, Advances in Space Research, 37, 178, "Spectral analysis and

	mineralogical characterization of 11 olivine pyroxene rich NEAs." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006AdSpR37178D
2006	C. Koeberl, 2006, in: W.U. Reinolds & R.L. Gibson (eds.), Processes on the Early Earth, Geological Society of America, Special Papers, 405, 1, "The record of impact processes on the early Earth: a review of the first 2.5 billion years." See: http://specialpapers.gsapubs.org/content/405/1.abstract
2006	O. Văduvescu, M. Birlan, 2006, <i>Romanian Astronomical Journal</i> , 16 (2), 201, "Planning Near-Earth Asteroid observations on a 1-meter class telescope." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006RoAJ16201V
2006, Jan	H. Rickman, 2006, in: A. Heck (ed.), <i>Organizations and Strategies in Astronomy</i> , Vol. 6, p. 225 (Dordrecht: Springer), " IAU initiatives relating to the Near-Earth Object impact hazard." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006ASSL335225R
2006, Jan	R.W. Sinnott, 2006, <i>Sky & Telescope</i> , 111, no.1, p. 132, "How large an asteroid could a person jump off?" See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006S%26T111a.132S
2006, Jan	K.J. Walsh, D.C. Richardson, 2006, <i>Icarus</i> , 180, 201, "Binary near-Earth asteroid formation: rubble pile model of tidal disruptions." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006Icar180201W
2006, Jan 12	E. Asphaug, C.B. Agnor, Q. Williams, 2006, <i>Nature</i> , 439, 155, "Hit-and-run planetary collisions." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006Natur.439155A
2006, Jan 27, 29, 3	Arecibo radar observations of Aten NEA 99942 Apophis (2004 MN4, $H = 19.1 \text{ mag}$, $D = 310 \pm 30 \text{ m}$, $M \approx 4.7 \times 10^{10} \text{ kg}$, orbital $P = 0.89 \text{ yr}$, PHA) by Steven J. Ostro. See: 2004 MN4 - JPL, 99942 Apophis - SSA See also: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=1253 http://www.esa.int/Our_Activities/Space_Science/Herschel_intercepts_asteroid_Apophis http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/99942_Apophis
2006, Jan 28	Apollo NEA 2006 BV39 (H = 29.1 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.88 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.88 LD. [2006-01] See: $\underline{2006 \text{ BV39 - JPL}}$, $\underline{2006 \text{ BV39 - SSA}}$

2006, Jan 29	Apollo NEA 2006 BF56 (H = 29.7 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.53 LD. [2006-02] See: 2006 BF56 - JPL, 2006 BF56 - SSA
2006, Feb	G. Beekman, 2006, <i>Journal for the History of Astronomy</i> , 37, 71, "I.O. Yarkovsky and the discovery of 'his' effect." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006JHA3771B
2006, Feb 16	Apollo NEA 2020 QN4 (H = 28.6 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.92 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.58 LD. See: $2020 \text{ QN4} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ QN4} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 21 Aug 2020 , 21 Feb 2050 .
2006, Feb 18	Apollo NEA 2020 DA1 (H = 29.6 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.41 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.14 LD. See: $2020 \text{ DA1} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ DA1} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 18 Feb 2020 .
2006, Feb 20	The Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS). Pursuant to paragraph 16 of UN General Assembly resolution 61/111 of 14 December 2006, the UN-COPUOS Scientific and Technical Subcommittee, at its 670th meeting, on 20 February, established a Working Group on Near-Earth Objects for one year under the chairmanship of Richard Tremayne-Smith (UK). See: http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/reports/ac105/AC105_890E.pdf Annex III http://www.space-explorers.org/committees/NEO/docs/ASE_Intervention.pdf
2006, Feb 20	R.L. Schweickart, 2006, presentation to the Royal Aeronautical Society & CCLRC, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory (U.K.), 20 February 2006, "Near-Earth Asteroids: deciding to deflect." See: http://www.space-explorers.org/committees/NEO/neo.html
2006, Feb 23	Apollo NEA 2006 DD1 (H = 26.4 mag, $D \approx 19$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.31 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.31 LD. [2006-03] See: 2006 DD1 - JPL, 2006 DD1 - SSA
2006, Feb 24	Aten NEA 2006 DM63 (H = 26.7 mag, $D \approx 16$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.60 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.59 LD. [2006-04] See: 2006 DM63 - JPL, 2006 DM63 - SSA

2006, Mar	P. Pravec, P. Scheirich, P. Kušnirák, et al., 2006, <i>Icarus</i> , 181, 63, "Photometric survey of binary near-Earth asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006Icar18163P
2006, Mar	S.P. Wright, M.A. Vesconi, A. Gustin, 2006, presented at 37th Annual Lunar and Planetary Science Conference, 13-17 March 2006, League City (TX, USA), abstract no.1102, "Revisiting the Campo Del Cielo Crater Field (Argentina): a new data point from a natural laboratory of multiple low velocity, oblique impacts." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006LPL37.1102W Read also: - M.C.L. Rocca, September 2006, presented at Proc. 69th Annual Meeting of the Meteoritical Society, 6-11 August 2006, Zürich (Switzerland), Meteoritics & Planetary Science, 41, Supplement, p. 5001, "A catalogue of large meteorite specimens from Campo Del Cielo Meteorite shower, Cahco Province (Argentina)." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006M%26PSA.41.5001R - P. Bobrowsky & H. Rickman (eds.), 2007, Comet/asteroid impacts and human society (Berlin: Springer), p. 30, "Campo del Cielo, Argentina)." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007caih.bookB The Campo del Cielo Meteorites refers to a group of iron meteorites or to the area where they were found situated on the border between the provinces of Chaco and Santiago del Estero, 1,000 kilometers NW of Buenos Aires (Argentina). The crater field covers an area of 3×20 km and contains at least 26 craters, the largest being 115×91 m. The craters' age is estimated as 4,000 – 5,000 years. The craters, containing iron masses, were reported in 1576, but were already well known to the aboriginal inhabitants of the area. The craters and the area around contain numerous fragments of an iron meteorite. The total weight of the pieces so far recovered exceeds 100 tonnes, making the meteorite the heaviest one ever recovered on Earth. The largest fragment, consisting of 37 tonnes, is the second heaviest single-piece meteorite recovered on Earth, after the Hoba Meteorite (see: June 1967). See also:
	http://www.lpi.usra.edu/meetings/lpsc2006/pdf/1102.pdf http://www.lpi.usra.edu/meetings/metsoc2006/pdf/5001.pdf http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Campo_del_Cielo
2006, Mar 1-2	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS), Scientific and Technical Subcommittee, 43rd Session, Action Team 14 on NEOs meets in Vienna (Austria). Report 16 March 2006:

2006, Mar 3	In December 1932, scientists surveying the southern Egyptian desert came upon pieces of a translucent, pale yellow-green, glassy substance, from tiny fragments to football-sized chunks, scattered over a huge area at the Libyan border. Known as Libyan Desert Glass, this almost pure silica contained isotopes showing it to be of extraterrestrial origin. But scientists had not been able to figure out where it came from. Now Farouk El-Baz, director of the Boston University Center for Remote Sensing, believes the mystery has been solved. On satellite images of the Sahara Desert, he found a gigantic impact crater in the area. At a diameter of 30 km, it's "the largest crater yet found in the Sahara," El-Baz says, and big enough to be the source of the glass, which covers a 60-by 100-km area. He believes the crater hadn't been recognized before because it is so big; also, parts of its rims were eroded by two ancient river systems. El-Baz has named the crater, located on the Gilf Kebir plateau, the Kebira. Ref: - N.N., 2006, Science, 311, 1223, "Glass with an impact." See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/311/5765/1223.2.full.pdf - K. Floor, E. Echternach, 2006, Zenit, September 2006, p. 404, "Het is rond en het Inslagkraters op satellietbeelden." See: http://www.dekoepel.nl/zenit/september2006.html http://keesfloor.nl/artikelen/zenit/2006pdf/kraters.pdf - L. Orti, M. di Martino, M. Morelli, et al., 2008, Meteoritics & Planetary Science, 43, 1629, "Non-impact origin of the crater-like structures in the Gilf Kebir area (Egypt): implications for the geology of eastern Sahara." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008M%26PS43.16290 - G.R. Osinski, J. Kieniewics, J.R. Smith, M.B.E. Boslough, et al., 2008, Meteoritics & Planetary Science, 43, 2089, "The Dakhleh Glass: product of an impact airburst or cratering event in the Western Desert of Egypt?" See: http://www.planetary.org/news/2006/0303_Egyptian_Impact_Site_Possible_Source.html http://www.planetary.org/news/2006/0303_Egyptian_Impact_Site_Possible_Source
2006, Mar 8	Apollo NEA 2006 EC (H = 26.5 mag, $D \approx 18$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.70 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.70 LD. [2006-05] See: 2006 EC - JPL, 2006 EC - SSA See also: 11 March 2063.

2006, Mar 20	B. Peiser, 2006, <i>The Space Review</i> , 20 March 2006, "Asteroid turns hot potato: when NEO risk communication becomes uncommunicative." See: http://www.thespacereview.com/article/581/1
2006, Mar 20	B.G. Marsden, 2006, <i>The Space Review</i> , 20 March 2006, "2004 VD17, impact assessment scales, and a natural impact warning clearinghousee." See: http://www.thespacereview.com/article/581/2 See also: 7 November 2041.
2006, Mar 29	Earth-grazing fireball, travelling in 30 seconds about 1000 km, 71 km above Japan. Estimated mass <i>M</i> ≈ 100 kg. Ref: - S. Abe, J. Borovička, P. Spurný, et al., 2006, Proc. <i>European Planetary Science Congress</i> 2006, Berlin (Germany), 18-22 September 2006, "Earth-grazing fireball on March 29, 2006." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006epsc.conf486A http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Earth-grazing fireball
2006, Mar 31	Aten NEA 2021 FW2 (H = 25.4 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.10 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.16 LD. See: $2021 \text{ FW2} - \text{S2P}$, $2021 \text{ FW2} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 31 March 2064 .
2006, Apr	P.A. Bland, N.A. Artemieva, 2006, <i>Meteoritics</i> , 41, 607, "The rate of small impacts on Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006M%26PS41.607B
2006, Apr 24	Apollo NEA 2020 HX3 (H = 27.2 mag, $D \approx 13$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.35 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.34 LD. See: $2020 \text{ HX3} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ HX3} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 24 Apr 2020 . See: also: 24 Apr 2020 . See: also: 24 Minimum Miss $2020 Minimum $
2006, Apr 26-28	International Conference on Near-Earth Objects Hazard: Knowledge and Action, Belgirate (Italy).
2006, May	W.F. Bottke, A. Morbidelli, 2006, in: Workshop on Surface Ages and Histories: Issues in Planetary Chronology, Houston (TX, USA), 23 May 2006, LPI Contribution No. 1320, "The asteroid

	and comet impact flux in the terrestrial planet region: a brief history of the last 4.6 Gy." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006LPICo132018B
2006, May	W.F. Bottke, D. Vokrouhlický, D.P. Rubincam, D. Nesvorný, 2006, <i>Annual Review of Earth and Planetary Sciences</i> , 34, 157, "The Yarkovsky and YORP effects: implications for asteroid dynamics." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006AREPS34157B
2006, May 8-12	40 th ESLAB Symposium, 1st International Conference on Impact Cratering in the Solar System, Noordwijk (the Netherlands), 8-12 May 2006. See: http://sci.esa.int/science-e/www/object/index.cfm?fobjectid=37662
2006, May 10	Apollo NEA 2006 JY26 (H = 28.3 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.13 LD (and the Moon at 0.38 LD). Minimum miss distance 1.13 LD (and the Moon at 0.38 LD). See: 2006 JY26 - JPL, 2006 JY26 - SSA Ref: - R. Brasser, P. Wiegert, 2008, <i>Monthly Notices Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 386, 2931, "Asteroids on Earth-like orbits and their origin." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008MNRAS.386.2031B See also: http://fromthegonzo.wordpress.com/2006/05/12/asteroid-impact-effects/https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2006_JY26 See also: 3 May 2074.
2006, May 11	W.D. Maier, M.A.G. Andreoli, I. McDonald, et al., 2006, <i>Nature</i> , 441, 203, "Discovery of a 25-cm asteroid clast in the giant Morokweng impact crater , South Africa." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006Natur.441203M
2006, May 12	R. Irion, 12 May 2006, <i>Science</i> , 312, 840, "A Hawaiian upstart prepares to monitor the starry heavens." See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/312/5775/840.summary/
2006, May 12-14	Meeting on <i>Asteroids and Comets in Europe</i> , Vienna (Austria). See: http://forum.sci.hr/viewtopic.php?t=186 http://www.astrometrica.at/MACE/abstracts.html
2006, May 28	Aten NEA 2020 KJ4 (H = 29.9 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.12 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.17 LD. See: $2020 \text{ KJ4} - \text{S2P}$, $2020 \text{ KJ4} - \text{JPL}$

	See also: 28 May 2020.
2006, Jun	W.N. Edwards, P.G. Brown, D.O. Revelle, 2006, <i>Journal of Atmospheric and Solar-Terrestrial Physics</i> , 68, 1136, "Estimates of meteoroid kinetic energies from observations of infrasonic airwaves." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006JASTP68.1136E
2006, Jun	R. Kahle, G. Hahn, E. Kührt, 2006, <i>Icarus</i> , 182, 482, "Optimal deflection of NEOs en route of collision with the Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006Icar182482K
2006, Jun	A. Morbidelli, M. Gounelle, H.F. Levison, W.F. Bottke, 2006, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 41, 874, "Formation of the binary near-Earth object 1996 FG3 : can binary NEOs be the source of short-CRE meteorites?" See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006M%26PS41874M
2006, Jun 2	E. Asphaug, 2006, <i>Science</i> , 312, 1328, "Adventures in Near-Earth Object exploration." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006Sci312.1328A http://www.ipsubc.org/paper/1328.pdf
2006, Jun 9	Establishment of EUROpean Near Earth Asteroid Research (EURONEAR), a network for follow-up of NEAs/PHAs using 1-2 m class telescopes in Europe by professionals, students and amateurs. Ref: - F. Colas, M. Birlan, O. Vaduvescu, et al., 2006, presented at the American Astronomical Society, DPS meeting #38, #58.05; Bulletin of the American Astronomical Society, 38, 592, "EURONEAR - First Results at Pic du Midi." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006DPS38.5805C - O. Vaduvescu, M. Birlan, F. Colas, et al., 2008, Planetary and Space Science, 56, 1913, "EURONEAR: first results." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008P%26SS56.1913V - A. Tudorica, R. Toma, A.B. Sonka, et al., 2009, American Astronomical Society, DPS meeting #40, #27.09; Bulletin of the American Astronomical Society, 41, 557, "EURONEAR - the first 100 NEA's observed." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009DPS40.2709T - O. Vaduvescu, L. Curelaru, M. Birlan, 2009, Astronomische Nachrichten, 330, 698, "EURONEAR: data mining of asteroids and Near Earth Asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009AN330698V - M. Birlan, O. Văduvescu, D.A. Nedelcu, EURONEAR Team,

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	http://euronear.imcce.fr/tiki-index.php?page=HomePage https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/EURONEAR
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2006, Jun 26-29	NASA Workshop on Near-Earth Object Detection, Characterization, and Threat Mitigation, Vail (CO, USA). Proceedings: NEO Survey and Deflection Analysis of Alternatives: Report to Congress, issued March 2007. See:
	http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/neo/report2007.html http://www.nasa.gov/pdf/171331main_NEO_report_march07.pdf http://www.hq.nasa.gov/office/pao/FOIA/NEO_Analysis_Doc.pdf http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=168 Among the papers:
	- R. Schweickart, C.Chapman, D. Durda, B. Bottke, D. Nesvorny, P. Hut 2006, e-print <i>arXiv</i> :physics/0608155, "Threat characterization: trajectory dynamics." See:
	http://www.b612foundation.org/papers/wpdynamics.pdf http://www.b612foundation.org/papers/dynamics.pdf http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006physics8155S - R. Schweickart (B612 Foundation), C. Chapman, D. Durda, P. Hut, 2006, e-print arXiv:physics/0608156, "Threat mitigation: the Asteroid Tugboat."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006physics8156S - R. Schweickart (B612 Foundation), C. Chapman, D. Durda, P. Hut, 2006, e-print arXiv:physics/0608157, "Threat mitigation: the Gravity Tractor." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006physics8157S
2006, Jul	S.R. Chesley, S.N. Ward, 2006, <i>Natural Hazards</i> , 38, 355, "A quantitative assessment of the human and economic hazard from impact-generated tsunami." See: http://www.es.ucsc.edu/~ward/papers/tsunami_(v43).pdf See also:

	http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=126 http://www.newscientist.com/article/dn9160-tsunami-risk-of-asteroid-strikes-revealed.html
2006, Jul	D.P. O'Brien, R. Greenberg, J.A. Richardson, 2006, <i>Icarus</i> , 183, 79, "Craters on asteroids: reconciling diverse impact records with a common impacting population." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006Icar183790
2006, Jul 3	Apollo NEA 2004 XP14 (<i>H</i> = 19.8 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 260 m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.12 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.12 LD. See: 2004 XP14 - JPL, 2004 XP14 - SSA Ref: - M.W. Busch, S.R. Kulkarni, A.R. Conrad, P.B. Cameron, 2007, <i>Icarus</i> , 189, 589, "Keck adaptive optics imaging of near-Earth asteroid 2004 XP14." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007Icar189589B See also: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=168 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2004_XP14
2006, Jul 16	J. Davis, P. Singla, J. Junkins, 2006, presented at the 7th International Conference on Dynamics and Control of Systems and Structures in Space (DCSSS), London (England), 16-20 July 2006, "Identifying near-term missions and impact keyholes for asteroid 99942 Apophis." See: http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download?doi=10.1.1.188.4573 http://lairs.eng.buffalo.edu/pdffiles/pconf/RC1.pdf
2006, Jul 23	Apollo NEA 2006 OK3 (H = 27.0 mag, $D \approx 14$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.73 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.73 LD. [2006-06] See: $2006 \text{ OK3} - \text{JPL}$, $2006 \text{ OK3} - \text{SSA}$
2006, Aug	R. Schweickart, C. Chapman, D. Durda, B. Bottke, D. Nesvorny, P. Hut, 2006, presented at NASA Workshop on <i>Near-Earth Object Detection, Characterization, and Threat Mitigation</i> , Vail (CO, USA), 26-29 Jun 2006, White Paper 040 , "Threat characterization: trajectory dynamics." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006physics8155S http://www.b612foundation.org/papers/wpAT.pdf http://www.b612foundation.org/papers/AT-GT.pdf
2006, Aug	R. Schweickart, C. Chapman, D. Durda, P. Hut, 2006, presented at NASA Workshop on <i>Near-Earth Object Detection</i> ,

	Characterization, and Threat Mitigation, Vail (CO, USA), 26-29 Jun 2006, White Paper 041, "Threat mitigation: the Asteroid Tugboat." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006physics8156S http://www.b612foundation.org/papers/wpAT.pdf http://www.b612foundation.org/papers/AT-GT.pdf
2006, Aug	R. Schweickart, C. Chapman, D. Durda, P. Hut, 2006, presented at NASA Workshop on <i>Near-Earth Object Detection</i> , <i>Characterization, and Threat Mitigation</i> , Vail (CO, USA), 26-29 Jun 2006, White Paper 042 , "Threat mitigation: the <i>Gravity Tractor</i> ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006physics8157S http://www.b612foundation.org/papers/AT-GT.pdf
2006, Aug	D. Morrison, 2006, <i>Philosophical Transactions Royal Society A</i> , 364, 2041, "Asteroid and comet impacts: the ultimate environmental catastrophe." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006RSPTA.364.2041M http://rsta.royalsocietypublishing.org/content/364/1845/2041.full.pdf+html
2006, Aug	First asteroid discovered by the La Sagra Sky Survey (LSSS), of the Observatorio Astronomico de La Sagra (OLS), Puebla de Don Fadrique (Andalusia, Spain), operated by the Observatorio Astronomico de Mallorca (OAM). The LSSS employs three 45cm f/2.8 telescopes. Since 2009, LSSS is the most prolific European NEO survey. As of Spring 2012, the LSSS has submitted more than 1,000,000 observations of asteroids and comets to the Minor Planet Center (MPC) and the LSSS has been credited with over 6,000 asteroid discoveries, including 52 NEOs. See: http://www.minorplanets.org/OLS/http://lasagraskysurvey.org/index.html http://lasagraskysurvey.org/neoslist.html
2006, Aug 14	As a follow-up of the IAU Working Group on Near Earth Objects (WG-NEO), the IAU EC appointed an IAU Advisory Committee on Hazards of Near Planetary Objects. Membership: six IAU Division III asteroid scientists. See: http://www.iau.org/science/scientific_bodies/working_groups/125/
2006, Aug 14-18	IAU Symposium No. 236 on Near Earth Objects, our Celestial

	Neighbours: Opportunity and Risk, Prague (Czech Republic). Proceedings: A. Milani, G.B. Valsecchi & D. Vokrouhlický (eds.), 2007 (Cambridge: CUP). See:
	http://journals.cambridge.org/action/displayIssue?jid=IAU&volumeId=2 &issueId=S236 http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007IAUS236V
	B.G. Marsden, 2006, <i>Dissertatio cum Nuncio Siderio III</i> (<i>IAU XXVI General Assembly</i> journal), No. 5, p. 1, "Defenestrace." See: http://astro.cas.cz/nuncius/nsiii_05.pdf
	Aten NEA 2019 AU6 (H = 26.6 mag, $D \approx 17$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.87 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.98 LD. See: 2019 AU6 - JPL , 2019 AU6 - SSA
	Brian G. Marsden retired as director of the IAU Minor Planet Center (Cambridge, MA, USA), to be succeeded by Timothy B. Spahr. See: http://www.cfa.harvard.edu/iau/mpc.html
	Apollo NEA 2006 QM111 (H = 27.6 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.42 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.41 LD. [2006-07] See: 2006 QM111 - JPL, 2006 QM111 - SSA
	P.A. Bland, P. Spurný, A.W.R. Bevan, et al., 2006, in: Proceedings 69th Annual Meeting of the Meteoritical Society, 6-6-11 August 2006, Zürich (Switzerland), Meteoritics & Planetary Science, 41, Supplement, p.5197, "First Light for the Desert Fireball Network." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006M%26PSA41.5197B
	F. Colas, M. Birlan, O. Vaduvescu, et al., 2006, presented at the <i>American Astronomical Society, DPS meeting #38, #58.05;</i> Bulletin of the American Astronomical Society, 38, 592, "EURONEAR - First Results at Pic du Midi." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006DPS38.5805C
	J. de Léon, R. Duffard, J. Licandro, et al., 2006, <i>Bulletin of the American Astronomical Society</i> , 38, 627, "Near-Earth Objects Spectroscopic Survey (NEOSS): first results from mineralogical analysis." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006DPS38.7107D
2006, Sep	R. Duffard, J. de León, J. Licandro, D. Lazzaro, M. Serra-Ricart,

	2006, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> , 456, 775, "Basaltic asteroids in the Near-Earth Objects population: a mineralogical analysis." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006A%26A456775D
2006, Sep	T.J. Goldin, H.J. Melosh, 2006, in: <i>Proceedings 69th Annual Meeting of the Meteoritical Society</i> , Zürich (Switzerland), 6-11 August 2006, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 41, Supplement, p.5073, "Effects of falling impact ejecta on the post-Chicxulub atmosphere." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006M%26PSA41.5073G
2006, Sep	A.K. Mainzer, 2006, Bulletin of the American Astronomical Society, 38, 568, "NEOCam: The Near-Earth Object Camera." Proposal selected by NASA for technological development, 5 May 2011. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006DPS38.4509M See also: http://neocam.ipac.caltech.edu/http://neocam.ipac.caltech.edu/http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.cfm?release=2011-136&cid=release_2011-136&msource=11136&tr=y&auid=8299371
2006, Sep	G. Tancredi, 2006, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 41, A5269, "A new fireball in early April: a possible association with the Príbram Radiant." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006M%26PSA41.5269T
2006, Sep 15	Expert Working Group on the Comet and Asteroid Hazard Problem established by the Space Council of the Russian Academy of Sciences. See: http://www.inasan.ru/eng/asteroid_hazard/ http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/limited/c1/AC105_C1_L295E.pdf http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/pres/stsc2010/tech-35.pdf
2006, Sep 18-22	European Planetary Science Congress 2006 (EPSC #1), Berlin (Germany), 18-22 September 2006. See: http://meetings.copernicus.org/epsc2006/
2006, Oct	J.L. Ortiz, F.J. Aceituno, J.A. Quesada, 2006, <i>Icarus</i> , 184, 319, "Detection of sporadic impact flashes on the Moon: implications for the luminous efficiency of hypervelocity impacts and derived terrestrial impact rates." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006Icar1843190
2006, Oct 2	First light of the China NEO Survey Telescope (NEOST), located at Xuyi Station of Purple Mountain Observatory (Nanjing, China). NEOST, is the the best performing telescope in fields of Near

	Earth Object survey and optical imaging in China. NEOST is a f/1.8 Schmidt type telescope with a 1.20 m primary mirror and a 1.04 m corrector. Its 4K by 4K CCD camera provides a FoV of 3.8 sq.d.
	Up to August 2012, the China NEO Survey (CNEOS) program has observed 149971 asteroids with more than 530 thousands observations, found 1279 new provisional designation asteroids, and catalogued 251 numbered asteroids (including 5 Jupiter trojans, 2 Hildas, 1 Phocaea). The CNEOS program has obtained 824 NEO position observations and found 4 new NEOs, including one Apollo type NEO, 2007 JW2, and three Amor type NEOs, 2009 MZ6 , 2007 RT147 , 2007 QX14 . (priv.comm., August 2012) See also: http://english.pmo.cas.cn/rh/dcm/nsb/200908/t20090831_35079.html
	Ref: - R. Stone, 2008, <i>Science</i> , 319, 1326, "Preparing for doomsday." See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/319/5868/1326.summary/
2006, Oct	P. Vereš, L. Kornoš, J. Tóth, 2006, <i>Contributions Astronomical Observatory Skalnaté Pleso</i> , 36 (3), 171, "Search for very close approaching NEAs." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006CoSka36171V
2006, Oct 5-6	Workshop on Spacecraft Reconnaissance of Asteroid and Comet Interiors, Santa Cruz (CA, USA), 5-6 October 2006. See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/meetings/recon2006/
2006, Oct 7	Apollo NEA 2006 RZ, $H = 20.6$ mag, $D \approx 270$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.99 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.99 LD. See: 2006 RZ-JPL, 2006 RZ - SSA
2006, Oct 8 15.57	Apollo NEA 2019 TM3 (H = 27.3 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.47 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.99. LD. See: 2019 TM3 – SSA, 2019 TM3 – JPL
2006, Oct 21	Apollo NEA 2006 UE64 (H = 28.2 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.44 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.44 LD. [2006-08] See: 2006 UE64 - JPL , 2006 UE64 - SSA
2006, Oct 30	Apollo NEA 2006 UJ185 (H = 28.2 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.695 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.694 LD. [2006-09] See: 2006 UJ185 - JPL, 2006 UJ185 - SSA

2006, Oct-Dec	A. Debus, 2006, <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , 59, 1093, "Planetary protection: elements for cost minimization." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006AcAau59.1093D
2006, Nov	D.D. Durda, 2006, <i>Sky & Telescope</i> , November 2006, p. 29, "The most dangerous asteroid ever found." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006S%26T112e28D
2006, Nov 16	Apollo NEA 2006 WP1 (H = 28.2 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.81 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.80 LD. [2006-10] See: $2006 \text{ WP1} - \text{JPL}$, $2006 \text{ WP1} - \text{SSA}$
2006, Nov 20	Apollo NEA 2006 WX29 (H = 27.7 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.86 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.85 LD. [2006-11] See: 2006 WX29 - JPL , 2006 WX29 - SSA
2006, Nov 21 10:07	Apollo NEA 2006 WV (H = 27.4 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.91 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.91 LD. [2006-12] See: 2006 WV - JPL, 2006 WV - SSA
2006, Nov 21 22:44	Asteroid 2017 KB3 ($H = 25.1$ mag, $D \approx 30$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.59 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.78 LD. See: 2017 KB3 - JPL, 2017 KB3 - SSA
2006, Nov 24	D.J. Scheeres, E.G. Fahnestock, S.J. Ostro, JL. Margot, et al., 2006, <i>Science</i> , 314, 1280, "Dynamical configuration of binary Near-Earth Asteroid (66391) 1999 KW4." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2006Sci314.1280S
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2006, Dec 12	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS) Action Team 14: Interim Report. See: http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/limited/c1/AC105 C1 L290E.pdf http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/pres/stsc2007/tech-35.pdf
2006, Dec 28	NASA Near-Earth Object Survey and Deflection Study, Final

2007 , Jan 1	report. See: http://www.hq.nasa.gov/office/pao/FOIA/NEO_Analysis_Doc.pdf http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/neo/report2007.html 4412 NEAs known, of which 825 PHAs. See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
2007	The 200,000 th minor planet was numbered at the IAU Minor Planet Center : asteroid 200000 (2007 JT40 , $H = 15.7$ mag, $D \approx 2.5$ km, main-belt asteroid), discovered on 12 May 2007 by the Mount Lemon Survey at Mount Lemmon (AZ, USA), as part of the Catalina Sky Survey .
2007	The Association of Space Explorers (ASE) formed an ASE Panel on Asteroid Threat Mitigation. See: http://www.space-explorers.org/committees/NEO/neo.html
2007	P. Bobrowsky & H. Rickman (eds.), 2007, <i>Comet/Asteroid Impacts and Human Society</i> (Berlin: Springer). Report of the "Tenerife Retreat" of December 2004. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007caih.bookB http://thelightofdayradioshow.com/PlanetX_Files/Comet-Asteroid-Impacts-and-Human-Society.pdf See also: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=155 Among the papers: - J. Andersen, 2007, p. 521, "Towards rational international policies on the NEO hazard." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007caih.bookB - B.G. Marsden, 2007, p. 505, "Impact risk communication management (1998 – 2004): has it improved?" See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007caih.bookB - D. Morrison, 2007, p. 163, "The impact hazard: advanced NEO surveys and societal responses." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007caih.bookB
2007	K.R. Evans, J.W. Horton, D.T. King, J.R. Morrow (eds.), 2007, Proc., <i>The Sedimentary Record of Meteorite Impacts</i> , <i>Geological Society of America Special Papers</i> , Vol. 437. See: http://specialpapers.gsapubs.org/content/437
2007	J.D. Koenig, C.F. Chyba, 2007, <i>Science & Global Security</i> , 15 (1), 57, "Impact deflection of potentially hazardous asteroids using current launch vehicles." See:

	http://scienceandglobalsecurity.org/archive/2007/05/impact_deflection_of_potential.html http://scienceandglobalsecurity.org/archive/sgs15koenig.pdf
2007	D.A. Kring, 2007, <i>LPI Contribution</i> No. 1355, "Guidebook to the Geology of Barringer Meteorite Crater, Arizona (a.k.a. Meteor Crater)." See:
	http://www.lpi.usra.edu/publications/books/barringer_crater_guidebook/
2007	A. Milani, G.B. Valsecchi & D. Vokrouhlický (eds.), Proc. IAU Symposium No. 236 on <i>Near Earth Objects, our Celestial Neighbours: Opportunity and Risk</i> , Prague (Czech Republic), 14-18 August 2006 (Cambridge: CUP). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007neoo.bookM Among the papers: - G.B. Valsecchi, 2007, <i>IAUS 236</i> , xvii, "236 years ago" See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007IAUS236V - S.J. Ostro, J.D. Giorgini, L.A.M. Benner, 2007, p <i>IAUS 236</i> , 143, "Radar reconnaissance of near-Earth asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007IAUS2361430 - P. Pravec, A.W. Harris, B.D. Warner, 2007, <i>IAUS 236</i> , 167, NEA rotations and binaries." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007IAUS236167P - D.F. Lupishko, M. Di Martino, R.P. Binzel, 2007, <i>IAUS 236</i> , 251, "Near-Earth objects as principal impactors of the Earth: physical properties and sources of origin." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007IAUS236251L - A. Boattini, A. Milani, G.F. Gronchi, T. Spahr, G.B. Valsecchi, 2007, <i>IAUS 236</i> , p. 291, "Low solar elongation searches for NEO: a deep sky test and its implications for survey strategies." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007IAUS236291B - S. Larson, 2007, <i>IAUS 236</i> , p. 323, "Current NEO surveys." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007IAUS236323L - R.S. Mc Millan, <i>IAUS 236</i> , p. 329, "Spacewatch preparations for the era of deep all-sky surveys." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007IAUS236329M - O. Engvold, IAU General Secretary, 2007, <i>IAUS 236</i>
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007IAUS236467E
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2007, Jan	J. Licandro, H. Campins, T. Mothé-Diniz, et al., 2007, <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 461, 751, "The nature of comet-asteroid transition

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2007, Jan 18	Aten NEA 2007 BD (H = 26.5 mag, $D \approx 18$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.84 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.84 LD. [2007-01] See: 2007 BD - JPL, 2007 BD - SSA See also: 17 Jan 1965.
2007, Jan 19	Aten NEA 2007 BB (H = 28.1 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.01 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.99 LD. See: 2007 BB - JPL, 2007 BB - SSA
2007, Feb 7	J.P. Sanchez Cuartielles, C. Colombo, M. Vasile, G. Radice, 2007, in: <i>New trends in astrodynamics and applications. III.</i> , AIP Conference Proceedings, 886, 317, "A multi-criteria assessment of deflection methods for dangerous NEOs." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007AIPC8863178
2007, Feb 11	Apollo NEA 2007 CC27 (H = 26.9 mag, $D \approx 15$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.86 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.86 LD. [2007-02] See: 2007 CC27 - JPL, 2007 CC27 - SSA
2007, Feb 11	D. Vergano, 2007, <i>USA Today</i> , "Near-Earth asteroids could be 'steppingstones to Mars '." See: http://www.usatoday.com/tech/science/space/2007-02-12-asteroid_x.htm
2007, Feb 21	Apollo NEA 2007 DN41 (H = 26.3 mag, $D \approx 20$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.79 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.78 LD. [2007-03] See: 2007 DN41 - JPL, 2007 DN41 - SSA
2007, Feb 21-22	UN Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS), Scientific and Technical Subcommittee, 44th Session, Action Team 14 on NEOs meets in Vienna (Austria). Action Team 14 recommends addressing the threat from smaller NEAs, augmentation of the Minor Planet Center, preparation of a draft NEA deflection protocol and international procedures. Report 6 March 2007: http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/reports/ac105/AC105_890E.pdf
2007, Feb 21	R.L. Schweickart, 2007, presented at the 44 th Session of the UN-COPUOS <i>Scientific and Technical Subcommittee</i> Meeting, Vienna (Austria), "Deflecting NEOs: a pending international

	challenge." See: http://www.space-explorers.org/committees/NEO/docs/STSC07paper.pdf
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2007, Mar 7	NASA report to Congress NEO Survey and Deflection Analysis of Alternatives – Report to Congress, in response to the George E.

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	Brown Jr NEO Survey Act of 28 December 2005. See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/neo/report2007.html http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=171 http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=174 Critique: http://www.b612foundation.org/press/press.html #15, #16
2007, Mar 11	Apollo NEA 2007 EH (H = 27.8 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.46 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.46 LD. [2007-04] See: 2007 EH - JPL, 2007 EH - SSA
2007, Mar 13	Apollo NEA 2007 EK (H = 29.4 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.69 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.69 LD. [2007-05] See: 2007 EK - JPL, 2007 EK - SSA
2007, Mar 25	Apollo NEA 2006 RH120 (H = 29.4 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.92 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.92 LD. [2007-06] See: 2006 RH120 - JPL, 2006 RH120 - SSA See also: http://www.space.com/14037-earth-2-moons-asteroids-theories.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2006_RH120 See also: 14 Jun 2007. Ref: - T. Kwiatkowski, A. Kryszczyńska, M. Polińska, et al., 2009, $Astronomy \& Astrophysics$, 495, 967, "Photometry of 2006 RH120: an asteroid temporary captured into a geocentric orbit." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009A%26A495967K
2007, Mar 31	Apollo NEA 374851 (2006 VV2, <i>H</i> = 16.9 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 1800 m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.81 LD. Minimum miss distance 8.81 LD. See: 2006 VV2 - JPL, 374851 2006 VV2 Ref: - R. Huziak, 2007, <i>Journal of the Royal Astronomical Society of Canada</i> , 101, 165, "Ramblings of a variable-star addict: precise measurements for Earth-crossing asteroid 2006 VV2". See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007JRASC.101165H See also: http://www.rasc.ca/news/2006VV2.shtml http://antwrp.gsfc.nasa.gov/apod/ap070405.html See also: 29 Mar 2177.
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2007, Apr 13	S.C. Lowry, A. Fitzsimmons, P. Pravec, et al., 2007, <i>Science</i> , 316, 272, "Direct detection of the asteroidal YORP effect." See: http://star.pst.qub.ac.uk/comast/papers/YORP1.pdf
2007, Apr 24	Apollo NEA 2007 HB15 (H = 27.7 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.57 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.57 LD. [2007-07] See: 2007 HB15 - JPL, 2007 HB15 - SSA
2007, May	G.C. de Elía, A. Brunini, 2007, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> , 466, 1159, "Collisional and dynamical evolution of the main belt and NEA population." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007A%26A466.1159D
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2007, May	R.A. Fevig, U. Fink, 2007, <i>Icarus</i> , 188, 175, "Spectral observations of 19 weathered and 23 fresh NEAs and their correlations with orbital parameters." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007Icar188175F
2007, May	R.B. Firestone, A. West, Z. Revay, et al., 2007, in: <i>American Geophysical Union, Spring Meeting 2007</i> , abstract #PP41A-01, "Evidence for a massive extraterrestrial airburst over North America 12.9 ka ago." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007AGUSMPP41A01F
2007, May	R.B. Firestone, A. West, J.P. Kenneth, et al., 2007, in: <i>American Geophysical Union, Spring Meeting 2007</i> , abstract #PP43A-01, "Evidence for an extraterrestrial impact event 12,900 years ago that contributed to megafaunal extinctions and the Younger Dryas cooling." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007AGUSMPP43A01F
2007, May	M. Moidel, <i>Space Viz</i> , 2007, DVD, <i>Planetary Defense</i> . Interviews with M. A'Hearn, M. Belton, R. Binzel, C. Chapman, A.C. Clarke, F.J. Dyson, A.W. Harris (Germany), A.W. Harris (USA), D.H.

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2007, May 9-12	1st International Workshop on NEO Deflection Policy, International Space University, Strasbourg (France), organized by the Association of Space Explorers (ASE). See: http://www.space- explorers.org/committees/NEO/docs/ASE_NEO_Aug06.pdf http://www.space-explorers.org/committees/NEO/workshop1.html http://www.isunet.edu/ index.php?option=com_docman&task=doc_view&gid=131&Itemid=26 http://www.spaceref.com/news/viewpr.html?pid=20596
2007, May 10	Puerto Lápice Fireball and Meteorite. A brilliant fireball of absolute magnitude – 14 ± 4 was widely seen all over Spain. The fireball travelled from south to north and experienced various explosions along its trajectory. The Spanish Fireball Network (SPMN) and numerous images taken by observers documented the fall. Some 500 g of meteorite material was collected at Puerto Lápice (Ciudad Real, Castilla-La Mancha, Spain), notably achondrite (eucrite, brecciated). Ref: - J.M. Trigo-Rodríguez, J. Boroviča, P. Spurný, et al., 2006, Meteoritics & Planetary Science, 44, 175, "Puerto Lápice eucrite fall: strewn field, physical description, probable fireball trajectory, and orbit." See: http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/j.1945-5100.2009.tb00726.x/abstract See also: http://tin.er.usgs.gov/meteor/metbull.php?code=45984
2007, May 31	In 2006, 14 space agencies (ASI, Italy; CNES, France; CNSA China; CSA, Canada; CSIRO, Australia; DLR, Germany; ESA, Europe; ISRO, India; JAXA, Japan; KARI, Republic of Korea; NASA, USA; NSAU, Ukraine; Roscosmos, Russia; BNSC/UKSA, UK) began a series of discussions on global interests in space exploration. Together they took the step of elaborating a vision for peaceful robotic and human space exploration, focusing on destinations within the Solar System, and developed a common set of key space exploration themes. This vision was articulated in 'The Global Exploration Strategy: The Framework for Coordination,' hereinafter referred to as the 'Framework Document'. A key finding of the Framework Document is the need to establish a voluntary, non-

	binding international coordination mechanism through which individual agencies may exchange information regarding interests, objectives and plans in space exploration, with the goal of strengthening both individual exploration programs as well as the collective effort. The coordination mechanism is named the International Space Exploration Coordination Group (ISECG). See: http://www.globalspaceexploration.org/
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2007, Jun	J.K. Paty, W.U. Reimold, 2007, <i>Journal of Earth System Science</i> , 116, 81, "Impact cratering — fundamental process in geoscience and planetary science." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007JESS11681P
2007, Jun	D.J. Scheeres, M. Abe, M. Yoshikawa, et al., 2007, <i>Icarus</i> , 188, 425, "The effect of YORP on Itokawa ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007Icar1884258
2007, Jun	D.J. Scheeres, 2007, <i>Icarus</i> , 188, 430, "The dynamical evolution of uniformly rotating asteroids subject to YORP." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007Icar1884308
2007, Jun 11-15	International meeting on minor bodies <i>Meteoroids 2007</i> , Barcelona (Spain), 11-15 June 2007. See: http://www.spmn.uji.es/meteoroids-2007/
2007, Jun 14	Apollo NEA 2006 RH120 (H = 29.4 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.72 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.72 LD. [2007-08] See: 2006 RH120 - JPL , 2006 RH120 - SSA See also: http://www.space.com/14037-earth-2-moons-asteroids-theories.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2006_RH120 See also: 25 Mar 2007 . Ref:
	- T. Kwiatkowski, A. Kryszczyńska, M. Polińska, et al., 2009, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> , 495, 967, "Photometry of 2006 RH120 : an asteroid temporary captured into a geocentric orbit." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009A%26A495967K
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2007, Jul 20	"Potentially hazardous Near Earth Objects coming to your neighborhood soon". See: http://www.greatdreams.com/near.htm
2007, Jul 23	Green.view, 2007, <i>The Economist</i> , 23 July 2007, The threat from outer space." See: http://www.economist.com/node/9533468
2007, Jul 26	Apollo NEA 2020 HL6 (H = 27.9 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.14 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.50 LD. See: 2020 HL6 – S2P, 2020 HL6 – JPL
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2007, Aug 7	Earth-grazing fireball EN070807 passed through the upper Earth atmosphere with an orbit belonging to the rare Aten asteroid type. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008LPICo1405.8217S http://www.lpi.usra.edu/meetings/acm2008/pdf/8217.pdf http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Earth-grazing_fireball http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ The_Great_Daylight_1972_Fireball#All_known_Earth-grazing_fireballs
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2007, Sep 5	Apollo NEA 2007 RS1 (H = 31.1 mag, $D \approx 2.1$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.19 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.19 LD. [2007-09] See: $2007 \text{ RS1} - \text{JPL}$, $2007 \text{ RS1} - \text{SSA}$ See also: 2 Sep 1964 .
2007, Sep 6	W.F. Bottke, D. Vokrouhlický, D. Nesvorný, et al., 2007, <i>Nature</i> , 449, 48, "An asteroid breakup 160 Myr ago as the probable source of the K/T impactor." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007Natur.44948B See also: http://www.planetary.org/news/2007/0921 Ancient Collision between Asteroids.html
2007, Sep 6	P. Claeys, S. Goderis, 6 September 2007, <i>Nature</i> , 449, 30, "Lethal billiards." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007Natur.44930C
2007, Sep 12-15	2 nd International Workshop on NEO Deflection Policy, Sibiu (Romania), organized by the Association of Space Explorers (ASE). See: http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/pres/stsc2008/tech-12.pdf
2007, Sep 15	Carancas Chondritic Fireball and Meteorite Fall on the Altiplano at the Peru-Bolivia border, near the village of Carancas (Peru), forming a 13.5-m wide crater, with a depth of 4.5 m. The stony meteorite may have had original mass of 1-2 ton. Ref:

	- J. Borovička, P. Spurný, 2008, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> , 485, 1, "The Carancas meteorite impact — encounter with a monolithic meteoroid." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008A%26A485L1B - P. Brown, D.O. ReVelle, E.A. Silber, et al., September 2008, <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 113, 9007, "Analysis of a crater-forming meteorite impact in Peru." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008JGRE113.9007B - G. Tancredi, J. Ishitsuka, P. Schultz, et al., 2009, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 44, 1967, "A meteorite crater on Earth formed on September 15, 2007: the Carancas hypervelocity impact." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009M%26PS44.1967T See also: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009M%26PS44.1967T See also: http://news.nationalgeographic.com/news/2007/09/070921-meteor-peru.html http://www.lifeslittlemysteries.com/1535-when-space-attacks-6-craziest-meteor-impacts-history.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Carancas_impact_event
2007, Sep 27	NASA spacecraft <i>Dawn</i> launched. Asteroid 4 Vesta (<i>H</i> = 3.20 mag, <i>D</i> = 530 km, Main-belt asteroid) rendezvous in July 2011, leaving May 2012. Dwarf planet 1 Ceres (<i>H</i> = 3.34 mag, <i>D</i> = 952 km) rendezvous March 6, 2015. End of primary mission July 2015. See: http://dawn.jpl.nasa.gov/ http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2014-443
2007, Sep 28	Northern Ostrobothania Fireball and Airburst (Finland). See: http://yle.fi/uutiset/super-meteor_lights_up_northern_sky/5803349 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_meteor_air_bursts
2007, Oct	A.W. Harris, 2007, <i>American Astronomical Society DPS meeting</i> #39, #50.01, <i>Bulletin of the American Astronomical Society</i> , 39, 511, "An update of the population of NEAs and impact risk." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007DPS39.5001H
2007, Oct 8	IAU General Secretary Karel A. van der Hucht informs the director of the Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics, host of the Minor Planet Center, of the full support of the IAU Executive Committee for the MPC and its new director, Timothy B. Spahr. The IAU GS expresses its gratitude to MPC director-emeritus Brian G. Marsden for directing the MPC during more than three decades in an outstanding way.

2007, Oct 9	Tom Gehrels, founder of the Spacewatch project, named winner of the 2007 Harold Masursky Award by the the American Astronomical Society Division of Planetary Sciences at the DPS 39th annual meeting in Orlando (FL, USA). See: http://uanews.org/node/16265
2007, Oct 9	R.B. Firestone, A. West, J.P. Kennett, et al., 2007, <i>Proc. National Academy of Sciences</i> , 104, 16016, "Evidence for an extraterrestrial impact 12,900 years ago that contributed to the megafaunal extinctions and the Younger Dryas cooling." See: https://www.pnas.org/content/104/41/16016 See also: D.J. Kennett, J.P. Kennett, A. West, et al., 2009, <i>Science</i> , 323, 94, "Nanodiamonds in the Younger Dryas boundary sediment layer." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009Sci32394K But see also: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010DDA41.0601H
2007, Oct 11	Testimony of Russell L. Schweickart, chairman, B612 Foundation , before the Space and Aeronautics Subcommittee of the U.S. House Committee on Science and Technology. See: http://www.science.house.gov/publications/Testimony.aspx?TID=9743 http://democrats.science.house.gov/media/File/Commdocs/hearings/2007/space/08nov/Schweickart_testimony.pdf
2007, Oct 12	Apollo NEA 2007 TX22 (H = 28.2 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.38 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.37 LD. [2007-10] See: $2007 \text{ TX22} - \text{JPL}$, $2007 \text{ TX22} - \text{SSA}$
2007, Oct 17, 14:52	Apollo NEA 2007 UO6 (H = 27.6 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.96 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.93 LD. [2007-11] See: $2007 \text{ UO6} - \text{JPL}$, $2007 \text{ UO6} - \text{SSA}$
2007, Oct 17, 15:25	Apollo NEA 2007 UN12 (H = 28.7 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.18 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.18 LD. [2007-12] See: 2007 UN12 - JPL, 2007 UN12 - SSA
2007, Oct 18	Apollo NEA 2007 UD6 (H = 28.2 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.50 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.50 LD. [2007-13] See: 2007 UD6 - JPL, 2007 UD6 - SSA See also: 18 Oct 2048 .

2007, Oct 19	ESA announced the results of its <i>Cosmic Visions 2015 – 2025</i> call
	for proposals: seven space science missions selected for further study, including <i>Marco Polo</i> , a NEO rendez-vous and sample-return mission.
	See: http://www.esa.int/esaSC/SEM1IQAMS7F_index_0.html
2007, Oct 20-21	NASA Workshop on Low-Cost Missions to NEOs. NASA Ames Research Center, Mountain View (CA, USA). See: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=177
2007, Oct 30	Apollo NEA 2007 US51 (H = 27.2 mag, $D \approx 13$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.58 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.58 LD. [2007-14] See: 2007 US51 - JPL, 2007 US51 - SSA
2007, Nov	A.A. Christou, J. Oberst, D. Koschny, et al., 2007, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 55, 2049, "Comparative studies of meteoroid-planet interaction in the inner solar system." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007P%26SS55.2049C
2007, Nov 5	R.R. Landis, D.J. Korsmeyer, P.A. Abell, et al., 2007, in: Proc. <i>First International Conference on the Exploration of Phobos and Deimos</i> , 5-8 November 2007, Moffett Field (CA, USA). LPI Contribution No. 1377, p.24, "Prelude to human exploration of Phobos and Deimos: the NEO factor." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007epdconf24L
2007, Nov 6	Apollo NEA 2007 VK184 ($H = 22.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 130 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 23.9 LD. Minimum miss distance 23.9 LD. See: 2007 VK184 - JPL, 2007 VK184 - SSA See also: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news183.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2007 VK184 See also: 2 Jun 2048, 6 Jun 2118.
2007, Nov 8	Congressional hearings on Near-Earth Objects (NEOs) – Status of the Survey Program and Review of NASA's Report to Congress, for the US House of representatives, Committee on Science and Technology, Subcommittee on Space and Aeronautics. Speakers included chairman Mark Udall, Rep. Luis G. Fortuno, Donald Campbell (Cornell University), Jim Green (NASA Hq), Scott Pace (NASA Hq), Russell L. Schweickart (B612 Foundation), Anthony Tyson (University of California at Davis), and Donald Yeomans (JPL). See: http://democrats.science.house.gov/media/File/Commdocs/
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	hearings/2007/space/08nov/Tyson_testimony.pdf
	http://www.plutotoday.com/news/viewsr.html?pid=25962
	http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=178
	http://www.b612foundation.org/press/press.html #17,
	http://www.b612foundation.org/papers/Hearing_Charter.pdf
2007, Nov 14	Apollo NEA 2007 VF189 ($H = 28.7 \text{ mag}, D \approx 7 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at
	a nominal miss distance of 0.61 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.61
	LD. [2007-15]
	See: 2007 VF189 - JPL, 2007 VF189 - SSA
	See also: 14 Nov 1944.
2007, Dec	D.P. Rubincam, 2007, <i>Icarus</i> , 192, 460, "Orbital YORP and
2007, BCC	asteroid orbit evolution, with application to Apophis ."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007Icar192460R
	Sec. http://adsaos.narvard.edu/aos/2007fcar192400K
2007, Dec	Wording inserted into the Departments of Commerce, Justice,
	Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2008 (H.R.
	3093): NASA is directed to provide additional funding for the
	Arecibo Observatory; NASA shall contract with the National
	Research Council (NRC) to study the Arecibo issue and make
	recommendations; As part of its deliberations, the NRC shall
	review NASA's report 2006 Near-Earth Object Survey and
	Deflection Study as well as any other relevant literature; An interim
	report with recommendations focusing primarily on the optimum
	approach to the survey program shall be submitted within 15
	months of enactment of this Act; The NRC study shall include an
	assessment of the costs of various alternatives, including options
	that may blend the use of different facilities (whether ground- or
	space-based), or involve international cooperation.
	See: http://www7.nationalacademies.org/ocga/laws/PL110-161.asp
2007, Dec 3	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-
	COPUOS) Action Team 14, Interim Report (2007 – 2008).
	See: http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/limited/c1/AC105_C1_L295E.pdf
2007, Dec 4	UN Committee on the Deceaful Uses of Outer Space (UN
2007, Dec 4	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-
	COPUOS). Information on research in the field of NEOs carried
	out by Member States, international organizations and other
	entities.
	See: http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/reports/ac105/AC105_896E.pdf
2007, Dec 13	Apollo NEA 2007 XB23 ($H = 27.1 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 14 \text{ m}$) passed Earth
	at a nominal miss distance of 0.26 LD. Minimum miss distance
	0.25 LD. [2007-16]
	See: 2007 XB23 - JPL , 2007 XB23 - SSA
	See also: 11 Dec 2024.
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2007, Dec 15	Apollo NEA 2007 YN1 ($H = 25.0$ mag, $D \approx 42$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.02 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.02 LD. See: $2007 \text{ YN1} - \text{JPL}$, $2007 \text{ YN1} - \text{SSA}$
2007, Dec 27	Apollo NEA 2007 YP56 (H = 25.8 mag, $D \approx 24$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.54 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.54 LD. [2007-17] See: 2007 YP56 - JPL, 2007 YP56 - SSA
2008 , Jan 1	5061 NEAs known, of which 910 PHAs. See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
2008	The International Astronautical Federation creates an IAF Technical Committee on NEOs. See: http://www.iafastro.net/?id=993 http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/pres.stsc2009/tech-31.pdf
2008	The Space Generation Advisory Council (SGAC) documentary about issues surrounding defending the Earth from asteroid and comet impacts, "Near Earth Objects and Planetary Defence." See: http://spacegeneration.org/index.php/activities/papers-a-reports/124-neodocumentary
2008	Asteroid Finder, a space project of the German Aerospace Center (DLR) approved, planned for launch in 2013 with an one-year baseline mission duration, with a 25-cm telescope mirror and a 2° × 2° FoV camera, to operate in a Sun-synchronous low-Earth orbit. The primary goals are to detect and track the population of NEOs interior to Earth's orbit, and to determine their size distribution and orbital properties, along with impact hazard assessment. Ref: - M. Drentschew, G.J. Hahn, E. Kührt, et al., 2008, Proc. Asteroids, Comets, Meteors 2008, 14-18 July 2008, Baltimore (MD, USA), LPI Contribution No. 1405, paper id. 8125, "Modeling of the expected performance for the German AsteroidFinder." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008LPICo1405.8125D - S. Mottola, A. Börner, J.T. Grundmann, G.J. Hahn, et al., 2008, Proc. Asteroids, Comets, Meteors 2008, 14-18 July 2008,
	Baltimore (MD, USA), LPI Contribution No. 1405, paper id. 8140, "AsteroidFinder: a space-based search for IEOs." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008LPICo1405.8140M See also: http://www.dlr.de/pf/Portaldata/6/Resources/asteroiden_und_kometen/D

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2008	R.P. Binzel, C.A. Thomas, A. Tokunaga, 2008, in: Proc. <i>Asteroids</i> , <i>Comets, Meteors</i> 2008, 14-18 July 2008, Baltimore (MD, USA), LPI Contribution No. 1405, paper id. 8228, "Spectral properties of Near-Earth Object mission targets." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008LPICo1405.8228B
2008	RM. Bonnet, L. Woltjer, 2008, <i>Surviving 1000 Centuries</i> (Berlin: Springer Praxis Books), p. 62, chapter 3.3, "Solar System hazards." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008stcbookB
2008	P.C. Plait, Death from the skies: these are the ways the world will end (Pinguin Books: London). See: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Death_from_the_Skies#Reviews See also: http://skepchick.org/2008/10/book-review-death-from-the-skies-by-phil-plait/
2008	P. Spurný, J. Borovicka, Z. Ceplecha, L. Shrbený, 2008, in: Proc. <i>Asteroids, Comets, Meteors 2008</i> , 14-18 July 2008, Baltimore (MD, USA), LPI Contribution No. 1405, paper id. 8217, "Precise multi-instrument data on 45 fireballs recorded over central Europe in the period 2006-2008." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008LPICo1405.82178
2008, Jan	J.D. Giorgini, L. Benner, S.J. Ostro, et al., 2008, <i>Icarus</i> , 193, 1, "Predicting the Earth encounters of (99942) Apophis." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008Icar1931G http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/apophis/
2008 Jan	N. Pinter, S.E. Ishman, 2008, <i>GSA Today</i> , 18 (1), 38, "Impacts, mega-tsunami and other extraordinary claims." See: http://www.geosociety.org/gsatoday/archive/18/1/pdf/i1052-5173-18-1-37.pdf
2008, Jan	B. Schmitz, D.A.T. Harper, B. Peucker-Ehrenbrink, et al., 2008, <i>Nature Geoscience</i> , 1, 49, "Asteroid breakup linked to the Great Ordovician Bio-diversification Event." See: http://www.nature.com/ngeo/journal/v1/n1/full/ngeo.2007.37.html

2008, Jan 1	HK. Moon, YI., Byon, S.N. Raymaond, T. Spahr, 2008, <i>Icarus</i> , 19, 53, "Realistic survey simulations for kilometer class near Earth objects." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008Icar19353M
2008, Jan 13	Apollo NEA 2008 AF3 (H = 26.4 mag, $D \approx 19$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.98 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.98 LD. [2008-01] See: 2008 AF3 - JPL, 2008 AF3 - SSA
2008, Jan 14	First meeting International Primitive Body Exploration Working Group (IPEWG), Okinawa (Japan). JAXA will maintain website. See: http://www.jspec.jaxa.jp/okinawa_index.html http://www.jspec.jaxa.jp/IPEWG_circular_final-2.pdf http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jan2009/presentations/Sykes_ipewg_SBAG.pdf
2008, Jan 16	Apollo NEA 2008 BW2 (H = 29.7 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.93 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.92 LD. [2008-02] See: 2008 BW2 - JPL, 2008 BW2 - SSA
2008, Jan 29	Apollo NEA 2007 TU24 (<i>H</i> = 20.5 mag, <i>D</i> = 250 m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.44 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.44 LD. See: 2007 TU24 - JPL, 2007 TU24 - SSA Closest approach by a known asteroid of this size or larger until 2027. Radar detection was acquired on 23 January using the NASA Goldstone 70 m antenna, part of NASA's Deep Space network station in the Southern California Mojave Desert. See: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=1586 http://antwrp.gsfc.nasa.gov/apod/ap080130.html See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2007_TU24 See also: 30 Jan 2168.
2008, Jan 30	Apollo NEA 2007 WD5 (H = 24.5 mag, $D \approx 50$ m, discovered by the Catalina Sky Survey) passed Mars by 26,100 km. See: 2007 WD5 - JPL , 2007 WD5 - SSA See also: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news151.html http://uanews.org/node/17415 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.cfm?release=2007-152 http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news153.html

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2008, Jan 31	Apollo NEA 2008 BC15 (H = 26.5 mag, $D \approx 18$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.77 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.77 LD. [2008-03] See: 2008 BC15 - JPL, 2008 BC15 - SSA
2008, Feb	R.W. Sinnott, 2008, <i>Sky & Telescope</i> , 115, no.2, p. 86, "Wouldn't a 300-meter asteroid be able to eclipse the Moon, if it should pass in front of it?" See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008S%26T115R86S
2008, Feb 5	Aten NEA 2008 CT1 (H = 28.0 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.35 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.34 LD. [2008-04] See: 2008 CT1 - JPL, 2008 CT1 - SSA
2008, Feb 6	Apollo NEA 2008 CE 22 (H = 26.6 mag, $D \approx 17$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.001 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.999 LD. See: 2008 CE22 - JPL, 2008 CE22 - SSA See also: 5 Feb 2066.
2008, Feb 15	Apollo NEA 2008 CK70 (H = 25.6 mag, $D \approx 27$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.97 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.97 LD. [2008-05] See: 2008 CK70 - JPL, 2008 CK70 - SSA See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2008_CK70
2008, Feb 18	T. Graham, R.L. Schweickart, 2008, <i>Scientific American</i> , 18 February 2008, "NASA's flimsy argument for nuclear weapons." See: http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=nasas-flimsy-argument-for-nuclear-weapons
2008, Feb 18-19	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS), Scientific and technical Subcommittee, 45 th Session, Action Team 14 on NEOs meets in Vienna (Austria). Report (11 March 2008): http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/reports/ac105/AC105_911E.pdf
2008, Feb 26	The Planetary Society Apophis Mission Design Competition results released. See:

2008, Mar	http://planetary.org/programs/projects/near_earth_objects/apophis_competition/rules.html http://www.planetary.org/programs/projects/apophis_competition/update_20080226.html http://www.esa.int/SPECIALS/NEO/SEMJCNM5NDF_0.html Small Bodies Assessment Group, chartered by NASA's Planetary Science Division to identify scientific priorities and opportunities for the exploration of asteroids, comets, interplanetary dust, small satellites, and Trans-Neptunian Objects. The group also provides scientific input on the utility of asteroids and comets in support of human space activities. See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/
2008, Mar	R. Linfield, J. Vancleve, H.J. Reitsema, R. Arentz, 2008, in: Proc. 39th Lunar and Planetary Science Conference, League City (TX, USA), 10-14 March 2008, Lunar and Planetary Science XXXIX, LPI Contribution No. 1391, p. 1412, "Searching for Near Earth Objects from a Venus-like orbit." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008LPI39.1412L Read also: - R. Linfield, J. Vancleve, H.J. Reitsema, R. Arentz, 2008, in: Proc. Asteroids, Comets, Meteors 2008, 14-18 July 2008, Baltimore (MD, USA). LPI Contribution No. 1405, paper id. 8270, "Searching for Near Earth Objects: an IR telescope in a Venus-like orbit." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008LPICo1405.8270L - B. Corbin, 2010, presented at the 61st International Astronautical Congress, Prague (Czech Republic), 27 September - 1 October 2010, "Implementing advanced technologies and models to reduce uncertainty in a global, cost-effective asteroid mitigation system." See: http://spacegeneration.org/index.php/activities/current-projects/neo-working-group/move-an-asteroid http://www.spacegeneration.org/index.php/eventstopics/news/227-sgac-announces-the-winner-of-the-2010-move-an-asteroid-competition http://www.spacegeneration.org/images/stories/Projects/NEO/Corbin_Asteroid_Paper.pdf
2008, Mar 3	Apollo NEA 2008 EK68 (H = 29.6 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.51 LD. Minimum miss distance 0 LD . See: 2008 EK68 - JPL , 2008 EK68 - SSA
2008, Mar 7	R. Stone, 2008, <i>Science</i> , 319, 1326, "Preparing for doomsday." See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/319/5868/1326.summary/

2008, Mar 7	R. Stone, 2008, <i>Science</i> , 319, 1329, "The state of our planet's defenses." See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/319/5868/1329.summary
2008, Mar 9	Apollo NEA 2008 EZ7 (H = 27.7 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.42 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.42 LD. [2008-06] See: $2008 EZ7 - JPL$, $2008 EZ7 - SSA$
2008, Mar 10, 05:24	Apollo NEA 2008 EF32 (H = 29.4 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.17 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.13 LD. [2008-07] See: 2008 EF32 - JPL , 2008 EF32 - SSA
2008, Mar 10, 19:39	Apollo NEA 2008 EM68 (H = 27.6 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.58 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15 LD. [2008-08] See: $2008 \text{ EM68} - \text{JPL}$, $2008 \text{ EM68} - \text{SSA}$
2008, Mar 23	Apollo NEA 2008 FK (H = 27.3 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.84 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.84 LD. [2008-09] See: $2008 \text{ FK} - \text{JPL}$, $2008 \text{ FK} - \text{SSA}$
2008, Mar 29	Apollo NEA 2008 FP (H = 26.3 mag, $D \approx 20$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.44 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.44 LD. [2008-10] See: $2008 \text{ FP} - \text{JPL}$, $2008 \text{ FP} - \text{SSA}$
2008, Apr	A. Carusi, G. D'Abramo, G.B. Valsecchi, 2008, <i>Icarus</i> , 194, 450, "Orbital and mission planning constraints for the deflection of NEOs impacting on Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008Icar194450C
2008, Apr	G.S. Collins, N. Artemieva, K. Wünnemann, et al., 2008, <i>Terra Nova</i> , 20, 165, "Evidence that Lake Cheko is not an impact crater." See: http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/j.1365-3121.2008.00791.x/full .
2008, Apr	J. Davis, 2008, <i>Astronomy</i> , 36, No. 4, p. 34, "185 million years before the dinosaurs' demise, did an asteroid nearly end life on Earth?" See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008Ast36d.34D
2008, Apr	M.A. McDonald, H.J. Melosh, S.P.S. Gulick, 2008, <i>Geophysical Research Letters</i> , 35(7), L07203, "Oblique impacts and peak ring

	position: Venus and Chicxulub." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008GeoRL3507203M
2008, Apr 3	Apollo NEA 2008 GM2 ($H = 28.3$ mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.54 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.54 LD. [2008-11] See: 2008 GM2 - JPL, 2008 GM2 - SSA See also: 4 Apr 1947 .
2008, Apr 7	Apollo NEA 2008 GF1 (H = 28.5 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.76 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.76 LD. [2008-12] See: 2008 GF1 - JPL, 2008 GF1 - SSA See also: 7 Apr 2004.
2008, Apr 7	Fall of the Berduc L6 Chondrite Meteorite. A daylight fireball was witnessed by hundreds of people from Argentina and Uruguay, and recorded by an infrasound array in Paraguay. Ref: - J.M. Trigo-Rodriguez, J. Llorca, J.M. Madiedo, et al., 2010, Meteoritics and Planetary Science, 45, 383, "The Berduc L6 chondrite fall: meteorite characterization, trajectory, and orbital elements." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010M%26PS45383T
2008, Apr 9	Apollo NEA 2018 GY3 ($H = 27.9$ mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.57 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.57 LD. It passed the Moon at a nominal miss distance of 0.80 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.80 LD. See: 2018 GY3 - JPL, 2018 GY3 - SSA
2008, Apr 23-26	3 rd International Workshop on NEO Deflection Policy, Guácimo (Costa Rica), organized by the Association of Space Explorers (ASE). See: http://www.space-explorers.org/committees/NEO/workshop3.html http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/pres/stsc2008/tech-12.pdf
2008, May 10	Apollo NEA 2008 JL24 (H = 29.8 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.45 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.45 LD. [2008-13] See: $2008 \text{ JL24} - \text{JPL}$, $2008 \text{ JL24} - \text{SSA}$
2008, May 19	Apollo NEA 2015 XR169 (H = 28.9 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.78 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.12 LD. See: 2015 XR169 - JPL, 2015 XR169 - SSA

2008, Jun	R. Brasser, P. Wiegert, 2008, <i>Monthly Notices Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 386, 2031, "Asteroids on Earth-like orbits and their origin." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008MNRAS.386.2031B
2008, Jun	C.R. Chapman, 2008, <i>Earth, Moon and Planets</i> , 102, 417, "Meteoroids, meteors, and the Near-Earth Object impact hazard." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008EM%26P102417C
2008, Jun	G. Drolshagen, V. Dikarev, M. Landgraf, 2008, <i>Earth, Moon, and Planets</i> , 102, 191, "Comparison of meteoroid flux models for near Earth space." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008EM%26P102191D
2008, Jun	M.A. Sansaturio, O. Arratia, 2008, <i>Earth, Moon, and Planets</i> , 102, 425, " Apophis : the story behind the scenes." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008EM%26P1024258
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2008, Jun 5-6	First open <i>Workshop on the ESA Marco Polo mission study</i> , a NEO sample return mission within the ESA Cosmic Vision Program, La Croisette (Cannes, France). See: http://sci.esa.int/science-e/www/object/index.cfm?fobjectid=42479
2008, Jun 26	Editorial, <i>Nature</i> , 453, 1143, 2008, "The unlikely matters. The study of cosmic impacts and the effects they have offers two lessons for students of science." See: http://www.nature.com/nature/journal/v453/n7199/full/4531143a.html
2008, Jun 26	D.I. Steel, 2008, <i>Nature</i> , 453, 1157, " Tunguska at 100." See: http://www.nature.com/news/2008/080625/full/4531157a.html
2008, Jun 26	E. Hand, 2008, <i>Nature</i> , 453, 1160, "The hole at the bottom of the moon." See: http://www.nature.com/news/2008/080625/full/4531160a.html
2008, Jun 26	D. Chandler, 2008, <i>Nature</i> , 453, 1164, "Planetary science: <i>the burger bar that saved the world</i> ." Interviews with pioneers in the NEO field Clark Chapman, Tom Gehrels, Brian Marsden, Andrea Milani, David Morrison, Steve Ostro, Rusty Schweickart, and

	Carolyn Shoemaker. See: http://www.nature.com/news/2008/080625/full/4531164a.html
2008, Jun 26	Anon., 2008, <i>Nature</i> , 453, 1170, "All craters great and small." See: http://www.nature.com/news/2008/080625/full/4531170a.html
2008, Jun 26	A.W. Harris, 2008, <i>Nature</i> , 453, 1178, "What Spaceguard did." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008Natur.453.1178H http://www.nature.com/nature/journal/v453/n7199/full/4531178a.html
2008, Jun 26-28	International Conference 100 Years Since Tunguska Phenomenon: Past, Present and Future, Moscow (Russia), hosted by the Russian Academy of Sciences. Proceedings in: Solar System Research, 43, Nos. 4, 5, 6 (2009). See: http://runners.ritsumei.ac.jp/cgi-bin/swets/volume-query- e?mode=0&key=S122060696421602&issn=&tr=Solar+System+Researc h http://springerlink.com/content/106293/ See also: http://tunguska.sai.msu.ru/content/abstract_all.pdf http://smerdyachee.ucoz.ru/_ld/0/8_abstract_all.pdf http://tunguska.sai.msu.ru/index.php?q=index_e
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	"Rotational breakup as the origin of small binary asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008Natur.454188W
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2008, Jul 13-18	International conference on Asteroids, Comets, Meteors, X, Baltimore (MD, USA). Proceedings: (eds.), Asteroids, Comets, Meteors 2008. See: http://acm2008.jhuapl.edu/ http://www.lpi.usra.edu/meetings/acm2008/pdf/program.pdf http://www.lpi.usra.edu/meetings/acm2008/acm2008.authorindex.shtml
2008, Jul 23	Tajikistan superbolide. See: http://www.bolides09.com/docs/bolides09 program.pdf See also: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/doi/10.1111/maps.12217
2008, Jul 29	Apollo NEA 2008 OT7 (H = 27.1 mag, $D \approx 14$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.45 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.45 LD. [2008-14] See: $2008 \text{ OT7} - \text{JPL}$, $2008 \text{ OT7} - \text{SSA}$
2008, Jul 30	N.A. Artemieva, V.V. Shuvalov, 2008, <i>Solar System Research</i> , 42, 329, "Numerical simulation of high-velocity impact ejecta following falls of comets and asteroids onto the Moon." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008SoSyR42329A
2008, Aug 12	Perseid Fireball seen over Vancouver (Canada). See: http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap080816.html
2008, Aug 14	P. Vernazza, R.P. Binzel, C.A. Thomas, et al., 2008, <i>Nature</i> , 454, 858, "Compositional differences between meteorites and near-Earth asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008Natur.454858V
2008, Aug 17-21	International Conference on Large Meteorite Impacts and Planetary Evolution, IV, Vredefort Dome (South Africa). See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/meetings/lmi2008/ http://www.agu.org/pubs/crossref/2009/2009EO010006.shtml

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2008, Sep 5	ESA spacecraft <i>Rosetta</i> flew at 803 km by Main-belt asteroid 2867 Šteins (1969 VC, <i>H</i> = 12.7 mag, <i>D</i> = 6.7 × 5.8 × 4.5 km). See: 1969 VC - JPL, 2867 Steins - SSA Ref: - KH. Glassmeier, H. Boehnhardt, D. Koschny, et al., 2007, <i>Space Science Reviews</i> , 128, 1, "The <i>Rosetta</i> mission: flying towards the origin of the Solar System." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007SSRv1281G - P.R. Weissman, M.D. Hicks, P.A. Abell, et al., 2008, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 43, 905, " <i>Rosetta</i> target asteroid 2867 Šteins : an unusual E-type asteroid." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008M%26PS43905W - H.U. Keller, C. Barbieri, D. Koschny, et al., 2010, <i>Science</i> , 327, 190, "E-type asteroid (2867) Šteins as imaged by OSIRIS on board <i>Rosetta</i> ". See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010Sci327190K - S. Besse, P. Lamy, L. Jorda, et al., November 2012, <i>Icarus</i> , 221, 1119, "Identification and physical properties of craters on asteroid (2867) Steins ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012Icar221.1119B

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2008, Sep 21-26	European Planetary Science Congress 2008 (EPSC 2008), Münster (Germany), 21-26 September 2008. See: http://meetings.copernicus.org/epsc2008/
2008, Sep 22	D.K. Yeomans, S. Bhaskaran, S. Broschart, et al., 2008, "Near-Earth Object (NEO) analysis of transponder tracking and gravity tractor performance". A study, requested and funded by the B612 Foundation , carried out by JPL scientists to detemine the feasibility of using a <i>gravity tractor</i> concept for use in NEO impact mitigation and to build credibility for the concept. See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/neo/b612_report.html https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/doc/b612_report.html https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/doc/b612_report.html
2008, Sep 22-25	4 th International Workshop on NEO Deflection Policy, San Francisco (CA, USA), organized by the Association of Space Explorers (ASE). See: http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/pres/stsc2008/tech-12.pdf
2008, Sep 25	The Association of Space Explorers (ASE) Committee on Near-Earth Objects Panel on Asteroid Threat Mitigation (PATM) (chairman Russell Schweickart) presented its report Asteroid Threats: a Call for Global Response, to UN-COPUOS, Vienna (Austria). See: http://www.space-explorers.org/committees/NEO/docs/ATACGR.pdf http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/pres/stsc2009/tech-31.pdf

R.L. Schweickart, 2008, presentation to the International
Astronautical Congress, Glasgow (Scotland, UK), 29 September - 3 October 2008, "Decision program on asteroid threat mitigation." See: http://www.space-explorers.org/committees/NEO/docs/IAC08_paper.pdf
Black Mesa Bolide, seen over the Oklahoma panhandle's Black Mesa State Park in the Midwestern US. See: http://farlimas.com/skyeye/skydatatext/space349text.html http://antwrp.gsfc.nasa.gov/apod/ap081011.html
Lowell Observatory Near-Earth Object Search (LONEOS) discontinued the search for NEOs in favor of an asteroid photometric survey.
Apollo NEA 2008 TN9 (H = 27.7 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.64 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.63 LD. [2008-15] See: 2008 TN9 - JPL, 2008 TN9 - SSA
Impact. Apollo NEA 2008 TC3 ($H = 30.3 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 4.1 \text{ m}$) was discovered by the Catalina Sky Survey (CSS) Mt Lemmon Survey 1.5 telescope, 19 hr before disintegrating over the Nubian desert (northern Sudan), in a Fireball and Airburst . Before impact, the international observer community responded with 570 observations from 27 observers. A systematic search in the desert located 280 fragments with a total mass of 3.9 kg. See: $2008 \text{ TC3} - \text{JPL}$, $2008 \text{ TC3} - \text{SSA}$ Ref:
- P. Jenniskens, M.H. Shaddad, D. Numan, et al., 2009, <i>Nature</i> , 458, 485, "The impact and recovery of asteroid 2008 TC ₃ ". See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009Natur.458.485J - Special Issue of <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 2010, 45, Issue 10-11, pp. 1553-1845, " 2008 TC 3 and Almahata Sitta." Dedicated to NEA 2008 TC 3 , impact on 6 October 2008. Editorial: P. Jenniskens, M.H. Shaddad, 2010, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> ,
45, 1553, "2008 TC3: the small asteroid with an impact." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010M%26PS45.1553J - P. Jenniskens, J. Vaubaillon, R.P. Binzel, et al., 2010, Meteoritics & Planetary Science, 45, 1590, "Almahata Sitta (= asteroid 2008 TC3) and the search for the ureilite parent body." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010M%26PS45.1590J - P. Scheirich, J. Durech, P. Pravec, 2010, Meteoritics & Planetary Science, 45, 1804, "The shape and rotation of asteroid 2008 TC3." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009Natur.458485J

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See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010IAUS..263..227J

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See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011SoSyR..45...34A

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See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011M%26PS...46..534K

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See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Icar..212..697K

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See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010M%26PS...45.1695G

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- D. Oszkiewicz, K. Muinonen, J. Virtanen, et al., December 2012, *Planetary and Space Science*, 73, 30, "Modeling collision probability for Earth-impactor **2008 TC3**."

 $\textbf{See:}\ \underline{\text{http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012P\%26SS...73...300}}$

See also:

http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/2008tc3.html

http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news163.html

http://www.planetary.org/news/2008/1006_BoulderSized_Asteroid_will_Burn_Up_in.html

http://www.nature.com/nature/journal/v458/n7237/full/nature07920.html

http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=asteroid-meteorite-

sudan-fireball http://www.wired.com/wiredscience/2009/03/meteorite/

http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/pres/stsc2009/tech-25.pdf

 $\underline{http://antwrp.gsfc.nasa.gov/apod/ap081108.html}$

http://antwrp.gsfc.nasa.gov/apod/ap090328.html

http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/maps.2010.45.issue-10-11/issuetoc

http://www.nasa.gov/home/hqnews/2010/dec/HQ 10-

340 Asteroid Meteorite.html

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2008 TC3

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List of meteor air bursts

See also: 4 Oct 1917, 11 Oct 1961, 2 Oct 1971, 27 Jan 1988

2008, Oct 9	Apollo NEA 2008 TS26 (H = 33.2 mag, $D \approx 0.8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.033 LD (= 1.98 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.030 LD. [2008-16] See: 2008 TS26 - JPL, 2008 TS26 - SSA See also: http://www.newscientist.com/blogs/shortsharpscience/2008/10/trio-of-asteroids-buzz-earth.html See also: http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [June 2020]
2008, Oct 16	US President Bush signs NASA Authorization bill (H.R. 6063), which among other topics requests information on: (1) a low-cost space mission with the purpose of rendezvous-ing with, attaching a tracking device, and characterizing the Apophis asteroid; and (2) a medium-sized space mission with the purpose of detecting NEOs with $D > 140$ m. Congress also requests that within two years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the OSTP shall (1) develop a policy for notifying Federal agencies and relevant emergency response institutions of an impending NEO threat, if near-term public safety is at risk; and (2) recommend a federal agency or agencies to be responsible for: (a) protecting the United States from a NEO that is expected to collide with Earth; and (b) implementing a deflection campaign, in consultation with international bodies, should one be necessary. See: http://legislative.nasa.gov/PL%20110-422.pdf
2008, Oct 18	Apollo NEA 2008 UA202 (H = 29.3 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.87 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.86 LD. [2008-17] See: 2008 UA202 - JPL, 2008 UA202 - SSA See also: 21 Oct 2029.
2008, Oct 20	Apollo NEA 2008 US ($H = 31.4 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 1.9 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.086 LD (= 5.16 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.079 LD. [2008-18] See: $2008 \text{ US} - \text{JPL}$, $2008 \text{ US} - \text{SSA}$
2008, Oct 21	Apollo NEA 2019 UE4 ($H = 27.9$ mag, $D \approx 9$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.00. Minimum miss distance 0.34 LD. See: 2019 UE4 $-$ SSA, 2019 UE4 $-$ JPL See also: 10 Oct 2064 .
2008, Oct 22	Apollo NEA 2008 UM1 ($H = 31.7 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 1.6 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.22 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.09 LD. [2008-19]

	See: <u>2008 UM1 - JPL</u> , <u>2008 UM1 - SSA</u>
2008, Oct 29	Apollo NEA 2008 VL ($H = 27.6$ mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.52 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.73 LD. See: $2008 \text{ VL} - \text{JPL}$, $2008 \text{ VL} - \text{SSA}$
2008, Nov	Beyond the Moon. A New Roadmap for Human Space Exploration in the 21 st Century. Study report of The Planetary Society, advocating inter alia the exploration of Near Earth Asteroids by human spaceflight. See: http://www.planetary.org/special/roadmap/beyond_the_moon.pdf
2008, Nov	M. Delbò, P. Tanga, F. Mignard, 2008, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 56, 1823, "On the detection of the Yarkovsky effect on near-Earth asteroids by means of <i>Gaia</i> ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008P%26SS56.1823D
2008, Nov	O. Vaduvescu, M. Birlan, F. Colas, et al., 2008, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 56, 1913, "EURONEAR: first results." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008P%26SS56.1913V
2008, Nov	ESA Space Situational Awareness (SSA) Preparatory Programme, a new ESA initiative, accepted at the November 2008 Ministerial Conference in Den Haag (Netherlands) as a new optional programme of ESA, covering the time frame 2009 – 2011. SSA includes activities in three main domains: space surveillance, space weather, and Near Earth Objects (NEOs). As part of the SSA programme, the 1-m ESA Optical Ground Station has been made available for NEO observations for four nights every month starting in 2010. Full operational services are to be implemented in 2012-2019. Ref: - Z. Sodnik, B. Furch, H.Lutz, Nov 2007, ESA Bulletin, No. 132, p. 34, "The ESA Optical Groundstation, ten years since First Light." See: http://www.esa.int/esapub/bulletin/bulletin/132/bul/132d_sodnik.pdf On 28/29 September 2011, a NEA was detected in this program for the first time: 2011 SF108, by the Teide Observatory Tenerife Asteroid Survey (TOTAS). See: http://www.esa.int/SPECIALS/SSA/SEMURW6UXSG_0.html http://www.esa.int/sPECIALS/SSA/SEMDQGCKP6G_2.html See also: http://www.esa.int/esaMI/SSA/SEMDQGCKP6G_0.html http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/pres/stsc2009/tech-13.pdf http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/pres/stsc2009/tech-13.pdf http://www.space.com/news/asteroid-threat-global-action-plan-

	<u>101109.html</u>
2008, Nov 2	Aten NEA 2015 VL64 (H = 28.5 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.29 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.03 LD. See: 2015 VL64 - SSA, 2015 VL64 - JPL See also: 2 Nov 2028.
2008, Nov 3	Apollo NEA 2008 VM ($H = 30.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 3 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.120 LD (and the Moon at 0.985 LD). Minimum miss distance 0.112 LD. [2008-20] See: $2008 \text{ VM} - SSA$, $2008 \text{ VM} - JPL$
2008, Nov 9	Apollo NEA 4179 Toutatis (1989 AC , $H = 15.2$ mag, $D = 4.6 \times 2.4 \times 1.9$ km, orbital $P = 4.03$ yr, PHA) passed Earth at 19.6 LD. See: 4179 Toutatis - SSA , 1989 AC - JPL See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/4179_Toutatis See also: 8 Dec 1992 , 30 Nov 1996 , 31 Oct 2000 , 29 Sep 2004 , 12 Dec 2012 , 5 Nov 2069 .
2008, Nov 16	Apollo NEA 2008 WO2 (H = 29.8 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.05 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.04 LD. See: 2008 WO2 - SSA, 2008 WO2 - JPL
2008, Nov 19-20	Workshop on the Early Solar System Impact Bombardment, Houston (TX, USA), 19-20 November 2008. See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/meetings/bombardment2008/
2008, Nov 20	Buzzard Coulee Fireball and Meteorite Fall (Saskatchewan, Canada). Estimated NEA entry mass $M \approx 15,000$ kg. Ref: - A.R. Hildebrand, E.P. Miley, P.G. Brown, et al., 2009, 40^{th} Lunar and Planetary Science Conference, <i>Lunar and Planetary Science XL</i> , 23-27 March 2009, The Woodlands (TX, USA), id. 2505, "Characteristics of a bright fireball and meteorite fall at Buzzard Coulee, Saskatchewan (Canada), 20 November 2008." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009LPI40.2505H See also: http://antwrp.gsfc.nasa.gov/apod/ap081125.html
2008, Dec	L.A.M. Benner, S.J. Ostro, C. Magri, 2008, <i>Icarus</i> , 198, 294, "Near-Earth asteroid surface roughness depends on compositional class." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008Icar198294B

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	. html
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	See:
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	54.html
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	See: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=180
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	See also:
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	http://www.planetary.org/blog/article/00001976/
	http://echo.jpl.nasa.gov/ostro_symposium/ostro_symposium.html
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Steven_JOstro
2000 D 22	A. NEA 241042 (2000 ENG 11 10.0 D. 270 DUA)
2008, Dec 23	Aten NEA 341843 (2008 EV5, $H = 19.9$ mag, $D = 370$ m, PHA)
	passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.41 LD. Minimum
	miss distance 8.41 LD.
	See: <u>341843 2008 EV5 - SSA</u> , <u>2008 EV5 - JPL</u>
	Ref:
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2009, Jan 1	5864 NEAs known, of which 1008 PHAs. See:
2007,0011 1	http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
2009	The Space Generation Advisory Council (SGAC), Vienna,
	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

	(Austria), in the context of the <i>International Year of Astronomy</i> 2009, launched its initiative <i>Move an Asteroid</i> 2009. The Winner of the competition, announced on 26 August 2009, is Sini Merikallio of the Finnish Meteorological Institute, Helsinki (Finland) with the paper: "Moving an asteroid with electric solar wind sail". See: http://www.spacegeneration.org/asteroid
2009	The IAU Minor Planet Center is funded over 90% through a grant from NASA's Planetary Science Division. This grant enabled the MPC to hire two additional staff members, and will support funding at this level for the next 2.5 years. The MPC is operated at the Harvard-Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory, Cambridge (MA, USA) and supported by the IAU and sponsors, including the Tamkin Foundation. The MPC is responsible for the collection, validation and distribution of all positional measurements made worldwide of minor planets, comets and other irregular natural satellites. While the MPC handles data on all classes of object, it focuses on the rapid collection and distribution of observations and information on the orbits of NEOs. The MPC is now fully upgraded to LINUX-based processors; it processes all observations received world-wide each night within the next day; its database contains over 68,000,000 observations and over 475,000 orbits for minor planets. NEO observations are identified and processed on receipt in near-real-time. Suspected discoveries are automatically posted to the NEO Confirmation Page. Since June 2018 the IAU Minor Planet Center is operating under the NASA Planetary Data System's Small Bodies Node. See: http://www.cfa.harvard.edu/iau/mpc.html http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/pres/stsc2010/tech-39.pdf http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/pres/stsc2010/tech-39.pdf http://targetneo.jhuapl.edu/pdfs/sessions/TargetNEO-Session2-Spahr.pdf https://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jun2018/presentations/fast.pdf
2009	A.W. Harris, P. Abell, L.A.M. Benner, et al. 2009, in: <i>Astro2010: The Astronomy and Astrophysics Decadal Survey</i> , Science White Papers, no. 113, "Surveying the inner Solar System." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009astro2010S.113H
2009	L.D. Schmadel, 2009, <i>Dictionary of minor planet names:</i> Addendum to the fifth edition (Berlin: Springer). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009dmpn.bookS
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2009, Jan	D. Koschny, J. McAuliffe, 2009, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 44, 1871, "Estimating the number of impact flashes visible on the Moon from an orbiting camera." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009M%26PS44.1871K
2009, Jan	J. Morrow, R. Gibson, W.U. Reimold, 2009, <i>Eos, Transactions American Geophysical Union</i> , 90, 4, "Impact cratering and its planetary and environmental effects." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009EOSTr904M
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2009, Feb 2	Apollo NEA 2009 CC2 (H = 27.7 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.49 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.46 LD. [2009-01] See: $2009 \text{ CC2} - \text{SSA}$, $2009 \text{ CC2} - \text{JPL}$
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	See: http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/pres/stsc2009/tech-30.pdf
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	http://otrans.3cdn.net/d564a979a458d455eb 1flm6pc5h.pdf
	http://www.newswise.com/articles/view/546932/?sc=dwtr;xy=5028369
2009, Feb 18	Aten NEA 208023 (1999 AQ10, $H = 20.6 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 300 \text{ m}$, PHA)
,	passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.39 LD. Minimum
1	miss distance 4.39 LD.
	See: <u>1999 AQ10 - JPL</u> , <u>1999 AQ10 - SSA</u>
	See also 18 Feb 1903 .
	200 0000 20 20 20 000
2009, Feb 26	
73007. PAD 70	Apollo NEA 2009 DT43 ($H = 27.0$ mag. $D \approx 14$ m) passed Earth
2007, 100 20	Apollo NEA 2009 DT43 ($H = 27.0 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 14 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.03 LD. Minimum miss distance
2007, 100 20	at a nominal miss distance of 1.03 LD. Minimum miss distance
2007, 100 20	at a nominal miss distance of 1.03 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.03 LD.
2007, 1 00 20	at a nominal miss distance of 1.03 LD. Minimum miss distance
·	at a nominal miss distance of 1.03 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.03 LD. See: 2009 DT43 - SSA, 2009 DT43 - JPL
2009, Feb 27	at a nominal miss distance of 1.03 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.03 LD. See: $\underline{2009 \text{ DT43} - \text{SSA}}$, $\underline{2009 \text{ DT43} - \text{JPL}}$ Apollo NEA 2009 EJ1 ($H = 28.6 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a
·	at a nominal miss distance of 1.03 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.03 LD. See: $2009 \text{ DT43} - \text{SSA}$, $2009 \text{ DT43} - \text{JPL}$ Apollo NEA 2009 EJ1 ($H = 28.6 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.16 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15
·	at a nominal miss distance of 1.03 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.03 LD. See: $\underline{2009 \text{ DT43} - \text{SSA}}$, $\underline{2009 \text{ DT43} - \text{JPL}}$ Apollo NEA $\underline{2009 \text{ EJ1}}$ ($H = 28.6 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.16 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15 LD. [2009-02]
·	at a nominal miss distance of 1.03 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.03 LD. See: $2009 \text{ DT43} - \text{SSA}$, $2009 \text{ DT43} - \text{JPL}$ Apollo NEA 2009 EJ1 ($H = 28.6 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.16 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15
2009, Feb 27	at a nominal miss distance of 1.03 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.03 LD. See: $2009 \text{ DT43} - \text{SSA}$, $2009 \text{ DT43} - \text{JPL}$ Apollo NEA 2009 EJ1 ($H = 28.6 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.16 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15 LD. [2009-02] See: $2009 \text{ EJ1} - \text{SSA}$, $2009 \text{ EJ1} - \text{JPL}$
·	at a nominal miss distance of 1.03 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.03 LD. See: $2009 \text{ DT43} - \text{SSA}$, $2009 \text{ DT43} - \text{JPL}$ Apollo NEA 2009 EJ1 ($H = 28.6 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.16 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15 LD. [2009-02] See: $2009 \text{ EJ1} - \text{SSA}$, $2009 \text{ EJ1} - \text{JPL}$ M. di Martino, A. Carbognani, A. Cellino, et al., 2009 The
2009, Feb 27	at a nominal miss distance of 1.03 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.03 LD. See: $2009 \text{ DT43} - \text{SSA}$, $2009 \text{ DT43} - \text{JPL}$ Apollo NEA 2009 EJ1 ($H = 28.6 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.16 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15 LD. [2009-02] See: $2009 \text{ EJ1} - \text{SSA}$, $2009 \text{ EJ1} - \text{JPL}$ M. di Martino, A. Carbognani, A. Cellino, et al., 2009 , The Asteroid Hazard - Evaluating and Avoiding the Threat of Asteroid
2009, Feb 27	at a nominal miss distance of 1.03 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.03 LD. See: $2009 \text{ DT43} - \text{SSA}$, $2009 \text{ DT43} - \text{JPL}$ Apollo NEA 2009 EJ1 ($H = 28.6 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.16 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15 LD. [2009-02] See: $2009 \text{ EJ1} - \text{SSA}$, $2009 \text{ EJ1} - \text{JPL}$ M. di Martino, A. Carbognani, A. Cellino, et al., 2009 , The Asteroid Hazard - Evaluating and Avoiding the Threat of Asteroid Impacts, ESA SP-1310 (Noordwijk: ESA Communication
2009, Feb 27	at a nominal miss distance of 1.03 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.03 LD. See: $2009 \text{ DT43} - \text{SSA}$, $2009 \text{ DT43} - \text{JPL}$ Apollo NEA 2009 EJ1 ($H = 28.6 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.16 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15 LD. [2009-02] See: $2009 \text{ EJ1} - \text{SSA}$, $2009 \text{ EJ1} - \text{JPL}$ M. di Martino, A. Carbognani, A. Cellino, et al., 2009 , The Asteroid Hazard - Evaluating and Avoiding the Threat of Asteroid Impacts, ESA SP-1310 (Noordwijk: ESA Communication Production Office). Translated and updated from M. Di Martino
2009, Feb 27	at a nominal miss distance of 1.03 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.03 LD. See: 2009 DT43 - SSA, 2009 DT43 - JPL Apollo NEA 2009 EJ1 (H = 28.6 mag, D≈ 7 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.16 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15 LD. [2009-02] See: 2009 EJ1 - SSA, 2009 EJ1 - JPL M. di Martino, A. Carbognani, A. Cellino, et al., 2009, The Asteroid Hazard - Evaluating and Avoiding the Threat of Asteroid Impacts, ESA SP-1310 (Noordwijk: ESA Communication Production Office). Translated and updated from M. Di Martino (ed.), 2005, Il Rischio Asteroid.
2009, Feb 27	at a nominal miss distance of 1.03 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.03 LD. See: $2009 \text{ DT43} - \text{SSA}$, $2009 \text{ DT43} - \text{JPL}$ Apollo NEA 2009 EJ1 ($H = 28.6 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.16 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15 LD. [2009-02] See: $2009 \text{ EJ1} - \text{SSA}$, $2009 \text{ EJ1} - \text{JPL}$ M. di Martino, A. Carbognani, A. Cellino, et al., 2009 , The Asteroid Hazard - Evaluating and Avoiding the Threat of Asteroid Impacts, ESA SP-1310 (Noordwijk: ESA Communication Production Office). Translated and updated from M. Di Martino

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2009, Mar 6	Apollo NEA 2009 EW (H = 26.5 mag, $D \approx 18$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.88 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.88 LD. [2009-04] See: 2009 EW - SSA, 2009 EW - JPL
2009, Mar 16	Apollo NEA 2009 FJ (H = 24.7 mag, $D \approx 40$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.92 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.91 LD. See: 2009 FJ - SSA , 2009 FJ - JPL Ref: - I. Wlodarczyk, 2012, Solar System Research, 46, 301, "Impact orbits of the asteroid 2009 FJ with the Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012SoSyR46301W
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2009, Mar 19	Apollo NEA 2009 FK (H = 28.4 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.98 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.97 LD. [2009-06] See: 2009 FK - SSA , 2009 FK - JPL
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2009, Mar 27	Apollo NEA 410777 (2009 FD, $H = 22.3$ mag, $D \approx 472$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.62 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.62 LD. See: $410777\ 2009$ FD - SSA, 2009 FD - JPL See also: http://www.space.com/12645-asteroid-deflection-doomsday-earth-capability.html http://www.eso.org/public/announcements/ann14004/http://neo.ssa.esa.int/http://www.esa.int/Our_Activities/Operations/Space_Situational_Awareness/European_cooperation_reduces_asteroid_risk_http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2009_FD See also: 29 Mar 2185.
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2009, Apr 24	L. Lucchetti, 2009, LLNL Comminity News - Lab News 2(16),

2009, Apr 24	"Averting asteroid danger with a nuclear nudge." See: http://newsline.llnl.gov/_rev02/articles/2009/apr/04.24.09-dearborn.php http://www.scientificamerican.com/blog/post.cfm?id=back-off-asteroids weve-got-nukes-2010-05-26 http://www.space.com/8666-nuclear-bombs-save-earth-asteroids.html Apollo NEA 2009 HW67 (H = 26.0 mag, D ≈ 22 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.05 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.04 LD. See: 2009 HW67 - SSA , 2009 HW67 - JPL
2009, Apr 27-30	1st International Academy of Astronautics (IAA) Planetary Defense Conference: Protecting the Earth from Asteroids, Granada (Spain), co-sponsored by ESA and The Aerospace Corporation. See: http://pdc.iaaweb.org/?q=content/2009-granada Papers: http://www.congrex.nl/09c04/IAA_Papers.zip Key points and recommendations: http://www.nss.org/resources/library/planetary defense/WhitePaper-2009PlanetaryDefenseConference.pdf Summary: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=181 Among the papers: - D.K. Yeomans, S. Bhaskaran, S.B. Broschart, S.R. Chesley, P.W. Chodas, T. H. Sweetser, R. Schweickart, 2009, "Deflecting a Hazardous Near-Earth Object." See: https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/doc/PDC_proceedings_062009.pdf https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/doc/PDC2015_paper.html
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2009, May	M. Brozovic, S.J. Ostro, L.A.M. Benner, et al., 2009, <i>Icarus</i> , 201, 153, "Radar observations and a physical model of asteroid 4660 Nereus, a prime space mission target."

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2009, May 5	Apollo NEA 2009 JF1 (H = 27.1 mag, $D \approx 13$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.76 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.76 LD. [2009-07] See: 2009 JF1 - SSA , 2009 JF1 - JPL
2009, May 9	Apollo NEA 2009 JE1 ($H = 26.9$ mag, $D \approx 15$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.98 LD. Minimum miss distance 0 LD . See: 2009 JE1 - SSA, 2009 JE1 - JPL
2009, May 10-15	International Conference on Bolides and Meteorite Falls, Prague, Czech Republic. See: http://www.bolides09.com/docs/bolides09 program.pdf
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2009, May 13	Apollo NEA 2009 JL2 (H = 25.8 mag, $D \approx 24$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.69 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.69 LD. [2009-08] See: 2009 JL2 - SSA , 2009 JL2 - JPL See also: http://www.scientificamerican.com/blog/post.cfm?id=newfound-asteroid-will-pass-by-eart-2010-04-08
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2009, Jun 1	Apollo NEA 2009 KR21 (H = 27.0 mag, $D \approx 14$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.74 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.72 LD. [2009-09] See: $2009 \text{ KR21} - \text{SSA}$, $2009 \text{ KR21} - \text{JPL}$
2009, Jun 3-12	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS, 52 nd session) and Action Team 14 on NEOs, chaired by Richard Crowther (UK), meets in Vienna (Austria). See: http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/gadocs/A_64_20E.pdf
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2009, Jun 10	Apollo NEA 136617 (1994 CC, <i>H</i> = 18.1 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 600 m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.55 LD. Minimum miss distance 6.55 LD. Observed with NASA Goldstone Solar System Radar (CA, USA). The asteroid appeared to be a triple system, each of the two moons having <i>D</i> ≈ 50 m. See: 136617 1994 CC - SSA, 1994 CC - JPL Ref: - J. Fang, JL. Margot, M. Brozovic, et al., 2011, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 141, 154, "Orbits of Near-Earth Asteroid triples 2001 SN263 and 1994 CC: properties, origin, and evolution." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011AJ141154F - M. Brozović, L.A.M. Benner, P.A. Taylor, et al., 2011, <i>Icarus</i> , 216, 241, "Radar and optical observations and physical modeling of triple near-Earth Asteroid (136617) 1994 CC." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Icar216241B See also: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2259 https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news199.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(136617)_1994_CC
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2009, Oct 1	Apollo NEA 2009 TB (H = 29.2 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.18 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.14 LD. [2009-10] See: $2009 \text{ TB} - SSA$, $2009 \text{ TB} - JPL$
2009, Oct 5	Apollo NEA 2009 TD17 (H = 27.9 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.67 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.67 LD. [2009-11] See: $2009 \text{ TD17} - SSA$, $2009 \text{ TD17} - JPL$ See also: 23 Apr 1992, 7 May 2039
2009, Oct 7	NASA scientists refine asteroid Apophis ' path toward Earth . Updated computational techniques and newly available data indicate the probability of an Earth encounter on April 13, 2036, for Apophis has dropped from one-in-45,000 to about four-in-a million. See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news164.html
2009, Oct 8	G. Musser, 2009, <i>Scientific American</i> , p. 109, "Planetary bombardments, past and future: third dispatch from the annual planets meeting." See: http://blogs.scientificamerican.com/observations/2009/10/08/planetary-bombardments-past-and-future-third-dispatch-from-the-annual-planets-meeting/
2009, Oct 8, 02:56	Apollo NEA 2016 QE45 , $H = 21.8$ mag, $D \approx 160$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.58 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.51 LD. See: 2016 QE45 - JPL, 2016 QE45 - SSA
2009, Oct 8, 23:50	Apollo NEA 2009 TU (H = 27.5 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.79 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.79 LD. [2009-12] See: 2009 TU -
2009, Oct 8	Bone Fireball (South Sulawesi, Indonesia), a bolide exploding with an energy of 40-50 kT TNT. Incoming object probably with $D \approx 5-10$ m. See:

	http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news165.html#report http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yeQBzTkJNhs&videos=jkRJgbXY- 90 http://www.skyandtelescope.com/news/65960457.html http://lunarmeteoritehunters.blogspot.com/2009/10/indonesia- meteormeteorite-news.html http://scienceblips.dailyradar.com/video/benda-mirip-meteor-jatuh-di- bone-sulawesi-utara/ http://www.technologyreview.com/blog/arxiv/25991/?p1=A3 Ref: - E.A. Silber, A. Le Pichon, P.G. Brown, June 2011, Geophysical Research Letters, 38, L12201, "Infrasonic detection of a near-Earth object impact over Indonesia on 8 October 2009." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011GeoRL3812201S
2009, Oct 12-16	International Symposium on Hazardous Near Earth Asteroids, Valletta (Malta). Organized by the Russian Academy of Sciences, with the support and participation of ESA. See: http://nea2009.cosmos.ru/ http://iya2009malta.page.tl/International-Symposium-on-Near_Earth-Hazardous-Asteroids.htm
2009, Oct 13	Netherlands fireball. Hundred of people in the Netherlands and Germany reported seeing a fireball streak across the twilight sky around 7 p.m. See: http://www.planetary.org/blog/article/00002166/ http://news.nationalgeographic.com/news/2009/10/091015-fireball-explodes-netherlands-germany-picture.html http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap091015.html
2009, Oct 17	Apollo NEA 2009 TM8 (H = 28.7 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.90 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.90 LD. [2009-13] See: 2009 TM8 - SSA, 2009 TM8 - JPL See also: 17 Oct 2011.
2009, Oct 22	Presentation of the Review of the U.S. Human Spaceflight Plans Committee, chair Norman R. Augustine: Seeking a Human Spaceflight Program Worthy of a Great Nation. The Review suggests manned spaceflight to an NEA, among other future destinations for exploration. See: http://www.nasa.gov./offices/hsf/meetings/10 22 pressconference.html http://www.nasa.gov./pdf/396093main_HSF_Cmte_FinalReport.pdf
2009, Oct 24	M. di Martino, 2009, in: Ecole Internationale Daniel Chalonge,

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2009, Nov 6	Apollo NEA 2009 VA (H = 28.6 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.053 LD (= 3.21 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.042 LD. [2009-14] Discovered 15 hours before closest approach. Third closest (non-impacting) Earth approach on record for catalogued asteroids. See: 2009 VA - SSA, 2009 VA - JPL See also: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news166.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2009 VA
2009, Nov 9-11	First Arab Impact Cratering and Astrogeology Conference, Amman (Jordan), 9-11 November 2009. See: http://www.aaru.edu.jo/index.php?option=com_content&task=view&id=229&Itemid=38 http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010M%26PS45157R
2009, Nov 12	Apollo NEA 2009 VZ39 (H = 28.3 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.68 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.02 LD. [2009-15] See: 2009 VZ39 - SSA, 2009 VZ39 - JPL
2009, Nov 15	Apollo NEA 2009 WP6 (H = 27.0 mag, $D \approx 14$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.69 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.68 LD. [2009-16] See: 2009 WP6 - SSA, 2009 WP6 - JPL
2009, Nov 16	Aten NEA 2009 WQ6 (H = 29.1 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.91 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.91 LD. [2009-17] See: $2009 \text{ WQ6} - \text{SSA}$, $2009 \text{ WQ6} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 18 Nov 2189.

2009, Nov 18	Utah Fireball. A remarkable midnight fireball was seen over parts of the western USA: Utah, Wyoming and Idaho, that "turned night into day". Infrasound measurements suggest a sporadic asteroid not associated with the Leonid debris stream of 17 November. The space rock exploded in the atmosphere with an energy equivalent to 0.5 - 1 kT TNT. See: http://www.spaceweather.com/archive.php?view=1&day=18&month=11 http://www.spaceweather.com/archive.php?view=1&day=18&month=11 http://wideo.google.com/videosearch?q=Fireball+Utah,+November+18+2 http://wideo.google.com/videosearch?q=Fireball+Utah,+November+18+2 http://wideo.google.com/videosearch?q=Fireball+Utah,+November+18+2 http://wideo.google.com/videosearch?q=Fireball+Utah,+November+18+2 http://wideo.google.com/videosearch?q=Fireball+Utah,+November+18+2 http://wideo.google.com/videosearch?q=Fireball+Utah,+November+18+2 http://www.spaceweather.com/archive.php?view=1&day=18&month=11 http://www.spaceweather.com/archive.php?view=1&day=18&month=11 http://www.spaceweather.com/archive.php?view=1&day=18&month=11 https://www.spaceweather.com/archive.php?view=18&month=11
2009, Nov 18-19	Second NASA Small Bodies Assessment Group Meeting, Boulder (CO, USA). See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/ http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/sbag2/agenda.shtml http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/sbag2/meeting_notes_091119.pdf Findings: https://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/findings/
2009, Nov 20	Apollo NEA 2009 WJ6 (H = 27.4 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.46 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.46 LD. [2009-18] See: 2009 WJ6 - SSA, 2009 WJ6 - JPL See also: 21 Nov 2063.
2009, Nov 24	Apollo NEA 2009 WV51 (H = 27.3 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.39 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.39 LD. [2009-19] See: 2009 WV51 - SSA, 2009 WV51 - JPL
2009, Nov 27	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS), Action Team 14 on Near-Earth Objects, Interim Report (2009 – 2010). See: http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/limited/c1/AC105_C1_L301E.pdf
2009, Nov-Dec	R.L. Schweickart, 2009, <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , 65, 1402, "Decision program on asteroid threat mitigation", See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009AcAau.65.1402S
2009, Dec	C.R. Chapman, 2009, <i>American Geophysical Union, Fall Meeting</i> 2009, abstract #SA12B-03, "Asteroids shedding meteoroidsor

	becoming bolides." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009AGUFMSA12B03C
2009, Dec	A.W. Harris, 2009, <i>American Geophysical Union, Fall Meeting</i> 2009, abstract #PP33B-05, "Cosmic impact: what are the odds?" See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009AGUFMPP33B05H
2009, Dec	U.G. Jørgenson, P.W.U. Appel, Y. Hatsukawa, R. Frei, M. Oshima, Y. Toh, A. Kimura, 2009, <i>Icarus</i> , 204, 368, "The Earth-Moon system during the late heavy bombardment period - Geochemical support for impacts dominated by comets." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009Icar204368G
2009, Dec	R.R. Landis, P.A. Abell, D.J. Korsmeyer, et al., 2009, <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , 65, 1689, "Piloted operations at a near-Earth object (NEO)." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009AcAau65.1689L
2009, Dec	D.K. Yeomans, A. Chamberlin, S. Chesley, P.W. Chodas, 2009, <i>American Geophysical Union, Fall Meeting 2009</i> , abstract #NH32A-02, "Issues that drive Near-Earth Object mitigation responses." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009AGUFMNH32A02Y
2009, Dec 1	ESA <i>Marco Polo</i> assessment study report (SRE-2009-3), a NEA sample return mission, presented. Six year mission, 17 months at the asteroid. Junior partners: JAXA (from <i>Hayabusa</i> heritage: guidance, navigation and control) and NASA (SALMON: hardware and software components). Mission profile: launch Nov/Dec 2018; rendezvous with NEA 162173 (1999 JU3, <i>H</i> = 19.18 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 920m, PHA) in February 2022; return to Earth in December 2024. Ref: - H. Campins, J.P. Emery, M. Kelley, et al., 2009, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> (Letters), 503, L17, " <i>Spitzer</i> observations of spacecraft target 162173 (1999 JU3)"; See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009A%26A503L.17C - T.G. Müller, J. Ďurech, S. Az, et al., 2011, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> , 525, id.A145, "Thermo-physical properties of 162173 (1999 JU3), a potential flyby and rendezvous target for interplanetary missions." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011A%26A525A.145M See also: http://sci.esa.int/science-e/www/object/index.cfm?fobjectid=46019# http://sci.esa.int/science-e/www/object/index.cfm?fobjectid=44880 On 26 January 2010, the project has been shelved by ESA.

2009, Dec 5-15	Workshop on asteroid 2008 TC3, University of Khartoum
	(Khartoum, Sudan). See: http://asima.seti.org/2008TC3/workshop2008TC3.html
2009, Dec 13/14	Geminids meteor shower, having its origin from Apollo NEA 3200 Phaethon (1983 TB, $H = 14.4$ mag, $D \approx 5.1 \pm 0.2$ km, PHA). The asteroid has a trail of pebble- and dust-sized debris, causing a meteor shower when Earth crosses the trail. Asteroid 3200 Phaethon was detected by <i>IRAS</i> on 11 October 1983. It approaches the Sun closer than any other numbered asteroid: its perihelion is 0.14 AU, less than half Mercury's perihelion distance. 3200 Phaethon is possibly an old comet core. Its closest to Earth within the next 190 yr will occur on 14 December 2093 at 7.7 LD. Ref: - G.O. Ryabova, May 2012, <i>Monthly Notices Royal Astronomical</i>
	Society, 423, 2254, "On the possible ejection of meteoroids from asteroid (3200) Phaethon in 2009." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012MNRAS.423.2254R See also: http://www.space.com/10467-geminids-shower-meteor-gems-skywatchers-week.html http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap091217.html http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap091219.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Geminids http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/3200_Phaethon
2009, Dec 14	Launch of NASA <i>Wide-field Infrared Survey Explorer (WISE)</i> . The <i>WISE</i> instrument is a four-channel imager which operates in a single mode, taking overlapping snapshots of the sky. It includes a 40-cm telescope; a 47' FoV; 1024 ² HgCdTe and Si:As detector arrays at 3.4, 4.6, 12, and 22 μm; a resolution of 6" (12" at 22 μm); a two-stage solid-hydrogen cryostat with an expected 10-month lifetime. <i>WISE</i> will detect hundreds of
	thousands of asteroids. Some 100,000 previously unknown main-belt asteroids with $D > 3$ km in diameter and some 200 new NEAs, with diameters $D > \sim 100$ m, are expected to be discovered during the sixmonth prime mission of WISE . NEO-WISE is a program to identify previously unknown moving object candidates and report them promptly to the Minor Planet Center so that they can be recovered with ground-based telescopes during their discovery apparitions. Ref: - E.L. Wright, P.R.M. Eisenhardt, A.K. Mainzer, et al., 2010, Astronomical Journal, 140, 1868, "The Wide-field Infrared Survey Explorer (WISE): mission description and initial on-orbit performance."
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2009, Dec 18	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS), Information on research in the field of NEOs carried out by Member States, international organizations and other entities. Document: A/AC.105/949. See: http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/reports/ac105/AC105_949E.pdf
2009, Dec 29	NASA selects three proposals as candidates for the agency's next space venture to another celestial body. After selection in mid-2011, the selected mission must be ready for launch no later than 30 December 2018. One of the three candidates is the <i>Origins Spectral Interpretation Resource Identification Security Regolith Explorer (Osiris-REx)</i> , which would rendezvous and orbit an asteroid in 2020, possibly asteroid 101955 (1999 RQ36, <i>H</i> = 20.8 mag, <i>D</i> = 575 m, NEO, PHA). After extensive measurements, instruments would collect more than two ounces of material from the asteroid's surface for return to Earth. P.I.: Michael Drake, University of Arizona (Tucson, USA). See: http://osiris-rex.lpl.arizona.edu/ Ref: - A. Milani, S.R. Chesley, M.E. Sansaturio, et al., 2009, <i>Icarus</i> , 203, 460, "Long term impact risk for (101955) 1999 RQ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009Icar203460M - D.S. Lauretta, M.J. Drake, R.P. Binzel, et al., 2010, in: 73rd <i>Annual Meeting of the Meteoritical Society</i> , 26-30 July 2010, New York (NY, USA), <i>Meteoritics and Planetary Science Supplement</i> , id.5153, "Asteroid (101955) 1999 RQ36: optimum target for an asteroid sample return mission." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010M%26PSA73.5153L - M. Delbò, P. Michel, 2011, <i>Astrophysical Journal (Letters</i>), 728, L42, "Temperature history and dynamical evolution of (101955) 1999 RQ36: a potential target for sample return from a primitive asteroid." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011ApJ728L42D - B.E. Clark, R.P. Binzel, E.S. Howell, et al., 2011, <i>Icarus</i> , 216, 462, "Asteroid (101955) 1999 RQ36: spectroscopy from 0.4 to 2.4 μm and meteorite analogs."

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	physical characterization of the <i>OSIRIS-REx</i> target asteroid
	(101955) 1999 RQ36."
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	- M.C. Nolan, C. Magri, L.A.M. Benner, et al., October 2012,
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	shape of <i>OSIRIS-REx</i> mission target 1999 RQ36 from RADAR
	and lightcurve data."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012DPS4411002N
	- T.G. Müller, L. O'Rourke, A.M. Barucci, et al., December 2012,
	Astronomy & Astrophysics, 548, 36, "Physical properties of
	OSIRIS-REx target asteroid (101955) 1999 RQ36. Derived from
	Herschel, VLT/ VISIR, and Spitzer observations."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012A%26A548A36M
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	http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.cfm?release=2009-205
	http://uanews.org/node/29231
	http://www.nasa.gov/topics/solarsystem/features/osiris-rex.html
	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPI43.2219H
	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPI43.2491L
2010 , Jan 1	6644 NEAs known (ranging in size up to ~37 km: 1036 Ganymed,
	A924 UB , $H = 9.45$ mag, $D = 36.5$ km, Amor NEA), of which
	1086 PHAs (ranging in size from 140 m up to ~5 km: 4179
	Toutatis, 1989 AC, $H = 15.3$ mag, $D = 4.6 \times 2.4 \times 1.9$ km, Apollo
	NEA, PHA).
	See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
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	insights into our Universe", 119, "High-precision astrometry of
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2010	T. Kwiatkowski, D.A.H. Buckley, D. O'Donoghue, et al., 2010, <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 509, 94, "Photometric survey of the very small Near-Earth Asteroids with the SALT telescope. I. Lightcurves and periods for 14 objects." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010A%26A509A94K
2010	T. Kwiatkowski, 2010, <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 509, 95, "Photometric survey of the very small Near-Earth Asteroids with the SALT telescope. II. Discussion of YORP." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010A%26A509A95K
2010	T. Kwiatkowski, M. Polinska, N. Loaring, et al., 2010, <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 511, 49, "Photometric survey of the very small Near-Earth Asteroids with the SALT telescope. III. Lightcurves and periods for 12 objects and negative detections." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010A%26A511A49K
2010	D. Lazzaro, 2010, <i>Boletín de la Asociación Argentina de Astronomía</i> , 53, 315, "Photometric and spectroscopic studies of small Solar System bodies and the IMPACTON project." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010BAAA53315D The Brazilian IMPACTON project - Iniciativa de Mapeamento e Pesquisa de Aster'oides nas Cercanias da Terra no Observat'orio Nacional - formally started in 2005 aiming to install and operate a robotic telescope dedicated to the follow-up and physical characterization of NEOs. See also: http://www.on.br/impacton/
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2010, Jan 2010, Jan 4	very small near-Earth asteroids with the SALT telescope . I. Lightcurves and periods for 14 objects." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010A%26A509A.94K T. Kwiatkowski, 2010, Astronomy & Astrophysics, 509, A95, "Photometric survey of the very small near-Earth asteroids with the SALT telescope. II. Discussion of YORP." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010A%26A509A.95K A. Nathues, H. Boehnhardt, A.W. Harris, et al., 2010, Advances in Space Research, 45, 169, "ASTEX: an in situ exploration mission
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2010, Jan 6	Object P/2010 A2, discovered by LINEAR, is an unusual object that superficially looks like a (Encke-type) comet but lives among the asteroids. HST and Rosetta observations show a bizarre X-pattern of filamentary structures near the point-like nucleus of the object and trailing streamers of dust. This complex structure suggests the object is not a comet but instead the product of a head-on collision between two asteroids. See: http://ssd.jpl.nasa.gov/sbdb.cgi?sstr=P%2F2010+A2&orb=1 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/P/2010_A2 Ref: - C. Snodgrass, C. Tubania, JB. Vincent, et al., 14 October 2010, Nature, 467, 814, "A collision in 2009 as the origin of the debris tail of asteroid P/2010 A2." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010Natur.467814S - D. Jewitt, H. Weaver, J. Agarwal, et al., 14 October 2010, Nature, 467, 817, "A recent disruption of the main-belt asteroid P/2010 A2." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010Natur.467817J - D. Jewitt, J.S. Stuart, J. Li, 2011, Astronomical Journal, 142, Issue 1, article id. 28, "Pre-discovery observations of disrupting asteroid P/2010 A2." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011AJ14228J - O.R. Hainaut, J. Kleyna, G. Sarid, et al., 2012, Astronomy & Astrophysics, 537, 69, "P/2010 A2 LINEAR. I. An impact in the asteroid main belt." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012A%26A537A69H - D. Jewitt, M. Ishiguro, J. Agarwal, February 2013, Astrophysical Journal (Letters), 764, L5, "Large particles in active asteroid P/2010 A2." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013ApJ764L5J - J. Agarwal, D. Jewitt, H. Weaver, 20 May 2013, Astrophysical Journal, 769, 46, "Dynamics of large fragments in the tail of active

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	http://www.spacetelescope.org/news/heic1016/
	http://hubblesite.org/pubinfo/pdf/2010/34/pdf.pdf
	http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=comet-may-be-
	colliding-asteroids-2010-01
	http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=comet-tail-asteroid
2010, Jan 10	NASA's Flexible Path evaluation of human mission in 2025 to
,	visit an asteroid.
	See:
	http://www.nasaspaceflight.com/2010/01/nasas-flexible-path-2025-
	human-mission-visit-asteroid/
	<u>intitian-mission-visit-asteroid/</u>
2010, Jan 12	NASA's Wide field Infrared Summy Evaluate (WISE) anotted its
2010, Jail 12	NASA's <i>Wide-field Infrared Survey Explorer (WISE)</i> , spotted its
	first never-before-seen near-Earth asteroid, 2010 AB78 ($H = 18.6$
	mag, $D \approx 0.6$ km), at a distance of $\sim 160 \times 10^6$ km.
	See:
	http://www.nasa.gov/mission_pages/WISE/news/wise20100122.html
	http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2460
	http://www.astro.ucla.edu/~wright/WISE/
2010, Jan 13	Apollo NEA 2010 AL 30 ($H = 27.3$ mag, $D \approx 13$ m) passed Earth
	at a nominal miss distance of 0.34 LD. Minimum miss distance
	0.34 LD. [2010-01]
	Discovered by the LINEAR survey of MIT's Lincoln Laboratories
	on 10 January 2010. Radar observations with the Goldstone
	•
	planetary radar had been planned. One would expect a NEA of
	this size, one of $\sim 2,000,000$ such objects in near-Earth space, to
	pass Earth within 1 LD about once every week on average.
	See: <u>2010 AL30 - SSA</u> , <u>2010 AL30 - JPL</u>
	See also:
	http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news167.html
	http://www.wired.com/wiredscience/2010/01/wednesdays-near-earth-
	asteroid-caught-on-film/
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2010_AL30
2010, Jan 14	Apollo NEA 2015 AQ43 ($H = 28.4 \text{ mag}, D \approx 7 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at
	a nominal miss distance of 3.46 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.05
	LD.
	See: <u>2015 AQ43 - SSA</u> , <u>2015 AQ43 - JPL</u>
	See also: 14 Jan 2015.
2010, Jan 18-20	Workshop on NEO Information, Analysis and Warning, Mexico
1 2010, Jan 10-20	11 of Kanap on 1120 injointment, Analysis and Warting, Wexten

	City (Mexico). Sponsored by the Association of Space Explorers (ASE), the Secure World Foundation (SWF), and the Centro Regional de Enseñanza de Ciencia y Tecnología del Espacio para America Latina y el Caribe (CRECTEALC). Summary: Functions and Characteristics of NEO Information , Analysis and Warning Network (IWAN). See: http://www.space-explorers.org/ http://www.space-explorers.org/committees/NEO/NEO%20IAWN%20Workshop%20Executive%20Summary%202-12-10.pdf http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/pres/stsc2010/tech-24.pdf http://swfound.org/events/2010/neo-information-analysis-and-warning-network-workshop
2010, Jan 20	C.R. Chapman, 2010, <i>Nature</i> (News & Views), 463, 305, "Asteroids: stripped on passing by Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010Natur.463305C
2010, Jan 21	R.P. Binzel, A. Morbidelli, S. Merouana, et al., 2010, <i>Nature</i> (Letters), 463, 331, "Earth encounters as the origin of fresh surfaces on near-Earth asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010Natur.463331B http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=asteroid-quakes
2010, Jan 22	US National Research Council Space Studies Board Committee (chair Irwin Shapiro) on <i>Defending Planet Earth: Near Earth Object Surveys and Hazard Mitigation Strategies</i> . Final Report. The report calls for an international body that would be prepared to take action and defend the planet whenever an asteroid is discovered on a likely collision course. The body would be composed of "representatives of nations concerned with this problem and willing to invest in preparedness for damaging collisions." If a hazardous asteroid were discovered far enough in advance, that body could arrange for a space mission to deflect it. "It's the only natural disaster we know about where we could actually prevent it." US Congress has set a goal of mapping 90% of NEOs with D > 140 m by 2020. The report states that at the current rate of funding the effort will take decades. It also notes that possibly even NEOs as small as 30 – 50 m may pose a serious threat. The most promising search tool being built – the Large Synoptic Survey Telescope – may lose out on funding in current project prioritization. The report gives two options for detection of the D > 140 m NEOs – completion by 2020 would require space missions, one in Sun-Earth Lagrangian point L1 and one in a Venus-trailing orbit. While use of a large ground based telescope

	would be cheaper but reach the goal only by 2030.
	See:
	http://www.nap.edu/catalog/12842.html
	http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=183
	http://www.scientificamerican.com/blog/post.cfm?id=new-report-warns-
	against-smaller-ne-2010-01-22
	http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=asteroid-impact-
	climate-change
	http://www.universetoday.com/2010/01/22/asteroid-detection-deflection-
	needs-more-money-report-says/
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2010, Apr 14	Wisconsin Fireball, seen in at least six US states. The parent body was ~1 m in diameter and while disintegrating released energy equivalent to the detonation of ~20 tons of TNT. See: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2565 See also: http://articles.cnn.com/2010-04-15/tech/midwest.fireball_1_fireball-nws-northern-sky?_s=PM:TECH http://articles.cnn.com/2010-04-26/us/wisconsin.meteorite.boomtown_1_meteorite-space-rock-livingston?_s=PM:US
2010, Apr 15	US President Barack Obama on Space Exploration in the 21st Century, speaking at John F. Kennedy Space Center, Merritt Island (FL, USA): " And by 2025, we expect new spacecraft designed for long journeys to allow us to begin the first-ever crewed missions beyond the Moon into deep space. So we'll start — we'll start by sending astronauts to an asteroid for the first time in history. By the mid-2030s, I believe we can send humans to orbit Mars and return them safely to Earth. And a landing on Mars will follow. And I expect to be around to see it" This follows recommendations of the Augustine Review of 22 Oct 2009. See: http://www.whitehouse.gov/the-press-office/remarks-president-space- exploration-21st-century http://www.nasa.gov/about/obamaspeechfeature.html http://www.nasa.gov/news/media/trans/obama_ksc_trans.html http://www.nasa.gov/pdf/396093main_HSF_Cmte_FinalReport.pdf http://www.nasa.gov/pdf/396093main_HSF_Cmte_FinalReport.pdf http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=184 This is formalized in the document National Space Policy of the United States of America of 28 June 2010. See also: http://www.whitehouse.gov/sites/default/files/national_space_policy_6- 28-10.pdf http://www.nytimes.com/2010/04/16/science/space/16nasa.html http://www.usatoday.com/cleanprint/?1289391814765 http://www.usatoday.com/cleanprint/?1289391814765 http://www.space.com/18373-presidential-election-obama-nasa- future.html

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2010, Apr 15	Establishment of the NASA Advisory Council Ad Hoc Task Force on Planetary Defense. See: http://www.nasa.gov/pdf/490945main_10-10_TFPD.pdf http://www.nasa.gov/exploration/about/planetarydefense_taskforce_prt.h tm http://www.planetary.org/programs/projects/space_information/2010102 7.html
2010, Apr 18	Apollo NEA 2010 HP20 (H = 27.6 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.62 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.08 LD. [2010-03] See: 2010 HP20 - SSA, 2010 HP20 - JPL
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2010, Apr 25	Apollo NEA 2019 VB5 ($H = 31.7 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 1.6 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.66 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.91 LD. See: $2019 \text{ VB5} - \text{SSA}$, $2019 \text{ VB5} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 9 Nov 2019 .
2010, Apr 26	Lori B. Garver, NASA Deputy Administrator, 2010, Address at the Center for Strategic and International Studies, Washington DC (USA). Comments on President Obama's speech of 15 April 2010 at the JFK Space Center, Florida (USA), referring to NEAs as the next target for US human spaceflight. One potential target could be asteroid 1999 AO10 ($H = 23.9 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 60 \text{ m}$), which will pass Earth at 10.4 LD on 12 February 2026. It could be reached with a launch in 2025 on a 150 day round trip mission, spending ~2 weeks at the asteroid. See: http://www.nasa.gov/pdf/448579main_CSIS_Garver_20100426a.pdf http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=184 http://www.nasaspaceflight.com/2010/01/nasas-flexible-path-2025-human-mission-visit-asteroid/ http://www.spacegeneration.org/index.php/eventstopics/news/227-sgac-announces-the-winner-of-the-2010-move-an-asteroid-competition http://www.spacegeneration.org/images/stories/Projects/NEO/Corbin_Asteroid_Paper.pdf

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2010, May	A.W. Harris, 2010, <i>Bull. American Astron. Soc.</i> , 41, 930, "Cosmic disasters, real and imagined." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010DDA41.0601H http://nightsky.jpl.nasa.gov/docs/AlanHarris.ppt
2010, May	O.B. Toon, T. Segura, K. Zahnle, 2010, <i>Annual Review of Earth and Planetary Sciences</i> , 38, 303, "The formation of Martian river valleys by impacts." See: http://httadsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010AREPS38303T
2010, May 13	Panoramic Survey Telescope And Rapid Response System (Pan-STARRS, Maui, HI, USA). The 1.8 m telescope PS1 on Haleakala goes operational and begins its science mission. The 1.4 giga-pixel digital camera will take over 500 exposures each night and send about 4 terabytes of data to the Maui High Performance Computing Center for analysis. In the next three years, PS1 is expected to discover ~100,000 asteroids. PS1 is the experimental proptotype for the larger PS4 telescope, which will have four times the power of PS1 and is planned for Mauna Kea. See item 6 December 2008. See: http://pan-starrs.ifa.hawaii.edu/public/http://www.ifa.hawaii.edu/info/press-releases/PS1/http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=pan-starrs-neohttp://www.spacedaily.com/reports/PS1_Telescope_Establishes_Near_Earth_Asteroid_Discovery_Record_999.html
2010, May 17	Asteroid 2010 JL88 (H = 26.5 mag, $D \approx 18$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.002 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.001 LD. It passed the Moon at a nominal miss distance of 0.495 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.494 LD. See: 2010 JL88 - SSA , 2010 JL88 - JPL See: also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2010_JL88 See also: 5 Nov 1963, 15 May 2005, 5 Nov 2020
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	"Cretaceous-Extinctions: multiple causes / responses." See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/328/5981/975.full
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2010, May 21-23	Meeting on Asteroids and Comets in Europe, Višnjan/Tićan (Croatia). See: http://www.minorplanets.org/MACE2010/
2010, May 23	Apollo NEA 2010 KO10 (H = 27.0 mag, $D \approx 14$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.45 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.45 LD. [2010-04] See: $2010 \text{ KO10} - \text{SSA}$, $2010 \text{ KO10} - \text{JPL}$
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2010, May 26	See: http://www.cora.nwra.com/Meteoroids2010/ http://www.space.com/8517-asteroid-probe-return-earth-scientists-edge.html http://www.space.com/8604-nasa-prepares-potentially-damaging-2011-meteor-shower.html http://www.space.com/8986-asteroid-threat-early-warning-system-proposed.html <a a="" cosmic="" did="" href="http://www.space.com/8986-asteroid-threat-early-warning-system-proposed.htm</th></tr><tr><td>2010, May/Jun</td><td>See: 2010 KV39 - SSA, 2010 KV39 - JPL D. Morrison, 2010, Skeptical Inquirer, 34.3, " impact<="" td="">
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	city." See: http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=interactive-12-events
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2010, Jun 3	Fireball lights up Jupiter. Impacting asteroid or comet with <i>D</i> ≈ 8-13 m. Ref: - R. Hueso, A. Wesley, C. Go, et al., 2010, <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 721, L129, "First Earth-based detection of a superbolide on Jupiter ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010ApJ721L.129H See also: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.cfm?release=2010-293&cid=release_2010-293&msource=2010293B&tr=y&auid=6964089
2010, Jun 7-11	International Conference <i>Gaia:</i> at the frontiers of astrometry, 7-11 June 2010, Sèvre (France). Proc: C. Turon, F. Meynadier, F. Arenou (eds.), 2011, <i>Gaia:</i> at the frontiers of astrometry, ESA Publication Series, 45. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011EAS45D3T http://sci.esa.int/science-e/www/object/index.cfm?fobjectid=45565 http://wwwhip.obspm.fr/gaia2010/IMG/pdf/Abstract_booklet.pdf
2010, Jun 9-18	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS, 53 rd session) and Action Team 14 on NEOs, chaired by Sergio Camacho (Mexico), meets in Vienna (Austria). See: http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/gadocs/A_65_20E.pdf
2010, Jun 11	K. Rowan, 2010, Space.com, "5 reasons to care about asteroids".

	See: http://www.space.com/8590-5-reasons-care-asteroids.html
2010, Jun 13	Return of JAXA spacecraft <i>Hayabusa</i> , landing in Woomera (Australia), after a seven-year journey to bring a sample of Apollo NEA 25143 Itokawa (1998 SF36 , $H = 19.2$ mag, $D = 0.535 \times 0.29 \times 0.209$ km, PHA) back to Earth.
	See also: 19 Nov 2005, 17 Nov 2010.
	See: http://hayabusa.jaxa.jp/e/index.html
	http://www.isas.jaxa.jp/e/topics/2010/0705.shtml
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	http://www.space.com/news/japan-hayabusa-asteroid-graphic-
	100611.html
	http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jan2011/presentations/day3/d3_1
	330 Zolensky Hayabusa.pdf
	http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/reports/ac105/C1/AC105_C1_100E.p
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	http://www.space.com/14691-asteroid-impacts-hayabusa-meteorite-
	samples.html
	http://www.space.com/14767-lego-asteroid-spacecraft-hayabusa.html http://www.nature.com/news/2011/110825/full/news.2011.506.html
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hayabusa
	http://on.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hayabasa
2010, Jun 23	Asteroid-aware lawmaker U.S. Representative Dana Rohrabacher
	(R - CA) introduced a bill that would create a special government
	commission to study the threat of major collisions of asteroids –
	Near Earth Objects – with the Earth. Rep. Rohrabacher's bill "To
	establish a United States Commission on Planetary Defense" (H.R.
	5587), would create within the legislative branch a United States
	Commission on Planetary Defense.
	See:
	http://thomas.loc.gov/cgi-bin/query/z?c111:H.R.5587:
	http://usgovinfo.about.com/b/2010/07/26/bill-would-create-asteroid-
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2010, Jun 25-27	International Workshop Nördlingen 2010: the Ries Crater, the Moon, and the future of human space exploration, Nördlingen (Germany), 25-27 June 2010. See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/meetings/nordlingen2010/
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2010, Jul 5-9	2 nd International Symposium Space & Global Security of Humanity, Riga (Latvia), 5-9 July 2010. See: http://www.tsi.lv/?id=5108⟨=en⊤=336⊤=136 http://www.tsi.lv/Research/Conference/SGS- 2010/SGS_2010_abstracts.pdf
2010, Jul 5	V.V. Adushkin, A.V. Vityazev, D.V. Gorobets, et al., 2010,

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	http://www.space.com/news/nasa-asteroid-impact-near-earth-objects-planetary-defense-100726.html
2010, Jul 10	ESA spacecraft <i>Rosetta</i> fly-by of Main-belt asteroid 21 Lutetia (<i>H</i> = 7.5 mag, <i>D</i> = 132 × 101 × 76 km), at a distance of 3162 km. See: 21 Lutetia - SSA, 21 Lutetia - JPL Ref: - S.A. Stern, J.Wm. Parker, P.D. Feldman, et al., 2011, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 141(6), article id. 199, "Ultraviolet discoveries at asteroid (21) Lutetia by the <i>Rosetta</i> Alice Ultraviolet Spectrograph." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011AJ1411998 - H. Sierks, P. Lamy, C. Barbieri, et al., 2011, <i>Science</i> , 334, 487, "Images of asteroid 21 Lutetia: a remnant planetesimal from the early Solar System." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Sci3344878 - P. Vemazza, P. Lamy, O. Groussin, et al., 2011, <i>Icarus</i> , 216, 650, "Asteroid (21) Lutetia as a remnant of Earth's precursor planetesimals." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Icar216650V - R. Schulz, H. Sierks, M. Küppers, A. Accomazzo, 2012,

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2010, Jul 16	NASA spacecraft <i>WISE</i> completed its first half-year of observations, its program NEO-WISE detecting at infrared wavelengths 97 new near-Earth asteroids, including 14 PHAs . A 10 August report said that the spacecraft is running out of the frozen coolant needed to keep its heat-sensitive instrument chilled. See: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.cfm?release=2010-238
2010, Jul 18-25	38 th COSPAR Scientific Assembly, Bremen (Germany), session B04, Small body exploration: past, present and future space missions. See: http://www.cospar-assembly.org/
2010, Jul 19	EU Call for Proposals Work Programme 2011, Cooperation Theme 9 <i>Space</i> (European Commission C(2010)4900 of 19 July 2010), Activity 9.2: Strengthening the foundations of space science and technology, Area 9.2.3: Research into reducing the vulnerability of space assets, SPA.2011.2.3-01: Prevention of impacts from Near Earth Objects (NEOs) on our Planet. Deadline: 25 November 2010. See: http://ftp.//ftp.cordis.europa.eu/pub/fp7/docs/wp/cooperation/space/j-wp-201101_en.pdf http://www.eurosfaire.prd.fr/7pc/documents/1279796061_paris_infoday30june10_ce.ppt#258,1,Slide1 http://www.euresearch.ch/fileadmin/documents/events2010/2010_InfoDay-Space_MaT.pdf
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2010, Aug 3-4	Third NASA Small Bodies Assessment Group Meeting, Pasadena (CA, USA). See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/ http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/aug2010/agenda.shtml Findings: https://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/findings/ Among the papers: - P. Abell, R. Landis, 2010, "New NASA initiatives for the exploration of Near-Earth Objects." See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/aug2010/presentations/Abell Human_NEO_Mission_3rd%20SBAG2010.pdf - P. Abell, 2010, "Human exploration." See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/aug2010/presentations/Human_Exploration_Outline.pdf - M. Zolensky, 2010, "Hayabusa mission update." See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/aug2010/presentations/Hayabusa_RecoveryMZolensky.pdf - B. Geldzahler, J. Crusan, P. Martin, et al., 2010, "NEO tracking and characterization facility." See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/aug2010/presentations/Geldzahler_NEO_Tracking_and_Characterization_Facility_v5.pdf - J. Nuth, 2010, "Small body science issues." See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/aug2010/presentations/NuthSmall_BodyScienceIssues.pdf - Y. Fernandez, 2010, "Outline: population identification_and characterization."

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	- D. Britt, 2010, "Small Bodies roadmap outline: in-situ study." See:
	http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/aug2010/presentations/britt_outline insitu.pdf
	- P. Weissman, 2010, "SBAG roadmap: sample return." See:
	http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/aug2010/presentations/weissman Sample_return_outline_new.pdf
2010, Aug 10-11	NASA Interactive Workshop Exploration of Near Earth Object objectives, to identify objectives for exploration missions to near-Earth objects. Washington DC (USA). See: http://www.nasa.gov/home/hqnews/2010/aug/HQ_M10-105_NEO_Workshop.html http://www.nasa.gov/exploration/new_space_enterprise/home/neoworkshop.html
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	spacecraft-100830.html
2010, Aug 31	K. Beatty, <i>Sky & Telescope</i> , 31 August 2010, "The dinosaurs got a warning shot." See: http://www.skyandtelescope.com/community/skyblog/newsblog/101880488.html
2010, Sep	P.A. Bland, P. Spurný, L. Shrbený, et al., 2010, 73rd Annual Meeting of the Meteoritical Society, New York (NY, USA), 26-30 July 2010, Meteoritics and Planetary Science Supplement, id. id.5209, "Meteorite falls observed by the Desert Fireball Network: an update." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010M%26PSA73.5209B
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2010, Sep	E.R.D. Scott, J.I. Goldstein, J. Yang, et al., 2010, in: 73rd Annual Meeting of the Meteoritical Society, New York (NY, USA), July 26-30 2010, Meteoritics and Planetary Science Supplement, id.5015, "Iron and stony-iron meteorites and the missing mantle meteorites and asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010M%26PSA73.50158

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2010, Sep 3	As a sequel of <i>NEAR</i> , a joint mission study by Johns Hopkins University Applied Physics Laboratory and NASA's Goddard and Johnson Space Flight Centers focuses on <i>Next Gen NEAR</i> , a concept of a robotic precursor for a human visit to a near-Earth asteroid. The mission could launch as soon as 2014 and begin to return data from a target asteroid the following year. See: http://www.jhuapl.edu/newscenter/pressreleases/2010/100903.asp
2010, Sep 8, 09:51	Aten NEA 2010 RX30 (H = 27.4 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of a nominal miss distance of 0.64 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.64 LD. [2010-06] See: $2010 RX30 - SSA$, $2010 RX30 - JPL$ See also: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2725 http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news169.html http://www.astronomynow.com/news/n1009/07asteroids/http://www.space.com/spacewatch/asteroids-passing-near-earth-telescopes-100908.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2010 RX30

	See also: 8 Sep 1931.
2010, Sep 8, 21:13	Asteroid 2010 RF12 (H = 28.1 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.207 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.206 LD. [2010-07] See: $2010 \text{ RF12} - \text{SSA}$, $2010 \text{ RF12} - \text{JPL}$ See also: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2725 http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news169.html http://www.astronomynow.com/news/n1009/07asteroids/http://www.space.com/spacewatch/asteroids-passing-near-earth-telescopes-100908.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2010_RF12 See also: 10 Sep 1915 , 6 Sep 2095 .
2010, Sep 8, 23:58	Apollo NEA 2010 RK53 (H = 27.9 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.19 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.19 LD. [2010-08] See: $2010 \text{ RK53} - \text{SSA}$, $2010 \text{ RK53} - \text{JPL}$
2010, Sep 16-19	International Meteor Conference 2010, Armagh (Northern Ireland, UK). See: http://www.imo.net/imc2010 http://www.imo.net/imc2010/schedule.php
2010, Sep 17	J.W. Head III, C.I. Fassett, S.J. Kadish, et al., 2010, <i>Science</i> , 329, 1504, "Global distribution of large lunar craters: implications for resurfacing and impactor populations." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010Sci329.1504H http://news.brown.edu/pressreleases/2010/09/moon
2010, Sep 19-24	European Planetary Science Conference (EPSC 2010), Rome (Italy). See: http://meetings.copernicus.org/epsc2010/ Among the papers: - D.V. Koschny, G. Drolshagen, N. Bobrinsy, M. Gritsevich, 2010, "The European Space Situational Awareness programme." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010epsc.conf686K http://meetings.copernicus.org/epsc2010 p.686. - E. Perozzi, R.P. Binzel, A. Rossi, G.B. Valsecchi, 2010, "Asteroids more accessible than the Moon." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010epsc.conf750P http://meetings.copernicus.org/epsc2010 p.750. - T.J. Jopek, G.B. Valsecchi, 2010, "From meteor observations to

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2010, Sep 27 – Oct	61st International Astronautical Congress, Prague (Czech Republic). See: http://www.iac2010.cz/en/welcome
2010, Sep 27	R. Williamson, B. Weeden, S. Camacho, T. Jones, R. Schweickart, 2010, IAC-E.3.1.B4, paper presented at 23rd Symposium on Space policy, Regulations and Economics, International Astronautical Congress, Prague, 27 September - 1 October 2010, "Responding to the threat of potentially-hazardous Near Earth Objects". See: http://swfound.org/media/16114/iac-10.e3.1b.4.pdf
2010, Sep 30	Apollo NEA 2010 SK13 (H = 27.6 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.69 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.69 LD. [2010-09] See: $2010 \text{ SK13} - \text{SSA}$, $2010 \text{ SK13} - \text{JPL}$
2010, Oct	G. Drolshagen, D. Koschny, N. Bobrinsky, 2010, <i>Cosmic Research</i> , 48(5), 399, "The near-Earth objects segment of the European Space Situational Awareness program." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010CosRe48399D
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2010, Oct	D.C. Hyland, H.A. Altwaijry, S. Ge, et al., 2010, <i>Cosmic Research</i> , 48, 430, "A permanently-acting NEA damage mitigation technique via the Yarkovsky effect." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010CosRe48430H
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2010, Oct	G.B. Valsecchi, A. Rossi, A. Milani, S.R. Chesley, 2010, in: <i>Mathematics and Astronomy: A Joint Long Journey</i> , AIP Conf. Proc., 1283, 231, "Collision probability: a new analytical derivation." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010AIPC.1283231V
2010, Oct 4	NASA spacecraft <i>WISE</i> has reached the expected end of its onboard supply of frozen coolant. Although <i>WISE</i> has 'warmed up,' NASA has decided the mission will still continue. <i>WISE</i> will now focus on asteroids and comets. To date, <i>WISE</i> has discovered 19 comets and more than 33,500 asteroids, including 120 NEOs. The continuation mission, dubbed the NEO-WISE Post-Cryogenic Mission, observes at about –203 C, using only its two shortest-wavelength detectors. See: http://wise.ssl.berkeley.edu/gallery_AsteroidCensus.html http://www.space.com/10735-asteroid-survey-space-rocks-comets.html

2010, Oct 5	The Asteroid Terrestrial-impact Last Alert System (ATLAS) project. Update of web site describing proposal 10-NEOO10-0009 to the NASA Near-Earth Object Observation (NEOO) program. ATLAS is meant as a survey complementary to Pan-STARRS , focussing on 140 m – 50 m objects, observing down to $v = 20$ mag with an array of 10-inch telescopes and CCD cameras. This will probably not provide enough warning time to deflect the asteroid – it is intended to provide warning of impending asteroid. Proposers: John Tonry (Univ. of Hawaii, HI, USA), Robert Jedicke (Univ. of Hawaii, HI, USA) and Armin Rest (Space Telescope Science Institute (Baltimore, MD, USA). As of January 2013, the ATLAS program is funded by NASA. See: https://stallingstar.com/home.php http://www.fallingstar.com/home.php http://www.fallingstar.com/ua20120330.php http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011PASP.12358T -R. Jedicke , J. Tonry, P. Veres, et al., October 2012, American Astronomical Society, DPS meeting #44, #210.12, "ATLAS: Asteroid Terrestrial-impact Last Alert System." http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012DPS4421012J

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	http://www.nasa.gov/pdf/493115main_10-10_TFPD_BRIEFING.pdf See also:
	http://www.nature.com/news/2010/100908/full/467140a.html http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=nasa-panel-weighs-asteroid-danger
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	http://garashietd.com/NACTaskForcer/NACTaskForcer/R.pdf
2010, Oct 9	Apollo NEA 2010 TW54 (H = 27.5 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.42 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.42 LD. [2010-10] See: 2010 TW54 - SSA, 2010 TW54 - JPL See also: 10 Oct 2103 .
2010, Oct 11	Apollo NEA 2010 TN55 ($H = 26.8$ mag, $D \approx 15$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.85 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.85 LD [2010-11] See: $2010 \text{ TN55} - \text{SSA}$, $2010 \text{ TN55} - \text{JPL}$
2010, Oct 12	Apollo NEA 2010 TD54 (H = 28.6 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.13 LD. [2010-12] A ~5-m sized NEA from the undiscovered population of ~30 million would be expected to pass daily within a lunar distance, and one might strike Earth's atmosphere about every 2 years on average. If an asteroid of the size of 2010 TD54 were to enter Earth's atmosphere, it would be expected to burn up high in the atmosphere and cause no damage to Earth's surface. See: $2010 \text{ TD54} - \text{SSA}$, $2010 \text{ TD54} - \text{JPL}$ See also: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.cfm?release=2010-332 http://www.space.com/scienceastronomy/small-asteroid-passing-earth-tuesday-101011.html http://www.space.com/spacewatch/small-asteroidpassing-earth-101116.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2010 TD54
2010, Oct 14	C. Snodgrass, C. Tubiana, JB. Vincent, et al., 2010, <i>Nature</i> , 467, 814, "A collision in 2009 as the origin of the debris trail of asteroid P/2010 A2 ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010Natur.467814S

2010, Oct 15	Memo from John P. Holdren, Director of the White House Office of Science and Technology Policy of the Executive Office of the U.S. President, to U.S. House of Representatives Committee on Science and Technology, and to U.S. Senate Committee on Commerce, Science and Transportation, Washington DC (USA), describing (1) U.S. current and prospective NEO detection activities; (2) notification procedures for a potential NEO threat; (3) emergency response procedures for a potential NEO threat; and (4) U.S. Government roles and responsibilities for potential future NEO mitigation/deflection activities. See: http://www.whitehouse.gov/sites/default/files/microsites/ostp/ostp-letter-neos-house.pdf http://www.nature.com/news/2010/101021/full/news.2010.554.html http://www.planetary.org/programs/projects/space_information/2010102 http://www.space.com/9370-ready-meet-asteroid-threat-white-house-science-adviser.html http://www.space.com/9370-ready-meet-asteroid-threat-white-house-science-adviser.html http://www.space.com/9370-ready-meet-asteroid-threat-white-house-science-adviser.html http://www.space.com/9370-ready-meet-asteroid-threat-white-house-science-adviser.html http://www.space.com/9370-ready-meet-asteroid-threat-white-house-science-adviser.html <a <a="" asteroids:="" href="http://www.nytimes.com/2010/10/26/opinion/26schweickart.html?_r=1&scp=1&sq=humans%20to%20asteroids:%20watch%20out!&st=cse" humans="" out!"="" see:="" to="" watch="">http://www.nytimes.com/2010/10/26/opinion/26schweickart.html?_r=1&scp=1&sq=humans%20to%20asteroids:%20watch%20out!&st=cse
2010, Oct 26	Aten NEA 2010 UY7 ($H = 28.8 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.63 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.63

	LD. [2010-15] See: 2010 UY7 - SSA , 2010 UY7 - JPL
2010, Oct 27-29	ESA Mission Planning and Operations Group (MPOG) Workshop Plausible asteroid impact and timing scenarios, 27-29 October 2010, Darmstadt (Germany), co-sponsored by the Association of Space Explorers and the Secure World Foundation. In a post-workshop hand-out, the attendees concluded that: (a) a Mission Planning and Operations Group should be established; (b) the MPOG should identify to space agencies the technical issues involved in planetary defense, to take advantage of synergies between human exploration, science, and study of the NEO hazard; (c) the MPOG should propose research themes in NEO deflection for use by space agencies, addressing those areas most critical for effective deflection strategies; and (d) there is great value in finding hazardous NEOs early, to reduce the costs of deflection missions. Early detection would require upgraded NEO search and tracking capabilities. See: http://www.space-explorers.org/committees/NEO/MPOG.pdf http://www.space-explorers.org/committees/NEO/MPOG.pdf http://swfound.org/events/2010/neo-mission-planning-and-operations- group-workshop http://swfound.org/media/16096/mpog%20exec%20summary%2011-18- 10a.pdf http://www.esa.int/SPECIALS/ESOC/SEMECCHMI8G 0.html http://www.livestream.com/eurospaceagency/video?clipId=pla_853975c a-049b-4a49-bece-460fbf456d05 http://www.space-explorers.org/committees/NEO/MPOG.pdf http://www.mail-archive.com/meteorite- list@meteoritecentral.com/msg91343.html http://www.spaceeuarduk.com/news/312-global-action http://www.spaceguarduk.com/news/312-global-action http://www.space.com/news/asteroid-threat-global-action-plan- 101109.html
2010, Oct 27	R. Schweickart, 2010, presented at ESA Mission Planning and Operations Group (MPOG) workshop Plausible asteroid impact and timing scenarios, 27-29 October 2010, Darmstadt (Germany), "Implementation of the MPOG (Mission Planning and Operations Group)". See: http://swfound.org/media/30999/Schweickart%20-%20Intro%20to%20the%20MPOG.pdf
2010, Oct/Nov	Special Issue <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 2010, 45, Issue 10-11, pp. 1553-1845, "2008 TC3 and Almahata Sitta." Dedicated to NEA 2008 TC3, impact on 6 October 2008. Editorial: P. Jenniskens, M.H. Shaddad, 2010, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 45, 1553, "2008

	TC3: the small asteroid with an impact." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010M%26PS45.1553J See also:
	http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/maps.2010.45.issue-10-11/issuetoc
	http://www.nasa.gov/home/hqnews/2010/dec/HQ_10-340_Asteroid_Meteorite.html
2010, Nov	S.R. Chesley, J. Baer, D.G. Monet, 2010, <i>Icarus</i> , 210, 158, "Treatment of star catalog biases in asteroid astrometric observations." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010Icar210158C The authors illustrate the benefits of debiasing to high-precision astrometric applications such as asteroid mass determination and collision analysis, including a refined prediction of the impact probability of 99942 Apophis . Specifically, they find the IP of Apophis to be lowered by nearly an order of magnitude to 4.5 × 10 ⁻⁶ for the 2036 close approach.
2010, Nov	D. Jewitt, J. Li, 2010, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 140, 1519, "Activity in Geminid parent (3200) Phaethon ." See:
	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010AJ140.1519J http://science.nasa.gov/science-news/science-at-nasa/2010/06dec_geminids/
2010, Nov	E. Pierazzo, R.R. Carcia, D.E. Kinnison, D.R. Marsh, J. Lee-Taylor, P.J. Crutzen, 2010, <i>Earth and Planetary Science Letters</i> , 299, 263, "Ozone perturbation from medium-size asteroid impacts in the ocean." See:
	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010E%26PSL.299263P http://www.newscientist.com/article/dn19579-ocean-asteroid-hits-will-create-huge-ozone-holes.html
2010, Nov	D.P. Rubincam, S.J. Paddock, 2010, <i>Icarus</i> , 209, 863, "Zero secular torque on asteroids from impinging solar photons in the YORP effect: a simple proof." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010Icar209863R
2010, Nov 2, 02:37	Aten NEA 2010 UJ7 (H = 25.6 mag, D \approx 27 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.75 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.74 LD. [2010-16] See: $2010 \text{ UJ7} - \text{SSA}$, $2010 \text{ UJ7} - \text{JPL}$
2010, Nov 2, 18:05	Apollo NEA 2010 VN1 ($H = 28.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.34 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.34

	LD. [2010-17] See: 2010 VN1 - SSA, 2010 VN1 - JPL
2010, Nov 4	D. Lupishko, Z. Pozhalova, 2010, in: C. Barbieri, M. Coradini, S. Chakrabarti (eds.), Proc. IAU Symposium No. 269 on <i>Galileo's Medicean Moons: their impact on 400 years of discovery</i> (Cambridge: CUP), p. 234, "Near-Earth Objects 400 years after Galileo: physical properties and internal structure." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010IAUS269234L
2010, Nov 4	NASA spacecraft <i>EPOXI</i> successfully flew by comet Hartley 2 at about 7 a.m. PDT. Hartley 2 is the fifth comet nucleus visited by a spacecraft. See: http://epoxi.umd.edu/ http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jan2009/presentations/AHearn_SBA_G-EPOXI.pdf http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2727 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2754 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2010-346 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.cfm?release=2010-371&cid=release_2010-371&msource=e20101104&tr=y&auid=7308484 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.cfm?release=2010-373&cid=release_2010-373&msource=10373&tr=y&auid=7313419 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.cfm?release=2010-375&cid=release_2010-375&msource=2010375&tr=y&auid=7321315 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2010-387 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2011-185
2010, Nov 7	Apollo NEA 2010 VR21 (H = 29.2 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.92 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.92 LD. [2010-18] See: 2010 VR21 - SSA, 2010 VR21 - JPL See also: http://www.space.com/spacewatch/small-asteroidpassing-earth-101116.html
2010, Nov 11	Cameras for Allsky Meteor Surveillance (CAMS). First light. CAMS is an automated video surveillance of the night sky in search of meteors to validate minor showers in the IAU Working List of Meteor Showers. Stations are located in California. See: http://cams.seti.org/ http://cams.seti.org/ http://www.astro.amu.edu.pl/~jopek/MDC2007/Roje/roje_lista.php?corobic_roje=0&sort_roje=0
2010, Nov 12	Apollo NEA 2010 VP139 ($H = 27.4 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 12 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.21 LD. Minimum miss distance

	0.02 LD. [2010-19] See: 2010 VP139 - SSA , 2010 VP139 - JPL
2010, Nov 13	Apollo NEA 2010 VC140 (H = 27.9 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.75 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.75 LD. [2010-20] See: $2010 \text{ VC140} - \text{SSA}$, $2010 \text{ VC140} - \text{JPL}$
2010, Nov 14	Apollo NEA 2010 RF181 , $H = 20.6$ mag, $D \approx 280$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.30 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.30 LD. See: 2010 RF181- JPL, 2010 RF181- SSA
2010, Nov 16	Successful NEA sample return. Particles returned by the JAXA spacecraft <i>Hayabusa</i> on 13 June 2010 have been identified to originate from asteroid 25143 Itokawa (1998 SF36 , <i>H</i> = 19.5 mag, <i>D</i> = 520 × 270 × 230 m, <i>M</i> = 3.6 × 1010 kg, PHA). Some 1500 grains with sizes < 10 µm were identified as rocky particles, most of them judged to be of extraterrestrial origin. In August 2010 JAXA received governmental go-ahead for preliminary design work on follow-up asteroid sample return mission <i>Hayabusa</i> 2 , aimed for launch in 2014 to reach a carbon-rich asteroid in 2018 for a touch-and-go approach to collect samples, and return to Earth in 2020. See: http://hayabusa.jaxa.jp/e/index.html http://www.jaxa.jp/projects/sat/muses_c/index_e.html http://www.jaxa.jp/projects/sat/muses_c/index_e.html http://www.jaxa.jp/pross/2010/11/20101116 http://www.scientificamerican.com/blog/post.cfm?id=hayabusa-probe-succeeded-in-returni-2010-11-16 http://www.space.com/news/japan-approves-asteroid-probe-new-rocket-100820.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/25143_Itokawa
2010, Nov 17	Apollo NEA 2010 WA (H = 30.3 mag, $D \approx 3$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.101 LD (= 6.1 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.101 LD. [2010-21] See: $2010 \text{ WA} - \text{SSA}$, $2010 \text{ WA} - \text{JPL}$ See also: http://www.space.com/spacewatch/small-asteroidpassing-earth-10116.html http://www.space.com/scienceastronomy/tiny-asteroid-passing-earth-spins-fast-101120.html

2010, Nov 18	Emeritus-Director of the IAU Minor Planet Center
	Dr. Brian G. Marsden (1937 - 2010) passed away.
	Ref:
	- G.V. Williams, 2010, Minor Planet Electronic Circulars, No. 2010-
	W10, "Brian Marsden (1937 Aug. 5 - 2010 Nov. 18)".
	See:
	http://www.minorplanetcenter.org/mpec/K10/K10W10.html#form
	See also:
	http://www.iau.org/science/news/115/
	http://www.cfa.harvard.edu/news/2010/pr201025.html
	http://planetary.org/news/2010/1118_Brian_Marsden_19372010.html
	http://www.scientificamerican.com/blog/post.cfm?id=brian-marsden-
	longtime-director-of-2010-11-18
	http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=keeper-of-the-objects
	http://blogs.nature.com/news/thegreatbeyond/2010/11/and_loses_a_giant_a
	mong_minor.html
	http://www.newscientist.com/blogs/shortsharpscience/2010/11/brian-
	marsden-the-man-who-made.html
	http://www.skyandtelescope.com/news/109107254.html
	http://www.space.com/news/astronomers-brian-marsden-allan-sandage-
	<u>obits-101119.html</u>
	http://www.universetoday.com/79392/astronomer-brian-marsden-has-died/
	http://www.economist.com/node/17627004
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Brian_GMarsden
2010 N 20	A = 11 NEA 2010 VD (II 2000 = D2(15 =) = = 1 E = 41 = 4
2010, Nov 29	Apollo NEA 2010 XR ($H = 26.8$ mag, $D \approx 15$ m) passed Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 0.50 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.45
	LD. [2010-22]
	See: <u>2010 XR - SSA</u> , <u>2010 XR - JPL</u>
2010 Nov 20 Dog	Caig Follow Un Natural (Caig FUN) Workshop hosted by the
2010, NOV 29 - Dec	Gaia Follow-Up Network (Gaia-FUN) Workshop, hosted by the
	Institut de Mécanique Céleste et de Calcul des Éphémérides
	(IMCCE), Paris (France), to discuss and start up a network for
	follow-up asteroid observations to be made with ESA's <i>Gaia</i>
	mission, scheduled for launch in Spring 2012.
	See: http://www.imcce.fr/langues/en/publications/colloques/gaiafun/
2010 N. 20	A 11 NEA 2010 VD (II 20 (De. A) 1 F (1)
2010, Nov 30	Apollo NEA 2010 XB ($H = 29.6$ mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 0.14 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.14
	LD. [2010-23]
	See: <u>2010 XB - SSA</u> , <u>2010 XB - JPL</u>
2010 N. D	D.D. A.L., I.D. Cianciai D.A. Al. 11 D.D. I. 11 2010
2010, Nov-Dec	D.R. Adamo, J.D. Giorgini, P.A. Abell, R.R. Landis, 2010,
	Journal of Spacecraft and Rockets, 47, 994, "Asteroid destinations
	accessible for human exploration: a preliminary survey in mid-
	2009."
İ	Cool
	See: http://www.aiaa.org/content.cfm?pageid=318&volume=47&issue=6&pu

	bid=25&paperid=48681
2010, Dec	I. de Pater, L.N. Fletcher, S. Pérez-Hoyos, et al., 2010, <i>Icarus</i> , 210, 722, "A multi-wavelength study of the 2009 impact on Jupiter : comparison of high resolution images from Gemini, Keck and <i>HST</i> ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010Icar210722D
2010, Dec	D. Morrison, 2010, <i>Proceedings American Philosophical Society</i> , 154 (4), 439, "Impacts and evolution: protecting Earth from asteroids." (Read also 13 November 2008.) See: http://www.amphilsoc.org/sites/default/files/1540404.pdf
2010, Dec	E.L. Wright, P.R.M. Eisenhardt, A.K. Mainzer, et al., 2010, Astronomical Journal, 140, No.6, "The Wide-Field Infrared Survey Explorer (Wise): mission description and initial on-orbit performance." See: http://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/0004-6256/140/6/1868
2010, Dec 2	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS), Information on research in the field of NEOs carried out by Member States, international organizations and other entities. See: http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/reports/ac105/AC105_976E.pdf http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/limited/AC105_C1_2011_CRP12E.pdf
2010, Dec 5	Apollo NEA 2010 XC (H = 28.8 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.47 LD. Minimum miss distance 0 LD. See: $2010 \text{ XC} - \text{SSA}$, $2010 \text{ XC} - \text{JPL}$
2010, Dec 7	S. Merikallio, P. Janhunen, 2010, <i>Astrophys. Space Sci. Trans.</i> , 6, 41, "Moving an asteroid with electric solar wind sail." Winning paper of the 2009 Space Generation Advisory Council <i>Move An Asteroid Competition</i> . See: http://www.astrophys-space-sci-trans.net/6/41/2010/astra-6-41-2010.pdf
2010, Dec 7	IAU announced the formation of a new IAU Working Group on Near Earth Objects under IAU Division III, created 1 October 2010. See: http://www.iau.org/science/news/119/ http://www.iau.org/science/scientific_bodies/working_groups/171/
2010, Dec 9	Apollo NEA 529668 (2010 JL 33 , $H = 17.7$ mag, $D = 1000$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 16.6 LD. Minimum miss distance 16.6 LD.

	This asteroid, discovered on 6 May 2010 by the Catalina Sky Survey , is one of 14 new NEAs with $D > 1$ km discovered in this decade. Its rotation period $P = 9$ hr. Radar imaging at NASA's Goldstone Solar System Radar in the California desert was obtained on 11 and 12 December 2010. A video of the radar images was released by NASA on 11 January 2011. See: 2010 JL33 - SSA, 2010 JL33 - JPL See also: http://www.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2011-011 http://www.nasa.gov/multimedia/videogallery/index.html?media_id=51265 See also: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018arXiv180208904Y
2010, Dec 10	W.F. Bottke, R.J. Walker, J.M.D. Day, et al., 2010, <i>Science</i> , 330, 1527, "Stochastic late accretion to Earth, the Moon, and Mars." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010Sci330.1527B
2010, Dec 10	L. David, 2010, <i>Space.com</i> , "U.S. military in talks to share Fireball data from secret satellites." See: http://www.space.com/news/military-satellites-fireball-data-talks-101210.html
2010, Dec 11	Iran Fireball. Intensely bright fireball meteor flashed on 11 December 2010 through the cold, clear, early morning skies over the Karkas Mountains in central Iran, near the peak of the annual Geminid Meteor Shower. See: http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap101217.html
2010, Dec 16	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS), Near-Earth objects, 2010-2011, Interim report of Action Team 14 on Near-Earth Objects. See: http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/limited/c1/AC105_C1_L308E.pdf
2010, Dec 21	L. David, 2010, <i>Space.com</i> , "Experts push for a NASA asteroid-hunting spacecraft." See: http://www.space.com/news/nasa-neo-asteroid-spacecraft-101221.html
2011 , Jan 1	7566 NEAs known (ranging in size up to \sim 37 km: 1036 Ganymed, A924 UB, $H = 9.45$ mag, $D = 36.5$ km, Amor NEA), of which 1177 PHAs (ranging in size from 140 m up to \sim 5 km: 4179 Toutatis, 1989 AC, $H = 15.3$ mag, $D = 4.6 \times 2.4 \times 1.9$ km, Apollo NEA, PHA). See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
2011	On NATO and Space Situational Awareness, related to space

	weather, space debris and Near Earth Objects. See: http://www.rta.nato.int/ACTIVITY_META.asp?ACT=SCI-229
2011, Jan	G. Cordero, A. Poveda, 2011, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 59, 10, "Curuça 1930: A probable mini-Tunguska?" See also item of 13 August 1930. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011P%26SS5910C
2011, Jan	J.L. Tonry, 2011, <i>Publ. Astron. Soc. Pacific</i> , 123, 58, "An early warning system for asteroid impact." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011PASP12358T See also: http://fallingstar.com/ http://sallingstar.com/8986-asteroid-threat-early-warning-system-proposed.html http://www.space.com/9629-week-warning-asteroid-strike-simple-scientist.html
2011, Jan	J. Žižka, D. Vokrouhlický, 2011, <i>Icarus</i> , 211, 511, "Solar radiation pressure on (99942) Apophis." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Icar211511Z See also: http://content.usatoday.com/communities/sciencefair/post/2010/11/apophis-asteroid-2013/1
2011, Jan	G.S. Orton, L.N. Fletcher, P.W. Chodas, et al., 2011, <i>Icarus</i> , 211, 587, "The atmospheric influence, size and possible asteroidal nature of the July 2009 Jupiter impactor ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Icar2115870
2011, Jan 3	Aten NEA 2011 AE3 ($H = 26.9 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 15 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.22 LD. Minimum miss distance 0 LD. See: $2011 \text{ AE3} - SSA$, $2011 \text{ AE3} - JPL$
2011, Jan 11	Apollo NEA 2011 AM37 ($H = 30.0$ mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.33 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.33 LD. [2011-01] See: 2011 AM37 - SSA, 2011 AM37 - JPL
2011, Jan 17	Apollo NEA 2011 AN52 (H = 28.4 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.83 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.83 LD. [2011-02] See: 2011 AN52 - SSA, 2011 AN52 - JPL
2011, Jan 20	Apollo NEA 2011 BY10 ($H = 27.4$ mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.93 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.92 LD. [2011-03]

	See: <u>2011 BY10 - SSA</u> , <u>2011 BY10 - JPL</u>
2011, Jan 24-26	Fourth NASA Small Bodies Assessment Group Meeting, Washington (DC, USA). See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jan2011/poster.pdf http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jan2011/poster.pdf http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jan2011/agenda.shtml Findings: https://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/findings/ Among the presentations: - M.V. Sykes, 2011, "Science and exploration of small bodies in the solar system." See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jan2011/presentations/day1/d1_1 030_panel_charge.pdf - J.A. Nuth, 2011, "Small body science issues." See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jan2011/presentations/day2/d2_1 345_Nuth.pdf - Y. Fernandez, 2011, "Roadmap: population identification and characterization." See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jan2011/presentations/day2/d2_1 430_Fernandez.pdf - T. Farnham, 2011, "EPOXI results and future proposals for the spacecraft." See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jan2011/presentations/day3/d3_1 300_Farnham.pdf - M. Zolensky, 2011, "Hayabusa update." See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jan2011/presentations/day3/d3_1 330_Zolensky_Hayabusa.pdf
2011, Jan 25	Apollo NEA 2011 BW11 (H = 28.2 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.34 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.33 LD. [2011-04] See: 2011 BW11 - SSA, 2011 BW11 - JPL
2011, Jan 31	Apollo NEA 2011 CA4 (H = 27.0 mag, $D \approx 14$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.64 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.64 LD. [2011-05] See: 2011 CA4 - SSA, 2011 CA4 - JPL
2011, Jan 31	Press release, Institute for Astronomy, University of Hawaii (HI, USA), 9 March 2011, "Hawaii astronomers keep tabs on asteroid Apophis ." On January 31 University of Hawaii at Manoa astronomers used the UH 2.2-meter telescope on Mauna Kea to take the first new images in over three years of the potentially dangerous near-Earth asteroid Apophis as it emerged from behind the Sun. See: http://www.ifa.hawaii.edu/info/press-releases/Apophis2011Jan/

	http://www.space.com/11094-watching-asteroid-apophis-photo.html http://www.space.com/10047-collision-watch.html
2011, Feb	First light of the DARPA Space Surveillance Telescope (SST). See: http://www.darpa.mil/program/space-surveillance-telescope https://www.defensenews.com/articles/bulgaria-amends-aircraft-tender-criteria-with-f-16-in-mind https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Space_Surveillance_Telescope
2011, Feb	S.G. Djorgovski, A.J. Drake, A.A. Mahabal, in: T. Mihara & N. Kawai (eds.), 2011, <i>The first year of MAXI: Monitoring Variable X-ray Sources</i> , Proc. International Conference, Aoyama (Tokyo, Japan) 30 November - 2 December 2010 (Tokyo: JAXA Special Publication), "The Catalina Real-Time Transient Survey". See: http://maxi.riken.jp/FirstYear/proceedings/procindex.html The Catalina Sky Survey for NEO detection and tracking has as by-product the Catalina Real-time Transient Survey: watching for transient events among the background stars and galaxies. The CRTS has collected 20 billion brightness measurements of 198 million stars and other objects, i.e. an average of 100 brightness measurements for each one. The objects range from 12.5 to 20 mag and span an area of just over half the celestial sphere. Ref.: - A.J. Drake, S.G. Djorgovski, A. Mahabal, et al., 2012, in: R.E.M. Griffin, R.J. Hanisch, R. Seaman (eds.), <i>New horizons in time-domain astronomy</i> , Proc. IAU Symposium No. 285 (Cambridge: CUP), p. 306, "The Catalina Real-time Transient Survey." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012IAUS285306D See also: http://nesssi.cacr.caltech.edu/DataRelease/
2011, Feb	SP. Gong, JF. Li, YF. Gao, 2011, <i>Research in Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 11, 205, "Dynamics and control of a solar collector system for near Earth object deflection." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011RAA11205G
2011, Feb	T.V. Gudkova, Ph. Lognonné, J. Gagnepain-Beyneix, 2011, <i>Icarus</i> , 211, 1049, "Large impacts detected by the <i>Apollo</i> seismometers: impactor mass and source cutoff frequency estimations." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Icar211.1049G
2011, Feb	M.M. Marinova, O. Aharonson, E. Asphaug, 2011, <i>Icarus</i> , 211, 960, "Geophysical consequences of planetary-scale impacts into a

	Mara litra planat !!
	Mars-like planet."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Icar211960M
2011, Feb 1	NASA's <i>NEOWISE</i> (see 14 Dec 2009) mission completed its survey of asteroids and comets. The mission's discoveries of previously unknown objects include 20 comets, more than 33,000 main belt asteroids and 134 Near-Earth Asteroids. See: http://wise.ssl.berkeley.edu/ http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2013-257 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2013-373 Ref: - A. Mainzer, J. Bauer, T. Grav, et al., 2011, <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 731, 53, "Preliminary results from <i>NEOWISE</i> : an enhancement to the <i>Wide-field Infrared Survey Explorer</i> for Solar System science." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011ApJ73153M - A. Mainzer, T. Grav, J. Masiero, et al., 2012, <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 752, 110, "Characterizing subpopulations within the Near Earth Objects with <i>NEOWISE</i> : preliminary results."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012ApJ752110M See also: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2011-031 http://www.space.com/10735-asteroid-survey-space-rocks-comets.html http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.cfm?release=2011-117&cid=release_2011-117&msource=11117&tr=y&auid=8164024 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/video/index.cfm?id=935
2011, Feb 4, 19:39	Aten NEA 2011 CQ1 (H = 31.9 mag, $D \approx 1.5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.031 LD (= 1.86 R _{Earth} from the geocenter) over the mid-Pacific. Minimum miss distance 0.031 LD. [2011-06] This object is the closest non-impacting object in the Minor Planet Center asteroid catalog to date. Prior to the Earth close approach, this object was in a so-called Apollo-class orbit that was mostly outside the Earth's orbit. Following the close approach, the Earth's gravitational attraction modified the object's orbit to an Aten-class orbit where the asteroid spends almost all of its time inside the Earth's orbit. See: $2011 \text{ CQ1} - \text{SSA}$, $2011 \text{ CQ1} - \text{JPL}$ See also: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news170.html http://www.space.com/10927-asteroid-2011cq1-record-close-passearth.html See also: http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [June 2020] http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2011 CQ1

2011, Feb 4, 23:08	Aten NEA 2011 CH22 ($H = 27.1$ mag, $D \approx 14$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.29 LD. Minimum miss distance 0 LD. See: 2011 CH22 – SSA, 2011 CH22 – JPL
2011, Feb 4	February Eta Draconids. A meteor outburst was detected in Cameras for Allsky Meteor Surveillance (CAMS) February 4 data, obtained at the Fremont Peak (Rick Morales, Loren Dynneson, et al.) and Mountain View (Peter Jenniskens) stations. This is the first new shower discovered by CAMS. It is also a very unusual shower, of a type that only occurs once or twice every sixty years and is caused by the dust trail of a (still to be discovered) Potentially Hazardous long-period Comet. The new shower was named the February Eta Draconids and is now listed as shower 427 in the IAU Working List of Meteor Showers. Ref: - P. Jenniskens, P.S. Gural, 2011, WGN, Journal of the International Meteor Organization, 39, 93, "Discovery of the February Eta Draconids (FED, IAU#427): the dust trail of a potentially hazardous long-period comet." See: http://www.imo.net/imo/wgn See also: http://cams.seti.org/FED.pdf http://cams.seti.org/CBET2763.txt http://cams.seti.org/CBET2763.txt http://www.space.com/12450-unknown-comet-earth-threat-meteor-shower-evidence.html
2011, Feb 6	Apollo NEA 2011 CF22 ($H = 30.9 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 2.4 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.105 LD (= 6.31 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.092 LD. [2011-07] See: $2011 \text{ CF22} - SSA$, $2011 \text{ CF22} - JPL$
2011, Feb 7	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS), Information on research in the field of NEOs carried out by Member States, international organizations and other entities. See: http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/limited/AC105 C1 2011 CRP12E.pdf
2011, Feb 8	C. Kazan, 2011, <i>Daily Galaxy</i> , 8 February 2011, "Tracking the realtime threat of near-Earth asteroids & comets – could it save the planet?" See: http://www.dailygalaxy.com/my_weblog/2011/02/tracking-the-realtime-threat-of-near-earth-asteroids-will-it-save-the-planet.html

2011, Feb 9	Apollo NEA 2011 CA7 (H = 30.3 mag, $D \approx 3$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.27 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.27 LD. [2011-08] See: $2011 \text{ CA7} - \text{SSA}$, $2011 \text{ CA7} - \text{JPL}$ See also: $\frac{\text{http://www.scientificamerican.com/blog/post.cfm?id=record-setting-near-miss-of-earth-d-2011-02-10}{\text{http://www.space.com/10800-car-size-asteroid-passing-earth.html}}$
2011, Feb 14	NASA's <i>Stardust-NExT</i> spacecraft flew by comet Temple 1. See: http://stardustnext.jpl.nasa.gov/ http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2011-053 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2011-056 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2011-094 http://stardustnext.jpl.nasa.gov/mission/lastdrop/html
2011, Feb 14	NASA announces Fiscal Year 2012 Budget. Funds for NEO observations would quadruple to US \$20.4 million. See: http://www.nasa.gov/news/budget/index.html http://news.sciencemag.org/scienceinsider/2011/02/climate-science-asteroid-detection.html?ref=ra
2011, Feb 14-16	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS) Scientific and Technical SubCommittee, 48th Session, WG NEO and Action Team 14 on NEOs, chaired by Sergio Camacho (Mexico), meets in Vienna (Austria). Report: http://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/COPUOS/stsc/2011/index.html http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/reports/ac105/AC105_987E.pdf Statements: Thomas D. Jones, chair, ASE Committee on Near-Earth Objects, Statement by the Association of Space Explorers, ">http://>">http://>">http://>">http://>">http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/pres/stsc2011/tech-32.pdf">http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/pres/stsc2011/tech-32.pdf - W. Ailor (IAA), "Planetary Defense Conferences: sharing information on NEO threats and mitigation". See: http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/pres/stsc2011/tech-36.pdf - T. Jones (ASE), "Results from the Near-Earth Objects Mission Planning and Operations Group workshop". See: http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/pres/stsc2011/tech-38.pdf

	- D. Yeomans (USA), "Spaceguard program". See:
	http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/pres/stsc2011/tech-42.pdf
	- T. Yamada (Japan), "Dawn of the age of solar system exploration
	- <i>Hayabusa</i> , <i>Ikaros</i> , and future ". See
	http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/pres/stsc2011/tech-45.pdf
	- B. Shustov (Russian Federation), "Towards national near-Earth
	objects program". See:
	http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/pres/stsc2011/tech-47.pdf
2011, Feb 15	P. Tanga, 2011, in: C. Turon, F. Meynadier & F. Arenou (eds.), Proc. International Conference <i>Gaia</i> : at the frontiers of astrometry,
	7-11 June 2010, Sèvre (France), ESA Publication Series, 45, 225,
	"Solar System science: <i>Gaia</i> and other forthcoming surveys." See:
	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011EAS45225T
	See also:
	http://wwwhip.obspm.fr/gaia2010/IMG/pdf/Abstract_booklet.pdf http://www.eas-
	journal.org/index.php?option=com article&access=doi&doi=10.1051/ea
	s/1045038&Itemid=129
	8/1043036&IteIIIId=125
2011, Feb 18	D. A. Kom. 2011a. Coignas, 221, 941, "NACA vysicha astonoida.
2011, Feb 18	R.A. Kerr, 2011a, <i>Science</i> , 331, 841, "NASA weighs asteroids:
	cheaper than Moon, but still not easy."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Sci331841K
2011, Feb 18	R.A. Kerr, 2011b, Science, 331, 843, "A windfall for defenders of
	the planet."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Sci331843K
2011, Feb 22	Open Global Community NEO Workshop Target NEO: Providing
	a resilient NEO accessibility program for human exploration
	beyond low Earth orbit, 22 February 2011, George Washington
	University, School of Media and Public Affairs, Washington, DC
	(USA).
	See:
	http://targetneo.jhuapl.edu/
	http://targetneo.jhuapl.edu/sessions.html
	http://www.space.com/11189-nasa-asteroid-choice-astronauts-deep-
	space.html
	Final report:
	http://targetneo.jhuapl.edu/pdfs/2013 Presentations/TargetNEO2Workshop
	Report.pdf
	Some of the presentations:
	- T. Jones, 2011, "NEO search reduces risk".
	- T.B. Spahr, 2011, "Minor Planet Center, operations and update." -
	D.K. Yeomans, 2011, "Precision NEO orbit prediction at JPL."
	- J.S. Stuart, 2011, "Searching for asteroids."
	- A. Mainzer, 2011, "Space-based NEO detection and tracking:
	NEOWISE and beyond."

	 - A.W. Harris, 2011, "NEO population." - P. Michel, 2011, "Physical properties of NEOs from observations, and their influence for the design of a human mission." - L. Benner, 2011, "Arecibo and Goldstone radar characterization of NEO mission targets." - J.A. Nuth, 2011, "Do we really understand the rocks that astronauts might be visiting." - D.J. Scheeres, P. Sánchez, 2011, "Can small, fast spinning asteroids be rubble piles?" - A. Cheng, 2011, "NEO orbit simulation approach." - L. Jones, 2011, "NEO detection capabilities of LSST." - K. Hibbard, 2011, "Near-Earth Survey Telescope (NEST). Human robotic precursor mission concept." - A. Mainzer, 2011, "Next-generation space-based IR NEO surveys." - R. R. Arentz, 2011, "A candidate NEO survey mission for affordable human spaceflight target assurance."
2011, Feb 23	Apollo NEA 2011 DU9 (H = 26.5 mag, $D \approx 18$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.75 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.75 LD. [2011-09] See: 2011 DU9 - SSA , 2011 DU9 - JPL
2011, Feb 25	ESA selected four candidates for a medium-class mission within the Cosmic Vision programme that will launch in the period 2020-22 for an initial Assessment Phase study. Among these candidates is <i>Marco Polo-R</i> , a sample return mission to a Near Earth Asteroid. See: http://www.oca.eu/MarcoPolo-R/ Ref: - M.A. Barucci, M. Yoshikawa, P. Michel, et al., 2009, <i>Experimental Astronomy</i> , 23, 785, " <i>Marco Polo</i> : near earth object sample return mission." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009ExA23785B - P. Michel, A. Barucci, D. Koschny, et al., 2009, in: Proc. 72nd <i>Annual Meeting of the Meteoritical Society</i> , 13-18 July 2009, Nancy (France), <i>Meteoritics and Planetary Science Supplement</i> , p.5261, " <i>Marco Polo</i> : a sample return mission to a primitive Near-Earth Object in assessment study in the ESA program Cosmic Vision 2015-2025." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009M%26PSA72.5261M - J. de León, T. Mothé-Diniz, J. Licandro, et al., 2011, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> , 530, id.L12, "New observations of asteroid (175706) 1996 FG3, primary target of the ESA <i>Marco Polo-R mission</i> ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011A%26A530L12D - M.A. Barucci, A.F. Cheng, P. Michel, et al., 2012, <i>Experimental</i>

	return mission."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012ExA33 645B
	- M.A. Barucci, P. Michel, A. Cheng, et al., 2012, LPI
	Contribution No. 1659, p.1457, " <i>MarcoPolo-R</i> : Near Earth
	Asteroid sample return mission selected for ESA assessment study
	phase."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPI43.1457B
	- R.P. Binzel, D. Polishook, F.E. DeMeo, et al., 2012, LPI
	Contribution No. 1659, p.2222, " <i>Marco Polo-R</i> target asteroid
	(175706) 1996 FG3: possible evidence for an annual thermal
	1 \ /
	wave." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPI43.2222B
	- A.S. Rivkin, E.S. Howell, F.E. DeMeo, et al., 2012, LPI
	Contribution No. 1659, p.1537, "New observations and proposed
	meteorite analogs of the <i>MarcoPolo-R</i> target asteroid (175706)
	1996 FG3."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPI43.1537R
	- K.J. Walsh, M. Delbo, M. Mueller, R.P. Binzel, F.E. DeMeo,
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	and origin of binary Near-Earth Asteroid (175706) 1996 FG3."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012ApJ748104W
	- L.A.M. Benner, M. Brozovic, J.D. Giorgini, et al., 2012,
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	"Arecibo and Goldstone Radar Observations of binary Near-Earth
	Asteroid and <i>Marco Polo-R</i> mission target (175706) 1996 FG3."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012DPS4410206B
	- C. Lantz, E. Dotto, M.A. Barucci, et al., 2012, American
	Astronomical Society, DPS meeting #44, #215.02, "The European
	sample return mission <i>MarcoPolo-R</i> : understanding the nature of
	extraterrestrial primitive materials and tracing the origins."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012DPS4421502L
	See also:
	http://sci.esa.int/science-e/www/object/index.cfm?fobjectid=48467
	http://smass.mit.edu/MarcoPolo/home.html
	http://www.oca.eu/MarcoPolo-R/Workshops/WorkshopsMarcoPolo-
	R.html
2011 F 1 26	1 11 NEA 2/11/20 /2014 1 CF 17 22 22 22 23 23 24 24 25 25 25 25 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25
2011, Feb 26	Apollo NEA 367789 (2011 AG5, $H = 22.0$ mag, $D \approx 140$ m, PHA)
	passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 37.2 LD. Minimum
	miss distance 37.2 LD.
	See: <u>367789 2011 AG5 - SSA</u> , <u>2011 AG5 - JPL</u>
	See also:
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2011_AG5
	See also: 3 Feb 2023, 4 Feb 2040.
2011, Feb 27	C.Y. Johnson, 2011, The Boston Globe, 27 February 2011, "Just
	another asteroid hurtling toward Earth"
	See:
<u> </u>	

	http://www.boston.com/news/science/articles/2011/02/27/local_scientists
	study asteroids for clues potential threats/
2011, Feb 28	T. Friend, 2011, <i>The New Yorker</i> , 28 February 2011, p. 22, "Vermin of the sky." See: http://www.newyorker.com/reporting/2011/02/28/110228fa_fact_friend
2011, Mar	M. Delbò, K. Walsh, M. Mueller, A.W. Harris, E.S. Howell, 2011, <i>Icarus</i> , 212, 138, "The cool surfaces of binary near-Earth asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Icar212138D
2011, Mar	S.K. Fieber-Beyer, M.J. Gaffey, P.A. Abell, 2011, <i>Icarus</i> , 212, 149, "Mineralogical characterization of near-Earth Asteroid (1036) Ganymed." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Icar212149F
2011, Mar	M. Fischetti, 2011, <i>Scientific American</i> , 304, 80, "Death by asteroid." See: http://www.nature.com/scientificamerican/journal/v304/n3/full/scientificamerican0311-80.html
2011, Mar	A.W. Harris, M. Mommert, J.L. Hora, et al., 2011, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 141, 75, "ExploreNEOs. II. The accuracy of the <i>Warm Spitzer</i> Near-Earth Object Survey." See: https://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011AJ14175H See also: https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=7575
2011, Mar	V. Reddy, A. Nathues, M.J. Gaffey, 2011, <i>Icarus</i> , 212, 175, "First fragment of asteroid 4 Vesta 's mantle detected." The fragment is NEA (237442) 1999 TA10 ($H = 17.9 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 900 \text{ m}$). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Icar212175R See also: http://www.mpg.de/877913/Pressrelease20110106 http://ssd.jpl.nasa.gov/sbdb.cgi?sstr=1999+TA10+&orb=1 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(237442)_1999_TA10
2011, Mar 1	NASA's <i>Mars Exploration Rover Opportunity</i> has nearly completed its three-month examination of an impact crater on Mars informally named "Santa Maria", but before the rover resumes its overland trek, an orbiting camera has provided a color image of <i>Opportunity</i> beside Santa Maria. The High Resolution Imaging Science Experiment (HiRISE) camera on NASA's <i>Mars Reconnaissance Orbiter</i> acquired the image on March 1. Santa Maria crater is ~ 90 m in diameter.

	See: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.cfm?release=2011-072&cid=release_2011-072&msource=11072&tr=y&auid=7906048
2011, Mar 2	NASA established a network of smart cameras to keep a robotic vigil on the roughly 100 tons of meteoroids that slam into Earth every day. The cameras are operated by the NASA All-sky Fireball Network of the NASA Meteoroid Environment Office, established in October 2004. See: http://www.space.com/11010-nasa-tracks-meteor-fireballs-robot-cameras.html
2011, Mar 3	Apollo NEA 2011 EN11 (H = 27.7 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.65 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.64 LD. [2011-10] See: 2011 EN11 - SSA, 2011 EN11 - JPL
2011, Mar 4	ESA Space Science News, 4 March 2011, "The scars of impacts on Mars." See: www.esa.int/esaSC/SEMTK5VTLKG_index_0.html
2011, Mar 7	Apollo NEA 2011 EY11 (H = 28.6 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.34 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.34 LD. [2011-11] See: 2011 EY11 - SSA, 2011 EY11 - JPL
2011, Mar 7-11	42nd Lunar and Planetary Science Conference, 7-11 March 2011, The Woodlands (TX, USA). See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/meetings/lpsc2011/ Among the presentations: - R.P. Binzel, F.E. DeMeo, M. Lockhart, et al., 2011, LPI Contribution No. 1608, p.2226, "Spectral reconnaissance for 200 Near-Earth Object mission targets." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011LPI42.2226B - F.E. DeMeo, R.P. Binzel, 2011, LPI Contribution No. 1608, p.2055, "SMASS-Next: A next generation asteroid spectroscopic survey." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011LPI42.2055D
2011, Mar 8	Apollo NEA 2011 EM40 (H = 27.9 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.63 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.63 LD. [2011-12] See: 2011 EM40 - SSA, 2011 EM40 - JPL
2011, Mar 16	Aten NEA 2011 EB74 ($H = 26.9 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 15 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a

	nominal miss distance of 0.85 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.58
	LD. [2011-13] See: 2011 EB74 - SSA, 2011 EB74 - JPL See also: http://www.space.com/11145-small-asteroid-2011eb74-passing-earth.html
2011, Mar 30	J. Matson, 2011, <i>Scientific American</i> , 30 March 2011, "Which near-Earth asteroids are ripe for a visit?" See: http://blogs.scientificamerican.com/observations/2011/03/30/which-near-earth-asteroids-are-ripe-for-a-visit/
2011, Mar-Apr	G.L. Matloff, M. Wilga, 2011, <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , 68, 599, "NEOs as stepping stones to Mars and main-belt asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011AcAau68599M
2011, Apr	M.W. Busch, S.J. Ostro, L.A.M. Benner, et al., 2011, <i>Icarus</i> , 212, 649, "Radar observations and the shape of Near-Earth Asteroid 2008 EV5 ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Icar212649B Corrigendum: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Icar333548B/abstract
2011, Apr	S.R. Chesley, 2011, <i>Bulletin of the American Astronomical Society</i> , 43, 2011, "Asteroid impact hazard assessment over Long time intervals." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011DDA42.0601C
2011, Apr	M. Mueller, M. Delbò, J.L. Hora, et al., 2011, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 141, 109, "ExploreNEOs. III. Physical characterization of 65 potential spacecraft target asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011AJ141109M See also: http://www.scientificamerican.com/blog/post.cfm?id=which-near-earth-asteroids-are-ripe-2011-03-30
2011, Apr 5	A. Mann, 2011, <i>Nature</i> , 472, 16. "NASA human space-flight programme lost in transition." See: http://www.nature.com/news/2011/110405/full/472016a.html
2011, Apr 6, 04:54	Apollo NEA 2011 GW9 (H = 28.4 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.52 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.52 LD. [2011-14] See: 2011 GW9 - JPL, 2011 GW9 - SSA
2011, Apr 6, 19:38	Apollo NEA 2011 GP28 ($H = 29.7 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 4 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at

	a nominal miss distance of 0.25 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.25 LD. [2011-15] See: 2011 GP28 - SSA , 2011 GP28 - JPL
2011, Apr 7	E. Lu, 2011, <i>Nature</i> , 472, 28, "Deflect risky asteroids." Embedded in article "NASA: what now?" <i>Nature</i> , 472, 27-29. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Natur.472R28L
2011, Apr 10	A. Mainzer, J. Bauer, T. Grav, et al., 2011, <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 731, 53, "Preliminary results from <i>NEOWISE</i> : an enhancement to the <i>Wide-field Infrared Survey Explorer</i> for Solar System science." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011ApJ73153M See also: http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap111001.html
2011, Apr 15	R.E. Kerr, 2011, <i>Science</i> , 332, 302, "Asteroid model shows early life suffered a billion-year battering." Report on presentation at <i>Lunar and Planetary Science Conference</i> , 7-11 March 2011, The Woodlands (TX, USA). See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/332/6027/302.1.summary
2011, Apr 15	R.E. Kerr, 2011, <i>Science</i> , 332, 302, "Prime science achieved at asteroid." Report on Itokawa particles returned by <i>Hayabusa</i> , presented at <i>Lunar and Planetary Science Conference</i> , 7-11 March 2011, The Woodlands (TX, USA). See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/332/6027/302.2.summary
2011, Apr 15	Aten NEA 2011 GP59 (H = 24.5 mag, $D \approx 40$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.39 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.39 LD. $P_{\text{rot}} \approx 7.5$ min and blinking. See: 2011 GP59 - SSA , 2011 GP59 - JPL See also: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2011-118 http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O7wsAZNr56E
2011, Apr 19	Asteroid 2006 HF6 (H = 24.6 mag, $D \approx$ 40 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.58 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.94 LD. See: 2006 HF6 - SSA, 2006 HF6 - JPL
2011, Apr 25	Apollo NEA 2011 JA, $H = 21.2$ mag, $D \approx 210$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.62 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.62 LD. See: 2011 JA- JPL, 2011 JA- SSA

2011, May	O. Abramov, S.J. Mojzsis, 2011, <i>Icarus</i> , 213, 273, "Abodes for life in carbonaceous asteroids?" See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Icar213273A
2011, May	J. Fang, JL. Margot, M. Brozovic, et al., 2011, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 141, 154, "Orbits of Near-Earth Asteroid triples 2001 SN263 and 1994 CC: properties, origin, and evolution." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011AJ141154F See also: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2259 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(136617)_1994_CC
2011, May	C.I. Fassett, S.J. Kadish, J.W. Head, et al., 2011, <i>Geophysical Research Letters</i> , 38(10), L10202, "The global population of large craters on Mercury and comparison with the Moon." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011GeoRL3810202F
2011, May	S. Mouret, F. Mignard, 2011, <i>Monthly Notices Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 413, 741, "Detecting the Yarkovsky effect with the <i>Gaia</i> mission: list of the most promising candidates." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011MNRAS.413741M
2011, May 5	NASA announces the selection of proposals for technology development, including <i>NEOCam</i> , an infrared telescope operating at the L1 Lagrange point to study the origin and evolution of NEOs and study the present risk of Earth-impact. It would generate a catalog of objects and accurate infrared measurements to provide a better understanding of small bodies that cross our planet's orbit. Amy Mainzer of JPL is principal investigator. <i>NEOCam</i> , a 50 cm diameter telescope operating at two heat-sensing infrared wavelengths will carry out a four year baseline survey to find 2/3 of the near-Earth objects larger than 140 m (large enough to cause major regional damage in the event of an Earth impact). By using two heat-sensitive infrared imaging channels, <i>NEOCam</i> can make accurate measurements of NEO sizes and can gain valuable information about their composition, shapes, rotational states, and orbits. See: http://discovery.nasa.gov/news/index.cfml?ID=1034 http://enocam.ipac.caltech.edu/ See also: http://enocam.ipac.caltech.edu/ Set also: http://enocam.ipac.caltech.edu/news/tracking-sensor-passes-test http://enocam.ipac.caltech.edu/news/tracking-sensor-passes-test https://enocam.ipac.caltech.edu/news/tracking-sensor-passes-test https://enocam.ipac.caltech.edu/news/tracking-sensor-passes-test https://enocam.ipac.caltech.edu/news/tracking-sensor-passes-test https://enocam.ipac.caltech.edu/news/tr

2011, May 5	Apollo NEA 2011 JV10 (H = 30.0 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.90 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.90 LD. [2011-16] See: 2011 JV10 - SSA, 2011 JV10 - JPL
2011, May 9-12	2011 IAA Planetary Defense Conference, From Threat to Action, Bucharest (Romania), 9-12 May 2011, sponsored by ESA, NASA and, inter alia, the IAU. See: http://pdc.iaaweb.org/?q=content/2011-bucharest http://www.congrex.nl/11C03/pages/standaard/PDC_2011 White Paper. pdf http://www.nss.org/resources/library/planetarydefense/WhitePaper-2009PlanetaryDefenseConference.pdf http://iaaweb.org/content/view/426/589/ http://alcohol.44cent.com/en/planetary-defense-conference-to-consider-response-to-earth-impacting-threat/ http://www.planetary.org/blog/article/00003026/ http://www.planetary.org/blog/article/00003028/ http://iaaweb.org/iaa/Scientific%20Activity/pdc2011.pdf Presentations: http://iaaweb.org/iaa/Scientific%20Activity/pdc2011.pdf Presentations: http://www.congrex.nl/11C03/papers.zip Session 1 (see also http://www.congrex.nl/11C03/docs/11C03_Planetary_Defense/session1. htm): - D. Morrison, "Historical overview of the cosmic impact hazard." - R. Crowther, R. Tremayne-Smith, "Responding to the Near Earth Object (NEO) impact threat through appropriate policy initiatives." - A.W. Harris, and the NEOShield Consortium, "A global approach to near-Earth object impact threat mitigation." See also: http://clib.dlr.de/70019/ Report on the international NEOShield project to address impact hazard mitigation issues, contained in a proposal to the European Commission FP7 Space Programme Call 2011, entitled Prevention of impacts from near-Earth objects on our planet. Session 2 (see also http://www.congrex.nl/11C03/docs/11C03_Planetary_Defense/session2. htm): - A.W. Harris, 2011, "Update of estimated NEO population and current survey completion." - D.K. Yeomans, A.B. Chamberlin, 2011, "Comparing the Earth impact flux from comets and near-Earth asteroids." - R. Wainscoat, R. Jedicke, L. Denneau, et al., 2011, "The Pan- STARRS search for Near Earth Asteroids: present status and future plans." - D. Hestroffer, D. Bancelin, W. Thuillot, P. Tanga, 2011, "Gaia

Astrometry of Near-Earth Objects."

- A. Hildebrand, B. Gladman, E.F. Tedesco, et al., 2011, "*The Near Earth Object Surveillance Satellite* (*NEOSSat*) will search near-Sun along the ecliptic plane to efficiently discover objects of the Aten and Atira orbital classes."
- P.A. Abell, R.G. Mink, J.B. Garvin, et al., 2011, "A space-based *Near-Earth Object Survey Telescope* in support of human exploration, solar system science, and planetary defense."

 Session 3 (see also

http://www.congrex.nl/11C03/docs/11C03_Planetary_Defense/session3.htm):

- P. Michel, 2011, "Physical properties of Near-Earth Objects that inform mitigation."
- A. Mainzer, J. Bauer, T. Grav, et al., 2011, "*NEOWISE* an infrared view of NEOs and the solar system."
- L. Benner, L.A.M. Benner, 2011, "Radar tracking and Near-Earth Object characteristics."
- A. Milani, F. Bernardi, D. Farnocchia, G.B. Valsecchi, 2011, "1999 RQ36 impact risk and modeling the long-term Yarkovsky effect."
- S. Chesley, 2011, "Asteroid impact hazard assessment over long time intervals."

Session 4 (see also

http://www.congrex.nl/11C03/docs/11C03_Planetary_Defense/session4.
htm):

- G. Longo, L. Gasperini, E. Bonatti, et al., 2011, "Consequences of the **Tunguska** impact and their interpretation."
- M.O. Mueller, 2011, "Creating awareness the impact hazard in public education. Curricula content, students' interests and concepts and educational implementation."
- M. Boslough, 2011, "Airburst warning and response."
- G.R. Gisler, 2011, "Calculation of the impact of a small asteroid on a continental shelf."
- D. Isvoranu, S. Danaila, V. Badescu, 2011, "Dynamics of tsunamis generated by asteroid impact in the Black Sea."
- L. Ferrier, J.-L. Vérant, J.-M. Moschetta, et al., 2011, "The protective role of the Earth's atmosphere against the threat of asteroids." **Session 5** (see also

http://www.congrex.nl/11C03/docs/11C03_Planetary_Defense/session5. http://www.congrex.nl/11C03/docs/11C03_Planetary_Defense/session5.

- J.T. Grundmann, S. Mottola, M. Drentschew, et al., 2011, "AsteroidSquads/iSSB a synergetic NEO deflection campaign and mitigation effects test mission scenario."
- A. Zimmer, E. Messerschmid, 2011, "Target selection and mission analysis of human exploration missions to near-earth asteroids."
- Y. Sugimoto, G. Radice, J.P. Sanchez, 2011, "Effects of NEO

- composition on deflection methodologies."
- C. Foster, J. Bellerose, D. Mauro, J. Belgacem, 2011, "Mission concepts and operations for asteroid mitigation involving multiple *Gravity Tractors*."
- N. Melamed, 2011, "Development of a handbook and an on-line tool on defending Earth against potentially hazardous objects."
- A. Galvez, I. Carnelli, 2011, "ESA asteroid mission studies: what have we learnt?"
- S. Wagner, B. Wie, 2011, "Robotic and human exploration/deflection mission design for asteroid **99942 Apophis**."
- X. Zhang, C. Granier, E. Ball, L. Kochmanski, S.D. Howe, 2011, "Near Earth Object interception using nuclear thermal rocket propulsion."

Session 6 (see also

http://www.congrex.nl/11C03/docs/11C03_Planetary_Defense/session6.htm):

- K. Housen, K.A. Holsapple, 2011, "Measuring the momentum transfer for asteroid deflections."
- O. Golubov, Y.N. Krugly, 2011, "Influence of intermediate-scale structures on Yarkovsky and YORP effect."
- A. Klesh, T. Yoshimitsu, T. Kubota, 2011, "Improved navigation techniques for asteroid landers and impactors."
- J. Gil-Fernandez, R. Cadenas, T. Prieto, D. Escorial, 2011, "Design options for NEO missions."
- C.S. Plesko, R.P. Weaver, W.F. Huebner, 2011, "Numerical models of hazard mitigation by nuclear stand-off burst."
- M. Bruck, D.S.P. Dearborn, 2011, "Limits on the use of nuclear explosives for asteroid deflection."
- B. Wie, 2011, "Hypervelocity nuclear interceptors for asteroid deflection or disruption."
- J. Bellerose, C. Foster, D. Mauro, B. Jaroux, 2011, "*Gravity tractor* strategies for deflecting a binary asteroid system."
- V.P. Friedensen, P. Abell, B. Drake, 2011, "Meeting objectives for human exploration of Near-Earth Asteroids: first steps in understanding how to explore."
- C. Bombardelli, J. Peláez, E. Ahedo, et al., 2011, "The ion beam shepherd: a new concept for asteroid deflection."

Session 7 (see also

http://www.congrex.nl/11C03/docs/11C03_Planetary_Defense/session7.htm):

- A. Gibbings, J.-M. Hopkins, D. Burns, M. Vasile, 2011, "On testing laser ablation processes for asteroid deflection."
- M. Micheli, D.J. Tholen, G.T. Elliott, 2011, "Detecting radiation pressure on NEOs: the case of **2009 BD**."
- C. Norlund, H.G. Lewis, P.M. Atkinson, J.Y. Guo, 2011,
- "NEOMISS: A Near Earth Object decision support tool."

	 - D. Farnocchia, F. Bernardi, A. Milani, 2011, "The performances of a wide survey on a population of impactors." - D. Bancelin, W. Thuillot, D. Hestroffer, 2011, "Near Earth Asteroids orbits from <i>Gaia</i> and ground-based observations." - B. Kaplinger, B. Wie, D. Dearborn, 2011, "Nuclear fragmentation/dispersion modeling and simulation of hazardous Near-Earth Objects." - N.K. Mishra, G. Patel, 2011, "Development of mission design process for collision avoidance of Near Earth Objects." Session 8 (see also http://www.congrex.nl/11C03/docs/11C03 Planetary Defense/session8. httm): - B. Shustov, Yu.Makarov, 2011, "Towards national NEO program."
2011, May 20	D. Bodewits, M. S. Kelley, JY. Li, et al., 2011, <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 733, L3, "Collisional excavation of asteroid (596) Scheila ". Main-belt asteroid collision. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011ApJ733L3B See also: http://www.nasa.gov/topics/universe/features/asteroid-collision.html http://svs.gsfc.nasa.gov/vis/a010000/a010700/a010747/
2011, May 20	D. Jewitt, H. Weaver, M. Mutchler, et al., 2011, <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 733, L4, " <i>Hubble Space Telescope</i> observations of main-belt comet (596) Scheila." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011ApJ733L4J
2011, Jun	J. de Léon, T. Mothé-Diniz, T. Licandro, et al., 2011, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> , 530, L12, "New observations of asteroid (175706) 1996 FG3, primary target of the ESA <i>Marco Polo-R</i> mission." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011A%26A530L12D
2011, Jun	JB. Kikwaya, M. Campbell-Brown, P.G. Brown, 2011, Astronomy & Astrophysics, 530, A113, "Bulk density of small meteoroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011A%26A530A.113K
2011, Jun	N. Pinter, A.C. Scott, T.L. Daulton, et al., 2011, <i>Earth Science Reviews</i> , 106, 247, "The Younger Dryas impact hypothesis: a requiem." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011ESRv106247P
2011, Jun	V. Reddy, A. Natheus, M.J. Gaffey, S. Schaeff, 2011, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 59, 772, "Mineralogical characterization of potential targets for the <i>ASTEX</i> mission scenario." The <i>ASTEX</i> mission concept aims at <i>in-situ</i> surface characterization of two

	compositionally diverse NEAs, one with primitive and the other with a strong thermally evolved surface mineralogy. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011P%26SS59772R
2011, Jun	E.A. Silber, A. Le Pichon, P.G. Brown, 2011, <i>Geophysical Research Letters</i> , 38, L12201, "Infrasonic detection of a near-Earth object impact over Indonesia on 8 October 2009." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011GeoRL38122018
2011, Jun	T. Turrini, G. Magni, A. Coradini, 2011, <i>Monthly Notices Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 413, 2439, "Probing the history of Solar system through the cratering records on Vesta and Ceres ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011MNRAS.413.2439T
2011, Jun	F. Usui, D. Kuroda, T.G. Mueller, 2011, <i>Publications Astronomical Society of Japan</i> , 63, 1117, "Asteroid catalog using <i>AKARI</i> : the <i>AKARI/IRC Mid-infrared Asteroid Survey</i> ." 58 NEAs detected in survey of 5120 objects. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011PASJ63.1117U
2011, Jun 1-10	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS, 54 th session) and Action Team 14 on NEOs, chaired by Sergio Camacho (Mexico), did meet in Vienna (Austria). See: http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/oosa/en/COPUOS/index.html Technical presentation: - W. Ailor, 2011, Summary of the 2011 IAA Planetary Defense Conference. See: http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/pres/copuos2011/tech-27.pdf
2011, Jun 2	Apollo NEA 2009 BD (<i>H</i> = 28.6 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 4 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.90 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.90 LD [2011-17] See: 2009 BD - SSA, 2009 BD - JPL Ref: - M. Micheli, D.J. Tholen, G.T. Elliott, 2012, <i>New Astronomy</i> , 17, 446, "Detection of radiation pressure acting on 2009 BD." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012NewA17446M - J. Foust, 2013, <i>thespacereview.com</i> , 22 April 2013, "To catch a planetoid." See: http://www.thespacereview.com/article/2283/1 - M. Mommert, J.L. Hora, D. Farnocchia, et al., May 2014, <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 786, 148, "Constraining the physical properties of Near-Earth Object 2009 BD." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2014ApJ786148M See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2009_BD

2011, Jun 8	First images from the ESO VLT Survey Telescope (VST). See: http://www.eso.org/public/news/eso1119/ http://www.eso.org/public/teles-instr/surveytelescopes.html
2011, Jun 9-10	ESA Workshop Scientific and technological aspects of a sample return mission to a Near Earth Asteroid: the ESA Cosmic Vision M3 mission MarcoPolo-R, ESA-ESRIN, Frascati (Italy). MarcoPolo-R is a sample return mission to a NEA, selected by ESA as part of its Cosmic Vision M3 programme for an assessment study with launch in 2020-2022. See: http://www.oa-roma.inaf.it/MarcoPolo-R/MarcoPolo-R/Home.html
2011, Jun 10	C.D.K. Herd, A. Blinova, D. Simkus, 2011, <i>Science</i> , 332, 1304, "Origin and evolution of prebiotic organic matter as inferred from the Tagish Lake Meteorite ." See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/332/6035/1304.abstract?sid=22a6dae6-2ea2-4c33-a0a6-5937339f249b
2011, Jun 11	Apollo NEA 2016 LY10 (H = 28.5 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.84 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.82 LD. See: $2016LY10 - SSA$, $2016LY10 - JPL$
2011, Jun 13-16	Workshop on Very Wide Field Surveys in the Light of Astro2010, Baltimore (MD, USA). See: http://www.stsci.edu/institute/conference/verywidefield
2011, Jun 15	B. Schmitz, P.R. Heck, C. Alwmark, et al., 2011, <i>Earth and Planetary Science Letters</i> , 306 (3-4), 149, "Determining the impactor of the Ordovician Lockne crater : oxygen and neon isotopes in chromite versus sedimentary PGE signatures." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011E%26PSL.306149S
2011, Jun 15	Apollo NEA 530520 (2011 LT17 , $H = 21.6$ mag, $D \approx 170$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.64 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.64 LD. See: $2011 LT17 - JPL$, $2011 LT17 - SSA$ See also: 16 Jun 2155 , 16 Dec 2156 .
2011, Jun 27	C.A.L. Bailer-Jones, 2011, <i>Monthly Notices Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 416, 1163, "Bayesian time series analysis of terrestrial impact cratering." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011MNRAS.416.1163B

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	See also:
	http://www.spacedaily.com/reports/Earth Impacts More Likely in the
	Past or Present 999.html
2011, Jun 27, 17:00	Apollo NEA 2011 MD ($H = 28.3 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 0.0485 LD (= 2.93 R _{Earth} from the
	geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.0485 LD. [2011-18]
	See: 2011 MD - SSA , 2011 MD - JPL
	See also:
	http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news172.html
	http://www.ipl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2011-
	197
	http://www.space.com/12067-asteroid-2011-md-close-earth-flyby-june-
	<u>27.html</u>
	http://www.space.com/12086-asteroid-2011-md-buzzes-earth-
	pictures.html
	http://web.mit.edu/newsoffice/2011/3q-2011md-binzel-0626.html
	http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2014-
	193&3&utm_source=iContact&utm_medium=email&utm_campaign=N
	ASAJPL&utm_content=Daily20140619
	http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [June 2020]
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2011_MD
	Ref:
	- M. Mommert, D. Farnocchia, J. L. Hora, et al., 19 June 2014,
	Astrophysical Journal (Letters), 789, L22, "Physical properties of
	Near-Earth Asteroid 2011 MD."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2014ApJ789L22M
2011, Jul	A. Christou, D.J. Asher, 2011, Monthly Notices Royal
	Astronomical Society, 414, 2965, "A long-lived horseshoe
	companion to the Earth." On asteroid 2010 SO16 ($H = 20.6$ mag,
	$D \approx 250$ m, PHA) and its horseshoe orbit.
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011MNRAS.414.2965C
	See also:
	http://www.arm.ac.uk/press/2011/aac horseshoe orbit.html
	http://star.arm.ac.uk/highlights/2011/574.html
	http://www.technologyreview.com/blog/arxiv/26608/
	http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.cfm?release=2011-
	112&cid=release 2011-112&msource=2011112&tr=y&auid=8128132
	http://www.nasa.gov/mission_pages/WISE/news/wise20110408.html
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2010 SO16
2011, Jul	R. Duffard, K. Kumar, S. Pirrotta, et al., 2011, Advances in Space
, 	Research, 48, 120, "A multiple-rendezvous, sample-return mission
	to two near-Earth asteroids." Proposal of a dual-rendezvous
	mission, targeting NEAs, including sample-return. The proposed
	mission, Asteroid Sampling Mission (ASM), comprises flyby and
	remote sensing of a Q-type asteroid, and sampling of a V-type

	asteroid. See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011AdSpR48120D
2011, Jul	C.W. Hergenrother, R.J. Whiteley, 2011, <i>Icarus</i> , 214, 194, "A survey of small fast rotating asteroids among the near-Earth asteroid population." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Icar214194H
2011, Jul	M. Le Feuvre, M.A. Wieczorek, M.A., 2011, <i>Icarus</i> , 214, 1, "Non-uniform cratering of the Moon and a revised crater chronology of the inner Solar System." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Icar2141L
2011 Jul	C. Magri, E.S. Howell, M.C. Nolan, et al, 2011, <i>Icarus</i> , 214, 210, "Radar and photometric observations and shape modeling of contact binary near-Earth asteroid (8567) 1996 HW1." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Icar214210M
2011, Jul	O. Vaduvescu, A. Tudorica, M. Birlan, et al., 2011, <i>Astronomische Nachrichten</i> , 332, 580, "Mining the CFHT Legacy Survey for known Near Earth Asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011AN332580V
2011, Jul	XY. Zeng, H. Baoyin, JF. Li, et al., 2011, <i>Research in Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 11(7), 863, "New applications of the H-reversal trajectory using solar sails." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011RAA11863Z
2011, Jul 6	S. Siregar, 2011, arXiv:1107.1024, "Will 3552 Don Quixote (1983 SA, H = 12.8, D≈ 18.4 km, Amor NEA, PHA) escape from the Solar System?" See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011arXiv1107.1024S http://journal.itb.ac.id/index.php?li=article_detail&id=944 http://personal.fmipa.itb.ac.id/suryadi/files/2012/01/SEAAN2012_p5_Suryadi_ed.pdf See: 3552 DonQuixote - SSA , 1983 SA - JPL See also: ITB Journal of Science, 43A (3), 187; http://www.universetoday.com/87348/3552-don-quixote-leaving-oursolar-system/ http://phys.org/news/2013-09-near-earth-asteroid-comet.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/3552_Don_Quixote
2011, Jul 11	Anton M.J. (Tom) Gehrels (1925 - 2011, Netherlands/USA), founder of the Spacewatch project, passed away. See:

	http://uanews.org/node/40649
	http://www.skyandtelescope.com/news/125432648.html
	http://azstarnet.com/news/local/govt-and-politics/article_1702e3a9-fc0c-50f0-adf1-f84c5b0abf3b.html
	http://www.lpl.arizona.edu/people/faculty/gehrels2.html
	http://www.nature.com/news/2008/080625/full/4531164a.html
	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1988gsaa.bookG
	http://uanews.org/node/16265
	http://www.lpl.arizona.edu/calendar/calendar.php?ID=457
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tom_Gehrels
	See also: 1980, Spacewatch program.
	see also. 1700, Spacewaten program.
2011, Jul 14	R. Cowen, 2011, <i>Nature</i> , 475, 147, " <i>Dawn</i> nears Vesta."
2011, 341 14	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011Natur.475147C
	Sec. http://adsaos.narvard.edu/aos/2011Natur.475147C
2011, Jul 16	NASA spacecraft <i>Dawn</i> , launched 27 September 2007, with
2011, Jul 10	German (DLR, MPS) and Italian (ASI-INAF) instrumentation,
	reached main-belt asteroid 4 Vesta ($H = 3.20 \text{ mag}$, $D = 530 \text{ km}$)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	and will orbit it at an altitude of 650 - 200 km for one year, to map
	80 % of the asteroid's surface. Departure from Vesta on 5
	September 2012 with destination dwarf planet (former main-belt
	asteroid) 1 Ceres ($H = 3.34$ mag, $D = 952$ km), arriving on 6
	March 2015.
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	http://www.nasa.gov/mission_pages/dawn/main/index.html
	Ref:
	- C.T. Russell, C.A. Raymond, A. Coradini, et al., 11 May 2012,
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	- R. Jaumann, D.A. Williams, D.L. Buczkowski, et al., 11 May
	2012, Science, 336, 687, "Vesta's shape and morphology."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012Sci336687J
	- S. Marchi, H.Y. McSween, D.P. O'Brien, et al., 11 May 2012,
	Science, 336, 690, "The violent collisional history of asteroid 4
	Vesta."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012Sci336690M
	- P. Schenk, D.P. O'Brien, S. Marchi, et al., 2012, Science, 336,
	694, "The geologically recent giant impact basins at Vesta's South
	Pole."
	See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/336/6082/694.full
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2011, Jul 24	Apollo NEA 2011 PU1 (H = 25.5 mag, $D \approx 28$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.87 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.87 LD. [2011-19] See: 2011 PU1 - SSA, 2011 PU1 - JPL
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2011, Aug 25-26	Mission Planning and Operations Group (MPOG) preparation Workshop on international recommendations of Near-Earth Object threat mitigation, organized by COPUOS STsC Action Team 14, jointly with the Association of Space Exploreres (ASE), the Secure World Foundation (SWF), and hosted by NASA in Pasadena (CA, USA), 25-26 August 2011. Follow-up of workshop held at ESA/ESOC, Darmstadt (Germany), 27-29 October 2010. The MPOG will be part of the decision structure for an imminent impact threat, as proposed by the ASE and adopted by UN COPUOS's Action Team 14. See: http://swfound.org/events/2011/workshop-on-international-recommendations-for-neo-threat-mitigation http://www.newswise.com/articles/view/580097/?sc=dwtr&xy=5028369
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2011, Sep 15-18	International Meteor Conference 2011, 30th edition, 15-18 September, Sibiu (Romania), See: http://www.imo.net/imc2011/index.php
2011, Sep 16	Memorial seminar <i>Tom Gehrels 1925-2011: A Celebration of Life</i> , Lunar and Planetary Laboratory, Kuiper Space Sciences, Rm 308, Tucson (AZ, USA), 16 September 2011, 3:00 - 5:00 p.m See: http://www.lpl.arizona.edu/calendar/calendar.php?ID=457
2011, Sep 27	Apollo NEA 2011 SE58 (H = 27.7 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.62 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.62 LD. [2011-21] See: $2011 \text{ SE58} - \text{SSA}$, $2011 \text{ SE58} - \text{JPL}$ See also: http://www.space.com/13145-2-small-asteroids-pass-earth-moon.html
2011, Sep 27-30	Keck Institute for Space Studies (KISS) Workshop - Asteroid Retrieval Mission Study, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena (CA, USA), 27-30 September 2011. See: http://kiss.caltech.edu/workshops/asteroid2011/index.html http://www.wired.com/wiredscience/2011/10/asteroid-moving/ http://www.space.com/13164-killer-asteroids-deflection-humanity-cooperation.html http://billionyearplan.blogspot.com/2011/10/to-deflect-killer-asteroids-humanity.html http://www.newscientist.com/article/dn23039-nasa-mulls-plan-to-drag-asteroid-into-moons-orbit.html http://www.space.com/19151-asteroid-moon-orbit-nasa-study.html Study final report (2 April 2012):

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	mission/#.UkNbdX-TLpe
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	workshop/#.UkPgqn-TLpc
2011, Sep 28	Aten NEA 2011 TO ($H = 26.8 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 15 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a
, 1	nominal miss distance of 0.33 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.33
	LD. [2011-22]
	See: 2011 TO - SSA , 2011 TO - JPL
	See also: 28 Sep 1980, 27 Sep 2044.
2011, Sep 28-29	First NEA detected by the Teide Observatory Tenerife Asteroid
	Survey (TOTAS) during an observation slot sponsored by the
	ESA Space Situational Awareness (SSA) programme:
	2011 SF108 ($H = 20.0 \text{ mag}$, $D = 350 \text{ m}$).
	See:
	http://ssd.jpl.nasa.gov/sbdb.cgi?sstr=2011+SF108&orb=1 http://www.esa.int/SPECIALS/SSA/SEMURW6UXSG 0.html
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	skywatchers-Tenerife-impact-threat-asteroid.html http://tech.groups.yahoo.com/group/mpml/message/26123
2011, Sep 29	Observations by NASA's <i>Wide-field Infrared Survey Explorer</i> (<i>WISE</i>), in a survey program called <i>NEOWISE</i> , show that there are significantly fewer near-Earth asteroids in the mid-size range than previously thought. The findings also indicate that the Spaceguard program has found 911 NEAs, 93% of the estimated 981±19 NEAs larger than 1000 m, meeting the 90% goal agreed to with U.S. Congress in 1998. For smaller objects the <i>NEOWISE</i> detection census reads: ~1,200 (80%) of the estimated ~1,500 NEAs in the 500-1000 m range; ~1,100 (46%) of the estimated ~2,400 NEAs in the 300-500 m range; ~2,000 (13%) of the estimated ~15,700 NEAs in the 100-300 m range. The estimated number of NEAs with <i>D</i> > 140 m is 13,200 ± 1,900. The estimated number of NEAs with <i>D</i> > 100 m is 20,500 ± 3,000. Ref: - A. Mainzer, T. Grav, J. Bauer, et al., 2011, <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 743, 156, " <i>NEOWISE</i> observations of Near-Earth Objects: preliminary results." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011ApJ743156M - A. Mainzer, T. Grav, J. Masiero, et al., June 2012, <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 752, 110, "Characterizing subpopulations within the Near Earth Objects with <i>NEOWISE</i> : preliminary results." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012ApJ752110M See also: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2011-304 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2011-304 http://www.space.com/13129-killer-asteroids-wise.html
2011, Sep 30	Apollo NEA 2011 SM173 (H = 28.1 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.76 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.75 LD. [2011-23] See: 2011 SM173 - SSA, 2011 SM173 - JPL See also: http://www.space.com/13145-2-small-asteroids-pass-earth-moon.html
2011, Oct	G. Beekman, 2011, <i>Zenit</i> , oktober 2011, "Vier trouwe begeleiders van de aarde." See: http://www.dekoepel.nl/zenit/
2011, Oct	G.C. de Elía, R.P. Di Sisto, 2011, Astronomy & Astrophysics, 534,

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2011, Oct	G. Pratesi, V.M. Cecchi, 2011, <i>Atlas of Meteorites</i> (Cambridge: CUP). See: http://www.cambridge.org/aus/catalogue/catalogue.asp?isbn=978052184 http://www.cambridge.org/aus/catalogue/catalogue.asp?isbn=978052184
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2011, Oct 12	Apollo NEA 2011 UT ($H = 26.0$ mag, $D \approx 22$ m) passed Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 0.59 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.59

	LD. [2011-24] See: 2011 UT - SSA , 2011 UT - JPL
2011, Oct 13	Closest approach of Amor NEA 1036 Ganymed (A924 UB , $H = 9.6 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 36.49 \text{ km}$), largest NEA known, in the period 1900-2100 yr, at a distance of $0.36 \text{ AU} \approx 140 \text{ LD}$. See: 1036 Ganymed - SSA, 1924 TD - JPL Ref: J. Meeus, M. Drummen, September 2011, Zenit, "Ganymed in aantocht." See: http://www.dekoepel.nl/zenit/september2011.html See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1036_Ganymed See also: 13 Oct 2024.
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2011, Oct 26	Apollo NEA 2011 UL169 (H = 28.3 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.69 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.69 LD. [2011-26] See: 2011 UL169 - SSA, 2011 UL169 - JPL
2011, Oct 28	Apollo NEA 2011 UX255 (H = 27.4 mag, $D \approx 14$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.36 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.36 LD. [2011-27] See: 2011 UX255 - SSA, 2011 UX255 - JPL
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2011, Nov 8, 23:29	Apollo NEA 308635 (2005 YU55, $H = 21.6$ mag, $D = 360$ m, $P_0 = 1.22$ yr, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.845 LD (= 51.0 R _{Earth} from the geocenter) and the Moon at a nominal miss distance of 0.624 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.845 LD. Arecibo Observatory radar imaging on 19 April 2010 reduced uncertainties about its orbit by 50%, eliminating any possibility of an impact with the Earth for the next 100 years. New Arecibo Observatory and Goldstone radar observations on 7 and 8 November 2011 confirmed a spherical shape. On 19 January 2029, asteroid 2005 YU55 will pass Venus at a nominal distance of 0.74 LD; minimum miss distance 0.66 LD. See: 308635 2005 YU55 - SSA, 2005 YU55 - JPL [2011-28] Ref: - M. Hicks, K. Lawrence, L. Benner, 2010, The Astronomer's Telegram, #2571, "Palomar spectroscopy of 2001 FM129, 2004 FG11, and 2005 YU55." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010ATel.25711H - M. Hicks, J. Somers, T. Truong, et al., 2011, The Astronomer's Telegram, #3763, "Broadband photometry of 2005 YU55: Solar

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1	Roadmap, with overviews of NASA's plans for human spaceflight,

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2011, Nov 17	EU FP7 NEOShield proposal approved and grant agreement signed by the European Commission. Overall funding is M€ 5.8, including M€ 1.8 from partners, for a project lifetime of 3.5 years. NEOShield involves 13 partner institutes in France, Germany, Russia, Spain, UK and USA, and will be coordinated by DLR in Berlin (Germany). The NEOShield project, which formally commences in 1 January 2012, covers investigation of physical properties of NEOs, mitigation methods, technology development, demonstration missions, and a global response campaign roadmap. The NEOShield kick-off meeting will be held at DLR, 16-17 January 2012. See: http://www.dlr.de/dlr/en/desktopdefault.aspx/tabid-10081/151_read-2640/year-2012/http://elib.dlr.de/70019/
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2011, Dec 7	Apollo NEA 2003 XV (H = 26.6 mag, $D \approx$ 20 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.06 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.06 LD. See: 2003 XV - SSA, 2003 XV - JPL
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2011, Dec 14	Apollo NEA 2011 YQ1 ($H = 25.7$ mag, $D \approx 26$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.02 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.01 LD.

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2011, Dec 28	Apollo NEA 2011 YC40 (H = 29.6 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.28 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.28 LD. [2011-30] See: 2011 YC40 - SSA, 2011 YC40 - JPL
2011, Dec 29	Apollo NEA 2012 AQ (H = 31.1 mag, $D \approx 2.2$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.70 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.70 LD. [2011-31] See: 2012 AQ -
2011, Dec 30	Apollo NEA 2011 YC63 (H = 29.0 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.63 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.62 LD. [2011-32] See: 2011 YC63 - SSA, 2011 YC63 - JPL
2012 , Jan 1	8453 NEAs known (ranging in size up to \sim 37 km: 1036 Ganymed, A924 UB, $H = 9.45$ mag, $D = 36.5$ km, Amor NEA), of which 1272 PHAs (ranging in size from 140 m up to \sim 5 km: 4179 Toutatis, 1989 AC, $H = 15.3$ mag, $D = 4.6 \times 2.4 \times 1.9$ km, Apollo NEA, PHA). See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
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2012, Jan	J. Fang, JL. Margot, 2012, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 143, 25, "Binary asteroid encounters with terrestrial planets: timescales and effects." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012AJ14325F
2012, Jan	S. Greenstreet, H. Ngo, B. Gladman, 2012, <i>Icarus</i> , 217, 355, "The orbital distribution of Near-Earth Objects inside Earth's orbit." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012Icar217355G
2012, Jan 2	Apollo NEA 2011 YB63 (H = 29.8 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.61 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.61 LD. [2012-01] See: 2011 YB63 - SSA, 2011 YB63 - JPL
2012, Jan 12-13	MarcoPolo-R Workshop Physical characterisation of MarcoPolo-R targets, Observatoire de Paris, Meudon (France), 12-13 January 2012. See: http://smass.mit.edu/MarcoPolo/home.html Presentations: Session 1. Visible and near-infrared observations A. Barucci, 2012, "MarcoPolo-R Near Earth Asteroid sample return mission. Welcome and introduction." See: http://smass.mit.edu/MarcoPolo/presentations/Barucci_MarcoPolo-R_Meudon2012.ppt - F. DeMeo, 2012, "Comparison of the surface properties of asteroids 1996 FG3, 1999 RQ36, and 1999 JU3, targets of MarcoPolo-R, OSIRIS-REx, and Hyabusa-2." See: http://smass.mit.edu/MarcoPolo/presentations/DeMeo_MarcoPolo-R_Meudon2012.pdf - A. Rivkin, E. Howell, R. Vervack, et al., 2012, "New observations of 1996 FG3 from 0.8-4 microns and potential meteorite analogs." See: http://smass.mit.edu/MarcoPolo/presentations/Rivkin_MarcoPolo-R_Meudon2012.pptx - M. Birlan, M. Popescu, F. Colas, A. Nedelcu, 2012, "Focus on (175706) 1996 FG3: modeling spectra using M4AST and new observational results from Pic du Midi." See: http://smass.mit.edu/MarcoPolo/presentations/Birlan_MarcoPolo-R_Meudon2012.ppt

Session 2. Thermal and radar observations and dynamics.

- J. Emery, 2012, "Thermal characterization of surfaces of small asteroids." See:

 $\label{lem:mass.mit.edu/MarcoPolo-presentations/Emery_MarcoPolo-} $\underline{R_Meudon2012.ppt}$$

- S. Green, 2012, "Constraints on thermal inertia of (175706) 1996 FG3 using a rough surface thermophysical model." See: http://smass.mit.edu/MarcoPolo/presentations/Green_MarcoPolo-R_Meudon2012.ppt
- H. Campins, J. de León, A. Morbidelli, et al., 2012, "The origin of asteroids accessible to *Marco Polo-R*." See:

 $\frac{http://smass.mit.edu/MarcoPolo/presentations/Campins_MarcoPolo-R_Meudon2012.ppt}{}$

- K.Walsh, M. Delbo, M. Mueller, R.Binzel, F. De Meo, 2012, "Physical characterization and origin of binary near-Earth asteroid (175706) 1996 FG3." See:

http://smass.mit.edu/MarcoPolo/presentations/Delbo_MarcoPolo-R Meudon2012.pdf

- P. Michel, 2012, "Possible formation mechanism of binary asteroids and which assumptions can we make on their regolith properties." See:

 $\label{lem:mass.mit.edu/MarcoPolo-presentations/Michel_MarcoPolo-R_Meudon2012.pdf} \underline{\text{MarcoPolo-presentations/Michel_Marc$

Session 3. Shape models and meteorite comparison.

- P. Vernazza, 2012, "Among the yet unsampled meteorite classes, which one will we learn the most from?" See:

 $\frac{http://smass.mit.edu/MarcoPolo/presentations/Vernazza_MarcoPolo-R\ Meudon2012.pdf$

- J.M. Trigo-Rodríguez, J. Llorca, J.M. Madiedo, et al., 2012, "UV to IR reflectance spectra of Antarctic carbonaceous chondrites to better characterize *Marco Polo-R* target." See:

 $\frac{http://smass.mit.edu/MarcoPolo/presentations/Trigo_MarcoPolo-R_Meudon2012.pdf}$

- B. Carry, 2012, "Roadmap for characterization of *MarcoPolo-R* targets." See:

 $\frac{http://smass.mit.edu/MarcoPolo/presentations/Carry_MarcoPolo-R\ Meudon 2012.pdf$

Session 4. Mission information.

- A. Cheng, L. Benner, R. Binzel, et al., 2012, "Physical characterization of *MarcoPolo-R* targets." See: http://smass.mit.edu/MarcoPolo/presentations/Cheng_MarcoPolo-R_Meudon2012.pdf
- D. Koschny, 2012, "*MarcoPolo-R* programmatics, science requirements, and engineering requirements for target characterisation." See:

 $\underline{\text{http://smass.mit.edu/MarcoPolo/presentations/Detlef_MarcoPolo-}} \\ R \ Meudon 2012.ppt$

2012, Jan 16-17	NEOShield Kick-off Meeting, Berlin (Germany), 16-17 January 2012. See: 17 November 2011, and http://www.dlr.de/dlr/en/desktopdefault.aspx/tabid-10081/151_read-2640/year-2012/http://www.dlr.de/dlr/en/desktopdefault.aspx/tabid-10081/151_read-2640/http://www.astrium.eads.net/node.php?articleid=8210 http://www.neoshield.net/en/index.htm Ref: - A.W. Harris, M.A. Barucci, J.L. Cano, et al., 15 September 2012, Acta Astronautica, online, "The European funded NEOShield project: A global approach to Near-Earth Object impact threat mitigation." See: http://elib.dlr.de/70019/1/NEOShield_paper_pdc11.pdf http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0094576512003360 - A.W. Harris, L. Drube, NEOShield Consortium, October 2012, American Astronomical Society, DPS meeting #44, #210.05, "The NEOShield project: understanding the mitigation-relevant physical properties of potentially hazardous asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012DPS4421005H See also: http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/science-environment-16633217 http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/science-environment-16651642 http://www.allgov.com/Unusual_News/ViewNews/International_Plan_to_Protect_Earth_from_Comets_and_Asteroids_Could_Mean_Billions_for_Contractors_120122 http://www.space.com/14370-asteroid-shield-earth-threat-protection-meeting.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/NEOShield
2012, Jan 17	M. Wall, 2012, <i>Space.com</i> , 17 January 2012, "Rare Mars rocks crashed to Earth in July." Meteorite fragments (7 kg) originating from Mars , found near Tissint (Morocco), three months after fireball seen 18 July 2011 over Tata (Morocco). See: http://www.space.com/14268-rare-mars-meteorite-rocks-tissint.html See also: http://www.space.com/20426-mercury-meteorite-discovery-messenger.html
2012, Jan 17-18	Sixth NASA Small Bodies Assessment Group meeting, 17-18 January, 2012, Washington (DC, USA). See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/ Findings: https://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/findings/ Presentations: - D.S. Lauretta, B.E. Clark, 2012, "OSIRIS-REX."

	See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jan2012/presentations/1000_Clark.pdf - M.A. Barucci, A. Cheng, 2012, "Status of <i>Marco Polo-R</i> . Near Earth Asteroid sample return mission." See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jan2012/presentations/1315_Cheng.pdf - M. Zolensky, 2012, " <i>Hayabusa</i> sample preliminary analysis." See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jan2012/presentations/1330_Zolensky.pdf
2012, Jan 20	Apollo NEA 2012 BV1 (H = 31.0 mag, $D \approx 2.3$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.83 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.83 LD. [2012-02] See: $2012 \text{ BV1} - \text{SSA}$, $2012 \text{ BV1} - \text{JPL}$
2012, Jan 27	Aten NEA 2012 BX34 (H = 27.4 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.17 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.17 LD. [2012-03] See: $2012 \text{ BX34} - \text{SSA}$, $2012 \text{ BX34} - \text{JPL}$ See also: http://www.space.com/14373-asteroid-2012-bx34-earth-flyby.html http://www.universetoday.com/93177/2012-bx34-behind-the-scenes-in-the-discovery-of-a-near-earth-asteroid/http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012_BX34 See also: 27 Jan 1959 .
2012, Jan 31	Amor NEA 433 Eros (A898 PA, $H = 11.1 \text{ mag}$, $D = 34.4 \times 11.2 \times 11.2 \text{ km}$, orbital $P = 1.76 \text{ yr}$), passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 69.5 LD (= 0.18 AU). See: <u>433 Eros - SSA</u> , <u>1898 DQ - JPL</u> See also: http://www.universetoday.com/93101/asteroid-to-make-closest-approach-since-1975/ <a 14472-asteroid-eros-earth-flyby-skywatching.html"="" href="http://transitofvenus.nl/wp/getting-involved/eros-and-the-solar-parallax/http://transitofvenus.nl/wp/getting-involved/eros-and-the-solar-parallax/http://www.skyandtelescope.com/observing/highlights/The-Eros-Parallax-Project-138301789.html http://www.space.com/14472-asteroid-eros-earth-flyby-skywatching.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/433_Eros See also: 13 Aug 1898, 23 Jan 1975 .
2012, Feb	N. deGrasse Tyson, A. Lang, 2012, Space Chronicles - Facing the Ultimate Frontier (New York: Norton & Co). See: http://books.wwnorton.com/books/Space-Chronicles/ See also:

	http://www.npr.org/2012/02/27/147351252/space-chronicles-why-exploring-space-still-matters
2012, Feb	J.P. Sanchez, C.R. McInnes, 2012, <i>Advances in Space Research</i> , 49, 667, "Synergistic approach of asteroid exploitation and planetary protection." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012AdSpR496678
2012, Feb	M. Todd, P. Tanga, D.M. Coward, M.G. Zadnik, 2012, <i>Monthly Notices Royal Astronomical Society</i> (Letters), 420, L28, "An optimal Earth Trojan asteroid search strategy." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012MNRAS.420L28T
2012, Feb 1-3	Workshop on the Early Solar System Bombardment II, Houston (TX, USA), 1-3 February 2012. See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/meetings/bombardment2012/ Among the presentations: - W.F. Bottke, D. Vokrouhlicky, D. Minton, et al., 2012, LPI Contribution No. 1649, p.6-7, "The Great Archean Bombardment." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPICo16496B - S. Goderis, J. Belza, Ph. Claesy, 2012, LPI Contribution No. 1649, p.26-27, "The impact cratering record for clues on the rate of collisions and provenance." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPICo164926G - B.C. Johnson, H.J. Melosh, 2012, LPI Contribution No. 1649, p.32-33, "New estimates for the number of large impacts throughout Earth's history." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPICo164932J - C. Koeberl, 2012, LPI Contribution No. 1649, p.40, "Search for a geochemical record of the Late Heavy Bombardment on Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPICo164940K - S. Marchi, W.F. Botke, D.A. Kring, A. Morbidelli, 2012, LPI Contribution No. 1649, p.45-46, "Two populations of early lunar impactors as recorded in its ancient crater population." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPICo164945M - A. Morbidelli, S. Marchi, W.F. Bottke, 2012, LPI Contribution No. 1649, p.53-54, "The sawtimeline of the first billon year of lunar bombardment." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPICo164953M - N. Schmedemann, T. Kneissl, G. Michael, et al., 2012, LPI Contribution No. 1649, p.75-76, "Crater size-frequency distributions and chronologies of asteroids." See: <a <a="" and="" asteroids="" bad="" good,="" href="http://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/b00vv0w8" see:="" the="" ugly."="" –="">http://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/b00vv0w8

2012, Feb 13-15	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS) Scientific and Technical SubCommittee, 49th session, in Vienna (Austria). WG NEO and Action Team 14 on NEOs did meet, chaired by Sergio Camacho (Mexico). Report: http://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/COPUOS/stsc/2012/index.html http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/limited/c1/AC105 C1 L310E.pdf http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/reports/ac105/AC105 1001E.pdf Technical presentations: - L. Johnson, 2012, "Near Earth Object Observation Program. Close approaches of 2011." See: http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/pres/stsc2012/tech-35E.pdf - J. Prado, 2012, "The case of Apophis." See: http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/pres/stsc2012/tech-36E.pdf - R.A. Williamson, 2012, "NEOs, the media, and risk communication. Report of a workshop." See: http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/pres/stsc2012/tech-46E.pdf See also: http://www.space.com/14683-big-asteroid-2011-ag5-threat-earth.html
2012, Feb 16	Aten NEA 367943 Duende (2012 DA14, $H = 24.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 40 \times 20 \text{ m}$), discovered by the Spanish Observatorio Astronomico de la Sagra, passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.78 LD. Minimum miss distance 6.78 LD. See: 367943 Duende - SSA, 2012 DA14 - JPL See also: http://www.planetary.org/blogs/guest-blogs/3418.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/367943_Duende See also: 17 Feb 1918, 19 Aug 2004, 15 Feb 2013, 15 Feb 2046, 15 Feb 2087.
2012, Feb 20	Apollo NEA 2012 DY13 (H = 28.1 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.28 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.28 LD. [2012-04] See: $2012 DY13 - SSA$, $2012 DY13 - JPL$
2012, Feb 27	L. David, 2012, <i>Space.com</i> , 27 February 2012, "Big asteroid 2011 AG5 could pose threat to Earth in 2040." See: http://www.space.com/14683-big-asteroid-2011-ag5-threat-earth.html See also: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2012-051 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.cfm?release=2012-051 http://www.space.com/14782-asteroid-threat-earth-impact-2011ag5.html http://www.space.com/14872-asteroid-2011-ag5-earth-impact.html

2012, Mar	P.B. Babadzhanov, I.P. Williams, G.I. Kokhirova, 2012, <i>Monthly Notices Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 420, 2546, "Near-Earth object 2004 CK39 and its associated meteor showers." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012MNRAS.420.2546B
2012, Mar	P.A. Bland, P. Spurný, A.W.R. Bevan, et al., 2012, Australian Journal of Earth Sciences, 59, 177, "The Australian Desert Fireball Network: a new era for planetary science." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012AuJES59177B See also: http://www3.imperial.ac.uk/desertfireballnetwork
2012, Mar	A.S. Betzler, E.P. Borges, 2012, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> , 539, 158, "Non-extensive distributions of rotation periods and diameters of asteroids." The authors argue that the number of NEAs with $D > 1$ km is 994 ± 30 . See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012A%26A539A.158B
2012, Mar	M. Ćuk, 2012, <i>Icarus</i> , 218, 69, "Chronology and sources of lunar impact bombardment." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012Icar21869C
2012, Mar	J. Fang, JL. Margot, 2012, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 143, 59, "The role of Kozai cycles in near-Earth binary asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012AJ14359F
2012, Mar	M. Granvik, J. Vaubaillon, R. Jedicke, 2012, <i>Icarus</i> , 218, 262, "The population of natural Earth satellites." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012Icar218262G See also: http://www.space.com/15151-earth-multiple-moons-asteroids.html
2012, Mar	D. Jewitt, 2012, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 143, 66, "The active asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012AJ14366J
2012, Mar 1	Apollo NEA 2012 EZ1 (H = 28.8 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.60 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.60 LD. [2012-05] See: $2012 \text{ EZ1} - \text{SSA}$, $2012 \text{ EZ1} - \text{JPL}$
2012, Mar 1	Oslo Meteorite. A piece of a meteorite crashed through the roof of a garden hut in the middle of Oslo (Norway). The rock weighing 585 grams, which split in two, probably detached from a meteorite observed over Norway on March 1. The meteorite was identified

	as a breccia, or a rock composed of broken fragments. See:
	http://www.newsinenglish.no/2012/03/12/meteorite-smashed-through-oslo-roof/
	http://news.9msn.com.au/technology/8434050/meteorite-chunk-falls-on-
	oslo http://www.space.com/14893-meteorite-crash-oslo-norway.html
2012, Mar 7	Apollo NEA 2008 EJ85 (H = 24.4 mag, $D \approx 50$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.68 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.92 LD. See: 2008 EJ85 - SSA , 2008 EJ85 - JPL
2012, Mar 7	J. Foust, 2012, <i>SpaceRef</i> , 7 March 2012, "Making the case for human missions to asteroids." See: http://www.spaceref.com/news/viewnews.html?id=1620
2012, Mar 9	G.S. Collins, 2012, <i>Science</i> , 335, 1176, "Moonstruck magnetism." See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/335/6073/1176.summary See also: http://www.space.com/14836-asteroid-collision-moon-magnetism.html
2012, Mar 9	M.A. Wieczorek, B.P. Weiss, S.T. Stewart, 2012, <i>Science</i> , 335, 1212, "An impactor origin for lunar magnetic anomalies." See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/335/6073/1212 See also: http://www.space.com/14836-asteroid-collision-moon-magnetism.html
2012, Mar 13	E. Nakamura, A. Makishima, T. Moriguti, et al., 2012, <i>Proc. National Academy of Sciences</i> , 109(11), E624, "Space environment of an asteroid preserved on micrograins returned by the <i>Hayabusa</i> spacecraft." See: http://www.pnas.org/content/109/11/E624.full.pdf+html?sid=e9c82620-acc1-4ac9-a373-aebd661fa82d See also: http://www.space.com/14691-asteroid-impacts-hayabusa-meteorite-samples.html http://www.space.com/14691-asteroid-impacts-hayabusa-meteorite-samples.html http://www.space.com/14691-asteroid-impacts-hayabusa-meteorite-samples.html http://www.space.com/14691-asteroid-impacts-hayabusa-meteorite-samples.html http://www.space.com/14691-asteroid-impacts-hayabusa-meteorite-samples.html http://www.space.com/14691-asteroid-impacts-hayabusa-meteorite-samples.html
2012, Mar 19-23	43rd Lunar and Planetary Science Conference, 19-23 March 2012, The Woodlands (TX, USA). See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/meetings/lpsc2012/ Among the papers: - P.A. Abell, B.W. Barbee, R.G. Mink, et al., 2012, LPI Contribution No. 1659, p.2842, "The Near-Earth Object Human Space Flight Accessible Targets Study (NHATS) list of Near-

Earth Asteroids: identifying potential targets for future exploration."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPI....43.2842A

- M.A. Barucci, P. Michel, A. Cheng, et al., 2012, LPI Contribution No. 1659, p.1457, "MarcoPolo-R: Near Earth Asteroid sample return mission selected for ESA assessment study phase."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPI....43.1457B

- A. Bazso, 2012, LPI Contribution No. 1659, p.1809, "Lunar effects on close encounters of Near Earth Asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPI....43.1809B

- E.B. Bierhaus, L. Dones, 2012, LPI Contribution No. 1659, p.2451, "Cratering by impact ejecta, from Mercury to the asteroids."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPI....43.2451B

- R.P. Binzel, D. Polishook, F.E. DeMeo, et al., 2012, LPI Contribution No. 1659, p.2222, "Marco Polo-R target asteroid (175706) 1996 FG3: possible evidence for an annual thermal wave."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPI....43.2222B

- P. Brown, T. Ens, W.N. Edwards, E.A Silber, 2012, LPI Contribution No. 1659, p.1581, "Global detection of airbursts: a combined satellite-infrasound study."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPI....43.1581B

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See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPI....43.2480B

- T.L. Dunn, T.H. Burbine, 2012, LPI Contribution No. 1659, p.2305, "Mineralogies of Near Earth Asteroids."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPI....43.2305D

- C.W. Hergenrother, D.J. Scheeres, M. Nolan, et al., 2012, LPI Contribution No. 1659, p.2219, "Lightcurve and phase function photometry of the *OSIRIS-REx* target (101955) 1999 RQ36."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPI....43.2219H

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- D.S. Lauretta, OSIRIS-REx Team, 2012, LPI Contribution No. 1659, p.2491, "An overview of the *OSIRIS-REx* asteroid sample return mission."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPI....43.2491L

- L.F. Lim, J.P. Emery, N.A. Moskovitz, M. Granvik, 2012, *LPI* Contribution No. 1659, id.2202, "The near-Earth encounter of 2005 YU55: thermal infrared observations from Gemini North."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPI....43.2202L

- J.F. McCarthy, 2012, LPI Contribution No. 1659, p.1016, "A low

	cost approach to close-up examination of multiple Near Earth Asteroids."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPI43.1016M
	- N.A. Moskovitz, B. Yang, L.F. Lim, et al., 2012, LPI
	Contribution No. 1659, p.2080, "The near-Earth encounter of
	asteroid 2005 YU55: visible and near-infrared spectroscopy."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPI43.2080M
	- A.S. Rivkin, E.S. Howell, F.E. DeMeo, et al., 2012, LPI
	Contribution No. 1659, p.1537, "New observations and proposed
	meteorite analogs of the <i>MarcoPolo-R</i> target asteroid (175706) 1996 FG3."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPI43.1537R
	- I.M. Tielieusova, D.F. Lupishko, 2012, LPI Contribution No.
	1659, p.1491, "The YORP-effect and axis rotation of Near-Earth
	Asteroids."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012LPI43.1491T
2012, Mar 20	Website tool made available by the NASA/JPL Near-Earth
	Object Program Office, for identifying mission-accessible Near-
	Earth Asteroids and their next observing opportunities: the NASA
	Near-Earth Object Human Space Flight Accessible Targets
	Study (NHATS).
	See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/nhats.html
2012, Mar 26, 05:5	Apollo NEO 2012 FP35 ($H = 28.0 \text{ mag}, D \approx 9 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at
	a nominal miss distance of 0.42 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.42
	LD. [2012-06]
	See: <u>2012 FP35 - SSA</u> , <u>2012 FP35 - JPL</u>
	See also:
	http://www.space.com/15043-small-asteroids-earth-close-shave.html
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012_FP35
2012 Mar 26 17:0	Apollo NEA 2012 FS35 ($H = 30.1 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 3 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a
2012, Ivial 20, 17.0	nominal miss distance of 0.168 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.167
	LD. [2012-07]
	See: 2012 FS35 - SSA , 2012 FS35 - JPL
	See also:
	http://www.space.com/15043-small-asteroids-earth-close-shave.html
	See also: 25 Mar 2072.
	222 31231 20 11212
2012, Mar 26	3 rd MarcoPolo-R Symposium: Scientific objectives of
,	MarcoPolo-R near-Earth asteroid sample return mission,
	Manchester (UK), 26 March 2012.
	See: http://www.oca.eu/MarcoPolo-
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	R/Workshops/WorkshopsMarcoPolo-R.html
2012, Mar 27	R/Workshops/WorkshopsMarcoPolo-R.html I. Israde-Alcántara, J.L. Bischoff, G. Domínguez-Vázquez, et al.,

	2012, Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, 109(13), 4723, "Evidence from central Mexico supporting the Younger Dryas extraterrestrial impact hypothesis." See: http://www.pnas.org/content/109/13/E738.full.pdf+html?sid=aaa1f113-bd1c-44fa-8d8b-8a2fd5ab33e8 See also: http://www.space.com/14793-comet-earth-impact-younger-dryas.html
2012, Mar 27-28	Large new impact crater (48.5 m) on Mars , suggesting an impactor several meters in diameter. See: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/spaceimages/details.php?id=PIA18384 See also: http://www.space.com/25980-huge-mars-crater-photos.html
2012, Mar 31	First light of first telescope of the Las Cumbres Observatory Global Telescope (LCOGT) network, Goleta (CA, USA). Eventually, the LCOGT network will deploy two or three identical 1-metre telescopes, each costing about US\$1 million, at observatories in Hawaii, Chile, South Africa, Australia and the Canary Islands. LCOGT also has two 2-metre robotic Faulkes telescopes in Australia and Hawaii. See: http://lcogt.net/ See also: http://www.nature.com/news/global-observatory-sees-first-light-1.10384/http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012DPS4421516L
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2012, Apr 1	S. Marchi, W.F. Bottke, D.A. King, A. Morbidelli, 2012, <i>Earth and Planetary Science Letters</i> , 325-326, 27, "The onset of the lunar cataclysm as recorded in its ancient crater populations." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012E%26PSL.32527M See also: http://lunarscience.nasa.gov/articles/nlsi-scientists-shed-light-moons-impact-history/
2012, Apr 1	Apollo NEA 2012 EG5 (H = 24.5 mag, $D \approx 50$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.60 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.60 LD. [2012-08] See: 2012 EG5 - SSA , 2012 EG5 - JPL Ref: - M. Hicks, S. Teague, C. Strojia, 2012, <i>The Astronomer's Telegram</i> , #4016, "Optical photometry of 2012 EG5: constraints on taxonomy and spin rate." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012ATel.40161H See also: http://www.space.com/15121-april-fools-day-asteroid-earth-flyby.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012_EG5
2012, Apr 15	The Chinese spacecraft <i>Chang'e-2</i> departed from L2 and began a mission to asteroid 4179 Toutatis (1989 AC, $H = 15.3$ mag, $D = 4.6$ × 2.4 × 1.9 km, NEA , PHA). <i>Chang'e 2</i> was launched on 1 October 2010 for a lunar survey. On 8 June 2011, <i>Chang'e-2</i> completed its extended mission, and left lunar orbit for the L2 Lagrangian point, to

2012, Apr 19	test the Chinese tracking and control network. The spacecraft is expected to make a flyby of Near-Earth Asteroid 4179 Toutatis on 13 December 2012. See: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Chang'e_2 Ref: - R. Stone, 2012, <i>Science</i> , 29 July 2012, "A new dawn for China's space scientists." See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/336/6089/1630.summary?sid=87f26ee0 -0564-40b0-9367-95573a612cfd
2012, Apr 19	Apollo NEA 2012 HM13 ($H = 28.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.73 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.73 LD. [2012-09] See: 2012 HM13 - SSA, 2012 HM13 - JPL
2012, Apr 22	Apollo NEA 2017 HY (H = 27.7 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.98 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.68 LD. See: 2017 HY - SSA , 2017 HY - JPL
2012, Apr 22	California/Nevada Fireball and Airburst, Sutter's Mill Meteorite. A bright ball of light traveling east to west was seen over the skies of central/northern California (USA) on April 22. Estimates of the object give it the size of a minivan, with a weight of ~70 metric tons and at the time of disintegration releasing an energy equivalent to a 5-kiloton explosion. See: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2012-114 See also: http://www.space.com/15654-meteorite-hunt-california-fireball.html http://www.space.com/15666-meteorite-fragments-searched-sierra-nevada-mountains-video.html http://www.rgj.com/article/20120423/NEWS/304230032/Scientist-says-sound-signal-from-exploding-meteor-lasted-18-minutes?nclick_check=1 http://hscience.kqed.org/quest/2012/12/20/stardust-and-sunbreath-in-the-sutters-mill-meteorite/ http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_meteor_air_bursts Ref: - P. Jenniskens, B. Girten, D. Sears, et al., 2012, Meteoritics and Planetary Science Supplement, 75, 5376, "Recovery of the Sutter's Mill Meteorite." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012M%26PSA75.5376J - E. Underwood, Dec. 2012, Science, 338, 1521, "Sutter's Mill Meteorite produces mother lode of research." See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/338/6114/1521 - P. Jenniskens, M.D. Fries, Qing-Zhu Yin, et al., (the Sutter's Mill Meteorite Consortium), Dec. 2012, Science, 338, 1583, "Radar-enabled recovery of the Sutter's Mill Meteorite, a

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	carbonaceous chondrite regolith breccia."
	See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/338/6114/1583.abstract
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2012, Apr 24	Planetary Resources Inc. announced its formation and goals on April 24, 2012 at the Museum of Flight in Seattle (WA, USA). Press reports indicate that backers of the company including movie director and explorer James Cameron; Google executives Larry Page and Eric Schmidt; space entrepreneurs Eric Anderson and Peter Diamandis; and former Microsoft executive Charles Simonyi. The company reportedly plans to mine asteroids.
	See:
	http://www.museumofflight.org/press/space-exploration-company-make-major-announcement-museum-april-24-expand-earths-resource-bas-0
	http://www.planetaryresources.com/
	http://www.planetaryresources.in/
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	E0638&feature=plpp_play_all
	http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t0c9oZh4vTo
	http://www.space.com/15405-asteroid-mining-feasibility-study.html
	http://www.space.com/15419-asteroid-mining-billionaires-private-
	spaceflight.html
	http://www.spacepolicyonline.com/events/planetary-resources-inc-press-
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	http://edition.cnn.com/2012/04/25/showbiz/celebrity-news-gossip/james-cameron-king-of-the-world/
	http://www.thespacereview.com/article/2074/1
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	venture-planetary-resources-adds-billionaire-investors
	http://www.businessweek.com/news/2012-08-06/google-backed-
	asteroid-mining-venture-adds-billionaire-investors
	http://www.space.com/19373-planetary-resources-unveils-asteroid-
	hunting-arkyd-telescope-video.html
	http://www.skyandtelescope.com/community/skyblog/newsblog/202525
	<u>981.html</u>

	http://www.space.com/20817-asteroid-mining-satellite-test-flight.html http://www.space.com/21724-asteroid-mining-actor-rainn-wilson.html http://www.prnewswire.com/news-releases/planetary-resources-calls-on- citizens-of-earth-to-aid-in-planetary-defense-213357051.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Planetary_Resources
2012, Apr 26	H. Thompson, 2012, <i>Nature</i> , 484, 429, "Ancient asteroids kept on coming. Two-billion-year barrage hit Earth when life was beginning." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012Natur.484.429T
2012, May	P. Bodas, 2012, in: <i>American Astronomical Society, DDA meeting</i> #43, #7.10, "Keyholes and Jabbas: the role of pre-impact close approaches in asteroid deflection." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012DDA43.0710C
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	"Compositional distribution of the Near-Earth Object population" [#6433].
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	- J. Borovička, A. Igaz, P. Spurný, J. Tóth, 2012,
	Analysis of atmospheric fragmentation during the Košice
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	- M. Brozovic, L.A.M. Benner, M.C. Nolan, S.J. Ostro, et al.,
	2012, "Shape modeling of Near-Earth Asteroid (53319) 1999 JM8
	from Goldstone and Arecibo radar images" [#6183].
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	and spin of Near-Earth Asteroid 308635 (2005 YU55) from radar
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team, 2012, "The **IMPACTON** project: a new facility for NEOs studies in Brazil" [#6148].

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2012, May 17	Apollo NEA 2012 KA (H = 28.6 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.58 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.58 LD. [2012-11] See: 2012 KA - SSA, 2012 KA - JPL
2012, May 19	Apollo NEA 2010 KK37 (H = 26.0 mag, $D \approx 23$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.58 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15 LD. [2012-12] See: 2010 KK37 - SSA, 2010 KK37 - JPL
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2012, May 28	Apollo NEA 2012 KP24 (H = 26.2 mag, $D \approx 20$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.149 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.149 LD. [2012-13] See: 2012 KP24 - SSA, 2012 KP24 - JPL See also: http://www.space.com/15891-85-foot-asteroid-zooms-earth-memorial-day-orbit-diagram-video.html http://www.space.com/15895-double-asteroid-earth-flyby.html http://blogs.discovermagazine.com/badastronomy/2012/05/25/small-asteroid-to-buzz-earth-on-may-28/ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012 KP24 See also: 30 May 1939 .
2012, May 29	AIDA study. The Asteroid Impact & Deflection Assessment (AIDA) mission is a joint study effort of ESA, JHU/APL, NASA, OCA and DLR. The mission design foresees two independent spacecraft, one impactor (DART) and one rendezvous probe (AIM). As in the separate DART and AIM studies, the target of this mission is the binary NEA system 65803 Didymos (1996 GT, H = 18.1 mag, D = 780 + 160 m, PHA). Foreseen launch: 2020. Rendez-vous: October 2022. See: 65803 Didymos - SSA, 1996 GT -JPL See also: http://www.esa.int/esaMI/NEO/SEMH9CTWT1H_0.html http://www.esa.int/esaMI/NEO/SEMAWBTWT1H_0.html http://www.esa.int/our_Activities/Technology/NEO/Asteroid_deflection_mission_seeks_smashing_ideas http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jan2013/presentations/sbag8_presentations/MON_1000_SBAG_ESA_NEO_explo%20studies_final.pdf http://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/ipm2016/pdf/4043.pdf http://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/ipm2016/pdf/4043.pdf http://wwbu.org/post/nasa-designing-spacecraft-could-nudge-asteroids-out-earth-s-way#stream/0 Ref: - A. Galvez, I. Carnelli, M. Fontaine, C.C. Van Damme, 2012, European Planetary Science Congress, September 2012, EPSC Abstracts, Vol. 7 EPSC2012-807, "Asteroid impact mission (AIM) & deflection assessment: an opportunity to understand impact dynamics and modelling." See: http://meetingorganizer.copernicus.org/EPSC2012/EPSC2012-807.pdf - A.F. Cheng, P. Michel, C. Reed, et al., 2012, European Planetary Science Congress September 2012, EPSC Abstracts, Vol. 7

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	2022.html
	https://motherboard.vice.com/en_us/article/bmv3w4/heres-what-the-
	european-space-agency-agreed-to-pay-for-in-the-next-three-years
	See also: 12 Nov 2003, 4 Oct 2022, 20 Oct 2062, 4 Nov 2123.
2012, May 29	NASA Workshop on <i>Potentially Hazardous Asteroid 2011 AG5</i> ,
2012, Way 2)	NASA GSFC, Greenbelt (MD, USA), 29 May 2012.
	See:
	http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2012-
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	http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news175.html
	http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/neo/2011 AG5 Deflection Study report 13.pdf
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2012, May 29	Apollo NEA 2012 KT42 ($H = 28.6 \text{ mag}, D \approx 7 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at
	a nominal miss distance of 0.054 LD (= 3.3 R _{Earth} from the
	geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.054 LD. [2012-14]
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2012, Jun 14	Amor NEA 2012 LZ1 (<i>H</i> = 20.1 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 500 m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 14.2 LD. See: 2012 LZ1 - SSA, 2012 LZ1 - JPL Ref: - M. Hicks, W. Smythe, T. Davtyan, et al., 2012, <i>The Astronomer's Telegram</i> , #4252, "Broadband photometry of 2012 LZ1 : a large, dark Potentially Hazardous Asteroid." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012ATel.42521H See also: http://www.space.com/16131-huge-asteroid-flyby-2012-lz1-webcast.html http://www.usra.edu/news/pr/2012/asteroid_LZ1/?tw_p=twt http://www.space.com/16263-asteroid-2012lz1-size-earth-flyby.html http://phys.org/news/2012-06-arecibo-observatory-asteroid-lz1-big.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012_LZ1
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2012, Jun 21	Apollo NEA 2012 MF7 (H = 27.2 mag, $D \approx 13$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.82 LD. [2012-15] See: 2012 MF7 - SSA, 2012 MF7 - JPL
2012, Jun 23	Apollo NEA 496860 (1999 XL136 , $H = 19.4$ mag, $D \approx 500$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.49 LD.

	Minimum miss distance 4.49 LD. See: 1999 XL136 - SSA, 1999 XL136 - JPL
	See also: 22 Jun 1951.
2012, Jun 28	Sentinel Space Telescope Mission. The B612 Foundation announced plans to build, launch and operate the Sentinel Space Telescope Mission during a press conference at the Morrison Planetarium at the California Academy of Sciences in San Francisco (CA, USA). From the press release: "Sentinel is a space-based infrared (IR) survey mission to discover and catalog 90 percent of the asteroids larger than 140 meters in Earth's region of the solar system. The mission should also discover a significant number of smaller asteroids down to a diameter of 30 meters. Sentinel will be launched into a Venus-like orbit about the sun which significantly improves the efficiency of asteroid discovery during its 5.5 year mission. The spacecraft and instrument use high-heritage flight proven deep space systems, originally developed by NASA, to minimize technical and programmatic risks. These heritage missions include large space based telescopes (Spitzer, Kepler), a large format camera made up of many individual detectors (Kepler), and a cryogenically cooled instrument (Spitzer). By detecting and tracking nearly all of the Near Earth Objects greater than 50 meters in diameter, Sentinel will create a map of the solar system in Earth's neighborhood enabling future robotic and manned exploration. The Sentinel data will also identify objects that are potentially hazardous to humans to provide an early warning to protect the Earth from impact." Foreseen launch: 2018.
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2012, Jul 10-11	Seventh NASA Small Bodies Assessment Group meeting, 10-11
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2012, Jul 21	First Light Gala celebration for commissioning of the Discovery
	Channel Telescope , a 4.3 m telescope at Lowell Observatory,
	Flagstaff (AZ, USA) with 2.3-degree FoV, dedicated to NEO
	research down to $v = 23.8$ mag, in collaboration with Discovery
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	The XXVIIIth General Assembly of the International Astronomical Union, recognizing - that there is now ample evidence that the probability of catastrophic impacts of Near-Earth Objects (NEOs) onto the Earth, potentially highly destructive to life, and for humankind in particular, is not negligible and that appropriate actions are being developed to avoid such catastrophes; - that for the largest NEOs, thanks to the efforts of the astronomical community and of several space agencies, the cataloguing of the potentially hazardous ones, the monitoring of their impact possibilities, and the analysis of technologically feasible mitigations is reaching a satisfactory level; - that even the impact of small- to moderate-sized objects may represent a great threat to our civilizations and to the international community; - that our knowledge of the number, size, and orbital behaviour of smaller objects is still very limited, thus not allowing any reasonable anticipation on the likelihood of future impacts, noting that NEOs are a threat to all nations on Earth, and therefore that all nations should contribute to avert this threat, recommends that the IAU National Members work with the United Nations Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UNCOPUOS) and the International Council for Science (ICSU) to coordinate and collaborate on the establishment of an International NEO Early Warning System, relying on the scientific and technical advice of the relevant astronomical community, whose main purpose is the reliable identification of potential NEO collisions with the Earth, and the communication of the relevant parameters to suitable
	- that our knowledge of the number, size, and orbital behaviour of smaller objects is still very limited, thus not allowing any
	noting
	nations should contribute to avert this threat,
	that the IAU National Members work with the United Nations Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UNCOPUOS) and the International Council for Science (ICSU) to coordinate and collaborate on the establishment of an International NEO Early Warning System, relying on the scientific and technical advice of the relevant astronomical community, whose main purpose is the reliable identification of potential NEO collisions with the Earth,
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2012, Oct 7	Apollo NEA 2012 TV (H = 25.3 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.66 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.66 LD. [2012-16] See: 2012 TV - SSA , 2012 TV - JPL See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012_TV
2012, Oct 9	Apollo NEA 2012 TM79 (H = 26.8 mag, $D \approx 15$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.24 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.24 LD. [2012-17] See: 2012 TM79 - SSA, 2012 TM79 - JPL
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2012, Oct 12	Apollo NEA 2012 TC4 (H = 26.7 mag, $D \approx 15$ x 8 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.25 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.25 LD. [2012-18] See: 2012 TC4 - SSA, 2012 TC4 - JPL See also: http://www.space.com/18007-asteroid-coming-closer-than-the-moon-video.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012_TC4 See also: 11 Oct 1986, 12 Oct 2017.
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2012, 000 17	Northern California (USA). The subsequent fireball and sonic
	` /
	boom triggered a flood of reports by witnesses to local news
	stations and authorities, with accounts coming in from across San
	Francisco and the Bay Area.
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	x 1300 m, PHA), passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 16.85
	LD. Minimum miss distance 16.85 LD.
	See: <u>214869 2007 PA8 - SSA</u> , <u>2007 PA8 - JPL</u>
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	<u>350</u>
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2012, Nov 12	Apollo NEA 2012 VH77 ($H = 27.3 \text{ mag}, D \approx 15 \text{ m}$), passed Earth
	at a nominal miss distance of 0.52 LD. Minimum miss distance
	0.52 LD. [2012-19]

	See: <u>2012 VH77 - SSA</u> , <u>2012 VH77 - JPL</u>
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2012, Dec 11	Apollo NEA 2012 XE54 (H = 24.5 mag, $D \approx 50$ m), passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.59 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.58 LD. [2012-21] See: $2012 \times 254 - 2012 \times 2012$
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2012, Dec 12	Apollo NEA 4179 Toutatis (1989 AC , $H = 15.2 \text{ mag}$, $D = 4.6 \times 2.4 \times 1.9 \text{ km}$, orbital $P = 4.03 \text{ yr}$, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 18.0 LD. Minimum miss distance 18.0 LD. See: $\frac{4179 \text{ Toutatis} - \text{SSA}}{1989 \text{ AC} - \text{JPL}}$ See also: $\frac{\text{http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=}}{2012-397}$ $\frac{\text{http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/video/index.php?id=1175}}{\text{http://www.planetary.org/blogs/emily-lakdawalla/2012/12061004-toutatis-preview.html}}$ $\frac{\text{http://www.space.com/18843-asteroid-toutatis-flyby-webcasts.html}}{\text{http://www.space.com/18843-asteroid-toutatis-flyby-webcasts.html}}$

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	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/4179_Toutatis
	See also: 8 Dec 1992, 30 Nov 1996, 31 Oct 2000, 29 Sep 2004, 9
	Nov 2008, 5 Nov 2069.
2012 Dec 12	Fl. 1 £ 4170 T4-4: (1000 AC) H 15 2 D 4 (v2 4v1 0
2012, Dec 13	Flyby of 4179 Toutatis (1989 AC , $H = 15.3$ mag, $D = 4.6 \times 2.4 \times 1.9$
	km, Apollo NEA, PHA), at an altitude of just 3.2 km and at a
	relative velocity of 10.73 km/s, by the Chinese spacecraft
	Chang'e-2, launched on 1 October 2010 for a lunar survey
	mission. On 8 June 2011, <i>Chang'e-2</i> left lunar orbit for the L2
	Lagrangian point, to test the Chinese tracking and control network.
	It departed from L2 on 15 April 2012, heading for 4179 Toutatis,
	the largest PHA known. See:
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Chang'e_2
	See also:
	http://www.planetary.org/blogs/emily-lakdawalla/2012/12061004-
	toutatis-preview.html
	http://www.planetary.org/blogs/emily-lakdawalla/2012/12141551-
	change-2-imaging-of-toutatis.html
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2012, Dec 14	Apollo NEA 2012 XB112 ($H = 30.1 \text{ mag}, D \approx 3 \text{ m}$), passed Earth
,	at a nominal miss distance of 0.82 LD. Minimum miss distance
	0.82 LD. [2012-22]
	See: 2012 XB112 - SSA, 2012 XB112 - JPL
2012, Dec 15	Apollo NEA 2012 XL134 ($H = 28.1 \text{ mag}, D \approx 9 \text{ m}$), passed Earth
	at a nominal miss distance of 0.72 LD. Minimum miss distance
	0.71 LD. [2012-23]
	See: <u>2012 XL134 - SSA</u> , <u>2012 XL134 - JPL</u>
2012, Dec 17	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-
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2012, Dec 21	E. Underwood, 2012, <i>Science</i> , 338, 1521, "Sutter's Mill Meteorite produces mother lode of research." See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/338/6114/1521
2012, Dec 21	P. Jenniskens, M.D. Fries, Qing-Zhu Yin, et al., (the Sutter's Mill Meteorite Consortium), 2012, <i>Science</i> , 338, 1583, "Radar-enabled recovery of the Sutter's Mill Meteorite , a carbonaceous chondrite regolith breccia." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012Sci338.1521U
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2013	S. Suuroja, K. Suuroja, T. Flodén, 2013, <i>Bulletin of the Geological Society of Finland</i> , 85, 83, "A comparative analysis of two Early Palaeozoic marine impact structures in Estonia, Baltic Sea: Neugrund and Kärdla ." See:

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2013, Jan 15	Apollo NEA 2013 BR27 (H = 28.0 mag, $D \approx 9$ m), passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.57 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.56 LD. [2013-01] See: 2013 BR27 - SSA, 2013 BR27 - JPL
2013, Jan 22	Deep Space Industries, Inc., a new private asteroid-mining company, presented an ambitious plan to exploit the resources of asteroids. See:
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	http://www.space.com/19462-asteroid-mining-deep-space-industries-birth.html
2013, Jan 26	Apollo NEA 2021 CY8 (H = 26.1 mag, $D \approx 22$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.02 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.79 LD. See: $2021 \text{ CY8} - \text{S2P}$, $2021 \text{ CY8} - \text{JPL}$
2013, Jan 28	Apollo NEA 2013 CY (H = 28.4 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.90 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.90 LD. [2013-02] See: 2013 CY - SSA, 2013 CY - JPL
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2013, Feb 5	Apollo NEA 2013 CY32 (H = 28.4 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.27 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.27 LD. [2013-03] See: 2013 CY32 - SSA, 2013 CY32 - JPL
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2013, Feb 11	Apollo NEA 2013 CL129 (H = 28.8 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.72 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.72 LD. [2013-04] See: 2013 CL129 - SSA, 2013 CL129 - JPL
2013, Feb 11-22	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS) Scientific and Technical SubCommittee, 50th session,

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	- A. Harris, L. Drube, 2013, "Mitigation of the NEO impact
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2013, Feb 15, 03:2	Impact. Chelyabinsk Superbolide, Fireball, Airburst and Meteorite. Infrasound data taken around the globe indicate that the pre-impacting asteroid had an estimated size of 17 to 20 meters and an estimated mass of 11,000 tons. It was an estimated 24th mag object just before impact. The asteroid approached the Earth along a direction that remained within 15 degrees of the direction of the Sun. Asteroid detection telescopes cannot scan regions of the sky this close to the Sun. The amount of energy released during the event was 440 kT TNT. The event took 32.5 seconds from atmospheric entry, with a velocity of ~18.6 km/s, to the meteorite's airborne disintegration at an altitude of 23.3 km. Three meteorite debris impact sites were found, two of which are in an area near Chebarkul Lake, west of Chelyabinsk (Ural, Russia). The third site was found ~ 80 km further to the northwest, near the town of Zlatoust. One of the fragments that struck near Chebarkul left a hole six meters in diameter in the frozen surface of a lake. The airburst shock wave, which arrived 88 seconds after the superbolide's flash, damaged numerous buildings, and blew out thousands of glass windows amid frigid winter weather. Over 1500 people needed medical attention for minor injuries. See: http://rt.com/news/meteorite-crash-urals-chelyabinsk-283/http://marateaman.livejournal.com/27910.html http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2013-061 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2013-061 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2013-061 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2013-061 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2013-061 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2013-061 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2013-061 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2013-061 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2013-061
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aftermath-a-sigh-of-relief.html?pagewanted=all& r=2&

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2013, Jun 2	T. Grav, A.K.Mainzer, J.M. Bauer, et al., 2013, presented at the <i>American Astronomical Society Meeting</i> #222, Indianapolis (IN, USA), 2-6 June 2013, #402.0, "The <i>WISE</i> survey of the Near-Earth Asteroids (<i>NEOWISE</i>)." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013AAS22240201G
2013, Jun 3-4	Workshop "The science of MarcoPolo-R, Europe's asteroid sample return mission study", ESTEC, Noordwijk (Netherlands). See: http://www.sciops.esa.int/The_science_of_MarcoPolo-R
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2013, Jun 11	I.A. Crawford, 2013, in: V. Badescu (ed.), 2013, <i>Asteroids:</i> Prospective Energy and Material Resources (Springer), "Asteroids in the service of humanity." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013arXiv1306.2678C See also: http://www.whitehouse.gov/blog/2013/06/25/target-asteroids-citizen-science-tracking-near-earth-asteroids-science-and-humanity

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2013, Jun 14	A.E. Saal, E.H. Hauri, J.A. Van Orman, et al., 2013, <i>Science</i> , 340, 1317, "Hydrogen isotopes in lunar volcanic glasses and melt inclusions reveal a carbonaceous chondrite heritage." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013Sci340.13178 See also: http://www.space.com/21047-earth-moon-water-meteorites.html
2013, Jun 18	Grand Challenge. NASA announced a Grand Challenge focused on finding all asteroid threats to human populations and knowing what to do about them. The challenge, which was announced at an Asteroid Initiative industry and partner day at NASA Headquarters in Washington, is a large-scale effort that will use multi-disciplinary collaborations and a variety of partnerships with other government agencies, international partners, industry, academia, and citizen scientists. It complements NASA's recently announced mission to redirect an asteroid and send humans to study it. See: http://www.nasa.gov/mission_pages/asteroids/initiative/index.html http://www.nasa.gov/asteroidinitiative See also: http://www.space.com/21610-nasa-asteroid-threat-grand-challenge.html http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=f5rsJwsyni4 http://go.nasa.gov/12tf231 http://go.nasa.gov/19A67iI http://www.nasa.gov/press/2015/march/nasa-announces-next-steps-on-

	journey-to-mars-progress-on-asteroid-initiative
2013, Jun 18	10,000-st Near Earth Object registered by the Minor Planet Center: Amor NEA 511002 (2013 MZ5, H = 20.1 mag, D≈ 300 m), when it passed Earth at a nominal distance of 180 LD. See: 2013 MZ5 - SSA, 2013 MZ5 - JPL The NASA site Near Earth Object Program / Discovery Statistics lists 10,003 NEOs: 94 Near Earth Comets and 9909 Near Earth Asteroids. The search continues. See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2013-207 See also: http://www.space.com/21735-asteroid-telescope-finds-10000-space-rock.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2013 MZ5
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	assist maneuver." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013SoSyR47325E
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2013, Jul	V.V. Ivashkin, I.V. Krylov, A. Lan, 2013, <i>Solar System Research</i> , 47, 334, "Optimum trajectories for spacecraft mission to asteroid Apophis with a return to the Earth". See http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013SoSyR47334I
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- J. Pittichova, S.R. Chesley, M.D. Hicks, et al., 2013, DPS meeting #45, #101.06, "Physical haracterization of *Deep Impact* flyby target (163249) 2002 GT [NEA, PHA]."

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See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013DPS....4520809R

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See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013DPS....4510104S

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See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013DPS....4520829T

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See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013DPS....4520808T

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See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013DPS....4510108T

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See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013DPS....4520507T

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2013, Oct 6-11	2013 Carl Sagan Medal from the American Astronomical Society received by Donald K. Yeomans, during the AAS Division for Planetary Sciences annual meeting, 6 to 11 October 2013 in Denver (CO, USA). See: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2013-220
2013, Oct 9	Apollo NEA 2013 TL127 (H = 26.9 mag, $D \approx 15$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.98 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.98 LD. [2013-17] See: 2013 TL127 - SSA, 2013 TL127 - JPL
2013, Oct 10	J. Borovička, J. Tóth, A. Igaz, 2013, <i>Meteorics & Planetary Science</i> , 48, 1757, "The Košice meteorite fall : atmospheric trajectory, fragmentation, and orbit." See: http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/maps.12078/
2013, Oct 17	P. Plait, <i>Bad Astronomy</i> , 17 October 2013, "Huge chunk of Russian meteorite found at the bottom of a lake." <i>M</i> = 570 kg, <i>D</i> ≈ 1 m. See: http://www.slate.com/blogs/bad_astronomy/2013/10/17/chelyabinsk_imp act huge chunk of asteroid dredged up from lake.html http://www.nytimes.com/2013/10/17/world/europe/meteorite-pulled-from-russian-lake-breaks-into-3-

	pieces.html?emc=edit_tnt_20131016&tntemail0=y&_r=1&_http://cdn.rt.com/files/news/20/c7/20/00/946221_meteo_2_web.mp4
2013, Oct 21	Apollo NEA 2013 UR1 ($H = 28.0$ mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.65 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.65 LD. [2013-18] See: 2013 UR1 - SSA, 2013 UR1 - JPL
2013, Oct 22	UN-COPUOS / AT14 plans to coordinate international efforts to defend the Earth from the threat posed by asteroids, presented to the United Nations General Assembly by UN-COPUOS chairman Yasushi Horikawa. The plans were set out in a draft resolution and accompanying report at a meeting of the UN's Fourth Committee of the General Assembly. The plans have yet to be formally adopted as a resolution by the General Assembly and are expected to be fully implemented at a vote in November-December 2013. See: http://www.un.org/apps/news/story.asp?NewsID=36449&Cr=general+assembly&Cr1=#.UneQvFOtOSp
2013, Oct 25	Apollo NEA 2013 UX2 (H = 29.1 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.39 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.39 LD. [2013-19] See: 2013 UX2 - SSA, 2013 UX2 - JPL
2013, Oct 29	Apollo NEA 2013 UV3 (H = 27.1 mag, $D \approx 13$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.74 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.73 LD. [2013-20] See: 2013 UV3 - SSA, 2013 UV3 - JPL
2013, Oct-Nov	A.F.J. Abercromby, S.P. Chappell, M.L. Gernhardt, 2013, <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , 91, 34, "Desert RATS 2011: Human and robotic exploration of near-Earth asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013AcAau9134A
2013, Nov	T. Bose, S. Misra, S. Chakraborty, K. Reddy, 2013, <i>Earth, Moon, and Planets</i> , 111, 31, "Gamma (gamma)-ray activity as a tool for identification of hidden ejecta deposits around impact crater on basaltic target: example from Lonar Crater , India." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013EM%26P11131B
2013, Nov	M.A. Galiazzo, Á. Bazsó, M.S. Huber, et al., 2013, <i>Astronomische Nachrichten</i> , 334, 936, "A statistical dynamical study of meteorite impactors: A case study based on parameters derived from the Bosumtwi impact event." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013AN334.936G

2013, Nov	C.T. Russell, C.A. Raymond, R. Jaumann, et al., 2013, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 48, 2076, " <i>Dawn</i> completes its mission at 4 Vesta." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013M%26PS48.2076R
2013, Nov	S. Steinberg, C. Kundrot, J. Charles, 2013, <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , 92, 119, "Human health and performance considerations for Near Earth asteroids (NEA)." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013AcAau921198
2013, Nov	T. Terai, S. Urakawa, J. Takahashi, et al., 2013, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> , 559, 106, "Time-series photometry of Earth flyby asteroid 2012 DA14." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013A%26A559A.106T
2013, Nov	J.M. Madiedo, J.M. Trigo-Rodríguez, J.L. Ortiz, et al., 2013, <i>Monthly Notices Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 435, 2023, "Spectroscopy and orbital analysis of bright bolides observed over the Iberian Peninsula from 2010 to 2012." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013MNRAS.435.2023M
2013, Nov 1	P. Pergola, 2013, <i>Advances in Space Research</i> , 52, 1622, "Small satellite survey mission to the second Earth moon [3753 Cruithne (1986 TO)]." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013AdSpR52.1622P
2013, Nov 4	M. Tibbits, M. Elvis, J.L. Galache, et al., 2013, in: Proc. <i>Astronomical Data Analysis Software and Systems XXII</i> , Champaign (Illinois, USA), 4-8 November 2012, ASP-CS 475, 259, "NEOview: Near Earth Object data discovery and query." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013ASPC475259T
2013, Nov 5	S.D. Miller, W.C. Straka, A.B. Scott Bachmeier, et al., 2013, <i>Proceedings National Academy of Sciences</i> , 110, 18092, "Earthviewing satellite perspectives on the Chelyabinsk meteor event." See: http://www.pnas.org/content/110/45/18092.short See also: http://www.space.com/23273-russia-meteor-chelyabinsk-satellite-photos.html
2013, Nov 8	Apollo NEA 2013 VJ11 (H = 27.9 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.89 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.89 LD. [2013-21] See: 2013 VJ11 - SSA, 2013 VJ11 - JPL
2013, Nov 10	K.T. Howard, M.J. Bailey, D. Berhanu, 2013, Nature Geoscience,

	6, 1018, "Biomass preservation in impact melt ejecta." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013NatGe6.1018H
2013, Nov 11-15	1st COSPAR Symposium Planetary systems of our Sun and stars, and the future of space astronomy, Bangkok (Thailand), 11-15 November 2013. Session 5: Small bodies. See: http://www.cospar2013.gistda.or.th
2013, Nov 14	J. Borovička, P. Spurný, P. Brown, et al., 2013, <i>Nature</i> , 503, 235, "The trajectory, structure and origin of the Chelyabinsk asteroidal impactor." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013Natur.503235B
2013, Nov 14	P.G. Brown, J.D. Assink, L. Astiz, et al., 2013, <i>Nature</i> , 503, 238, "A 500-kiloton airburst over Chelyabinsk and an enhanced hazard from small impactors." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013Natur.503238B See also: http://news.sciencemag.org/space/2013/11/siberian-blast-points-more-destructive-meteors-ahead
2013, Nov 15	J.D. Kramers, M.A.G. Andreoli, M. Atanasova, 2013, <i>Earth and Planetary Science Letters</i> , 382, 21, "Unique chemistry of a diamond-bearing pebble from the Libyan Desert Glass strewnfield, SW Egypt: Evidence for a shocked comet fragment." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013E%26PSL.38221K First ever evidence of a comet striking Earth. News release, 8 October 2013, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg (South Africa): " A comet entered Earth's atmosphere above Egypt about 28 million years ago. As it entered the atmosphere, it exploded, heating up the sand beneath it to a temperature of about 2 000 degrees Celsius, and resulting in the formation of a huge amount of yellow silica glass which lies scattered over a 6 000 square kilometer area in the Sahara. A magnificent specimen of the glass, polished by ancient jewellers, is found in Tutankhamun's brooch with its striking yellow-brown scarab" See: http://www.wits.ac.za/newsroom/newsitems/201310/21649/news_item_2">http://www.wits.ac.za/newsroom/newsitems/201310/21649/news_item_2">http://www.wits.ac.za/newsroom/newsitems/201310/21649/news_item_2">http://www.wits.ac.za/newsroom/newsitems/201310/21649/news_item_2">http://www.wits.ac.za/newsroom/newsitems/201310/21649/news_item_2">http://www.wits.ac.za/newsroom/newsitems/201310/21649/news_item_2">http://www.wits.ac.za/newsroom/newsitems/201310/21649/news_item_2">http://www.wits.ac.za/newsroom/newsitems/201310/21649/news_item_2">http://www.wits.ac.za/newsroom/newsitems/201310/21649/news_item_2">http://www.wits.ac.za/newsroom/newsitems/201310/21649/news_item_2">http://www.wits.ac.za/newsroom/newsitems/201310/21649/news_item_2">http://www.wits.ac.za/newsroom/newsitems/201310/21649/news_item_2">http://www.wits.ac.za/newsroom/newsitems/201310/21649/news_item_2">http://www.wits.ac.za/newsroom/newsitems/201310/21649/news_item_2">http://www.wits.ac.za/newsroom/news
2013, Nov 16	S. Eggl, A. Ivantsov, D. Hestroffer, et al., 2013, in: L. Cambresy et al. (eds.), Proc. Annual Meeting of the French Society of Astronomy and Astrophysics (SF2A-2013), p. 169, "High-precision astrometry in asteroid mitigation - the NEOShield perspective." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013sf2a.conf169E

2013, Nov 16	D. Hestroffer, F. Deleflie, 2013, in: L. Cambresy et al. (eds.), Proc. Annual Meeting of the French Society of Astronomy and Astrophysics (SF2A-2013), p. 183, "PôDET: a centre for Earth dynamical environment." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013sf2a.conf183H
2013, Nov 20-22	NASA <i>Asteroid Initiative Idea Synthesis Workshop</i> , 20 - 22 November 2013, Lunar and Planetary Institute, Houston (TX, USA). See: http://www.nasa.gov/asteroidworkshop/
2013, Nov 21	C. de la Fuente Marcos, R. de la Fuente Marcos, 2013, <i>Monthly Notices Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 436, L15, "The Chelyabinsk superbolide: a fragment of asteroid 2011 EO40?" See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013MNRAS.436L15D
2013, Nov 26	Apollo NEA 2013 NJ (H = 22.1 mag, $D \approx 130$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.47 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.47 LD. See: 2013 NJ - JPL, 2013 NJ - SSA See also: 24 Nov 1956, 24 Nov 1997, 26 Nov 2067.
2013, Nov 28	Editorial, 2013, <i>Nature Geoscience</i> , 6, 987, "The upside of impacts." See: http://www.nature.com/ngeo/journal/v6/n12/full/ngeo2036.html
2013, Nov 29	C.R. Chapman, 2013, <i>Science</i> , 342, 1051, "Calibrating asteroid impact." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013Sci342.1051C
2013, Nov 29	O.P. Popova, P. Jenniskens, V. Emel'yanenko, et al., 2013, <i>Science</i> , 342, 1069, "Chelyabinsk Airburst, damage assessment, meteorite recovery, and characterization." See: http://www.sciencemag.org/content/342/6162/1069
2013, Nov 29	Apollo NEA 2013 WH25 (H = 29.6 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.35 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.34 LD. [2013-22] See: 2013 WH25 - SSA, 2013 WH25 - JPL
2013, Dec	A. Fazio, M. D'Orazio, L. Folco, et al., 2013, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 48, 2451, "The extremely reduced silicatebearing iron meteorite Northwest Africa 6583 : implications on the variety of the impact melt rocks of the IAB-complex parent body."

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2013, Dec 11	A. Ivantsov, S. Eggl, D. Hestroffer, W. Thuillot, 2013, e-print arXiv:1312.3175, "On future opportunities to observe gravitational scattering of main belt asteroids into NEO source regions." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013arXiv1312.31751 See also: http://syrte.obspm.fr/journees2013/powerpoint/ivantsov_poster_jsr13.pdf
2013, Dec 11	Apollo NEA 2013 XS21 (H = 29.4 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.19 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.19 LD. [2013-23] See: $2013 \times 21 - 21 \times 2013 \times 21 - 21 \times 2013 \times 21 - 21 \times 2013 \times \times $
2013, Dec 12	Jiangchuan Huang, Jianghui Ji, Peijian Ye, et al., 2013, <i>Nature Scientific Reports</i> , 3, article number 3411, "The ginger-shaped asteroid 4179 Toutatis: new observations from a successful flyby of <i>Chang'e-2</i> ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013NatSR3E3411H
2013, Dec 19	Launch of ESA spacecraft <i>Gaia</i> to Sun-Earth L2 Lagrangian point for a 5-yr mission. As part of its overall mission, with a limiting magnitude of <i>v</i> ≈ 20 mag, <i>Gaia</i> (two 1.4 x 0.5 m telescopes, optical) is expected to detect ~300,000 minor planets, many of which will be NEOs, down to a solar elongation of 45°, with unprecedented accuracy. See: http://www.rssd.esa.int/Gaia http://www.esa.int/Our Activities/Space Science/Gaia/Gaia overview http://blogs.esa.int/our Activities/Space Science/Gaia/Countdown to 1 aunch of ESA s billion-star surveyor http://www.esa.int/Our Activities/Space Science/Gaia/Gaia Go for science Ref: - S. Mouret, D. Hestroffer, F. Mignard, 2007, in: A. Milani, G.B. Valsecchi & D. Vokrouhlický (eds.), Proc. IAU Symposium No. 236 on <i>Near Earth Objects, our Celestial Neighbors: Opportunity and Risk</i> , Prague (Czech Republic), 14-18 August 2006 (Cambridge: CUP), p. 435, "Asteroid mass determination with the <i>Gaia</i> mission."

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See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010IAUS..261..325H

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2013, Dec 19	NASA's asteroid hunter spacecraft <i>NEOWISE</i> returns first images after reactivation. Survey restart on 23 December 2013. See: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2013-373 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2014-006 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2014-023
2013, Dec 21	J.M. Madiedo, J.M. Trigo-Rodríguez, J. Zamorano, et al., 2013, Monthly Notices Royal Astronomical Society, 436, 3656, "Analysis of a superbolide from a damocloid observed over Spain on 2012 July 13." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013MNRAS.436.3656M
2013, Dec 23	Apollo NEA 2013 YB ($H = 31.4 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 1.8 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.071 LD (= 4.26 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.069 LD. [2013-24] See: $2013 \text{ YB} - SSA$, $2013 \text{ YB} - JPL$
2014 , Jan 1	10476 NEAs known (ranging in size up to \sim 37 km: 1036 Ganymed, A924 UB, $H = 9.45$ mag, $D = 36.5$ km, Amor NEA), of which 1437 PHAs (ranging in size from 140 m up to \sim 5 km: 4179 Toutatis, 1989 AC, $H = 15.3$ mag, $D = 4.6 \times 2.4 \times 1.9$ km, Apollo NEA, PHA). See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/
2014	Cancelled: Launch of AsteroidFinder, a space project of the German Aerospace Center (DLR) with a one-year baseline mission duration, with a 25-cm telescope and a 2°×2° FoV, to operate in a Sun-synchronous low-Earth orbit. The primary goals are to estimate the population of NEOs interior to Earth's orbit (IEOs) down to v = 18.5 mag, their size distribution, and their orbital properties, along with impact hazard assessment. See: http://www.dlr.de/pf/en/desktopdefault.aspx/tabid-174/319_read-18911/ Ref: - M. Hartl, H. Mosebach, J. Schubert, 2010, abstract in:

	International Conference on Space Optics, Rhodes (Greece), 4-8 October 2010, "AsteroidFinder – the space-borne telescope to search for NEO asteroids." See: http://congrex.nl//FCXNL-10A02-1986358-2-
	HARTL ICSO PAPER[1].pdf See also:
	http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/pres/stsc2008/tech-13.pdf
	http://www.lpi.usra.edu/meetings/acm2008/pdf/8140.pdf http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/reports/ac105/AC105_976E.pdf
	Note: The project had successfully completed a Phase-B study in October 2011. Unfortunately, however, due to financial constraints, mainly due to the difficulty of procurement of an affordable launcher for the desired orbit, the project has been terminated shortly after (priv. comm.).
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2014, Jun 3, 17:38	Aten NEA 2014 LY21 (H = 28.8 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.052 LD (= 3.15 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.023 LD. [2014-18] See: 2014 LY21 - SSA, 2014 LY21 - JPL See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2014_LY21
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2014, Oct 18	Apollo NEA 2016 UD (H = 26.5 mag, $D \approx 18$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.13 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.08 LD. [2014-26] See: 2016 UD - SSA, 2016 UD - JPL See also: 17 Oct 2016.
2014, Oct 19	Apollo NEA 2014 UU 56 (H = 28.5 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.68 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.68 LD. [2014-27] See: 2014 UU56 - SSA, 2014 UU56 - JPL
2014, Oct 20	Apollo NEA 2014 TW57 ($H = 19.7 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 470 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.35 AU. Minimum miss distance 0.35 AU. See: $2014 \text{ TW57} - \text{SSA}$, $2014 \text{ TW57} - \text{JPL}$ Hefele et al. (February, 2020) predict a close approach of 0.017 AU = 6.62 LD in Sepember 2165. Re: - J.D. Hefele, F. Bortolussi, S. Portegies Zwart, 2020, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> , 634, 45, "Identifying Earth-impacting asteroids using an artificial neural network." See: https://www.aanda.org/articles/aa/full_html/2020/02/aa35983-19/aa35983-19.html See also: https://www.astronomie.nl/leiden-astronomers-discover-potential-near-earth-objects-76 See also: September 2165 .
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2014, Dec	IAA Press Release 14/5, Dec. 2014, Hypothetical asteroid impact exercise posed for 2015 IAA Planetary Defense Conference. See: http://iaaweb.org/iaa/Scientific%20Activity/prpdc2015.pdf
2014, Dec 1	M.G. Sokolova, Y.A. Nefedyev, N.Y. Varaksina, 2014, <i>Advances in Space Research</i> , 54, 2415, "Asteroid and comet hazard: identification problem of observed space objects with the parental bodies." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2014AdSpR54.2415S
2014, Dec 2	M. Yoshikawa (JAXA), J. Watanabe, (NAOJ), N. Takahashi, S. Urakawa (JSGA), 2014, Tokyo (Japan), <i>APRSAF-21</i> , " Asia-Pacific Asteroid Observation Network ." See: https://aprsaf.org/annual_meetings/aprsaf21/pdf/new_cooperation_session/Proposal_4_APAON_AP21_NewCoop_rev.pdf See also:

	http://www.spaceguard.or.jp/apaon/index.html
	http://iaaweb.org/iaa/Scientific%20Activity/conf/pdc2015/IAA-PDC-15-
	<u>01-05ab.pdf</u>
2014, Dec 3	Launch of NEA sample return mission <i>Hayabusa 2</i> . This is a follow-
	on to the <i>Hayabusa</i> mission, and carried out by the Japanese space
	agency JAXA. The target is NEA Ryugu (162173, 1999 JU3). The
	<i>Hayabusa 2</i> spacecraft is expected to arrive at the target in 2018,
	survey the NEA for 1.5 year, depart in December 2019, and return to
	Earth in December 2020. For this mission the Germany space agency
	DLR built a small lander called <i>MASCOT</i> (<i>Mobile Asteroid Surface</i>
	Scout) for the mission, in cooperation with the French space agency
	CNES.
	See:
	http://www.jspec.jaxa.jp/e/activity/hayabusa2.html
	http://blogs.nature.com/news/2012/02/japan%e2%80%99s-second-asteroid-
	probe-gets-the-green-light.html
	http://www.dlr.de/irs/en/desktopdefault.aspx/tabid-7902/13482_read-34316
	http://www.dlr.de/dlr/en/desktopdefault.aspx/tabid-10081/151_read-
	5375/year-all/
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	http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jan2013/presentations/sbag8_present
	ations/TUES_0900_Hayabusa-2.pdf
	http://www.dlr.de/dlr/en/desktopdefault.aspx/tabid-10081/151_read-
	7355/year-all/#gallery/11287
	http://b612.jspec.jaxa.jp/hayabusa2/e/index_e.html
	http://global.jaxa.jp/press/2014/09/20140930_h2af26.html
	http://global.jaxa.jp/projects/sat/hayabusa2/
	http://www.dlr.de/dlr/en/desktopdefault.aspx/tabid-10081/151_read-
	12372/year-all/#/gallery/17357
	http://www.dlr.de/dlr/en/desktopdefault.aspx/tabid-10081/151_read-
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	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012DPS4410204M
	- F. Vilas, 2012, American Astronomical Society, <i>DPS meeting</i>
	#44, #102.03, "New spectral reflectance observations of <i>Hayabusa</i>
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	- D. Lazzaro, M.A. Barucci, D. Perna, et al., 2012, Astronomy &
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	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013A%26A549L2L - N.A. Moskovitz, S. Abe, KS. Pan, et al., 2013, <i>Icarus</i> , 224, 24, "Rotational characterization of <i>Hayabusa II</i> target asteroid (162173) 1999 JU3."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013Icar22424M
2014, Dec 5	Resolution 69/85 adopted by the <i>United Nations General Assembly</i> on 5 December 2014, 9/10: "The General Assembly, 9. Notes the importance of information-sharing in discovering, monitoring and physically characterizing potentially hazardous near-Earth objects to ensure that all countries, in particular developing countries with limited capacity in predicting and mitigating a near-Earth object impact, are aware of potential threats, emphasizes the need for capacity-building for effective emergency response and disaster management in the event of a near-Earth object impact, and recalls in that regard the recommendations for an international response to the near-Earth object impact threat, endorsed by the Scientific and Technical Subcommittee at its fiftieth session and by the Committee at its fifty-sixth session; 10. Notes with satisfaction that progress on establishing an international asteroid warning network and a space mission planning advisory group to implement the recommendations for an international response to the near-Earth object impact threat would be reported to the Subcommittee at its fifty-second session; See: http://www.unoosa.org/pdf/gares/A_RES_69_085E.pdf
2014, Dec 7	Apollo NEA 2014 WX202 (H = 29.8 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.98 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.98 LD. [2014-31] See: $2014 \text{ WX202} - \text{SSA}$, $2014 \text{ WX202} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 2 Sep 1979 .
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2014, Dec 18	Preparing for an asteroid strike, ESA <i>NEO Newsletter</i> , 18 December 2014.

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2014, Dec 26	Apollo NEA 2014 YR14 (H = 25.9 mag, $D \approx 23$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.91 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.91 LD. [2014-32] See: 2014 YR14 - SSA, 2014 YR14 - JPL
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2015	L.D. Schmadel, 2015, <i>Dictionary of Minor Planet Names</i> , Addendum to 6th Edition: 2012-2014, ISBN 978-3-319-17676-5 (Switzerland: Springer International Publishing). See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2015dmpn.bookS
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2015, Jan	H.C. Connolly, D.S. Lauretta, K.J. Walsh, et al., 2015, <i>Earth</i> , <i>Planets and Space</i> , 67, 12, "Towards understanding the dynamical evolution of asteroid 25143 Itokawa : constraints from sample analysis." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2015EP%26S6712C

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	 - D. Sears, D.H. Wooden, D.G. Korycanksy, 2015, <i>LPI Contribution</i> No. 1829, p.6049, "Asteroid geophysics and quantifying the impact hazard." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2015LPICo1829.60498 - P.F. Wren, R.A. Fevig, N. Kaabouch, et al., 2015, <i>LPI Contribution</i> No. 1829, p.6033, "<i>Rapid Response Spacecraft (R²S)</i>: a technology demonstrator for NEO reconnaissance mission." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2015LPICo1829.6033W
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	See: 2015 BP513 - SSA , 2015 BP513 - JPL
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2015, Jan 20	Apollo NEA 2015 BE511 (H = 28.7 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.42 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.42 LD. [2015-03] See: 2015 BE511 - SSA, 2015 BE511 - JPL
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	- M. Yoshikawa, <i>Hayabusa2</i> Project Team, JAXA, 2015, "Status
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2015, Feb 4	Minor Planet Center appointed Matthew J. Holman Interim
2015,100	Director.
	See:
	http://www.minorplanetcenter.org/blog/?p=922
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	http://www.minorplanetcenter.net/about
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2015, Feb. 4-5	Workshop on Early Solar System Impact Bombardment III,
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	No. 1826, p.3032, "Application of a new method for exploring the
	Copernican cratering record."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2015LPICo1826.3032M
	- D.A. Minton, A.P. Jackson, E. Asphaug, et al., 2015, LPI
	Contribution No. 1826, p.3033, "Debris from Borealis Basin
	formation as the primary impactor population of Late Heavy
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	- N. Movshovitz, F. Nimmo, D.G. Korycansky, et al., 2015, <i>LPI</i>
	Contribution No. 1826, p.3013, "Destruction and re-Accretion of
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2015, Apr 14	Apollo NEA 2015 HG182 ($H = 28.9 \text{ mag}, D \approx 6 \text{ m}$) passed Earth
2013, 11pr 14	at a nominal miss distance of 0.86 LD. Minimum miss distance
	0.85 LD. [2015-12]
	See: 2015 HG182 - SSA, 2015 HG182 - JPL
2015, Apr 16	Apollo NEA 2015 GL13 ($H = 29.1 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 5 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at
	a nominal miss distance of 0.48 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.48
	LD. [2015-13]
	See: <u>2015 GL13 - SSA</u> , <u>2015 GL13 - JPL</u>
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- , 1 ,	in distant asteroids."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2015Sci348271H
2015, Apr 21	Apollo NEA 2015 HD1 ($H = 27.7 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 10 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at
	a nominal miss distance of 0.15 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15
	LD. [2015-14]
	See: <u>2015 HD1 - SSA</u> , <u>2015 HD1 - JPL</u>
2015 A 27 M	124h Hungard Godett (HVIS) Summerium Durit
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2015, May 23	Apollo NEA 2015 KW121 (H = 26.2 mag, $D \approx 20$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.74 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.74 LD. [2015-16] See: $2015 \text{ KW121} - \text{SSA}$, $2015 \text{ KW121} - \text{JPL}$
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2015, Jun 10	Aten NEA 2021 JW2 (H = 27.6 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.52 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.61 LD. See: $2021 \text{ JW2} - \text{S2P}$, $2021 \text{ JW2} - \text{JPL}$
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2015, Nov 2	ESA SSA-NEO Coordination Centre Newsletter, 2 November 2015. See: http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters
2015, Nov 5	Apollo NEA 2015 VP64 ($H = 28.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.73 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.73

	LD. [2015-22] See: 2015 VP64 - SSA, 2015 VP64 - JPL
2015, Nov 6	Aten NEA 2015 VU64 (H = 30.8 mag, D \approx 2.4 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.26 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.26 LD. [2015-23] See: 2015 VU64 - SSA, 2015 VU64 - JPL
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	<u>campaign=d01d8de45d-</u> <u>Nov+2015+Newsletter&utm_medium=email&utm_term=0_a5e19079bd_d01d8de45d-76853353&goal=0_a5e19079bd-d01d8de45d-76853353</u>
2015, Nov 20	Apollo NEA 2015 WP2 ($H = 30.1 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 3 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.60 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.60 LD. [2015-25] See: $2015 \text{ WP2} - \text{SSA}$, $2015 \text{ WP2} - \text{JPL}$
2015, Nov 23	NASA draft report from the <i>Asteroid Redirect Mission</i> Formulation Assessment and Support Team (<i>ARM</i>), for public comment . See: https://www.nasa.gov/arm http://www.nasa.gov/feature/arm-fast http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=6593
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	shower."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2015P%26SS11825R
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	from proposed man-made impactors into near-Earth objects a
	NEOShield study."
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	Sec. http://adsaos.harvard.edu/aos/2014achicom4625
2015, Dec 1	ESA SSA-NEO Coordination Centre Newsletter, 1 December 2015.
2013, Dec 1	· ·
	See: http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters
2015 D 0.0	AAGGAR THE ATTER CONTROL OF TH
2015, Dec 8-9	AASSA Regional Workshop on SHER Communication, Jakarta,
	8-9 December 2015.
	See:
	http://www.interacademies.net/ProjectsAndActivities/10880/28034.aspx
2017 7	A. NEL 22242 (1000 WITCH IV. 10.2
2015, Dec 11	Aten NEA 33342 (1998 WT24, $H = 18.3 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 415 \text{ m}$, PHA)
	passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 10.9 LD. Minimum
	miss distance 10.9 LD.
	See: <u>1998 WT24 - SSA</u> , <u>1998 WT24 - JPL</u>
	See also:
	http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/images/1998wt24.html
	http://science.nasa.gov/science-news/science-at-nasa/2001/ast14dec_1/
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2015, Dec 13	Apollo NEA 2015 YJ ($H = 28.2$ mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.19 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.18 LD. [2015-26] See: 2015 YJ - SSA, 2015 YJ - JPL See also: 24 May 2055 .
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2015, Dec 15	Asteroid 2015 XY261 (H = 27.5 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.75 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.75 LD. [2015-27] See: 2015 XY261 - SSA, 2015 XY261 - JPL
2015, Dec 21	M.R. Rampino, K. Caldeira, 2015, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 454, 3480, "Periodic impact cratering and extinction events over the last 260 million years." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2015MNRAS.454.3480R
2015, Dec 21	N. Wang, Q.Y. Peng, X.L. Zhang, et al., 2015, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 454, 3805, "Precise CCD positions of Apophis in 2013." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2015MNRAS.454.3805W
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2015, Dec 24	Aten NEA 2021 BW1 , $H = 26.6$ mag, $D \approx 17$ m passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.32 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.60 LD. See: $2021 \text{ BW1} - \text{S2P}$, $2021 \text{ BW1} - \text{JPL}$
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2016, Jan	A.S. Rivkin, F. Marchis, J.A. Stansberry, et al., 2015, <i>Publications of the Astronomical Society of the Pacific</i> , 128, 018003, "Asteroids and the <i>James Webb Space Telescope</i> ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2016PASP128a8003R
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2016, Jan 10	Apollo NEA 2016 AQ164 (H = 29.7 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.27 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.27 LD. [2016-01] See: 2016 AQ164 - SSA, 2016 AQ164 - JPL
2016, Jan 12	Apollo NEA 2016 AH164 ($H=30.0$ mag, $D\approx4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.069 LD (= 4.18 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.068 LD. [2016-02] See: 2016 AH164 - SSA, 2016 AH164 - JPL See also: 10 Jan 1992.

2016, Jan 13	Apollo NEA 2016 AN165 ($H = 28.0$ mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.47 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.47 LD. [2016-03] See: 2016 AN165 - SSA, 2016 AN165 - JPL See also: 12 Jan 1966 .
2016, Jan 14	Apollo NEA 2016 AN164 ($H = 30.5 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 2.8 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.0964 LD (= 5.81 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.0962 LD. [2016-04] See: $2016 \text{ AN164} - SSA$, $2016 \text{ AN164} - JPL$
2016, Jan 18	Apollo NEA 2018 BF3 (H = 26.1 mag, $D \approx 22$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.31 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.37 LD. See: 2018 BF3 - SSA, 2018 BF3 - JPL See also: 19 Jan 2018 .
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2016, Jan 26	Apollo NEA 2019 BV2 (H = 25.6 mag, $D \approx 27$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.66 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.58 LD. See: 2019 BV2 - JPL, 2019 BV2 - SSA See also: 1 Aug 1954 , 2 Aug 2064 .
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2016, Feb 25	Apollo NEA 2016 DY30 ($H = 30.7 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 2.5 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.037 LD (= 2.25 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.037 LD. [2016-09] See: $\underline{2016 \text{ DY30 - SSA}}$, $\underline{2016 \text{ DY30 - JPL}}$ See also: http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [June 2020]
2016, Feb 26	Apollo NEA 2016 DK2 (H = 29.0 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.83 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.82 LD. [2016-10] See: $2016 DK2 - SSA$, $2016 DK2 - JPL$
2016, Feb 29	Apollo NEA 2016 DA31 ($H = 30.1$ mag, $D \approx 3$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.52 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.52 LD. [2016-11] See: $2016 \text{ DA31} - \text{SSA}$, $2016 \text{ DA31} - \text{JPL}$
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2016, Mar 1	ESA SSA-NEO Coordination Centre Newsletter, 1 March 2016. See: http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters
2016, Mar 3, 05:17	Apollo NEA 2016 DV1 (H = 24.9 mag, $D \approx 40$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.03 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.03 LD. See: 2016 DV1 - SSA , 2016 DV1 - JPL See also: 2 March 1989 .
2016, Mar 3, 18:06	Apollo NEA 2016 EK1 (H = 29.2 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.53 LD. [2016-12] See: $2016 \text{ EK1} - \text{SSA}$, $2016 \text{ EK1} - \text{JPL}$
2016, Mar 4	Apollo NEA 2016 EL1 (H = 28.1 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.60 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.60 LD. [2016-13] See: 2016 EL1 - SSA, 2016 EL1 - JPL
2016, Mar 5-12	2016 IEEE Aerospace Conference, Session 2.12, Asteroid Detection, Characterization, Sample-Return, and Deflection, 5- 12 March 2016, Big Sky (Montana, USA). See: http://www.aeroconf.org/ Among the papers: - S.R. Chesley, P. Vereš, 2016, "The Large Synoptic Survey Telescope: projected near-earth object discovery performance."
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2016, Mar 8, 05:06	Apollo NEA 2016 EV28 (H = 28.6 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.40 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.40 LD. [2016-14] See: 2016 EV28 - SSA, 2016 EV28 - JPL
2016, Mar 10	Apollo NEA 2016 EN157 (H = 28.3 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.84 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.84 LD. [2016-15] See: 2016 EN157 - SSA , 2016 EN157 - JPL

2016, Mar 11	Apollo NEA 2016 EF195 ($H = 25.6 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 27 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.082 LD (= 4.96 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.082 LD. [2016-16] See: $2016 \text{ EF195} - \text{SSA}$, $2016 \text{ EF195} - \text{JPL}$ See also: http://pttu.hq.eso.org/blogs/posts/view/455144/http://earthsky.org/space/asteroid-2016-ef195-detected-4-days-after-passing
2016, Mar 14	Apollo NEA 2016 FC1 (H = 29.1 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.44 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.44 LD. [2016-17] See: 2016 FC1 - SSA, 2016 FC1 - JPL
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2016, Mar 15	Apollo NEA 2018 SC ($H = 28.0$ mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.21 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.19 LD. [2016-18] See: 2018 SC - SSA , 2018 SC - JPL See also: http://iawn.net/See also: 18 Sep 2018.
2016, Mar 17	D.K. Yeomans, <i>Asteroid Day</i> science advisor, 2016, "Asteroid 2013 TX68 and Slooh". See: http://resources.asteroidday.org/resources/2013-tx68-and-slooh/
2016, Mar 17, 18:4	Impact on Jupiter, by asteroid or comet, observed by amateur astronomer G. Kernbauer (Mödling, Austria). See: http://us9.campaign-archive2.com/?u=0e9c23265f31e0f37201d19b6&id=431c55bb14&e=db8a8b6284

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	See: http://www.hou.usra.edu//meetings/lpsc2016/
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	scaling laws, and a proposed younger surface age for Venus ."
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	meteorite laboratory."
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	Asteroid characterization."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2016LPI47.2745G
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2016, Mar 25	Apollo NEA 2016 FU6 ($H = 28.8 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.47 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.46 LD. [2016-20] See: 2016 FU6 - SSA, 2016 FU6 - JPL See also: 24 March 1920.
2016, Mar 28	Apollo NEA 2016 FE15 (H = 29.0 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.70 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.70 LD. [2016-21] See: 2016 FE15 - SSA, 2016 FE15 - JPL
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2016, Apr 2	Apollo NEA 2019 UO8 (H = 29.2 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.94 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.25 LD. See: $2019 \text{ UO8} - \text{SSA}$, $2019 \text{ UO8} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 25 Oct 2019 .
2016, Apr 4	Apollo NEA 2016 GN134 ($H = 30.5$ mag, $D \approx 2.8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.15 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15 LD. [2016-23] See: 2016 GN134 - SSA, 2016 GN134 - JPL
2016, Apr 5	Apollo NEA 2016 FW13 (H = 29.1 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.82 LD. [2016-24] See: 2016 FW13 - SSA, 2016 FW13 - JPL See also: 8 Apr 2108.
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2016, Apr 8	Apollo NEO 2016 GO134 ($H = 27.9$ mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.86 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.86 LD. [2016-26] See: 2016 GO134 - SSA, 2016 GO134 - JPL
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2016, May 1	Apollo NEA 469219 Kamo`oalewa (2016 HO3 , <i>H</i> = 24.3 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 41 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 51.75 LD. Minimum miss distance 51.75 LD. See: 2016 HO3 - SSA, 2016 HO3 - JPL See also: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=6537 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(469219)_2016_HO3
2016, May 2	ESA SSA-NEO Coordination Centre Newsletter, 2 May 2016. See: http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters
2016, May 5	Apollo NEA 2016 JS5 ($H = 30.7$ mag, $D \approx 2.5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.53 LD. [2016-27] See: 2016 JS5 - SSA, 2016 JS5 - JPL
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2016, May 25	Anon., 2016, <i>JPL News</i> , 25 May 2016, "NASA response to recent paper on <i>NEOWISE</i> asteroid size results." See: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=6518 See also: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2016arXiv160506490M http://www.nytimes.com/2016/05/24/science/asteroids-nathan-myhrvold-nasa.html?ref=topics&_r=0

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2016, Jun 3	ESA SSA-NEO Coordination Centre Newsletter, 3 June 2016. See: http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters
2016, Jun 5	Apollo NEA 2016 LR51 (H = 27.7 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.91 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.91 LD. [2016-28] See: 2016 LR51 - SSA, 2016 LR51 - JPL Discovery station: See: http://iawn.net/
2016, Jun 6-10	 Meteoroids 2016, 6-10 June 2016, ESTeC, Noordwijk (the Netherlands). See: http://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/Meteoroids2016 Proceedings: D. Koschny, J. Borovička, D. Janches, I. P. Willliams (eds.), 2017, Planetary and Space Science, Volume 143. Editorial: p. 1-2. Among the invited papers: P. Brown, 2016, "Global detection and flux of superbolides." See:

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2016, Jun 7	Apollo NEA 2016 LT1 ($H = 29.3$ mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 0.38 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.38
	LD. [2016-29]
	See: <u>2016LT1 - SSA</u> , <u>2016 LT1 - JPL</u>
	Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala
	See: http://iawn.net/
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2016, Jun 7	IAU, Division F, Working Group on Near Earth Objects,
	membership announced.
	See: https://www.iau.org/science/scientific_bodies/working_groups/171/ See also:
	https://www.iau.org/public/themes/neo/nea/
2016, Jun 8-17	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-
	<i>COPUOS</i>), 59 th session, Vienna (Austria), 8-17 June 2016.
	See: http://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/copuos/2016/index.html
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2016, Jun 9	Apollo NEA 2016 LP10 ($H = 29.5 \text{ mag}, D \approx 5 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at
	a nominal miss distance of 0.19 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.19 LD. [2016-30]
	LD. [2016-30] See: 2016LP10 - SSA, 2016 LP10 - JPL
	Discovery station:
	See: http://iawn.net/
2016, Jun 12	A. Glikson, 2016, The Conversation, 12 June 2016, "Ancient
	asteroid impacts yield evidence for the nature of the early Earth."
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2016, Jul 7	Aten NEA 2016 NJ22 ($H = 28.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.74 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.74 LD. [2016-31] See: 2016 NJ22 - SSA, 2016 NJ22 - JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/See also: 8 July 2141.

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2016, Sep 2	R. Skibba, 2016, <i>Nature News</i> , 2 September 2016, " <i>OSIRIS-REx</i> spacecraft blazes trail for asteroid miners."

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2016, Sep 2	Apollo NEA 2016 RR1 (H = 28.1 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.34 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.34 LD. [2016-34] See: 2016 RR1 - SSA, 2016 RR1 - JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2016, Sep 3	Apollo NEA 2016 RS1 ($H = 29.1 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 5 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.50 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.49 LD. [2016-35] See: 2016 RS1 - SSA, 2016 RS1 - JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2016, Sep 7	Aten NEA 2016 RB1 ($H = 28.4 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.105 LD (= 6.35 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.105 LD. [2016-36] See: 2016 RB1 - SSA, 2016 RB1 - JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/ See also: http://iawn.net/ [9 September 2016], http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=6615 See also: 10 Sep 1947, 8 Sep 2078.
2016, Sep 8	Launch of NASA spacecraft <i>Origins-Spectral Interpretation-Resource Identification-Security-Regolith Explorer (OSIRIS-REx)</i> , an asteroid sample return mission. Target asteroid 101955 (1999 RQ36 = Bennu, <i>H</i> = 20.8 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 575 m, NEO, PHA). The 2,110-kg spacecraft will launch aboard an Atlas V 411 rocket during a 34-day launch period that begins Sept. 8, and reach its asteroid target in 2018. After a careful survey of Bennu to characterize the asteroid and locate the most promising sample sites, <i>OSIRIS-REx</i> will collect between 60 to 2,000 grams of surface material with its robotic arm and return the sample to Earth via a detachable capsule on 24 September 2023. See: http://www.nasa.gov/osiris-rex/http://science.nasa.gov/missions/osiris-rex/http://www.asteroidmission.org/objectives/http://www.nasa.gov/topics/solarsystem/features/osiris-rex.html http://www.nasa.gov/mission_pages/osiris-rex/index.html http://pirlwww.lpl.arizona.edu/~guym/OSIRIS-REx.pdf http://www.space.com/11802-nasa-asteroid-mission-dangerous-1999-

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2010, Sep 0	Physics Journal, 59, 699, "Estimating the probability of asteroid
	collision with the Earth by the Monte Carlo Method."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2016RuPhJ59699C
2016, Sep 11	Apollo NEA 2016 RN41 ($H = 31.0 \text{ mag}, D \approx 2.2 \text{ m}$) passed Earth
, 1	at a nominal miss distance of 0.062 LD (= 3.72 R _{Earth} from the
	geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.058 LD. [2016-37]
	See: 2016 RN41 - SSA, 2016 RN41 - JPL
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2016, Sep 12	D. Lutz, 2016, Washington University in St. Louis, the Source, 22
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	116, "The geophysical environment of Bennu ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2016Icar2761168
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2016, Sep 21	The Space Generation Advisory Council (SGAC) announces the winner of the 2016 Move an Asteroid Competition: Simon Molgat Laurin (Canada). See: http://spacegeneration.org/home/news/1797-sgac-announces-the-winner-of-the-2016-move-an-asteroid-competition.html
2016, Sep 21	Apollo NEA 2016 SJ (H = 29.3 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.39 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.39 LD. [2016-38] See: 2016 SJ - SSA, 2016 SJ - JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
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2016, Sep 24	Aten NEA 2016 SU2 ($H = 27.7 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 10 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.91 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.91 LD. [2016-39] See: $2016 \text{ SU2} - 2016 \text{ SU2} - 2$
2016, Sep 25	Apollo NEA 2016 SA2 ($H = 27.8 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 10 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.80 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.80 LD. [2016-40] See: $2016 \text{ SA2} - 2016 \text{ SA2} - 2016 \text{ SA2} - 2016 \text{ SA2} - 2016 \text{ SA2}$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: $2016 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$ See also: 22 Sep 2067 .
2016, Sep 26	Apollo NEA 2016 SW3 ($H = 28.3 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.002 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.001 LD. See: $2016 \text{ SW3} - \text{SSA}$, $2016 \text{ SW3} - \text{JPL}$
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2016, Oct 24-27	3rd International Workshop on Instrumentation for Planetary

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2016, Oct 25	B612 Foundation, Annual Progress Report, Volume Two, 2016, "Engaging the world in planetary defense." See: https://b612foundation.org/b612s-progress-report-vol-1-engaging-the-world-in-planetary-defense-2/? Summary: "
	- The 2008 [US] Congressionally mandated goal of finding 90% of NEOs larger than 140 meters is within reach. We believe this goal can be reached because of the full federal funding for the Large Synoptic Survey Telescope (LSST) in addition to potential NASA funding of the <i>NEOCam</i> infrared space telescope, wich B612 advocates. Because of this progress, it is our intention to package our research on <i>Sentinel</i> as a design reference mission for solar orbiting infrared space telescopes so that other scientists can benefit from our findings.
	 - We are investigating a promising new technology called synthetic tracking that could allow us to address asteroids smaller than 140 meters. - Impending huge improvements in observing capabilities will lead to a deluge of new asteroid discoveries, and, in response, we are developing the Asteroid Decision Analysis Machine (ADAM), a more capable and open system for understanding, analyzing, and assessing impact and detection scenarios. - The second annual Asteroid Day this past June 30th was an international success, with the UN considering for it to be an officially recognized day, and we are preparing for a bigger and
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2016, Nov 2	G. Webster, 2016, <i>JPL News</i> , 2 November 2016, <i>Curiosity Mars Rover</i> checks odd-looking iron meteorite. Laser-zapping of a globular, golf-ball-size object on Mars by NASA's <i>Curiosity</i> rover confirms that it is an iron-nickel meteorite fallen from the Red Planet's sky. See: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=6667
2016, Nov 2	Fireball over Pennsylvania. The American Meteor Society received 311 reports so far about of a fireball event over seen over Pennsylvania on November 1st, 2016 around 08:15pm EDT (Nov. 2nd ~ 00:15 UT). The fireball was seen primarily from Pennsylvania but witnesses from Maryland, New York, Connecticut, Ohio, Virginia, West Virginia, Michigan, Massachusetts, Delaware and Ontario (Canada) also reported the event. See: http://www.amsmeteors.org/2016/11/fireball-over-pennsylvania/
2016, Nov 2	Aten NEA 2016 VA ($H = 27.8$ mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.25 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.24 LD. [2016-47]

	G 2016 VI
	See: 2016 VA - SSA, 2016 VA - JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/ See also: 2 Nov 1938, 1 Nov 2024.
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2016, Nov 4	NASA and FEMA conduct asteroid impact emergency planning exercise. See: https://www.nasa.gov/feature/jpl/nasa-and-fema-conduct-asteroid-impact-emergency-planning-exercise http://mashable.com/2016/12/04/what-happens-killer-asteroid-strike/#dnM8PF3x5OqC
2016, Nov 7, 15:47	Apollo NEA 2019 VA (H = 28.4 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.60 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.11 LD. See: $2019 \text{ VA} - \text{SSA}$, $2019 \text{ VA} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 2 Nov 2019 .
2016, Nov 7, 15:57	Aten NEA 2016 VB1 ($H = 28.8 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.70 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.70 LD. [2016-48] See: $2016 \text{ VB1} - 2016 \text{ VB1} - 2016 \text{ VB1} - 2016 \text{ VB1}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2016, Nov 10	Apollo NEA 2016 VF18 ($H = 30.1 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 3 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.18 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.16 LD. [2016-49] See: $2016 \text{ VF18} - \text{SSA}$, $2016 \text{ VF18} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: See: $2016 \text{ NF18} - \text{MINIMUM}$
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2016, Nov 25	Apollo NEA 2016 WW2 (H = 29.2 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.35 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.35 LD. [2016-52] See: 2016 WW2 - SSA, 2016 WW2 - JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
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2017, Jan 9, 12:20	Apollo NEA 2019 WC5 ($H = 22.6 \text{ mag}, D \approx 110 \text{ m}$) passed Earth
	at a nominal miss distance of 9.98 LD. Minimum miss distance
	8.03 LD.
	See: <u>2019 WC5 – SSA</u> , <u>2019 WC5 – JPL</u>
2017, Jan 9, 12:50	Aten NEA 2017 AG13 ($H = 26.0 \text{ mag}, D \approx 22 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at
	a nominal miss distance of 0.54 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.54
	LD. [2017-01]
	See: <u>2017 AG13 - SSA</u> , <u>2017 AG13 - JPL</u>
	Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey
	See: http://iawn.net/
	See also:
	http://www.astronomy.com/news/2017/01/aten-asteroid-close-to-earth
	See also: 9 Jan 2069.
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	ago."
	See: http://advances.sciencemag.org/content/3/1/e1602365
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	distance 6.56 LD. See: 2017 BQ6 - SSA, 2017 BQ6 - JPL See also: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=6742 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2017_BQ6
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2017, Feb 18	Aten NEA 2017 DC36 ($H = 22.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 130 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.23 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.23

	LD. See: <u>2017 DC36 – SSA</u> , <u>2017 DC36 – JPL</u>
2017, Feb 23, 19:46	Apollo NEA 2017 DZ37 ($H = 28.9 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.006 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.003 LD. See: 2017 DZ37 - SSA , 2017 DZ37 - JPL
2017, Feb 23, 21:08	Apollo NEA 2017 DG16 (H = 29.6 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.36 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.36 LD. [2017-05] See: 2017 DG16 - SSA, 2017 DG16 - JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2017, Feb 24	Aten NEA 5604 (1992 FE, $H = 17.6$ mag, $D \approx 970$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 13.07 LD. Minimum miss distance 13.07 LD. See: <u>1992</u> FE - <u>SSA</u> , <u>1992</u> FE - <u>JPL</u> See also: <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(5604)_1992_FE</u>
2017, Feb 25	Apollo NEA 2017 DR34 ($H=29.2 \text{ mag}$, $D\approx 5 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.58 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.58 LD. [2017-06] See: 2017 DR34 - SSA, 2017 DR34 - JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/ See also: 26 Feb 1943, 26 Feb 2105.
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2017, Mar 17 14:28	Apollo NEA 2017 FD3 ($H = 27.9 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 9 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.47 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.47 LD. [2017-10] See: $2017 \text{ FD3} - SSA$, $2017 \text{ FD3} - JPL$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: http://iawn.net/
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2017, Mar 20, 21:0	Apollo NEA 2017 FN1 ($H = 30.7 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 2.6 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.16 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.16 LD. [2017-13] See: $2017 \text{ FN1} - 2017 \text{ FN1} - 2017 \text{ FN1} - 2017 \text{ FN1}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: 2017 ht. See: $2017 $
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2017, Sep 20, 07:34	Apollo NEA 2017 SM2 (H = 27.5 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.81 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.81 LD. [2017-31] See: $2017 \text{ SM2} - \text{SSA}$, $2017 \text{ SM2} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: ATLAS-MLO, Mauna Loa See: $\frac{\text{http://iawn.net/}}{\text{See also:}}$ See also: $\frac{\text{http://iawn.net/}}{\text{https://www.cnet.com/news/asteroids-near-earth-2012-tc4-2017-space/}}$
2017, Sep 20, 15:49	Apollo NEA 2017 SZ32 (H = 29.3 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.53 LD. [2017-32] See: 2017 SZ32 - SSA, 2017 SZ32 - JPL Discovery station: See: http://iawn.net/
2017, Sep 20, 20:29	Apollo NEA 2017 SR2 (H = 28.8 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.24 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.24 LD. [2017-33] See: $2017 \text{ SR2} - 2017 \text{ SR2} - 2017 \text{ SR2} - 2017 \text{ SR2}$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: $2017 \text{ SR2} - 2017 \text{ SR2} - 2017 \text{ SR2}$ See also: $2017 \text{ SR2} - 2017 \text{ SR2} - 2017 \text{ SR2}$ See: $2017 \text{ SR2} - 2017 \text{ SR2} - 2017 \text{ SR2}$ See: $2017 \text{ SR2} - 2017 \text{ SR2} - 2017 \text{ SR2}$ See: $2017 \text{ SR2} -$
2017, Sep 21	T.G.G. Chanut, S. Aljbaae, A.F.B.A. Prado, V. Carruba, 2017, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 470, 2687, "Dynamics in the vicinity of (101955) Bennu: solar radiation pressure effects in equatorial orbits."

	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017MNRAS.470.2687C
2017, Sep 21	Bright fireball over The Netherlands, Belgium, Germany, France and UK, at ~ 21:00 hr. See: http://fireball.imo.net/members/imo_view/event/2017/3301 http://werkgroepmeteoren.nl/heldere-vuurbol-donderdag-21-september-2017/ http://neo.ssa.esa.int/news-archive
2017, Sep 24, 08:12	Apollo NEA 2017 SU17 (H = 28.3 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.72 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.72 LD. [2017-34] See: 2017 SU17 - SSA, 2017 SU17 - JPL Discovery station: ATLAS-HKO, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/
2017, Sep 24, 15:32	Apollo NEA 2017 SS12 ($H = 27.4 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 12 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.67 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.67 LD. [2017-35] See: $2017 \text{ SS12} - \text{SSA}$, $2017 \text{ SS12} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: $\frac{\text{http://iawn.net/}}{\text{See}}$ See also: 26 Sep 2066.
2017, Sep 25	J. Tuttle Keane, 2017, <i>Nature Geoscience</i> , 10, 716, "Sketch-up: impact-induced subduction." See: http://www.nature.com/ngeo/journal/v10/n10/pdf/ngeo3039.pdf
2017, Sep 25	C. O'Neill, S. Marchi, S. Zhang, W. Bottke, 2017, <i>Nature Geoscience</i> , 10, 793, "Impact-driven subduction on the Hadean Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017NatGe107930
2017, Sep 29	Apollo NEA 496817 (1989 VB, $H = 20.1$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.87 LD. Minimum miss distance 7.87 LD. See: $\underline{1989 \text{ VB} - \text{SSA}}$, $\underline{1989 \text{ VB} - \text{JPL}}$ See also: 13 Oct 1956, 20 Oct 2078.
2017, Sep 30	Apollo NEA 2017 TQ2 (H = 29.6 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.27 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.27 LD. [2017-36] See: 2017 TQ2 - SSA , 2017 TQ2 - JPL Discovery station: See: http://iawn.net/

2017, Oct	M.G. Daly, O.S. Barnouin, C. Dickinson, et al., 2017, <i>Space Science Reviews</i> , 212, 899, "The <i>OSIRIS-REx</i> Laser Altimeter (OLA), investigation and instrument." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017SSRv212899D
2017, Oct	N. Erasmus, M. Mommert, D.E. Trilling, et al., 2017, Astronomical Journal, 154, 162, "Characterization of Near-Earth Asteroids using KMTNet-SAAO." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017AJ154162E
2017, Oct	J.D. Feldhacker, M. Bruck Syal, B.A. Jones, et al., 2017, <i>Journal of Guidance, Control, and Dynamics</i> , 40, 2417, "Shape dependence of the kinetic deflection of asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017JGCD40.2417F
2017, Oct	T. Fukushima, 2017, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 154, 145, "Precise and fast computation of the gravitational field of a general finite body and its application to the gravitational study of asteroid Eros ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017AJ154145F
2017, Oct	P. Kahn, T. Imken, J.Elliott, et al., 2017, <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , 139, 390, "Environmental design implications for two deep space <i>SmallSats</i> ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017AcAau.139390K
2017, Oct	D.S. Lauretta, S.S. Balram-Knutson, E. Beshore, et al., 2017, Space Science Reviews - OSIRIS-REx special issue, 212, 925, "OSIRIS-REx: sample return from asteroid (101955) Bennu." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017SSRv212925L
2017, Oct	J.R. Masiero, C. Nugent, A.K. Mainzer, et al., 2017, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 154, 168, " <i>NEOWISE</i> reactivation mission year three: asteroid diameters and albedos." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017AJ154168M
2017, Oct	E. Mazarico, D.D. Rowlands, T.J. Sabaka, et al., 2017, <i>Journal of Geodesy</i> , 91, 1141, "Recovery of Bennu 's orientation for the <i>OSIRIS-REx</i> mission: implications for the spin state accuracy and geolocation errors." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/doi/10.1007/s00190-017-1058-2
2017, Oct	A.H. Peslier, M. Schönbächler, H. Busemann, SI. Karato, 2017, Space Science Reviews, 212, 743, "Water in the Earth's interior: distribution and origin." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017SSRv212743P Erratum: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017SSRv212811P

2017, Oct	D.E. Trilling, F. Valdes, L. Allen, et al., 2017, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 154, 170, "The size distribution of Near Earth Objects larger than 10 meters." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017AJ154170T See also: https://www.noao.edu/news/2017/pr1704.php https://phys.org/news/2017-08-house-sized-earth-rarer-thought.html http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017Icar284416T
2017, Oct	B.D. Warner, A.W. Harris, A. Aznar Macias, J. Oey, 2017, <i>The Minor Planet Bulletin</i> , 44, 324, "Lightcurve analysis of NEA (190166) 2005 UP156: a new fully-synchronous binary." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017MPBu44324W
2017, Oct	L.F. Wheeler, P.J. Register, D.L. Mathias, 2017, <i>Icarus</i> , 295, 149, "A fragment-cloud model for asteroid breakup and atmospheric energy deposition." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017Icar295149W
2017, Oct 2	B.K.D. Pearce, R.E. Pudritz, D.A. Semenov, T.K. Henning, 2017, Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, published ahead of print 2 October, 2017, "Origin of the RNA world: the fate of nucleobases in warm little ponds." See: http://www.pnas.org/content/early/2017/09/26/1710339114.abstract?sid= 50304da0-c66a-46ac-9dfa-ee01c3e91c22 See also: http://dailynews.mcmaster.ca/article/meteorites-may-have-brought-building-blocks-of-life-to-earth/ https://www.sciencealert.com/meteorites-and-warm-ponds-may-have-birthed-the-earliest-life-on-earth
2017, Oct 2	Apollo NEA 2017 SX17 (H = 28.3 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.23 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.23 LD. [2017-37] See: 2017 SX17 - SSA, 2017 SX17 - JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/See also: 2 Oct 2124.
2017, Oct 3	H.J. Melosh, J. Kendall, B. Horgan, et al., 2017, <i>Geology</i> , 3 October 2017, "South Pole–Aitken basin ejecta reveal the Moon's upper mantle." See:

	reveal-the-moon-s?redirectedFrom=fulltext
	See also:
	http://www.purdue.edu/newsroom/releases/2017/Q4/ancient-asteroid-
	impact-exposes-the-moons-interior.html
2017, Oct 4	ESA SSA-NEO Coordination Centre Newsletter, 4 October 2017.
2017, 0014	See: http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters
	Sec. intp://neo.ssa.esa.ina.newsietters
2017, Oct 9-11	3rd International Focus Workshop on Near Earth Objects:
	opportunities and risks, 9-11 October 2017, San Donato in Poggio
	(Firenze, Italia). [cancelled]
	See: http://chiantitopics.it/
2017, Oct 10	Apollo NEA 2017 TF5 ($H = 25.4 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 30 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at
2017, Oct 10	a nominal miss distance of 0.73 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.72
	LD. [2017-38]
	See: 2017 TF5 - SSA , 2017 TF5 - JPL
	Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey
	See: http://iawn.net/
2017, Oct 10-12	9th Meeting Space Mission Planning Advisory Group, Toulouse
	(France), 10-12 October 2017.
	See: https://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/smpag/meeting-09-oct-2017-2
	Among the presentations:
	- R. Landis, NASA, 2017, "Report from NASA." - will come
	- C. Colombo, M. Albano, R. Bertacin, M.M. Castronuovo, et al.,
	ASI, 2017, "Mission analysis for potential threat scenarios: optimal
	impact strategy and technology evaluation." See:
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/1503750/SMPAG09_AS
	I report 2017-10-11a.pdf/
	- L. Drube, DLR, 2017, "Report from the ad-hoc legal working
	group."
	- B. Carry, OCA, 2017, "Remote sensing characterization of NEOs
	for mitigation: state of the art and limitations."
	See:
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/1503750/SMPAG09_Re
	mote_sensing_Carry.pdf/
	- I. Carnelli, ESA, 2017, " <i>Hera</i> mission."
	See:
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/1503750/SMPAG09_HE
	RA Carnelli 2017-10-11.pdf/ - R. Landis, NASA, 2017, "SMPAG Action Item 5.1:
	recommended criteria & thresholds for action for potential NEO
	impact threat."
	See:
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/1503750/SMPAG_5.1_R
L	meponi w w w.cosmos.com documento/550550/1505/150/150/170/51/1/R

eport NASA.pdf/

- M. Vasile, UKSA, 2017, "Mitigation types and technologies to be considered."

See:

https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/1503750/SMPAG09_5.2 presentation.pdf/

- N. Thiry, M. Vasile, 2017, submitted to *Acta Astronautica*, "Statistical multi-criteria evaluation of non-nuclear asteroid detection methods."

See:

https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/1503750/SMPAG09_5.2 Acta-statistical-multicriteria preprint.pdf/

- A.W. Harris (DLR), L. Drube (DLR), L. Johnson (NASA), 2017, "Roadmap of relevant research for Planetary Defense v. 2.0. **SMPAG** working plan activity 5"

See:

https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/1503750/SMPAG09_work_item_5..8_Roadmap_2017-10-11.pdf/

- A.W. Harris, L. Drube, L. Johnson, 2017, "Roadmap of relevant research for Planetary Defense."

See: https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/336472/SMPAG-RP-001_2_0_Roadmap_2017-10-11.pdf/

- R. Albrecht, B. Müller, L. Nagel, ASF, H. Mayer, KFUG, 2017, "Consequences, including failure, of NEO mitigation space missions."

See:

https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/1503750/SMPAG09_work_plan_item_58_Albrecht_2017-10-08.pdf/

- P.W. Bousquet, CST, 2017, "Status on action 5.11 – NEOtoolkit, toolbox for a characterisation payload." See:

https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/1503750/SMPAG09_work_item_5_11_2017-10-11.pdf/

2017, Oct 11

9th Meeting Space Mission Planning Advisory Group (SMPAG), Toulouse (France), 11 October 2017.

See:

https://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/smpag/

https://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/smpag/meeting-09-oct-2017-2

Among the presentations:

- C. Colombo, M. Albano, R. Bertacin, et al. (ASI), 2017, "Mission analysis for potential threat scenarios optimal impact strategy and technology evaluation."

See:

https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/1503750/SMPAG09_AS L_report_2017-10-11a.pdf

- B. Carry (OCA), 2017, "Remote sensing characterization of NEOs for mitigation: state of the art and limitations."

	See:
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/1503750/SMPAG09_Re
	mote_sensing_Carry.pdf/
	- I. Carnelli (ESA), 2017, "The <i>Hera</i> mission study."
	See:
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/1503750/SMPAG09_HE
	RA Carnelli 2017-10-11.pdf/
	- M.E. Landis (NASA), 2017, "SMPAG Action Item 5.1:
	Recommended criteria & thresholds for action for potential NEO
	impact threat."
	See:
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/1503750/SMPAG 5.1 R
	eport NASA.pdf/
	- M. Vasile (UKSA), 2017, "Task 5.2. Mitigation mission types
	and technologies to be considered."
	See:
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/1503750/SMPAG09_5.2
	presentation.pdf/
	- N. Thiry, M. Vasile (UKSA), 2017, "Statistical multi-criteria
	evaluation of non-nuclear asteroid deflection methods."
	See:
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/1503750/SMPAG09_5.2
	Acta-statistical-multicriteria preprint.pdf/
	- A.W. Harris, L.Drube (DRL), L. Johnson (NASA), 2017,
	"Roadmap of relevant research for Planetary Defense v. 2.0."
	See:
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/1503750/SMPAG09_wo
	rk item 58 Roadmap 2017-10-11.pdf/
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/336472/SMPAG-RP-
	001 2 0 Roadmap 2017-10-11.pdf/
	- R. Albrecht, B. Müller, L. Nagel, H. Mayer (ASF), 2017,
	"Consequences, including failure, of NEO mitigation space
	missions."
	See:
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/1503750/SMPAG09_wo
	rk plan item 58 Albrecht 2017-10-08.pdf/
	- P.W. Bousquet (CNES), 2017, "Status on action 5.11 –
	NEOtoolkit,
	toolbox for a characterisation payload."
	See:
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/1503750/SMPAG09_wo
	<u>rk_item_5_11_2017-10-11.pdf/</u>
2017 0-4 12	Applia NEA 2012 TC4 (II. 26.7 mass. Davids. 0.).
2017, Oct 12	Apollo NEA 2012 TC4 ($H = 26.7 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 15 \text{ x 8 m}$) passed
	Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.13 LD. Minimum miss
	distance 0.13 LD. [2017-39]
	See: <u>2012 TC4 - SSA</u> , <u>2012 TC4 - JPL</u>
	Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala

	See: http://iawn.net/
	See also:
	https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news197.html
	https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=6906
	https://www.nasa.gov/feature/jpl/asteroid-flyby-will-benefit-nasa-
	detection-and-tracking-network
	http://2012tc4.astro.umd.edu/
	http://www.esa.int/spaceinimages/Images/2017/08/Asteroid 2012 TC4
	will fly past Earth in October 2017
	https://www.inverse.com/article/37130-nasa-asteroid-armageddon
	http://www.skyandtelescope.com/astronomy-blogs/astronomy-space-
	david-dickinson/asteroid-2012-tc4-set-to-zip-past-the-earth-on-thursday
	https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=6969
	http://neo.ssa.esa.int/news-archive
	https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=6994
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012_TC4
	See also: 11 Oct 1986, 12 Oct 2012.
	,
2017, Oct 14	Hymorbolic interestellar astoroid !Ourneamus (11/2017 U1 - II -
2017, Oct 14	Hyperbolic interstellar asteroid 'Oumuamua (11/2017 U1, H =
	22.01 mag,
	$D \approx 400 \text{ x } 40 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.162
	au (= 62.90 LD). Minimum miss distance 0.162 au (= 62.89 LD).
	The object approached from the direction of the constellation Lyra
	at 25.5 km/s, and departed in the direction of the constellation
	=
	Pegasus at 44 km/s relative to the Sun.
	See: 2017 U1 - SSA, <u>2017 U1 - JPL</u>
	See also:
	http://www.skyandtelescope.com/astronomy-news/astronomers-spot-
	first-known-interstellar-comet/
	https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=6983
	https://www.eso.org/public/archives/releases/sciencepapers/eso1737/eso
	1737a.pdf
	https://www.minorplanetcenter.net/mpec/K17/K17V17.html
	http://www.skyandtelescope.com/astronomy-news/update-on-interstellar-
	object-oumuamua/
	https://www.iau.org/news/announcements/detail/ann17045/
	https://www.space.com/38798-first-interstellar-object-name-
	oumuamua.html
	https://news.wisc.edu/images-of-strange-solar-system-visitor-peel-away-
	some-of-the-mystery/
	https://www.scientificamerican.com/article/meet-oumuamua-the-first-
	ever-asteroid-from-another-star/
	http://www.nature.com/articles/nature25020
	https://www.space.com/39129-oumuamua-interstellar-object-comet-in-
	disguise.html
	http://www.eso.org/public/unitedkingdom/news/eso1737/
	https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=7006
	https://www.nasa.gov/news/news.php:reature 7000 https://www.nasa.gov/planetarydefense/faq/interstellar
	https://astronomynow.com/2017/11/22/an-interstellar-interloper-is-
	*
	dashing-through-our-solar-system/

	https://www.space.com/42216-interstellar-object-oumuamua-one-year-
	<u>later.html</u>
	http://neo.ssa.esa.int/news-archive
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/%CA%BBOumuamua
2017, Oct 15	F. Damme, H. Hussmann, J. Oberst, 2017, Planetary and Space
	Science, 146, 1, "Spacecraft orbit lifetime within two binary near-
	Earth asteroid systems."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017P%26SS1461D
	See. <u>http://adsaos.narvard.edu/abs/2017P%20SS1401D</u>
2017 0 + 15 02 22	11 NEA 2015 HE (H. 270 D. 10) 1E (1)
2017, Oct 15, 03:23	Apollo NEA 2017 UF ($H = 27.8$ mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 0.99 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.99
	LD. [2017-40]
	See: <u>2017 UF - SSA</u> , <u>2017 UF - JPL</u>
	Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey
	See: http://iawn.net/
	Sec. integration in the second
2017 Oct 15 06:10	Apollo NEA 2017 UK 52 ($H = 27.2 \text{ mag}, D \approx 13 \text{ m}$) passed Earth
2017, Oct 13, 00.16	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	at a nominal miss distance of 6.54 LD. Minimum miss distance
	0.26 LD.
	See: <u>2017 UK52 - SSA</u> , <u>2017 UK52 - JPL</u>
2017, Oct 15-20	49th Annual AAS Division for Planetary Sciences Meeting, 15-20
,	October 2017, Provo (UT, USA).
	See:
	https://aas.org/meetings/dps49
	https://aas.org/meetings/dps49/events
	Among the papers:
	- C. Avdellidou, D. Koschny, NELIOTA team, 2017, AAS DPS
	meeting #49, id.#204.08, "Lunar impact flashes - tracing the NEO
	size distribution."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017DPS4920408A
	- M.A. Barucci, D. Perna, S. Fornasier, et al., 2017, AAS DPS
	meeting #49, id.#110.08, "NEOShield-2 project: final results on
	compositional characterization of small NEOs."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017DPS4911008B
	*
	- C. Benson, D.J. Scheeres, N. Moskovitz, 2017, AAS DPS meeting
	#49, id.#117.05, "Asteroid (367943) 2012 DA14 flyby spin state
	analysis."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017DPS4911705B
	- R.P. Binzel, F.E. DeMeo, C. Lantz, et al., 2017, AAS DPS
	meeting #49, id.#110.09, "Do Near-Earth Asteroids and meteorite
	falls share the same source regions?"
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017DPS4911009B
	*
	- J. Blacksberg, S.R. Chesley, B. Ehlmann, C.A. Raymond, 2017,
	AAS DPS meeting #49, id.#219.22, "Intrepid: exploring the NEA
	population with a fleet of highly autonomous SmallSat explorers."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017DPS....4921922B

- W. Bottke, S. Mazrouei, R. Ghent, A. Parker, 2017, *AAS DPS meeting* #49, id.#100.03, "What really happened to Earth's older craters?"

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017DPS....4910003B

- M. Brozovic, L.A.M. Benner, S.P. Naidu, Shantanu P., et al., 2017, *AAS DPS meeting* #49, id.#204.01, "Goldstone radar images of near-Earth asteroids (469896) 2007 WV4, 2014 JO25, 2017 BQ6, and 2017 CS."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017DPS....4920401B

- M. Brucker, R.S. McMillan, T. Bressi, et al., 2017, *AAS DPS meeting* #49, id.#112.08, "Update on **Spacewatch** observations of Near-Earth Objects."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017DPS....4911208B

- S.R. Chesley, G.M. Hockney, M.J. Holman, 2017, *AAS DPS meeting* #49, id.112.14, "Introducing **ADES**: a new IAU astrometry data exchange standard."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017DPS....4911214C

- B.E. Clark, V.E. Hamilton, J.P. Emery, et al., 2017, *AAS DPS meeting* #49, id.#110.01, "Spectral apping at asteroid **101955 Bennu**."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017DPS....4911001C

- J. Emery, B. Rozitis, P.R. Christensen, et al., 2017, *AAS DPS meeting* #49, id.#110.02, "Thermophysical analysis of **101955 Bennu** with *OSIRIS-REx*."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017DPS....4911002E

- N. Erasmus, M. Mommert, D.E. Trilling, et al., 2017, *AAS DPS meeting* #49, id.#204.05, "Rapid-response characterization of Near-Earth Asteroids using **KMTNet-SAAO**."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017DPS....4920405E

- D. Farnocchia, D.J. Tholen, M. Micheli, et al., 2017 *AAS DPS meeting* #49, id.#100.09, "Mass estimate and close approaches of near-Earth asteroid **2015 TC25**."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017DPS....4910009F

- D. Fohring, D.J. Tholen, Z. Claytor, et al., 2017, AAS DPS meeting #49, id.#111.02, "The University of Hawaii NEO follow-up program."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017DPS....4911102F

- K. Frantseva, M. Mueller, F.F.S. van der Tak, 2017, *AAS DPS meeting* #49, id.#111.06, "Delivery of water and organics to **Mercury** through asteroid and comet impacts."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017DPS....4911106F

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2017, Oct 20, 14:07	Apollo NEA 2017 UJ2 ($H = 31.0 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 2.2 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.047 LD (= 2.81 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.046 LD. [2017-44] See: $2017 \text{ UJ2} - \text{SSA}$, $2017 \text{ UJ2} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: http://iawn.net/ See also: 20 Oct 1978, 30 Oct 2030. See also: http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [June 2020]
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2017, Nov 21 19:18	Apollo NEA 2017 WW1 ($H = 29.8 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 4 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.37 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.37 LD. [2017-51] See: 2017 WW1- SSA, 2017 WW1- JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/See also: 19 Nov 2028.
2017, Nov 21 19:53	Apollo NEA 2017 WA14 ($H = 27.5 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 11 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.25 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.25 LD. [2017-52] See: $2017 \text{ WA14} - \text{SSA}$, $2017 \text{ WA14} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: http://iawn.net/ See also: 25 Nov 2098.
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2017, Nov 26	Apollo NEA 2017 WE30 ($H = 31.9 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 1.5 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.078 LD (= 4.73 R _{Eearth} from the

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2017, Dec 18, 03:55	Apollo NEA 2017 YJ1 (H = 27.5 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.04 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.04 LD. See: $2017 \text{ YJ1} - \text{SSA}$, $2017 \text{ YJ1} - \text{JPL}$
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2018, Mar 18	Aten NEA 2018 FE3 ($H = 27.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 13 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.38 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.38 LD. [2018-22] See: $2018 \text{ FE3} - SSA$, $2018 \text{ FE3} - JPL$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: http://iawn.net/ See also: 16 March 2067 .
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2018, Apr 18	Meeting of the SMPAG Legal Working Group, in the margins of the UN COPUOS Legal Subcommittee, 18 April 2018, Vienna (Austria). Report to appear at http://www.smpag.net
2018, Apr 21	Apollo NEA 2018 HW1 ($H = 25.8 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 25 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.89 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.89 LD. [2018-30] See: $2018 \text{ HW1} - \text{JPL}$, $2018 \text{ HW1} - \text{SSA}$ Discovery station: See: $\frac{\text{http://iawn.net/}}{\text{See also: 19 Apr 1975, 24 Apr 2041.}}$
2018, Apr 22	Apollo NEA 2018 HV (H = 29.0 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.40 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.40 LD. [2018-31] See: 2018 HV - SSA, 2018 HV - JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
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2018, May 1	V. Alí-Lagoa1, T.G. Müller, F. Usui, S. Hasegawa, 2018, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> , 612, 85, "The <i>AKARI</i> IRC asteroid flux catalogue: updated diameters and albedos." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018A%26A612A85A
2018, May 1	E.A. Cloutis, V.B. Pietrasz, C. Kiddell, et al., 2018, <i>Icarus</i> , 305, 203, "Spectral reflectance "deconstruction" of the Murchison CM2 carbonaceous chondrite and implications for spectroscopic investigations of dark asteroids." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018Icar305203C
2018, May 1	C. de la Fuente Marcos, R. de la Fuente Marcos, S.J. Aarseth, 2018, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society: Letters</i> , 476, L1, "Where the Solar System meets the solar neighbourhood: patterns in the distribution of radiants of observed hyperbolic minor bodies." See: https://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018MNRAS.476L1D See also: https://www.scientificamerican.com/article/will-astronomers-be-ready-for-the-next-lsquo-oumuamua/
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2018, May 2	M. Kayama, N. Tomioka, E. Ohtani, et al., 2018, Science

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2018, May 2	D.J. Scheeres, P. Sánchez, 2018, Progress in Earth and Planetary
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	interiors and surfaces and its measurement."
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2018, May 3	C. Zhai, M. Shao, S. Lai, et al., 2018, JPL Publication 18-1, e-
	print arXiv:1805.01102, "Technical Note: Asteroid detection
	demonstration from SkySat-3 B612 data using synthetic tracking."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018arXiv180501102Z
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2018, May 7	M.J. Holman, M.J. Payne, P. Blankley, et al., 2018, e-print
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2018, May 14	J. Shewaga, 2018, Phys. Org. News, 14 May 2018, "Tracking the
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2018, May 14	J.L. Tonry, L. Denneau, A.N. Heinze, et al., 2018, <i>Publications of the Astronomical Society of the Pacific</i> , 120, 064505, "ATLAS:
	the Astronomical Society of the Pacific, 130, 064505, "ATLAS: a high-cadence all-sky survey system."
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	the origin of interstellar small bodies: the case of 1I/2017 U1
	('Oumuamua)."
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2018, May 14	Munich Institute for Astro-and Particle Physics (MIAPP)
- Jun 8	Workshop on Near-Earth Objects: Properties, Detection,
	Resources, Impacts and Defending Earth, 14 May - 8 June 2018,
	Munich (BRD).
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	workshops/2018/near-earth-objects-properties-detection-resources- impacts-and-defending-earth/
	impacts-and-defending-earth/

	Organizing Committee:
	A. Burkert, C. Colombo, R. Jedicke, D. Koschny, R. Wainscoat.
	Topics:
	- Dynamical structure of asteroid belt and NEO provenance
	- Science at asteroids
	- Space law
	- Asteroid mining
	- International coordination
	- Asteroid deflection
	- Science communication
	- Spacecraft missions
	- Impact and atmospheric effects
	- Interstellar objects as NEOs
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	- Consequences and coordination of impact response
	- Asteroid astrometric and physical followup
	- Dynamics and impact monitoring
	- Physical properties of asteroids
	MIAPP Workshop report:
	See: https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/1803543/ESA-
	SSA-NEO-HO-0371 1 0 MIAPP report 2018-10-18.pdf
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	"Near surface bulk density estimates of NEAs from radar
	observations and permittivity measurements of powdered geologic
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2018, May 15	M.M.M. Meier, L. Bindi, P.R. Heck, et al., 2018, <i>Earth and Planetary Science Letters</i> , 490, 122, "Cosmic history and a candidate parent asteroid for the quasicrystal-bearing meteorite Khatyrka ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018E%26PSL.490122M
2018, May 15	T. Ruedas, D. Breuer, 2018, <i>Icarus</i> , 306, 94, ""Isocrater" impacts: conditions and mantle dynamical responses for different impactor types." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018Icar30694R
2018, May 15	Apollo NEA 2010 WC9 ($H = 23.8 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 60 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.53 LD. [2018-32] See: 2010 WC9 - SSA, 2010 WC9 - JPL Discovery station: calculated See: http://iawn.net/ See also: 15 May 2102, 17 May 2156 See also: https://watchers.news/2018/05/10/asteroid-2010-wc9/http://earthsky.org/space/lost-asteroid-to-pass-closely-may-15 https://www.space.com/40576-asteroid-2010-wc9-flyby-slooh-webcast.html? https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=7125 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2010 WC9
2018, May 21	S.N. Raymond, P.J. Armitage, D.Veras, 2018, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 476, 3031, "Implications of the interstellar object 1I/'Oumuamua for planetary dynamics and planetesimal formation." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018MNRAS.476.3031R
2018, May 23	W.S. Cassata, B.E. Cohen, D.F. Mark, et al., 2018, <i>Science Advances</i> , 4, eaap8306, "Chronology of Martian breccia NWA 7034 and the formation of the Martian crustal dichotomy." See: http://advances.sciencemag.org/content/4/5/eaap8306 See also: https://www.llnl.gov/news/ancient-meteorite-tells-tales-mars-topography
2018, May 23	Apollo NEA 2018 KW1 ($H = 29.8$ mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.39 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.39 LD. [2018-33] See: 2018 KW1 - SSA, 2018 KW1 - JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/

2018, May 24	R. Jedicke, B.T. Bolin, W.F. Bottke, et al., 2018, Frontiers in Astronomy and Space Sciences, 5, 13, "Earth's minimoons: opportunities for science and technology." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018FrASS513J See also: https://www.eurekalert.org/pub_releases/2018-08/f-emp081318.php https://www.space.com/41502-earth-has-minimoons-asteroid-science.html
2018, May 24	K.G. MacLeod, P.C. Quinton, J. Sepúlveda, M.H. Negra, 2018, <i>Science</i> , 24 May 2018, eaap8525, "Postimpact earliest Paleogene warming shown by fish debris oxygen isotopes (El Kef, Tunisia)." See: http://science.sciencemag.org/content/early/2018/05/24/science.aap8525 See also: https://www.space.com/40690-dino-killing-asteroid-impact-warmed-earth.html#?
2018, May 25	A. Mann, 2018, <i>Science</i> , 360, 842, " B612 plans asteroid hunt with fleet of small satellites." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018Sci360842M
2018, May 26	Apollo NEA 2018 KY2 (H = 27.3 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.78 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.78 LD. [2018-34] See: 2018 KY2 - SSA, 2018 KY2 - JPL Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2018, May 29	S. Van wal, Y. Tsuda, K. Yoshikawa, et al., 2018, <i>Journal of Spacecraft and Rockets</i> , 55, 797, "Prearrival deployment analysis of rovers on <i>Hayabusa2</i> asteroid explorer." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018JSpRo55797V
2018, May 31	A. Drouard, P. Vernazza, S. Loehle, et al., 2018, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> , 613, 54, "Probing the use of spectroscopy to determine the meteoritic analogues of meteors." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018A%26A613A54D
2018, Jun	Since June 2018, the IAU Minor Planet Center, directed by Matthew J. Holman, is operating under the NASA Planetary Data System's Small Bodies Node (SBN). The SBN serves as intermediary between the direction of the NASA Planetary Defense Coordination Office (PDCO) and the MPC. See: https://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jun2018/presentations/fast.pdf

2018, Jun	M.C.F. Bazzocchi, M.R. Emami, 2018, <i>Journal of the Astronautical Sciences</i> , 65, 183, "Asteroid redirection mission evaluation using multiple landers." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018JAnSc65183B
2018, Jun	D.V. Bisikalo, I.S. Savanov, S.A. Naroenkov, 2018, <i>Astronomy Reports</i> , 62, 367, "Perspectives for distributed observations of near-Earth space using a Russian-Cuban observatory." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018ARep62367B
2018, Jun	B.L. de Vries, H. Skogby, L.B.F.M. Waters, M. Min, 2018, <i>Icarus</i> , 307, 400, "Laboratory mid-IR spectra of equilibrated and igneous meteorites. Searching for observables of planetesimal debris." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018Icar307400D
2018, Jun	G.E. Sambarov, O.M. Syusina, 2018, <i>Russian Physics Journal</i> , 61, 373, "Analysis of probabilistic orbital evolution of the asteroids 2011 CQ1 and 2011 MD ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/doi/10.1007/s11182-018-1409-3
2018, Jun	F. Spoto, A. Del Vigna, A. Milani, et al., 2018, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> , 614, 27, "Short arc orbit determination and imminent impactors in the <i>Gaia</i> era." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018A%26A614A278
2018, Jun	R.D. Tiwary, B.S. Kushvah, B. Ishwar, 2018, <i>Journal of Astrophysics and Astronomy</i> , 39, 29, "Trajectory of asteroid 2017 SB20 within the CRTBP." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018JApA3929T
2018, Jun	B. Williams, P. Antreasian, E. Carranza, et al., 2018, <i>Space Science Reviews</i> , 214, 69, " <i>OSIRIS-REx</i> flight dynamics and navigation design." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018SSRv21469W
2018, Jun 1	M.A. Barucci, D. Perna, M. Popescu, et al., 2018, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 476, 4481, "Small D-type asteroids in the NEO population: new targets for space-missions." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018MNRAS.476.4481B
2018, Jun 1	E. Tasker, 2018, <i>Nature Astronomy</i> , 2, 502, "Bringing home a piece of our past." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018NatAs2502T
2018, Jun 1	Y. Qi, A. de Ruiter, 2018, Monthly Notices of the Royal

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	Astronomical Society, 476, 5464, "Short-term capture of the
	Earth-Moon system."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018MNRAS.476.5464Q
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2018, Jun 2, 16:53	Impact. Apollo NEA 2018 LA ($H = 30.5 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 2.8 \text{ m}$)
	approached Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0 LD . Minimum
	miss distance 0 LD . The object impacted the Earth atmosphere
	eight hours after discovery by the Catalina Sky Survey and
	disintegrated over Botswana, several miles above the surface,
	creating a bright fireball that lit up the evening sky.
	See: <u>2018 LA - SSA</u> , <u>2018 LA - JPL</u>
	Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey
	See also: http://iawn.net/
	See also: 6 June 1989.
	See also:
	https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=7148
	"The discovery of asteroid 2018 LA is only the third time that an
	asteroid has been discovered to be on an impact trajectory, said
	Paul Chodas, manager of the Center for Near-Earth Object
	Studies (CNEOS) at JPL. "It is also only the second time that the
	high probability of an impact was predicted well ahead of the event
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2018, Jun 3-7	American Astronomical Society 232rd Meeting, 3-7 June 2018,
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	See: https://aas.org/meetings/aas232
	Among the presentations:
	- A. Truitt, R. Weaver, G. Gisler, 2018, AAS Meeting #232,
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	NASA's <i>DART</i> mission."
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2018, Jun 5	A. Mann, 2018, Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences,
2010, Juli J	115, 5820, "News Feature: Life after the asteroid apocalypse."
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2018, Jun 5	ESA SSA-NEO Coordination Centre Newsletter, 5 June 2018.
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depart with sample in November/December 2019, and return to Earth (Australia) in late 2020.

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2018, Sep 6	Apollo NEA 2018 RE2 ($H = 28.5 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.99 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.99 LD. [2018-43] See: $2018 \text{ RE2} - SSA$, $2018 \text{ RE2} - JPL$ Discovery station: See: $2018 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$
2018, Sep 7	Apollo NEA 2018 RJ3 ($H = 27.8 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 10 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.44 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.43 LD. [2018-44] See: $2018 \text{ RJ3} - SSA$, $2018 \text{ RJ3} - JPL$ See also: $2018 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$ Discovery station: See: $2018 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$
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2018, Sep 12, 20:08	Apollo NEA 2018 RZ5 (H = 29.8 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.13 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.13 LD. [2018-48] See: 2018 RZ5 - SSA, 2018 RZ5 - JPL Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: http://iawn.net/
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2018, Nov 10	Apollo NEA 2018 VX1 = 2018 VA6 (H = 27.7 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.99 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.99 LD. [2018-60] See: $2018 \text{ VX1} - \text{SSA}$, $2018 \text{ VX1} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: $\frac{\text{http://iawn.net/}}{\text{See also: 11 Nov 1959}}$.
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2018, Nov 13 02:24	Aten NEA 2018 VC7 (H = 27.4 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.87 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.87 LD. [2018-61] See: $2018 \text{ VC7} - \text{SSA}$, $2018 \text{ VC7} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: ATLAS-MLO , Mauna Loa See: 2018 Mauna Loa
2018, Nov 13 18:28	Aten NEA 2018 WA1 (H = 30.1 mag, $D \approx m$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.65 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.65 LD. [2018-62] See: 2018 WA1- SSA, 2018 WA1 - JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2018, Nov 14	C. Cofield, 2018, <i>NASA JPL News</i> , 14 November 2018, "NASA learns more about interstellar visitor 'Oumuamua ." See: https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2018-262
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2018, Nov 14	Apollo NEA 2018 VJ10 ($H = 28.8 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.52 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.51 LD. [2018-63] See: $2018 \text{ VJ10} - \text{SSA}$, $2018 \text{ VJ10} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Palomar MountainZTF See: http://iawn.net/See also: 15 Nov 1946.
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	https://news.utexas.edu/2018/11/16/overflowing-crater-lakes-carved-
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	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018JGRE123405G
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2010, 1101	
	See: http://cdsads.u-strasbg.fr/abs/2018Sci362738V
2018, Nov 16 05:49	Apollo NEA 2018 WH ($H = 30.0 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 4 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 0.50 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.50
	LD. [2018-64]
	[]
	See: 2018 WH - SSA , 2018 WH - JPL
	Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey
	See: http://iawn.net/
	See also: 16 Nov 2022.
2018 Nov 14 10.17	Anollo NEA 2018 WC (H = 20.4 mag, D ~ 5 m) magged Earth at a
2010, NOV 10 19:12	Apollo NEA 2018 WG ($H = 29.4 \text{ mag}, D \approx 5 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 0.080 LD (= 4.84 R _{Earth} from the
	geocenter) . Minimum miss distance 0.080 LD. [2018-65]
	See: 2018 WG - SSA , 2018 WG - JPL
	Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	See: http://iawn.net/
	See also: 16 Nov 2073.
2018, Nov 18	Apollo NEA 2018 WE ($H = 28.4 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 0.62 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.62
	See: <u>2018 WE - SSA</u> , <u>2018 WE - JPL</u>
	Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey
	See: http://iawn.net/
2010 Nav. 10	V. Harring 2010 Action and 10 November 2010 "Harring 11 and
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	save the planet from a killer asteroid?"
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	planet-from-a-killer-asteroid
2018, Nov 19	Apollo NEA 2018 WJ ($H = 27.8 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 10 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a
2010, 110 17	-
	nominal miss distance of 0.31 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.31
	LD. [2018-67]
	See: <u>2018 WJ - SSA</u> , <u>2018 WJ - JPL</u>
	Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey
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2018, Nov 20	D.N. DellaGiustina, C.A. Bennett, K. Becker, et al., 2018,
	submitted to Earth and Space Science, 5, 929, "Overcoming the
	challenges associated with image-based mapping of small bodies
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2018, Nov 25	S. Siegert, L.Hecht, 2018, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , Early View, "Heterogeneity of melts in impact deposits and implications for their origin (Ries suevite , Germany)." See: https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/maps.13210
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2018, Nov 27	Apollo NEA 2018 WZ1 (H = 29.4 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.28 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.28 LD. [2018-69] See: 2018 WZ1 - SSA, 2018 WZ1 - JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2018, Nov 28	Apollo NEA 2018 WA3 ($H = 28.0$ mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.84 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.84 LD. [2018-70]

	See: 2018 WA3 - SSA, 2018 WA3 - JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
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2018, Nov 30	Apollo NEA 2018 WG2 ($H = 30.2$ mag, $D \approx 3$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.52 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.52 LD. [2018-71] See: 2018 WG2 - SSA, 2018 WG2 - JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/See also: 28 Nov 1982.
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2018, Dec 3 Arrival of NASA spacecraft *Origins-Spectral Interpretation-*Resource Identification-Security-Regolith Explorer (OSIRIS-REx), an asteroid sample return mission, at target asteroid 101955 (1999) **RQ36** = **Bennu**, H = 20.8 mag, $D \approx 525 \text{ m}$, **NEO**, **PHA**). The 2,110kg spacecraft was launched on 8 September 2016. After a careful survey of Bennu to characterize the asteroid and locate the most promising sample sites, *OSIRIS-REx* will collect between 60 to 2,000 grams of surface material with its robotic arm, depart from Bennu in May 2021, and return the sample to Earth via a detachable capsule on 24 September 2023. See: http://www.nasa.gov/osiris-rex http://science.nasa.gov/missions/osiris-rex/ https://www.nasa.gov/sites/default/files/atoms/files/osiris rex factsheet5 <u>-9</u>.pdf http://www.asteroidmission.org/ https://osirisrex.arizona.edu/content/information-media http://www.space.com/11802-nasa-asteroid-mission-dangerous-1999rq36.html http://www.space.com/11808-nasa-asteroid-mission-osiris-rex-1999rq36-infographic.html http://www.space.com/12065-osiris-rex-asteroid-generations.html http://web.mit.edu/newsoffice/2011/asteroid-mission-0726.html http://www.space.com/13132-potentially-killer-asteroids-earth-nasa.html http://www.nasa.gov/press/2014/april/construction-to-begin-on-nasaspacecraft-set-to-visit-asteroid-in-2018/ http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2016Sci...353..974V https://ww2.kged.org/science/2017/09/29/why-is-nasa-checking-out-thisasteroid/ https://www.nasa.gov/image-feature/from-the-earth-moon-and-beyond https://www.space.com/39701-earth-moon-40-million-miles-nasaphoto.html https://www.space.com/20920-nasa-osiris-rex-asteroid-missionphotos.html https://www.space.com/39958-asteroid-bennu.html https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news201.html https://www.space.com/41544-nasa-osiris-rex-asteroid-bennu-finalapproach.html https://uanews.arizona.edu/story/osirisrex-captures-first-glimpseasteroid-bennu https://www.space.com/41620-osiris-rex-asteroid-bennu-first-photo.html [2018, Aug 24] https://www.space.com/42201-osiris-rex-checks-for-asteroidhazards.html [2018, Oct 22] http://www.iac.es/divulgacion.php?op1=16&id=1466&lang=en [2018, Oct 311

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[2018, Nov 6]

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	[2019, Aug 29]
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	site-selection [2019, Dec 4]
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	asteroid-mission-begin-return-to-earth
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2010, Dec 0	
	nominal miss distance of 1.009 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.003
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2018, Dec 18 23:48	Impact! Kamchatka Bolide. An asteroid entered Earth's atmosphere above the Bering Sea, just east of the Kamchatka Peninsula, releasing 173,000 tons of TNT 25.6 km above the Earth's surface.

	See:
	http://iawn.net/technical/neos.shtml#Kamchatka
	https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=7355
	https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/fireballs/
	See also:
	https://www.skyandtelescope.com/astronomy-news/amazing-images-
	giant-fireball-bering-sea/
	https://www.syfy.com/syfywire/the-largest-asteroid-impact-since-
	chelyabinsk-exploded-harmlessly-over-bering-sea
2018, Dec 22	Aten NEA 163899 (2003 SD220, $H = 17.9 \text{ mag}, D \approx 1000 \text{ m},$
2016, DCC 22	
	PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.36 LD.
	Minimum miss distance 7.36 LD.
	See: <u>163899 2003 SD220 - SSA</u> , <u>2003 SD220 - JPL</u>
	See also:
	https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=7312
	https://phys.org/news/2018-12-mile-wide-potentially-hazardous-asteroid-
	sd220.html
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(163899) 2003 SD220
2018, Dec 24	W.U. Reimold, A. Penteado Crósta, M. Hasch, et al., 2018,
2010, Bee 21	Meteoritics & Planetary Science, Early View, "Shock deformation
	confirms the impact origin for the Cerro do Jarau, Rio Grande do
	Sul, Brazil, structure."
	See: https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/maps.13233
2018, Dec 27	M. Brozović, L.A.M. Benner, J.D. Giorgini, et al., 2018,
	Astronomical Journal, 157, 24, "Goldstone radar observations of
	horseshoe-orbiting Near-Earth Asteroid 2013 BS45, a potential
	mission target."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019AJ15724B
	<u> 11 цр.// adsaos.narvard.edd/aos/2017/131372+D</u>
2010 Dec 27	A = 11 NEA 2010 VI 2 (II 20 2 D 2 5)
2018, Dec 27	Apollo NEA 2018 YL2 ($H = 29.3 \text{ mag}, D \approx 5 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 0.15 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15
	LD. [2018-74]
	See: <u>2018 YL2 - SSA</u> , <u>2018 YL2 - JPL</u>
	Discovery station: ATLAS-MLO, Mauna Loa
	See: http://iawn.net/
2018 Dec 28 06:27	Apollo NEA 2018 YO2 ($H = 30.0 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 4 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a
2010, DCC 20 00.27	nominal miss distance of 0.51 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.51
	LD. [2018-75]
	See: 2018 YO2 - SSA, 2018 YO2 - JPL
	Discovery station: Palomar MountainZTF
	See: http://iawn.net/
	See also: 11 Jan 1906.

2018, Dec 28 12:	Apollo NEA 2019 AW2 ($H = 25.4 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 30 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.43 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.43 LD. [2018-76] See: $2019 \text{ AW2} - SSA$, $2019 \text{ AW2} - JPL$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/
2018, Dec 31	J. Thangavelautham, E. Asphaug, S. Schwartz, 2018, in: <i>IEEE Aerospace Conference 2019</i> , e-print <i>arXiv</i> :1812.11663, "An onorbit CubeSat centrifuge for asteroid science and exploration." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2018arXiv181211663T
2019, Jan 1	19285 NEAs known (ranging in size up to \sim 37 km: 1036 Ganymed, A924 UB, $H = 9.45$ mag, $D = 36.5$ km, Amor NEA), of which 1957 PHAs (ranging in size from 140 m up to \sim 5 km: 4179 Toutatis, 1989 AC, $H = 15.3$ mag, $D = 4.6 \times 2.4 \times 1.9$ km, Apollo NEA, PHA). See: https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/totals.html
2019, Jan	D. Appell, 2019, <i>Physics World</i> , 32, 45, "Hellions of the solar system." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019PhyW32a45A
2019, Jan	G. Benedetti, N. Bloise, D. Boi, et al., 2019, <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , 154, 238, "Interplanetary CubeSats for asteroid exploration: mission analysis and design." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019AcAau.154238B
2019, Jan	A. Capannolo, F. Ferrari, M. Lavagna, 2019, <i>Journal of Guidance</i> , <i>Control, and Dynamics</i> , 42, 189, "Families of bounded orbits near binary asteroid 65803 Didymos ." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019JGCD42189C
2019, Jan	Q.H.S. Chan, A. Nakato, Y. Kebukawa, et al., 2019, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 54, 104, "Heating experiments of the Tagish Lake meteorite : investigation of the effects of short-term heating on chondritic organics." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019M%26PS54104C
2019, Jan	C. de la Fuente Marcos, R. de la Fuente Marcos, 2019, <i>Astronomy & Astrophysics</i> , 621, 137, "Waiting to make an impact: a probable excess of near-Earth asteroids in 2018 LA-like orbits." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019A%26A621A.137D
2019, Jan	B. Dermawan, 2019, <i>Journal of Physics: Conference Series</i> , 1127, 012038, "Temporal Earth coorbital types of asteroid 2016 HO3 ."

	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019JPhCS1127a2038D
2019, Jan	M.A. Galiazzo, E. A. Silber, R. Dvorak, 2019, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 482, 771, "The threat of Centaurs for terrestrial planets and their orbital evolution as impactors." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019MNRAS.482771G
2019, Jan	C.D. Grimm, JT. Grundmann, J. Hendrikse, et al., 2019, <i>Progress in Aerospace Sciences</i> , 104, 20, "From idea to flight - a review of the Mobile Asteroid Surface Scout (MASCOT) development and a comparison to historical fast-paced space programs." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019PrAeS.10420G
2019, Jan	M. Lazzarin, V. Petropoulou, I. Bertini, et al., 2019, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 165, 115, " Phaethon variability during december 2017 closest approach to Earth." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019P%26SS165115L
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2019, Jan	V. Svetsov, V. Shuvalov, 2019, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 54, 126, "Thermal radiation from impact plumes." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019M%26PS54126S

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2019, Jan 8	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019AAS23334707Z T. Stefanut, V. Bacu, C. Nandra, et al., 2019, in: IEEE 14th International Conference on Intelligent Computer Communication and Processing (ICCP), 6-8 September, 2018, Cluj-Napoca (Romania), e-print arXiv:1901.02545, "NEARBY platform: algorithm for automated asteroids detection in astronomical images." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019arXiv1901025458
2019, Jan 8, 00:37	Apollo NEA 2019 AS5 ($H=32.3~{\rm mag}, D\approx 1.2~{\rm m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.039 LD (= 2.37 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.039 LD. [2019-01] It passed the Moon at a nominal miss distance of 0.415 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.414 LD. See: $2019~{\rm AS5} - {\rm SSA}$, $2019~{\rm AS5} - {\rm JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/ See also: http://iawn.net/ See also: http://iawn.net/ See also: http://iawn.net/ See. https://iawn.net/ See.

	See also: 9 Jan 2055.
2019, Jan 12	Apollo NEA 2019 AE9 ($H = 27.2$ mag, $D \approx 13$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.26 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.26 LD. [2019-02] See: 2019 AE9 - SSA, 2019 AE9 - JPL Discovery station: ATLAS-HKO , Haleakala See: 2019 http://iawn.net/
2019, Jan 13	M.A. Cox, A.J. Cavosie, L. Ferrière, et al., 2019, <i>Meteoritics & Planetary Science</i> , 54, 621, "Shocked quartz in polymict impact breccia from the Upper Cretaceous Yallalie impact structure in Western Australia." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019M%26PS54.621C See also: https://news.curtin.edu.au/media-releases/curtin-university-crater-hunters-score-meteoric-hole-in-one/
2019, Jan 14	V. Bacu, A. Sabou, T. Stefanut, et al., 2019, submitted to <i>IEEE</i> 14th International Conference on Intelligent Computer Communication and Processing (ICCP), Cluj-Napoca (Romania), e-print arXiv:1901.04248, "NEARBY platform for detecting asteroids in astronomical images using cloud-based containerized applications." See: https://arxiv.org/abs/1901.04248
2019, Jan 16, 01:13	Apollo NEA 2019 BO ($H = 28.2 \text{ mag}$, $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.18 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.18 LD. [2019-03] See: $2019 \text{ BO} - \text{SSA}$, $2019 \text{ BO} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: $\frac{\text{http://iawn.net/}}{\text{http://iawn.net/}}$
2019, Jan 16, 16:53	Apollo NEA 2020 CD3 (H = 31.8 mag, $D \approx 1.6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.42 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.23 LD. [2019-04] See: 2020 CD3 - S2P, 2020 CD3 - JPL Discovery station: calculated See also: 4 Apr 2019, 30 Jun 2019, 10 Sep 2019, 18 Nov 2019, 13 Feb 2020. See also: https://www.theatlantic.com/science/archive/2020/02/mini-moon-earth/607171/ https://www.theatlantic.com/science/archive/2020/03/mini-moon-earth-lost/608455/
2019, Jan 18	C. Koeberl, 2019, Science, 363, 224, "When Earth got

	pummeled."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Sci363224K
	Sec. http://adsabs.narvard.edu/abs/20175ci505224K
2019, Jan 18	S. Mazrouei, R.R. Ghent, W.F. Bottke, et al., 2019, <i>Science</i> , 363, 253, "Earth and Moon impact flux increased at the end of the Paleozoic." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Sci363253M See also: https://www.swri.org/press-release/swri-moon-craters-compare-earth-impact-history-lro https://www.livescience.com/64531-huge-asteroid-impacts-are-common.html https://science.sciencemag.org/content/363/6424/224
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2019, Jan 21	F. Valdes, 2019, e-print <i>arXiv</i> :1901.07111, "A new method for estimating the absolute magnitude frequency distribution of Near Earth Asteroids (NEAs)." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019arXiv190107111V
2019, Jan 22	M. Bartels, 2019, <i>Space.com</i> , 22 January 2019, "Watch a meteor smack the Blood Moon in this lunar eclipse video!." See: https://www.space.com/43075-blood-moon-2019-meteor-impact-video.html See also: https://www.syfy.com/syfywire/an-asteroid-impacted-the-moon-during-the-lunar-eclipse http://spaceweather.com/archive.php?view=1&day=23&month=01&year=2019
2019, Jan 23	D.S. Grewal, R. Dasgupta, C. Sun, et al., 2019, <i>Science Advances</i> , 5, eaau3669, "Delivery of carbon, nitrogen, and sulfur to the silicate Earth by a giant impact." See: http://advances.sciencemag.org/content/5/1/eaau3669 See also: https://news.rice.edu/2019/01/23/planetary-collision-that-formed-the-moon-made-life-possible-on-earth-2/ https://www.space.com/43103-planetary-collision-life-earth.html https://www.space.com/43110-moon-forming-impact-life-on-earth.html
2019, Jan 22-24	ESA NEO and Debris Detection Conference Exploiting Synergies, 22-24 January 2019, ESA/ESOC, Darmstadt (BRD). See: https://neo-sst-conference.sdo.esoc.esa.int/

http://neo.ssa.esa.int/news-archive

 $See: \underline{https://neo-sst-conference.sdo.esoc.esa.int/page/programme}$

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- V. Reddy, R.Furfaro, E. Christensen, 2019, "Synergistic NEOdebris activities at University of Arizona."
- J.L.Cano, M. Ceccaroni, L. Faggioli, R. Jehn, D. Koschny, S. Lemmens, F. Letizia, S. Löhle, J. Martin, M. Micheli, 2019, "ESA's activities on the boundaries between NEO and debris detection."
- K. Davies, J.S. Pedersen, K. Mokos, et al., 2019, "An opportunity model strategy for scheduling NEO observations."
- G. Valsecchi, 2019, "Comparing NEA surveys."
- I. Molotov, V. Voropaev, Y. Krugly, et al., 2019, "ISON search and study of near-Earth space objects."
- A. Liakos, A.Z. Bonanos, M. Xilouris, et al., 2019, "NELIOTA lunar impact flash detection and event validation."

See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019arXiv190111414L

- E. Perozzi, C. Pardini, L. Anselmo, et al., 2019, "The *Tiangong-1* re-entry: lessons learned for NEO hazard and communication."
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- S. Schmalz, I. Molotov, V. Voropaev, et al., 2019, "ISON's subnetwork of small aperture telescopes for observations of NEOs, space debris and meteors."
- J. Ticha, M. Tichy, M. Honkova, 2019, "**Klet Observatory** preparedness and plans for planetary defence."
- T. Yanagisawa1, H. Kurosaki1, T. Ikenaga, et al., 2019, "Small NEO search technology using small telescopes and **FPGA** [Field Programmable Gate Array]."
- O.R. Torralba1, R. Jehn, L.S. Jehn, A. Praus, 2019, "Simulation of sky surveys with the **Fly-Eye Telescope**."
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- J. Toth, J. Silha, P. Matlovic, 2019, "AMOS [Automatic Meteor Orbit System] the Slovak worldwide all-sky meteor detection system."
- E. Drolshagen, T. Ott, P. Mialle, D. Koschny, G. Drolshagen, et al., 2019, "NEMO [NEar real-time MOnitoring system] a global near real-time fireball monitoring system."
- V. Abbasi, S. Thorsteinson, D. Balam, et al., 2019, "The *NEOSSat* Experience: 5 years in the life of Canada's space surveillance telescope."
- J. Utzmann, 2019, "Towards European space-based optical observations of debris and NEOs."

- N. Rambaux, J. Vaubaillon, ..., F. Deleflie, et al., 2019,
- "*Meteorix*: a cubesat mission dedicated to the detection of meteors and space debris."
- B. Shustov, A. Shugarov, S. Naroenkov, 2019, "System of Observation of Day-time Asteroids (*SODA*)."
- M. Losacco, M. Romano, P. Di Lizia, et al., 2019, "Advanced Monte Carlo sampling techniques for orbital conjunctions analysis and NEO impact probability computation."
- M. Frühauf, M. Micheli, T. Santana-ros, R. Jehn, D.V. Koschny, 2019, "A systematic ranging technique for follow-ups of NEOs detected with the **Fly-Eye Telescope**."
- G. Tommei, A. Milani Comparetti, 2019, "A new way of thinking about impact monitoring of NEOs."
- -P. Sybilski, S. Kozłowski, R. Pawłaszek, et al., 2019,
- "Astrometry24.net precise astrometry for SST and NEO."
- J. Doubek, P. Sybilski, P. Duźniak, 2019, "NEOSTEL [Fly-Eye] data processing chain."

Among the Posters:

- A. Białkowski, P. Duźniak, ..., A. Adamczyk, et al., 2019, "Scheduling and commanding message standard usage in telescope tasking activities for NEO and SST."
- A. Di Cecco, E. Perozzi, C. Marzo, et al., 2019, "Analysis of Italian sites for NEO and space debris observations with the ESA **Fly-Eye Telescope**."
- M. Kim, H.-s. Yim, J.-h. Park, et al., 2019, "Characterization of Earth closing approaching NEAs using **OWL-Net**."
- N. Sánchez Ortiz, J. Nomen Torres, J.L. Cano, M. Micheli, 2019, "Identification of SST community support to reduce false positives in the identification of NEO imminent impactors."
- O. Wilkman, A. Raja-halli, J. Näränen, N. Kareinen, 2019, "Capabilities of satellite laser ranging systems in NEO observations."
- J. Silha, S. Krajcovic, D. Zilkova, et al., 2019, "Slovak optical telescope and image processing pipeline for the space debris and NEA observations and research."
- -E. Kuznetsov, D. Glamazda, G. Kaiser, Y. Vibe, 2019, "NEO observations at the SBG telescope of the Kourovka Astronomical Observatory."
- J. Vaubaillon, F.J. Deleflie, G. Legras, A. Egal, 2019, "Wide field optical sky survey applied to meteors and debris."
- A. Suryanarayanan, 2019, "A novel approach to orbit prediction of Near Earth Objects affected by resonances."
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**Summary** 

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**JHUAPL** 

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2019, Jun 19	H.J. Melosh (chair), A.W. Harris, I. Bhavya Lal, L. McFadden, M. Mommert, G. Rieke, A. Rivkin, D.J. Scheeres, E. Tedesco, Committee on Near Earth Object Observations in the Infrared and Visible Wavelengths, 2019, Finding Hazardous Asteroids Using Infrared and Visible Wavelength Telescopes." A Consensus Study Report of the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering and Medicine, See: https://www.nap.edu/catalog/25476/finding-hazardous-asteroids-using-
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2019, Jun 19	ESA's new mission to intercept a comet: 'Comet Interceptor', has been selected as ESA's new fast-class mission in its Cosmic Vision Programme. Comprising three spacecraft, it will be the first to visit a truly pristine comet or other interstellar object that is only just starting its journey into the inner Solar System.  Foreseen launch to in 2028, to Sun-Earth Lagrange point L2 at 1.5 million kilometres 'behind' Earth as viewed from the Sun.  See: <a href="http://www.esa.int/Our Activities/Space Science/ESA s new mission to intercept a comet">http://www.esa.int/Our Activities/Space Science/ESA s new mission to intercept a comet</a>
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2019, Jun 22, 21:26	<b>Impact.</b> Apollo NEA <b>2019 MO</b> ( $H = 29.3 \text{ mag}, D \approx 6 \text{ m}$ )

	impacted the <b>Earth</b> atmosphere over the Caribbean Sea on 22 June 2019, and exploded at an altitude of ~ 25 km over the sea surface, releasing an energy of 6 kT of TNT.  See: 2019 MO - JPL , 2019 MO - SSA
	See also: 27 Jun 1987. Object impacted Earth on 22 June 2019, 21:25:48 Discovery station: ATLAS-MLO, Mauna Loa See also: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a> See also:
	https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=7438 https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2019-127 https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/fireballs/ http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters
2019, Jun 24	D.E. Moser, G.A. Arcuri, D.A. Reinhard, et al., 2019, <i>Nature Geoscience</i> , 12, 522, "Decline of giant impacts on <b>Mars</b> by 4.48 billion years ago and an early opportunity for habitability."  See: <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41561-019-0380-0">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41561-019-0380-0</a> See also: <a href="https://mediarelations.uwo.ca/2019/06/24/life-on-mars/">https://mediarelations.uwo.ca/2019/06/24/life-on-mars/</a>
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2019, Jun 24	Apollo NEA <b>441987</b> ( <b>2010 NY65</b> , $H = 21.4$ mag, $D \approx 228$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.63 LD. Minimum miss distance 7.63 LD. See: $2010 \text{ NY65-SSA}$ , $2010 \text{ NY65-JPL}$ See also: <b>24 Jun 2017</b> , <b>24 Jun 2018</b> , <b>24 Jun 2020</b> , <b>25 Jun 2181</b> .
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2019, Jul 24	Apollo NEA <b>2019 OD</b> ( $H = 23.5 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 70 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.93 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.93 LD. [2019-34] See: 2019 OD - SSA, 2019 OD - JPL Discovery station: ATLAS-HKO, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/
2019, Jul 25	Apollo NEA <b>2019 OK</b> ( $H = 23.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 80 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.19 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.19 LD. [2019-35] Largest asteroid to pass this close to Earth in a century See: $2019 \text{ OK} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ OK} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: SONEAR Observatory, Oliveira See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a> See also:

	http://www.sci-news.com/astronomy/asteroid-2019-ok-07446.html http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [August] https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news203.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2019_OK
2019, Jul 26	Aten NEA <b>2010 PK9</b> ( $H = 22.0 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 143 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.20 LD. Minimum miss distance 8.20 LD. See: $2010 \text{ PK9} - \text{SSA}$ , $2010 \text{ PK9} - \text{JPL}$
2019, Jul 28	Apollo NEA <b>2019 OD3</b> ( $H = 26.9 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 15 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.49 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.49 LD. [2019-36] See: $2019 \text{ OD3} - SSA$ , $2019 \text{ OD3} - JPL$ Discovery station: ATLAS-MLO, Mauna Loa See: $2019 \text{ Mauna Loa}$
2019, Jul 29	Apollo NEA <b>2019 ON3</b> ( $H = 27.6 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 11 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.56 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.55 LD. [2019-37] See: 2019 ON3 - SSA, 2019 ON3 - JPL Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 2, Haleakala See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a>
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2019, Aug 1	Apollo NEA <b>2019 PM</b> ( $H = 23.5 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 70 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.88 LD. Minimum miss distance 7.84 LD. See: $2019 \text{ PM} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ PM} - \text{JPL}$
2019, Aug 5	ESA NEOCC Newsletter: August 2019. See: <a href="http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters">http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters</a>
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2019, Aug 10	Aten NEA <b>2006 QQ23</b> ( $H$ = 20.1 mag, $D \approx 250$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 19.37 LD. Minimum miss distance 19.37 LD. See: $2006 \text{ QQ23} - \text{SSA}$ , $2006 \text{ QQ23} - \text{JPL}$ See also: https://www.space.com/large-asteroid-2006-QQ23-earth-flyby.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2006_QQ23
2019, Aug 16	Apollo NEA <b>2019 PJ</b> ( $H$ = 24.1 mag, $D \approx 50$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.74 LD. Minimum miss distance 8.68 LD. See: <u>2019 PJ - SSA</u> , <u>2019 PJ - JPL</u>

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2019, Aug 20, 11:5	Apollo NEA <b>2019 QB1</b> ( $H = 27.5 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 11 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.32 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.32 LD. [2019-38] See: $2019 \text{ QB1} - SSA$ , $2019 \text{ QB1} - JPL$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 2, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/
2019, Aug 20 18:12	Apollo NEA <b>2019 QH2</b> ( $H = 30.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 2.9 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.13 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.13 LD. [2019-39] See: $2019 \text{ QH2} - SSA$ , $2019 \text{ QH2} - JPL$ Discovery station: See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a>
2019, Aug 22	Apollo NEA <b>2019 QD</b> ( $H$ = 28.6 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.78 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.78 LD. [2019-40] See: $2019 \text{ QD} - SSA$ , $2019 \text{ QD} - JPL$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
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2019, Aug 26 08:51	Apollo NEA <b>2019 QR8</b> ( $H$ = 28.1 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.80 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.77 LD. [2019-41] See: $2019 QR8 - SSA$ , $2019 QR8 - JPL$

	Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/
2019, Aug 26 15:14	Apollo NEA <b>2019 QQ3</b> ( $H$ = 29.1 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.25 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.25 LD. [2019-42] See: $2019 QQ3 - SSA$ , $2019 QQ3 - JPL$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: $2019 QQ3 - 2019 QQ3 - 20$
2019, Aug 28	Apollo NEA <b>2019 OU1</b> ( $H$ = 23.1 mag, $D \approx 90$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.68 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.67 LD. See: $2019 \text{ OU1} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ OU1} - \text{JPL}$
2019, Aug 30	Discovery of interstellar comet C/2019 Q4 (Borisov) = I/Borisov.  Perihelium at 2.01 AE on 8 December 2019.  Close Earth approach at 1.9 AE late December 2019.  See: <a href="https://ssd.jpl.nasa.gov/sbdb.cgi?ID=dK19Q040">https://ssd.jpl.nasa.gov/sbdb.cgi?ID=dK19Q040</a> <a <b="" an="" asteroid="" destruction="" harmless="" href="https://www.iau.org/news/pressreleases/detail/iau1910/https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:The_Solar_System_as_seen_from_interstellar_comet_Borisov_C2019_Q4.gifhttps://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2I/Borisov&lt;/a&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;2019, Sep&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;A.G. Aleksandrova, T.Y. Galushina, A.B. Prishchepenko, et al., 2019, &lt;i&gt;Astronomy Reports&lt;/i&gt;, 63, 786, " of="" possibility="" the="" threatening="">Earth."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019ARep63.786A/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019ARep63.1095A/abstract</a>  https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019ARep63.1095A/abstract</a>
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	See: https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1111/maps.13348
2019, Sep	M. Elvis, T. Milligan, 2019, <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , 162, 574, "How much of the solar system should we leave as wilderness?"  See: <a href="https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0094576517318507">https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0094576517318507</a> See also: <a href="https://www.space.com/scientists-propose-solar-system-national-park.html">https://www.space.com/scientists-propose-solar-system-national-park.html</a> <a href="https://www.space.com/42324-asteroid-mining-company-planetary-resources-acquired.html">https://www.space.com/42324-asteroid-mining-planetary-resources.html</a> <a href="https://www.space.com/15395-asteroid-mining-planetary-resources.html">https://www.space.com/15395-asteroid-mining-planetary-resources.html</a>
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2019, Sep 5	Apollo NEA <b>2019 RP1</b> ( $H = 27.6 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 11 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.099 LD (= <b>5.9 R</b> _{Earth} <b>from the geocenter</b> ). Minimum miss distance 0.098 LD. [2019-44] See: $2019 \text{ RP1} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ RP1} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See also: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a>
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2019, Sep 16	Apollo NEA <b>2019 SJ</b> ( $H$ = 27.6 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.64 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.64 LD. [2019-47] See: $2019 \text{ SJ} - 2019 \text$
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2019, Sep 19	A. Siraj, A. Loeb, 2019, <i>Research Notes of the American Astronomical Society</i> , 3, 130, "Radio flares from collisions of neutron stars with interstellar asteroids."  See: <a href="http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019RNAAS31308">http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019RNAAS31308</a>
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2019, Sep 21 02:48	Apollo NEA <b>2019 SU2</b> ( $H = 29.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 4 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.19 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.19 LD. [2019-48] See: $2019 \text{ SU2} - 2019 \text{ Survey}$ See: $2019 \text{ Survey}$ See: $2019 \text{ Survey}$ See: $2019 \text{ Survey}$
2019, Sep 21 06:46	Apollo NEA <b>2019 SD1</b> ( $H = 28.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.73 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.73 LD. [2019-49] See: $2019 \text{ SD1} - 2019 \text{ SD1} - 2019 \text{ SD1} - 2019 \text{ SD1} - 2019 \text{ SD1}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2019, Sep 21 07:12	Apollo NEA <b>2019 SS2</b> ( $H = 30.5 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 2.9 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.30 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.30 LD. [2019-50] See: $2019 \text{ SS2} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ SS2} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a>
2019, Sep 22	Apollo NEA <b>2019 SS3</b> ( $H = 26.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 19 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.73 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.73 LD. [2019-51] See: $2019 \text{ SS3} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ SS3} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: ATLAS-HKO, Haleakala See: $2019 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$
2019, Sep 22-25	<b>2019 Geological Society of America Annual Meeting</b> , 22-25 September 2019, Phoenix (AZ, USA). See:

	https://www.geosociety.org/GSA/Events/Annual_Meeting/GSA/Events/gsa2019.aspx
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2019, Sep 24	S.P.S. Gulick, T.J. Bralower, J.Ormö, et al., 2019, <i>Proceedings National Academy of Sciences</i> , 116, 19342, "The first day of the Cenozoic."  See: <a href="https://www.pnas.org/content/early/2019/09/04/1909479116">https://www.pnas.org/content/early/2019/09/04/1909479116</a> https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1909479116  See also: <a href="https://news.utexas.edu/2019/09/09/rocks-at-asteroid-impact-site-record-first-day-of-dinosaur-extinction/">https://news.utexas.edu/2019/09/09/rocks-at-asteroid-impact-site-record-first-day-of-dinosaur-extinction/</a> https://www.jsg.utexas.edu/news/2018/05/life-recovered-rapidly-at-impact-site-of-dino-killing-asteroid/  http://www.jsg.utexas.edu/news/2016/11/dino-killing-asteroid-made-rocks-behave-like-liquid-and-could-have-provided-habitat-for-new-life/
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2019, Sep 27	Apollo NEA <b>2006 QV89</b> ( $H = 25.6 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 27 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 18.02 LD. Minimum miss distance 18.02 LD. See: $2019 \text{ QV89} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ QV89} - \text{JPL}$ See also: https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news204.html http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [September]
2019, Sep 28 07:50	Apollo NEA <b>2019 SX8</b> ( $H = 28.9 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.99 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.99 LD. [2019-52] See: $2019 \text{ SX8} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ SX8} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2019, Sep 28 20:31	Apollo NEA <b>2019 TE</b> ( $H$ = 28.0 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.93 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.88 LD. [2019-53] See: 2019 TE – SSA, 2019 TE – JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2019, Sep 29	Apollo NEA <b>2019 TD</b> ( $H = 28.9 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.34 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.34 LD. [2019-54] See: $2019 \text{ TD} - SSA$ , $2019 \text{ TD} - JPL$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
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2019, Oct	V.V. Ivashkin, C.A. Stikhno, 2019, <i>Journal of Physics: Conference Series</i> , 1301, 012003, "Analysis of correction of asteroid <b>Apophis</b> ' orbit providing its collision with the <b>Moon</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019JPhCS1301a2003I/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019JPhCS1301a2003I/abstract</a>
2019, Oct	C. Koeberl, B.A. Ivanov, 2019, <i>Meteoritics &amp; Planetary Science</i> , 54, 2273, "Asteroid impact effects on snowball <b>Earth</b> ." See: <a href="http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019M%26PS54.2273K">http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019M%26PS54.2273K</a>
2019, Oct	B. Kundu, B. Senapati, M. Santosh, 2019, <i>Icarus</i> , 331, 62, "Surface gravity and crater diameter as proxies of extra-terrestrial impact."  See: <a href="http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Icar33162K">http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Icar33162K</a>
2019, Oct	K. Maierhofer, C. Koeberl, J. Brigham-Grette, 2019, <i>Meteoritics &amp; Planetary Science</i> , 54, 2510, "Petrography and geochemistry of the impact to postimpact transition layer at the <b>El'gygytgyn impact structure</b> in Chukotka, Arctic Russia."  See: <a href="https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1111/maps.13243">https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1111/maps.13243</a>
2019, Oct	T. Michikami, C. Honda, H. Miyamoto, et al., 2019, <i>Icarus</i> , 331, 179, "Boulder size and shape distributions on asteroid <b>Ryugu</b> ." See: <a href="http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Icar331179M">http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Icar331179M</a>
2019, Oct	G.O. Ryabova, D.J. Asher, M.D. Campbell-Brown (eds.), 2019,  Meteoroids - Sources of Meteors on Earth and Beyond,  (Cambridge: CUP).  See: <a href="https://www.cambridge.org/core/books/meteoroids/97B51725B2139FAF-A471B6237BDA1BFE">https://www.cambridge.org/core/books/meteoroids/97B51725B2139FAF-A471B6237BDA1BFE</a> Among the papers:  - M. Hajduková, V. Sterken, P. Wiegert, 2019, p. 235, "Interstellar meteoroids."

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2019, Oct	L. Wu, L. Chen, B. Wu, et al., 2019, <i>Journal of Geodesy</i> , 93, 1963, "Improved Fourier modeling of gravity fields caused by polyhedral bodies: with applications to asteroid <b>Bennu</b> and comet <b>67P/Churyumov-Gerasimenko</b> .  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019JGeod.tmp97W/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019JGeod.tmp97W/abstract</a>
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2019, Oct 1	Apollo NEA <b>2019 SM8</b> ( $H = 29.0 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.41 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.41 LD. [2019-55] See: $2019 \text{ SM8} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ SM8} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: $\frac{\text{http://iawn.net/}}{\text{See also:}}$ See also: $\frac{\text{https://www.space.com/four-asteroids-fly-by-earth-october-2019.html}}{\text{Mt. Lemmon Survey}}$
2019, Oct 3	Apollo NEA <b>2019 SP3</b> ( $H = 26.6 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 17 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.97 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.97 LD. [2019-56] See: $2019 \text{ SP3} - 2019 \text{ SP3}$
2019, Oct 3-6	38th International Meteor Conference (IMC 2019), 3-6 October, 2019, Bollmansruh (Germany). See: <a href="https://imc2019.imo.net/">https://imc2019.imo.net/</a>
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2019, Oct 5	Apollo NEA <b>2019 TN5</b> ( $H = 28.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.32 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.32 LD. [2019-57] See: 2019 TN5 – SSA, 2019 TN5 – JPL Discovery station: ATLAS-HKO, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/
2019, Oct 7	Y. Marrocchi, L. Piani, 2019, <i>Nature Astronomy</i> , 3, 889, "The tumultuous childhood of the Solar System."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019NatAs3889M/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019NatAs3889M/abstract</a>
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2019, Oct 10	National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine, 2019, Finding hazardous asteroids using infrared and visible wavelength telescopes (Washington, DC: The National Academies Press) <a href="https://doi.org/10.17226/25476">https://doi.org/10.17226/25476</a> .  Contributors  National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine; Division on Engineering and Physical Sciences; Space Studies Board; Committee on Near Earth Object Observations in the Infrared and Visible Wavelengths.  Description  Near Earth objects (NEOs) have the potential to cause significant damage on Earth. In December 2018, an asteroid exploded in the upper atmosphere over the Bering Sea (western Pacific Ocean) with the explosive force of nearly 10 times that of the Hiroshima bomb. While the frequency of NEO impacts rises in inverse proportion to their sizes, it is still critical to monitor NEO activity in order to prepare defenses for these rare but dangerous threats. Currently, NASA funds a network of ground-based telescopes and a single, soon-to-expire space-based asset to detect and track large asteroids that could cause major damage if they struck Earth. This asset is crucial to NEO tracking as thermal-infrared detection and tracking of asteroids can only be accomplished on a space-based platform.  Finding Hazardous Asteroids Using Infrared and Visible Wavelength Telescopes explores the advantages and disadvantages of infrared (IR) technology and visible wavelength observations of NEOs. This report reviews the techniques that could be used to obtain NEO sizes from an infrared spectrum and delineate the

	associated errors in determining the size. It also evaluates the strengths and weaknesses of these techniques and recommends the most valid techniques that give reproducible results with quantifiable errors.
2019, Oct 10	M. Rice, G. Laughlin, 2019, <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 884, L22, "Hidden planets: implications from 'Oumuamua and DSHARP."  See: adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019ApJ884L22R
2019, Oct 10	S.R. Schwartz, J. Thangavelautham, E. Asphaug, et al., 2019, presented at <i>International Astronautical Congress 2019</i> , e-print <i>arXiv</i> :1910.04632, "Investigating asteroid surface geophysics with an ultra-low-gravity centrifuge in low-earth orbit."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019arXiv191004632S/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019arXiv191004632S/abstract</a>
2019, Oct 11	A. Kochergin, E. Zubko, M. Husárik, et al., 2019, <i>Research Notes of the American Astronomical Society</i> , 3, 152, "Velocity of dust ejected from interstellar comet 2I/Borisov."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019RNAAS3152K/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019RNAAS3152K/abstract</a> See also: <a href="https://www.space.com/astronomers-expect-more-interstellar-objects.html">https://www.space.com/astronomers-expect-more-interstellar-objects.html</a>
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2019, Oct 16	D. Jewitt, S. Wolpert, B. Downer, 2019, ESA Science & Technology Hubble, HEIC1918, 16 October 2019, "Hubble observes new interstellar visitor."  See: https://sci.esa.int/web/hubble/-/hubble-observes-new-interstellar-visitor-heic1918-See also: https://www.space.com/interstellar-comet-borisov-looks-normal.html
2019, Oct 18, 06:23	Apollo NEA <b>2019</b> UU1 ( $H$ = 30.5 mag, $D \approx 2.9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.59 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.59 LD. [2019-58] See: $2019 \text{ UU1} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ UU1} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey

	See: http://iawn.net/ See also: 16 Apr 1994.
2019, Oct 18, 09:23	Apollo NEA <b>2019</b> UG ( $H = 28.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.84 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.84 LD. [2019-59] See: $2019 \text{ UG} - SSA$ , $2019 \text{ UG} - JPL$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: $2019 \text{ Mg} - SSA$
2019, Oct 19	Apollo NEA <b>2019</b> UL3 ( $H = 28.3$ mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.77 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.77 LD. [2019-60] See: $2019$ UL3 – SSA, $2019$ UL3 – JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
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2019, Oct 23	Apollo NEA <b>2019 UN8</b> ( $H$ = 29.7 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.94 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.93 LD. [2019-61] See: $2019 \text{ UN8} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ UN8} - \text{JPL}$

	Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2019, Oct 24	Z. Sekanina, 2019, e-print <i>arXiv</i> :1910.11457, "Note on the <i>HST</i> image of comet <b>2I/Borisov</b> taken on 2019 October 12."  See: <a href="http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019arXiv1910114578">http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019arXiv1910114578</a>
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2019, Oct 25, 13:30	Apollo NEA <b>2019 UO8</b> ( $H$ = 29.2 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.41 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.41 LD. [2019-62] See: 2019 UO8 – SSA, 2019 UO8 – JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/See also: 2 April 2016.
2019, Oct 25, 17:21	Apollo NEA <b>162082</b> ( <b>1998 HL1</b> , $H = 19.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 500 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 16.17 LD. Minimum miss distance 16.17 LD.  See: <u>1998 HL1 – SSA</u> , <u>1998 HL1 – JPL</u> See also: <a href="http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters">http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters</a> [October, November] <a href="https://www.space.com/asteroid-1998-hl1-earth-flyby-october-2019-webcast.html">https://www.space.com/asteroid-1998-hl1-earth-flyby-october-2019-webcast.html</a>
2019, Oct 26, 03:07	Apollo NEA <b>2019 UX12</b> ( $H$ = 28.8 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.99 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.99 LD. [2019-63] See: $2019 \text{ UX12} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ UX12} - \text{JPL}$

	Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/ See also: 26 Oct 2065.
2019, Oct 26, 22:02	Apollo NEA <b>2019 UJ12</b> ( $H$ = 22.5 mag, $D \approx 110$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.16 LD. Minimum miss distance 7.15 LD. See: $2019 \text{ UJ12} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ UJ12} - \text{JPL}$
2019, Oct 27	Apollo NEA <b>2019 UD10</b> ( $H = 28.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.44 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.44 LD. [2019-64] See: 2019 UD10 - SSA, 2019 UD10 - JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2019, Oct 29	Apollo NEA <b>2019 UB8 = 2019 US8</b> ( $H$ = 28.9 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.50 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.49 LD. [2019-65] See: 2019 UB8 – SSA, 2019 UB8 – JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2019, Oct 31	Aten NEA 2019 UN13 ( $H = 32.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 1.3 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.033 LD (= 1.98 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.032 LD (=1.95 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). [2019-66] See: $2019 \text{ UN13} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ UN13} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a> See also: 2 Nov 2145. See also: $2 \text{ Nov } 2145$ . See also: $2 \text{ http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters}$ [June 2020] $2 \text{ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2019}$ UN13
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2019, Nov	A. Martyusheva, 2019, <i>Journal of Physics: Conference Series</i> , 1400, 022037, "Influence of non-gravitational effects on the orbits of a few potentially hazardous asteroids."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019JPhCS1400b2037M/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019JPhCS1400b2037M/abstract</a>
2019, Nov	S. Mashchenko, 2019, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 489, 3003, "Modeling the light curve of 'Oumuamua: evidence for torque and disc-like shape."  See: <a href="http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019MNRAS.489.3003M">http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019MNRAS.489.3003M</a>
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2019, Nov 1	J.A. Seabrook, M.G. Daly, O.S. Barnouin, et al., 2019, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 177, 104688, "Global shape modeling using the <i>OSIRIS-REx</i> scanning Laser Altimeter."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019P%26SS17704688S/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019P%26SS17704688S/abstract</a>
2019, Nov 1	Apollo NEA <b>2019</b> UG11 ( $H = 26.7$ mag, $D \approx 16$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.55 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.55 LD. [2019-67] See: $2019$ UG11 – SSA, $2019$ UG11 – JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2019, Nov 2	Apollo NEA 2019 VA ( $H = 28.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.28 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.28 LD. [2019-68] See: $2019 \text{ VA} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ VA} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: http://iawn.net/See also: 7 Nov 2016.
2019, Nov 4, 09:56	Apollo NEA <b>2019 VD</b> ( $H = 27.4$ mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.45 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.45 LD. [2019-69] See: $2019 \text{ VD} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ VD} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 2, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/
2019, Nov 4, 10:30	Apollo NEA <b>2019 VR</b> ( $H = 28.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.35 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.35 LD. [2019-70] See: $2019 \text{ VR} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ VR} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a>
2019, Nov 5	ESA NEOCC Newsletter. November 2019. See: <a href="http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters">http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters</a>
2019, Nov 5-7	Asteroid Science in the Age of Hayabusa2 and OSIRIS-REX Workshop, 5-7 November 2019, Tucson (AZ, USA). See: <a href="https://corex.lpl.arizona.edu/international-workshop">https://corex.lpl.arizona.edu/international-workshop</a> Program: <a href="https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/asteroidscience2019/pdf/asteroidscience2019_program.htm">https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/asteroidscience2019/pdf/asteroidscience2019_program.htm</a> Among the oral papers:  - M.A. Barucci, P.H. Hasselmann, M. Fulchignoni, et al., 2019,  "Ryugu and Bennu: multivariate statistical analysis of spectrual

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https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/asteroidscience2019/pdf/2039.pdf
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craters on Bennu: their morphology, size-frequency distribution,
and correlation with other data sets [#2129]." See:
https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/asteroidscience2019/pdf/2129.pdf
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events [#2064]." See:
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of ejected particles in Bennu's environment [#2124]." See:
https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/asteroidscience2019/pdf/2124.pdf
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the search for space weathering signals on the surface of Bennu:
one rock type, or two? [#2125]." See:
https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/asteroidscience2019/pdf/2125.pdf
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variable depth-to-diameter ratios of candidate impact craters on
Bennu: inferences and implications [#2030]." See:
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asteroids: clues and cautions from asteroid 2008 TC3 and the
Almahata Sitta Meteorite [#2107]." See:
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grain density of C-type asteroid (162173) Ryugu [#2038]." See:
https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/asteroidscience2019/pdf/2038.pdf
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2019, Oct 11	XP. Lu, D. Jewitt, 2019, Astronomical Journal, 158, 220,
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2019, Nov 6	Apollo NEA <b>2019 VS4</b> ( $H = 28.0 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 9 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 0.36 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.36
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	LD. [2019-71]  See: 2019 VS4 – SSA, 2019 VS4 - JPL  Discovery station: ISON-Byurakan Observatory  See: http://iawn.net/
2019, Nov 9, 17:29	Apollo NEA 2019 VB5 ( $H = 31.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 1.6 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.38 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.38 LD. [2019-72] See: $2019 \text{ VB5} - 2019 \text{ VB5} - 2019 \text{ VB5} - 2019 \text{ VB5}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/See also: 25 Apr 2010.
2019, Nov 9, 23:16	Apollo NEA <b>2019 VF5</b> ( $H = 27.6 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 11 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.49 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.49 LD. [2019-73] See: $2019 \text{ VF5} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ VF5} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/See also: 10 Nov 1990.
2019, Nov 11	E.G. Flekkøy, J.X. Luu, R. Toussaint, 2019, <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 885, L41, "The interstellar object <b>'Oumuamua</b> as a fractal dust aggregate."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019ApJ885L41F/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019ApJ885L41F/abstract</a>
2019, Nov 13	Apollo NEA <b>2019 UN12</b> ( $H$ = 22.2 mag, $D \approx 130$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.74 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.74 LD. See: $2019 \text{ UN12} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ UN12} - \text{JPL}$
2019, Nov 13	The "Goodbye Ryugu" campaign. On November 13, 2019 at 10:05 JST (onboard time), the  *Hayabusa2* spacecraft departed from asteroid Ryugu to return to  *Earth*. Until November 18 ~ 19, images of the receding Ryugu  will be captured by the camera mounted on the spacecraft. After  this time, the spacecraft will perform an attitude control maneuver  to the orientation needed to operate the ion engines and will no  longer be able to take photographs of Ryugu.  Asteroid sample return to Earth in December 2020.  See: <a href="https://global.jaxa.jp/press/2019/11/20191113a.html">https://global.jaxa.jp/press/2019/11/20191113a.html</a> <a href="https://www.hayabusa2.jaxa.jp/en/galleries/onc/nav20191113/">https://www.hayabusa2.jaxa.jp/en/topics/20191113e_SAYONARA_Ryugu/</a> <a href="https://www.space.com/hayabusa2-spacecraft-leaves-asteroid-ryugu.html">https://www.space.com/hayabusa2-spacecraft-leaves-asteroid-ryugu.html</a> See also 27 June 2018.

2019, Nov 15	M.W. Busch, S.J. Ostro, L.A.M. Benner, et al., 2019, <i>Icarus</i> , 333, 548, "Corrigendum to "Radar observations and the shape of near-Earth asteroid <b>2008</b> EV5" [ <i>Icarus</i> 212 (2011) 649–660]." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Icar333548B/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Icar333548B/abstract</a>
2019, Nov 15	O.G. Gladysheva, 2019, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 178, 104709, "Disintegration of the <b>Chelyabinsk</b> cosmic body." See: <a href="http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019P%26SS17804709G">http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019P%26SS17804709G</a>
2019, Nov 15	F.M. McCubbin, J.J. Barnes, 2019, <i>Earth and Planetary Science Letters</i> , 526, 115771, "Origin and abundances of H ₂ O in the terrestrial planets, <b>Moon</b> , and asteroids."  See: <a href="http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019E%26PSL.52615771M">http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019E%26PSL.52615771M</a>
2019, Nov 15	N. Moskovitz, P. Fatka, D. Farnocchia, et al., 2019, <i>Icarus</i> , 333, 165, "A common origin for dynamically associated Near-Earth Asteroid pairs."  See: <a href="http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Icar333165M">http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Icar333165M</a>
2019, Nov 15	K. Ogawa, M. Hamm, M. Grott, et al., 2019, <i>Icarus</i> , 333, 318, "Possibility of estimating particle size and porosity on <b>Ryugu</b> through <b>MARA</b> temperature measurements."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Icar3333180/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Icar3333180/abstract</a>
2019, Nov 15	S. Potin, P. Beck, B. Schmitt, F. Moynie, 2019, <i>Icarus</i> , 333, 415, "Some things special about NEAs: geometric and environmental effects on the optical signatures of hydration."  See: <a href="http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Icar333415P">http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Icar333415P</a>
2019, Nov 15	Y. Qi, A. de Ruiter, 2019, <i>Icarus</i> , 333, 52, "Planar Near-Earth Asteroids in resonance with the <b>Earth</b> ."  See: <a href="http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Icar33352Q">http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Icar33352Q</a>
2019, Nov 15	L. Sokolov, G. Kuteeva, N. Petrov, B. Eskin, 2019, <i>AIP Conference Proceedings</i> ,2171, 130019, "Hazardous near-Earth asteroids approach."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019AIPC.2171m0019S/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019AIPC.2171m0019S/abstract</a>
2019, Nov 15	X. Zeng, X. Li, D.J.P. Martin, et al., 2019, <i>Icarus</i> , 333, 371, "The <b>Itokawa</b> regolith simulant IRS-1 as an S-type asteroid surface analogue."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Icar333371Z/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Icar333371Z/abstract</a>
2019, Nov 18	Z. Sekanina, 2019, e-print <i>arXiv</i> :1911.06271, "Sublimation of water ice from a population of large, long-lasting grains near the

	nucleus of <b>2I/Borisov</b> ?" See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019arXiv191106271S/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019arXiv191106271S/abstract</a>
2019, Nov 18	Apollo NEA 2020 CD3 ( $H=31.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D\approx 1.6 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.75 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.75 LD. [2019-74] See: $2020 \text{ CD3} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ CD3} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: calculated See also: 16 Jan 2019, 4 Apr 2019, 30 Jun 2019, 10 Sep 2019, 13 Feb 2020.
2019, Nov 19, 08:0	Apollo NEA <b>2019 WH</b> ( $H = 26.3 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 20 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.22 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.22 LD. [2019-75] See: $2019 \text{ WH} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ WH} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a>
2019, Nov 19, 23:4	Apollo NEA <b>2019 WV1</b> ( $H = 28.0 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 9 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.72 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.72 LD. [2019-76] See: $2019 \text{ WV1} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ WV1} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/
2019, Nov 21	Aten NEA <b>481394</b> ( <b>2006 SF6</b> , $H = 19.7$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 11.23 LD. Minimum miss distance 11.23 LD.  See: $2006$ SF6 – SSA, $2006$ SF6 – JPL  See also: http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters (November) https://www.newsweek.com/enormous-asteroid-whiz-planet-tomorrow-1472726
2019, Nov 22	D. Jewitt, J. Luu, 2019, <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 886, L29, "Initial characterization of interstellar comet <b>2I/2019 Q4</b> (Borisov)."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019ApJ886L29J/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019ApJ886L29J/abstract</a>
2019, Nov 22	N. Kiselev, N. Karpov, O. Ivanova, et al., 2019, <i>Research Notes of the American Astronomical Society</i> , 3, 178, "Polarimetry and photometry of the NEA (162082) 1998 HL1."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019RNAAS3178K/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019RNAAS3178K/abstract</a>
2019, Nov 23	Apollo NEA <b>2019 WG2</b> ( $H$ = 25.1 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.47 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.47 LD. [2019-77]

	See: 2019 WG2 – SSA, 2019 WG2 - JPL Discovery station: ATLAS-MLO, Mauna Loa See: http://iawn.net/
2019, Nov 26	P.A. Dybczyński, M. Królikowska, R. Wysoczańska, 2019, e-print <i>arXiv</i> :1909.10952, " <b>Kruger 60</b> a plausible home system of the interstellar comet <b>C/2019 Q4</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019arXiv190910952D/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019arXiv190910952D/abstract</a>
2019, Nov 26	ESA Council meeting at ordinary level, Sevilla (Spain). See: <a href="https://www.esa.int/About_Us/Welcome">https://www.esa.int/About_Us/Welcome</a> to ESA/ESA on the way to Space19 and beyond
2019, Nov 26	M. Gannon, 2019, <i>Space.com</i> , 26 November 2019, "Will Europe finally get its asteroid-deflection mission off the ground?"  See: <a href="https://www.space.com/hera-asteroid-deflection-mission-european-support.html">https://www.space.com/hera-asteroid-deflection-mission-european-support.html</a> See also: <a href="https://wideos.space.com/m/23qvbGX9/esa-hera-mission-to-test-asteroid-deflection-technique-overview?list=9wzCTV4g">https://wideos.space.com/m/23qvbGX9/esa-hera-mission-to-test-asteroid-deflection-technique-overview?list=9wzCTV4g</a> <a href="https://www.space.com/hera-self-driving-spacecraft-asteroid-defense.html">https://www.space.com/hera-self-driving-spacecraft-asteroid-defense.html</a> <a href="https://www.space.com/19933-asteroid-deflection-mission-aida-didymos.html">https://www.space.com/19933-asteroid-deflection-mission-aida-didymos.html</a> <a href="https://www.space.com/brian-may-video-asteroid-mission-hera.html">https://www.space.com/brian-may-video-asteroid-mission-hera.html</a>
2019, Nov 26	J. Shelton, 2019, <i>Yale News</i> , 26 November 2016, "New image offers close-up view of interstellar comet."  See: <a href="https://news.yale.edu/2019/11/26/new-image-offers-close-view-interstellar-comet">https://news.yale.edu/2019/11/26/new-image-offers-close-view-interstellar-comet</a> See also: <a href="https://www.space.com/interstellar-comet-borisov-photo-keck-observatory.html">https://www.space.com/interstellar-comet-borisov-photo-keck-observatory.html</a>
2019, Nov 27-28	ESA Council meeting at ministerial level, called 'Space19+', Sevilla (Spain).  See:  https://www.esa.int/About_Us/Welcome to ESA/ESA on the way to Space19 and beyond http://blogs.esa.int/space19plus/ http://esamultimedia.esa.int/docs/corporate/Space19+flyers_SSA_LR.pdf https://www.esa.int/Safety_Security/Hera https://mailchi.mp/asteroidday/asteroid-day-62-hera-puerto-rico- fiaschetti-tomorrow-street?e=db8a8b6284 https://www.esa.int/About_Us/Corporate_news/Record_funding_for_Eur_ opean_space_investments_in_Seville
	https://www.esa.int/Newsroom/Press_Releases/ESA_ministers_commit_ to biggest ever budget

Apollo NEA <b>2019 WQ3</b> ( $H$ = 22.6 mag, $D \approx 110$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.66 LD. Minimum miss distance 9.65 LD. See: $2019 \text{ WQ3} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ WQ3} - \text{JPL}$
Apollo NEA 2019 WJ4 ( $H$ = 28.4 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.85 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.85 LD. [2019-78] See: $2019 \text{ WJ4} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ WJ4} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 2, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/
M. Cortés-Contreras, F.M. Jiménez-Esteban, M. Mahlke, et al., 2019, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 490, 3046, "Identification of asteroids using the Virtual Observatory: the WFCAM Transit Survey."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019MNRAS.490.3046C/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019MNRAS.490.3046C/abstract</a>
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S. Kohler, 2019, <i>AAS Nova Highlight</i> , 18 Dec 2019, id.6062, "Selections from 2019: Explanation for an interstellar visitor." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019nova.pres.6062K/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019nova.pres.6062K/abstract</a>
H. Kučáková, O. Mikhalchenko, M. Popescu, et al., 2019, Contributions of the Astronomical Observatory Skalnaté Pleso, 49, 532, "Optical spectra of near-Earth asteroids (381906) 2010 CL19 and (453778) 2011 JK."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019CoSka49532K/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019CoSka49532K/abstract</a>
C.C. Monson, D. Sweet, B. Segvic, et al., 2019, <i>Meteoritics &amp; Planetary Science</i> , 54, 2927, "The Late Ordovician (Sandbian)  Glasford structure: a marine-target impact crater with a possible connection to the Ordovician meteorite event."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019M%26PS54.2927M/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019M%26PS54.2927M/abstract</a>
T. Ott, E. Drolshagen, D. Koschny, et al., 2019, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 179, 104715, "Combination of infrasound signals and complementary data for the analysis of bright <b>fireballs.</b> " See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019P%26SS17904715O/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019P%26SS17904715O/abstract</a>

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2019, Dec	F. Scholten, F. Preusker, S. Elgner, et al., 2019a, <i>Astronomy &amp; Astrophysics</i> , <i>Letter</i> , 632, L3, "The descent and bouncing path of the <i>Hayabusa2</i> lander MASCOT at asteroid (162173) Ryugu." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019A%26A632L3S/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019A%26A632L3S/abstract</a>
2019, Dec	F. Scholten, F. Preusker, S. Elgner, et al., 2019b, <i>Astronomy &amp; Astrophysics</i> , <i>Letter</i> , 632, L5, "The <i>Hayabusa2</i> lander MASCOT on the surface of asteroid (162173) Ryugu - stereophotogrammetric analysis of MASCam image data."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019A%26A632L5S/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019A%26A632L5S/abstract</a>
2019, Dec 2	C. Gohd, 2019, <i>Space.com</i> , 2 December 2019, "Scientists spot rare minimoon <b>fireball</b> over Australia."  See: <a href="https://www.space.com/minimoon-fireball-over-australia-desert.html">https://www.space.com/minimoon-fireball-over-australia-desert.html</a> See also: <b>14 Oct 2019</b> .
2019, Dec 2	R. Tartèse, M. Anand, J. Gattacceca, et al., 2019, <i>Space Science Reviews</i> , 215, 54, "Constraining the evolutionary history of the <b>Moon</b> and the inner Solar System: a case for new returned lunar samples."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019SSRv21554T/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019SSRv21554T/abstract</a>
2019, Dec 2	I. Wlodarczyk, 2019, <i>Open Astronomy</i> , 28, 180, "The potentially hazardous NEA <b>2001 BB16</b> ." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019OAst28180W/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019OAst28180W/abstract</a>
2019, Dec 3	J. Liu, J. Zheng, M. Li, 2019, <i>Astrophysics and Space Science</i> , 364, 215, "Dry mass optimization for the impulsive transfer trajectory of a near-Earth asteroid sample return mission." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Ap%26SS.364215L/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Ap%26SS.364215L/abstract</a>
2019, Dec 4	MT. Hui, M.M. Knight, 2019, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 158, 256, "New insights into interstellar object 1I/2017 U1 ('Oumuamua) from <i>SOHO/STEREO</i> nondetections."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019AJ158256H/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019AJ158256H/abstract</a>
2019, Dec 5	ESA <b>NEOCC</b> <i>Newsletter</i> . December 2019. Among the items:

	* The ESA Ministerial Council took place in Seville (Spain) on 27-28 November. Budgets for the various ESA programmes were approved for the coming three years. In particular, the <b>Space Safety Programme</b> (S2P) has been adopted as the successor of the <b>Space Situational Awareness</b> (SSA) programme.  * ESA's Planetary Defence contribution to the <i>AIDA</i> mission has been adopted. This includes the approval for implementation of the <i>Hera</i> mission for a nominal launch date in October 2024. See: <a href="http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters">http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters</a>
2019, Dec 6	D.S. Lauretta, C.W. Hergenrother, S.R. Chesley, et al., 2019, <i>Science</i> , 366, eaay3544, "Episodes of particle ejection from the surface of the active asteroid (101955) Bennu."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Sci366.3544L/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Sci366.3544L/abstract</a> See also: <a href="https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=7553">https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=7553</a> <a href="https://www.wired.com/story/no-one-knows-why-rocks-are-exploding-from-asteroid-bennu/">https://www.wired.com/story/no-one-knows-why-rocks-are-exploding-from-asteroid-bennu/</a>
2019, Dec 8	S. Mathewson, 2019, <i>Space.com</i> , 8 December 2019, "Interstellar comet <b>Borisov</b> makes closest approach to the Sun."  See: <a href="https://www.space.com/interstellar-comet-borisov-perihelion-telescope-viewing.html">https://www.space.com/interstellar-comet-borisov-perihelion-telescope-viewing.html</a> See also: <a href="https://www.skyandtelescope.com/astronomy-news/will-amateurs-be-able-to-see-the-new-interstellar-comet/">https://www.skyandtelescope.com/astronomy-news/will-amateurs-be-able-to-see-the-new-interstellar-comet/</a>
2019, Dec 9	CH. Lee, HW. Lin, YT. Chen, SF. Yen, 2019, Research Notes of the American Astronomical Society, 3, 184, "FLAMINGOS-2 infrared photometry of 2I/Borisov." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019RNAAS3184L/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019RNAAS3184L/abstract</a>
2019, Dec 9	K. Meech, S.N. Raymond, 2019, chapter to appear in <i>Planetary Astrobiology</i> (V. Meadows, et al., eds.), e-print <i>arXiv</i> :1912.04361, "Origin of <b>Earth</b> 's water: sources and constraints." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019arXiv191204361M/abstracthttp://astrobiology.com/2019/12/origin-of-earths-water-sources-and-constraints.html">https://astrobiology.com/2019/12/origin-of-earths-water-sources-and-constraints.html</a>
2019, Dec 12	B. Gladman, A. Boley, D. Balam, 2019, Research Notes of the American Astronomical Society, 3, 187, "The inbound light curve of 2I/Borisov."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019RNAAS3187G/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019RNAAS3187G/abstract</a>
2019, Dec 12	D. Jewitt, S. Wolpert, B. Downer, 2019, <i>Spacetelescope.org</i> , heic1922 – Photo Release, " <i>Hubble</i> watches interstellar comet

	Borisov speed past the Sun."  See: <a href="https://www.spacetelescope.org/news/heic1922/">https://www.spacetelescope.org/news/heic1922/</a> See also: <a href="https://www.space.com/interstellar-comet-borisov-new-hubble-telescope-photos.html">https://www.space.com/interstellar-comet-borisov-new-hubble-telescope-photos.html</a>
2019, Dec 12	P. Voosen, 2020, <i>Science</i> , 12 December 2019, "NASA picks challenging landing site for its asteroid-sampling robot."  See: <a href="https://www.sciencemag.org/news/2019/12/nasa-selects-target-asteroid-sampling-campaign-summer">https://www.sciencemag.org/news/2019/12/nasa-selects-target-asteroid-sampling-campaign-summer</a>
2019, Dec 12	A. Witze, 2019, <i>Nature News</i> , 12 December 2019, "NASA asteroid hunter chooses landing site on boulder-strewn space rock."  See: <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/d41586-019-03795-8">https://www.nature.com/articles/d41586-019-03795-8</a> <a href="https://www.scientificamerican.com/article/nasa-asteroid-hunter-chooses-landing-site-on-boulder-strewn-space-rock/">https://www.scientificamerican.com/article/nasa-asteroid-hunter-chooses-landing-site-on-boulder-strewn-space-rock/</a>
2019, Dec 13	Full Moon <b>Geminids</b> , <i>Astronomy Picture of the Day</i> , 13 December 2019. As Earth crosses through the dusty trail of active asteroid <b>3200 Phaethon</b> the meteors will flash through the sky from the shower's radiant in Gemini.  See: <a href="https://apod.nasa.gov/apod/astropix.html">https://apod.nasa.gov/apod/astropix.html</a>
2019, Dec 16	T.S. Kruijer, T. Kleine, L.E. Borg, 2019, <i>Nature Astronomy</i> , 4, 32, "The great isotopic dichotomy of the early Solar System." See: <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-019-0959-9">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-019-0959-9</a>
2019, Dec 17	CH. Lee, 2019, <i>Geosciences</i> , 9, 519, "Early observations of the interstellar comet <b>2I/Borisov</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Geosc9519L/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019Geosc9519L/abstract</a>
2019, Dec 18	S. Kohler, 2019, AAS Nova Highlight, 18 December 2019, id.6062, "Selections from 2019: Explanation for an interstellar visitor." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019nova.pres.6062K/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019nova.pres.6062K/abstract</a>
2019, Dec 18, 00:13	Apollo NEA <b>2019 YB</b> ( $H$ = 29.7 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.44 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.43 LD. [2019-79] See: $2019 \text{ YB} - \text{S2P}$ , $2019 \text{ YB} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: See: $2019 \text{ MB} - \text{MB} + $
2019, Dec 18, 15:11	Apollo NEA <b>2019 YS</b> ( $H = 31.5 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 1.8 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.17 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.17 LD. [2019-80]

	See: 2019 YS – S2P, 2019 YS – JPL Discovery station: See: http://iawn.net/
2019, Dec 23	V.V. Ivashkin, P. Guo, 2019, <i>Doklady Physics</i> , 64, 418, "Analysis of the possibility of creating a stable satellite of the asteroid <b>Apophis</b> as a homogeneous triaxial ellipsoid."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019DokPh64.418I/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019DokPh64418I/abstract</a>
2019, Dec 23	Apollo NEA <b>2019 YU2</b> ( $H = 27.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 13 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.26 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.26 LD. [2019-81] See: $2019 \text{ YU2} - \text{S2P}$ , $2019 \text{ YU2} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: <b>ATLAS-MLO</b> , <b>Mauna Loa</b> See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a>
2019, Dec 25	Apollo NEA <b>2019</b> YV4 ( $H = 27.4$ mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.98 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.89 LD. [2019-82] See: $2019$ YV4 – $2019$ YV4 – $2019$ YV4 – $2019$ YV4 – $2019$ Discovery station: Kitt Peak-Bok See: $2019$ Minimum miss distance 0.89 LD. [2019-82]
2019, Dec 27	R. Hyodo, K. Kurosawa, H. Genda, 2019, <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 9, 19833, "Transport of impact ejecta from <b>Mars</b> to its moons as a means to reveal Martian history."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019NatSR919833H/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019NatSR919833H/abstract</a>
2019, Dec 28	D.S. Zimnukhov, V.M. Lipunov, E.S. Gorbovskoy, et al., 2019, <i>Astronomy Reports</i> , 63, 1056, "The MASTER global robotic telescope network: observations of asteroid NEA <b>2015 TB145</b> ." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019ARep63.1056Z/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019ARep63.1056Z/abstract</a>
2019, Dec 30	K. Sieh, J. Herrin, B. Jicha, et al., 2019, <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , first pubished 30 December 2019, " <b>Australasian impact crater</b> buried under the Bolaven volcanic field, Southern Laos." See: <a href="https://www.pnas.org/content/early/2019/12/24/1904368116">https://www.pnas.org/content/early/2019/12/24/1904368116</a>
2020, Jan 1	<b>21725</b> NEAs known (ranging in size up to $\sim$ 37 km: 1036 Ganymed, A924 UB, $H = 9.45$ mag, $D = 36.5$ km, Amor NEA), of which 2037 PHAs (ranging in size from 140 m up to $\sim$ 5 km: 4179 Toutatis, 1989 AC, $H = 15.3$ mag, $D = 4.6 \times 2.4 \times 1.9$ km, Apollo NEA, PHA). See: <a href="https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/totals.html">https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/totals.html</a>

2020, Jan	O.S. Barnouin, M.G. Daly, E.E. Palmer, et al., 2020, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 180, 104764, "Digital terrain mapping by the <i>OSIRIS-REx</i> mission."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS18004764B/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS18004764B/abstract</a>
2020, Jan	H.C. Bates, A.J. King, K.L. Donaldson Hanna, et al., 2020, <i>Meteoritics &amp; Planetary Science</i> , 55, 77, "Linking mineralogy and spectroscopy of highly aqueously altered CM and CI carbonaceous chondrites in preparation for primitive asteroid sample return." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020M%26PS5577B/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020M%26PS5577B/abstract</a>
2020, Jan	J.M. Bauer, A.K. Mainzer, E.A. Kramer, et al., 2020, <i>The Astronomer's Telegram</i> , No. 13407, " <i>NEOWISE</i> CO upper limits of <b>2I/Borisov</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020ATel134071B/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020ATel134071B/abstract</a>
2020, Jan	M. Carvalho Fraga, C. SilveiraVega, 2020, <i>Journal of South American Earth Sciences</i> , 97, 102398, "Asterozoans from the Devonian of the Paraná Basin, South Brazil"  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020JSAES9702398F/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020JSAES9702398F/abstract</a>
2020, Jan	D.S.P. Dearborn, M. Bruck Syal, B.W. Barbee, et al., 2020, <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , 166, 290, "Options and uncertainties in planetary defense: impulse-dependent response and the physical properties of asteroids."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AcAau.166290D/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AcAau.166290D/abstract</a>
2020, Jan	A.V. Devyatkin, D.L. Gorshanov, K.N. Naumov, et al., 2020, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 180, 104739, "Astrometric and photometric observations of the <b>potentially hazardous asteroid 2017 VR12</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS18004739D/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS18004739D/abstract</a>
2020, Jan	P. Guzik, M. Drahus, K. Rusek, et al., 2020, <i>Nature Astronomy</i> , Letter, 4, 53, published 14 October 2019, "Initial characterization of interstellar comet <b>2I/Borisov</b> ." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020NatAs453G/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020NatAs453G/abstract</a>
2020, Jan	D. Hercik, HU. Auster, D. Constantinescu, et al., 2020, <i>Journal of Geophysical Research: Planets</i> , 125, e06035, "Magnetic properties of asteroid (162173) Ryugu."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020JGRE12506035H/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020JGRE12506035H/abstract</a>
2020, Jan	A. Liakos, A. Bonanos, E. Xilouris, D. Koschny, et al., 2020, Astronomy & Astrophysics, 633, 112, "NELIOTA: methods,

	statistics and results for meteoroids impacting the <b>Moon</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020A%26A633A.112L/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020A%26A633A.112L/abstract</a>
	https://ui.adsaos.narvard.edu/aos/2020A/020A055A.112L/aostract
2020, Jan	ZY. Lin, HC. Chi, BH. Wang, et al., 2020, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 180, 104763, "The current development of the <b>Taiwan Meteor Detector System (TMDS)</b> with a dedication to the <b>Geminids 2017</b> and <b>2018</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS18004763L/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS18004763L/abstract</a>
2020, Jan	K. Nishiyama, S. Hosoda, R. Tsukizaki, H. Kuninaka, 2020, <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , 166, 69, "In-flight operation of the <i>Hayabusa2</i> ion engine system on its way to rendezvous with asteroid 162173 Ryugu."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AcAau.16669N/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AcAau.16669N/abstract</a>
2020, Jan	R. Okazaki, T. Sekiguchi, M. Ishiguro, et al., 2020, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 180, 104774, "Polarimetric and photometric observations of NEAs: (422699) 2000 PD3 and (3200) Phaethon with the 1.6m Pirka telescope."
	https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS18004774O/abstract
2020, Jan	R. Rudawska, J. Zender, D. Koschny, et al., 2020, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 180, 104773, "A spectroscopy pipeline for the Canary island long baseline observatory meteor detection system." See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS18004773R/abstract
2020, Jan	Y. Saito, P.K. Hong, T. Niihara, et al., 2020, <i>Meteoritics &amp; Planetary Science</i> , 55, 193, "Data-driven taxonomy matching of asteroid and meteorite."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020M%26PS55193S/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020M%26PS55193S/abstract</a>
2020, Jan	S.A. Sandford, E.B. Bierhaus, P. Antreasian, et al., 2020, <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , 166, 391, "Outgassing from the <i>OSIRIS-REx</i> sample return capsule: characterization and mitigation."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AcAau.166391S/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AcAau.166391S/abstract</a>
2020, Jan	S. Soldini, S.Takana, H. Ikeda, et al., 2020, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 180, 104740, "A generalised methodology for analytic construction of 1:1 resonances around irregular bodies: application to the asteroid <b>Ryugu</b> 's ejecta dynamics."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS18004740S/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS18004740S/abstract</a>

2020, Jan	F. Thuillet, P. Michel, S. Tachibana, et al., 2020, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 491, 153, "Numerical modelling of medium-speed impacts on a granular surface in a low-gravity environment application to <i>Hayabusa2</i> sampling mechanism."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020MNRAS.491153T/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020MNRAS.491153T/abstract</a>
2020, Jan	O. Vaduvescu, L. Curelaru, M. Popescu, 2020, <i>Astronomy and Computing</i> , 30, 100356, "Mega-Archive and the EURONEAR tools for data mining world astronomical images."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020A%26C3000356V/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020A%26C3000356V/abstract</a>
2020, Jan 1	J.D. Carrillo-Sánchez, J.C. Gómez-Martín, D.L. Bones, et al., 2020, <i>Icarus</i> , 335, 113395, "Cosmic dust fluxes in the atmospheres of <b>Earth</b> , <b>Mars</b> , and <b>Venus</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020Icar33513395C/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020Icar33513395C/abstract</a>
2020, Jan 1	T.M. Eubanks, 2020, submitted to <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , e-print <i>arXiv</i> :1912.12730, "Is interstellar object <b>2i/Borisov</b> a stardust comet? Predictions for the post perihelion period." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019arXiv191212730E/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019arXiv191212730E/abstract</a>
2020, Jan 1	A.J. King, K.J.H. Phillips, S. Strekopytov, et al., 2020, <i>Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta</i> , 268, 73, "Terrestrial modification of the <b>Ivuna meteorite</b> and a reassessment of the chemical composition of the CI type specimen."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020GeCoA.26873K/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020GeCoA.26873K/abstract</a>
2020, Jan 1	A.H.D. Koeppel, B.A. Black, S. Marchi, 2020, <i>Icarus</i> , 335, 113422, "Differentiation in impact melt sheets as a mechanism to produce evolved magmas on <b>Mars</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020Icar33513422K/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020Icar33513422K/abstract</a>
2020, Jan 1	M. Turbet, C. Gillmann, F. Forget, et al., 2020, <i>Icarus</i> , 335, 113419, "The environmental effects of very large bolide impacts on early <b>Mars</b> explored with a hierarchy of numerical models." See: <a href="https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0019103519301241">https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0019103519301241</a> See also: <a href="https://www.space.com/mars-water-from-massive-impacts.html">https://www.space.com/mars-water-from-massive-impacts.html</a>
2020, Jan 2	B.T. Bolin, 2020, submitted to <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society: Letters</i> , e-print <i>arXiv</i> :1912.07386, "Evolving coma morphology of interstellar comet <b>2I/Borisov</b> with deep <i>HST</i> imaging."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019arXiv191207386B/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019arXiv191207386B/abstract</a> [Substantial text overlap with <i>arXiv</i> :1910.14004, 5 November 2019]

2020, Jan 2	Apollo NEA <b>2020 AP1</b> ( $H = 29.6 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 4 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.85 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.85 LD. [2020-01] See: $2020 \text{ AP1} - 2020 \text{ AP1} - 2020 \text{ AP1} - 2020 \text{ AP1}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: $2020 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$ See also: 7 Jan 2022.
2020, Jan 3	L.F. Golubeva, D.I. Shestopalov, O.I. Kvaratskhelia, 2020, e-print arXiv:2001.00789, "Polarimetric properties of asteroid <b>3200 Phaethon</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020arXiv200100789G/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020arXiv200100789G/abstract</a>
2020, Jan 4-8	American Astronomical Society 235st Meeting, 4-8 January 2020, Seattle (WA, USA).  See: https://aas.org/meetings/aas235  Among the abstracts in Bulletin of the AAS, 52, No.1:  - D. Bodewits, J. Noonan, 2020, id. 226.05, "Swift/UVOT observations of interstellar comet 21/Borisov."  See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AAS23522605B/abstract  - A. Bonsall, 2020, id. 277.05, "Green Bank planetary radar system."  See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AAS23527705B/abstract  - M.S. Clement, N.A. Kaib, J.E. Chambers, 2020, id. 226.03, "Embryo formation with GPU acceleration: reevaluating the initial conditions for terrestrial accretion."  See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AAS23522603C/abstract  - M.D. Collins, 2020, id. 277.01, "The YORP effect can efficiently destroy 100 kilometer planetesimals at the inner edge of the Solar System."  See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AAS23527701C/abstract  - D. Guevel, B. Allen, J. Hong, et al., 2020, id. 372.08, "Space Weather observed by the regolith X-ray imaging spectrometer aboard OSIRIS-REx."  See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AAS23537208G/abstract  - E. Lilly (Schunova), T. Spahr, T. Grav, et al., 2020, id. 385.04, "Building the Reference Small Body Population Model."  See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AAS23538504L/abstract  - K. Meech, S. Raymond, C. Raymond, M. Choukroun, 2020, id. 226.04, "Searching for the origin of Earth's water."  See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AAS235322604M/abstract  - M. Shao, 2020, id. 437.01, "Small telescopes and large detectors."  See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AAS23543701S/abstract  - S. Sonnett, A. Mainzer, T. Grav, et al., 2020, id. 329.03, "NEOCam survey cadence: discovery, self followup and orbital

	quality."
	See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AAS23532903S/abstract
	- A. Vasquez Soto, N. Law, H. Corbett, et al., 2020, id. 278.02, "A new Near Earth Object survey using the Evryscopes."
	See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AAS23527802V/abstract
	- R. Wainscoat, R. Weryk, Y. Ramanjooloo, K. Chambers, 2020, id. 329.02, "The <b>Pan-STARRS</b> search for Near-Earth Asteroids."
	See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AAS23532902W/abstract - R. Weryk, G. Williams, R. Wainscoat, 2020, id. 329.05, "Linking isolated tracklets to improve asteroid discovery."  See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AAS23532905W/abstract
	- C. Woo, A. Hu, M. Farae, 2020, id. 277.04, "Orbit determination of Near-Earth Asteroid 12538 (1998 OH)."
	See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AAS23527704W/abstract
2020, Jan 5	ESA NEOCC Newsletter. January 2020. See: http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters
	Sec. http://heo.ssa.esa.ma/newsletters
2020, Jan 7	M. Carreau, 2020, <i>AerospaceDaily</i> , 7 January 2020, "NEO mission funding gets Trump green light."  See: <a href="https://aviationweek.com/defense-space/neo-mission-funding-gets-trump-green-light">https://aviationweek.com/defense-space/neo-mission-funding-gets-trump-green-light</a>
2020, Jan 8	Planetary Science and Astrobiology Decadal Survey (2023-2032) Statement of Task. See: https://sites.nationalacademies.org/SSB/ssb 197330
	Sec. https://sites.flationaraeauciffics.org/SSB/ssb_177550
2020, Jan 11	Apollo NEA <b>2019 WC5</b> ( $H = 22.3 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 120 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.33 LD. Minimum miss distance 6.33 LD.
	See: <u>2019 WC5 – S2P</u> , <u>2019 WC5 - JPL</u>
2020, Jan 13	D. Jewitt, MT. Hui, Y. Kim, et al., 2020, <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 888, L23, "The nucleus of interstellar comet <b>2I/Borisov</b> ." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020ApJ888L23J/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020ApJ888L23J/abstract</a>
2020, Jan 13	T. Kasuga, M. Sato, M. Ueda, et al., 2020, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 157, 49, "A <b>fireball</b> and <b>Potentially Hazardous</b> binary Near-Earth Asteroid (164121) 2003 YT1."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AJ15947K/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AJ15947K/abstract</a>
2020, Jan 13	B. Yirka, 2020, <i>Phys.org/news</i> , 13 January 2020, "Virtual Telescope Project confirms <b>2020 AV2</b> — the first asteroid found to move entirely inside the orbit of <b>Venus</b> ."
	See: <a href="https://phys.org/news/2020-01-virtual-telescope-av2-asteroid-orbit.html">https://phys.org/news/2020-01-virtual-telescope-av2-asteroid-orbit.html</a> See also: 14 October 2020.
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	http://iawn.net/technical/neos.shtml#2020_AV2
	https://www.syfy.com/syfywire/meet-2020-av2-the-first-asteroid-found-
	that-stays-inside-venuss-orbit
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2020_AV2
2020, Jan 14-16	<b>22nd Meeting of the NASA Small Bodies Assessment Group</b> , 14-16 Jan 2020, Washington (DC, USA).
	See: https://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jan2020/
	Among the agenda items:
	- T.S. Statler, L. Glaze, 2020, "Explore science."
	- T.S. Statler, 2020, "Responses to findings from <b>SBAG</b> Meeting 21." - D. Lauretta, and the <i>OSIRIS-Rex</i> Team 2020, " <i>OSIRIS-REx</i>
	update and report on Asteroid Science in the age of Hayabusa2 and OSIRIS-REx Workshop."
	See: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dqxd7KyFuNU&amp;feature=youtu.be">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dqxd7KyFuNU&amp;feature=youtu.be</a> - M. Schwamb, 2020, "LSST Solar System science update." (New name: The Vera C. Rubin Observatory and the Legacy Survey of
	Space and Time (LSST))
	- A. Rivkin, Announcement of <i>ACM 2020</i> Flagstaff June 14-19, 2020.
	- L. Johnson, 2020, "Planetary Defense Coordination Office."
	- K. Fast, 2020, "Near-Earth Object Observations Program."
	See: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=di9zFlpKLj4&feature=youtu.be
	- E.A. Kramer, A.K. Mainzer, J.R. Masiero, et al., and the
	<b>NEOWISE</b> Team, 2020, "Update on the <b>NEOWISE</b> project."
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	- A. Mainzer, 2020, "The <i>Near-Earth Object Surveillance Mission</i> (formerly <i>NEOCam</i> )."
	- E.Y. Adams, E.L. Reynolds, A.F. Cheng, et al., and the <b>DART</b>
	Team, 2020, "DART – Double Asteroid Redirection Test."
	- P. Chodas, J. Roa, A. Chamberlin, 2020, "NHATS (NEO Human
	Spaceflight Accessible Targets Study) update."
	- G. Bauer, M. Holman, 2020, "The Planetary Science Data System's
	Small Bodies Node and the Minor Planet Centerc - update
	- P. Michel, I. Carnelli, 2020, " <i>Hera</i> mission, status update."
	- J. Castillo-Rogez, L. Johnson, J. Matus, 2020, "NEA Scout."
	- M.M. Knight, 2020, "Comet 2I/Borisov science (review)."
	- Y. Tsuda, 2020, "Hayabusa2 mission status."
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	- B. Barbee, 2020, "Near Earth Object characterization priorities for
	Planetry Defense."
	See:
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qm5OaXZmKJw&feature=youtu.be
2020, Jan 17	P.M. Hull, A. Bornemann, D.E. Penman, et al., 2020, Science, 367,
ĺ	266, "On impact and volcanism across the Cretaceous-Paleogene
	boundary."
	See: https://science.sciencemag.org/content/367/6475/266

	See also: <a href="https://www.space.com/asteroid-wiped-out-dinosaurs-volcanic-eruption-life.html">https://www.space.com/asteroid-wiped-out-dinosaurs-volcanic-eruption-life.html</a>
2020, Jan 17	B. Schaefer; K. Grice; M.J.L. Coolen, et al., 2020, <i>Geology</i> , 48, 328, "Microbial life in the nascent Chicxulub crater."  See: <a href="https://pubs.geoscienceworld.org/gsa/geology/article/580289/Microbial-life-in-the-nascent-Chicxulub-crater">https://pubs.geoscienceworld.org/gsa/geology/article/580289/Microbial-life-in-the-nascent-Chicxulub-crater</a> <a href="https://watermark.silverchair.com/g46799.pdf">https://watermark.silverchair.com/g46799.pdf</a>
2020, Jan 17	Apollo NEA <b>2020 AN3</b> ( $H = 20.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 290 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.92 LD. Minimum miss distance 7.92 LD. See: $2020 \text{ AN3} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ AN3} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>15 Jan 2055</b> .
2020, Jan 20	A.J. McKay, A.L. Cochran, N. Dello Russo, M. DiSanti, 2020, <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 889, L10, "Detection of a water tracer in interstellar comet <b>2I/Borisov</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020ApJ889L10M/abstracthttp://astrobiology.com/2019/10/detection-of-a-water-tracer-in-interstellar-comet-2iborisov.html">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020ApJ889L10M/abstracthttp://astrobiology.com/2019/10/detection-of-a-water-tracer-in-interstellar-comet-2iborisov.html</a>
2020, Jan 20	M. Schmieder, D.A. Kring, 2020, <i>Astrobiology</i> , 20, 91, "Earth's impact events through geologic time: a list of recommended ages for terrestrial impact structures and deposits."  See: <a href="https://www.liebertpub.com/doi/full/10.1089/ast.2019.2085">https://www.liebertpub.com/doi/full/10.1089/ast.2019.2085</a>
2020, Jan 20	Apollo NEA <b>2020 BK3</b> ( $H = 26.9 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 15 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.78 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.78 LD. [2020-02] See: $2020 \text{ BK3} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ BK3} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: ATLAS-MLO, Mauna Loa See: $2020 \text{ Mm} \cdot \text{met}$ See also: 20 Jan 2091.
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2020, Jan 22	Apollo NEA <b>2020 BB5</b> ( $H = 29.6 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 4 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.69 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.69 LD. [2020-03] See: $2020 \text{ BB5} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ BB5} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: $2020 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$
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2020, Jan 27	Apollo NEA <b>2020 BA13</b> ( $H = 28.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.51 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.51 LD. [2020-05] See: $2020 \text{ BA13} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ BA13} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: http://iawn.net/
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2020, Jan 28	Apollo NEA <b>2020 BA15</b> ( $H = 27.5 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 11 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.98 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.98 LD. [2020-06] See: $2020 \text{ BA15} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ BA15} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: ATLAS-MLO, Mauna Loa See: $2020 \text{ http://jawn.net/}$
2020, Jan 29	Apollo NEA <b>2020 BZ13</b> ( $H = 29.9$ mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.28 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.28 LD. [2020-07] See: $2020 \text{ BZ13} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ BZ13} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: $2020 \text{ http://jawn.net/}$
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	nominal miss distance of 0.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.82 LD. [2020-08]  See: 2020 CZ – S2P, 2020 CZ - JPL  Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey  See: http://iawn.net/
2020, Jan 31, 19:03	Apollo NEA <b>2020</b> CJ ( $H$ = 27.2 mag, $D \approx 13$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.92 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.92 LD. [2020-09] See: $2020 \text{ CJ} - 220 \text{ CJ} - 2020 \text{ CJ} - 2020 \text{ CJ} - 2020 \text{ CJ}$ Discovery station: Palomar MountainZTF See: http://iawn.net/
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2020, Feb 1	Apollo NEA 2020 CW ( $H = 32.6$ mag, $D \approx 1.1$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.041 LD (= 2.47 R _{Earth} from the

	geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.041 LD. [2020-10]  See: 2020 CW – S2P, 2020 CW - JPL  Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey  See: http://iawn.net/  See also: http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [June 2020]
2020, Feb 2	Aten NEA <b>2020</b> CA ( $H = 29.4$ mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.57 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.57 LD. [2020-11] See: $2020$ CA $- 82P$ , $2020$ CA $- JPL$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/ See also: 4 Feb 2179.
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2020, Feb 3,08:19	Apollo NEA <b>2020 BT14</b> ( $H$ = 27.7 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.49 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.49 LD. [2020-12] See: $2020 \text{ BT14} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ BT14} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 2, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/See also: 3 Feb 2087.
2020, Feb 3,18:56	Binary Apollo NEA <b>2020 BX12</b> ( $H$ = 20.7 mag, $D \approx 250$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 11.34 LD. Minimum miss distance 11.34 LD.  See: $2020 \text{ BX12} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ BX12} - \text{JPL}$ See also: https://www.space.com/near-earth-binary-asteroid-2020-bx12-hasmoon.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2020 BX12

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2020, Feb 4	Apollo NEA <b>2020</b> CQ1 ( $H$ = 28.8 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.17 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.17 LD. [2020-13] See: $2020 \text{ CQ1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ CQ1} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: $\frac{\text{http://iawn.net/}}{\text{http://iawn.net/}}$
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2020, Feb 13, 13:22	Apollo NEA <b>2020 DU</b> ( $H = 28.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a

	nominal miss distance of 0.85 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.84 LD. [2020-14]  See: 2020 DU – S2P, 2020 DU - JPL  Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey  See: http://iawn.net/
2020, Feb 13, 16:19	Apollo NEA 2020 CD3 ( <i>H</i> = 31.8 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 1.6 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.12 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.12 LD. [2020-15]  See: 2020 CD3 – S2P, 2020 CD3 - JPL  Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey  See: https://minorplanetcenter.net/mpec/K20/K20DA4.html  See also: 16 Jan 2019, 4 Apr 2019, 30 Jun 2019, 10 Sep 2019, 18  Nov 2019.  See also: https://twitter.com/WierzchosKacper/status/1232460436634656769  https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news205.html  https://www.nationalastro.org/news/gemini-telescope-images-minimoon-orbiting-earth-in-color/  https://www.theatlantic.com/science/archive/2020/02/mini-moon-earth/607171/  https://earthsky.org/space/new-natural-temporary-moon-for-earth-2020-cd3  https://www.newscientist.com/article/2235427-earth-has-acquired-a-brand-new-moon-thats-about-the-size-of-a-car/ https://www.space.com/mini-moon-2020-cd3-discovered.html https://www.space.com/minimoon-2020-cd3-discovery-around-earth-explained.html https://www.space.com/m/1fxT4Hwc/earth-has-a-new-mini-moon-temporarily-see-its-orbit http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters (March 2020) https://www.theatlantic.com/science/archive/2020/03/mini-moon-earth-lost/608455/ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2020_CD3
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2020, Feb 14	Aten NEA <b>2020</b> CQ2 ( $H = 28.7$ mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.39 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.39 LD. [2020-16] See: $2020 \text{ CQ2} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ CQ2} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Palomar MountainZTF See: $\frac{\text{http://iawn.net/}}{\text{http://iawn.net/}}$

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2020, Feb 18, 10:32	Apollo NEA <b>2020 DA1</b> ( $H = 29.6$ mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.50 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.50 LD. [2020-17] See: $2020 \text{ DA1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ DA1} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/See also: 18 Feb 2006.
2020, Feb 18, 17:02	Aten NEA <b>2020 DW</b> ( $H = 30.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 3 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.63 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.63 LD. [2020-18] See: $2020 \text{ DW} - 82P$ , $2020 \text{ DW} - JPL$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: https://www.minorplanetcenter.net/mpec/K20/K20D44.html
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2020, Feb 25, 07:15	Apollo NEA <b>2020 DV3</b> ( $H$ = 27.9 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.06 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.06 LD. See: $2020 \text{ DV3} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ DV3} - \text{JPL}$
2020, Feb 25, 20:30	Aten NEA <b>2020 DR4</b> ( $H$ = 29.7 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.24 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.24 LD. [2020-19] See: $2020 DR4 - S2P$ , $2020 DR4 - JPL$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a>

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2020, Apr 5, 07:37	Apollo NEA 2020 GY1 ( $H$ = 26.6 mag, $D \approx 17$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.21 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.21 LD. [2020-28] See: $2020 \text{ GY1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ GY1} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: $2020 \text{ Tokyo-Kiso}$ See: $2020 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$ See also: $2020 \text{ Apr 1913}$ , $2020 \text{ Apr 2033}$ .
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2020, Apr 15, 10:00	Apollo NEA <b>2020 HO</b> ( $H = 28.9 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.75 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.75 LD. [2020-29] See: $2020 \text{ HO} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ HO} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a>
2020, Apr 15, 12:4°	Apollo NEA <b>2020 GH2</b> ( $H$ = 26.7 mag, $D \approx 16$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.93 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.93 LD. [2020-30] See: $\frac{2020 \text{ GH2} - \text{S2P}}{2020 \text{ GH2} - \text{JPL}}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: $\frac{\text{http://iawn.net/}}{\text{See also:}}$ See also: $\frac{\text{https://www.space.com/house-size-asteroid-2020-gh2-earth-flyby-april-2020.html}}$
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2020, Apr 20	M.A. Cordiner, S.N. Milam, N. Biver, et al., 2020, <i>Nature Astronomy</i> , 20 April 2020, "Unusually high CO abundance of the first active interstellar comet."  See: <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2</a> <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2</a> <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2</a> <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2</a> <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2</a> <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2</a> <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2</a> <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2</a> <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2</a> <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2</a> <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2</a> <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2</a> <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2</a> <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2</a> <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-1087-2#Sec2</a> <a -="" 10="" 1st="" <a="" body="" concepts="" evolution="" href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020SSRv21645L/abstract" million="" missions="" of="" return="" sample="" see:="" small="" solar="" system."="" the="" year="">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020SSRv21645L/abstract</a>
2020, Apr 20-22	Hera Community Workshop, 20-22 April 2020, Nice (France).  Rescheduled for: 11-13 November 2020.  See: <a href="https://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/hera-community-workshop/">https://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/hera-community-workshop/</a>
2020, Apr 21	S. Bouquillon, D. Souami, 2020, <i>Proceeding 8th ADeLA meeting</i> , 2018, Tarija (Bolivia), e-print <i>arXiv</i> :2004.09961, "The <b>GBOT</b> asteroid survey (First years: Jan. 2015 - May 2018)."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020arXiv200409961B/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020arXiv200409961B/abstract</a>
2020, Apr 22	M. Mommert, D.E. Trilling, J.L. Hora, et al., 2020, <i>Planetary Science Journal</i> , 1, 10, "Systematic characterization of and search for activity in potentially active asteroids."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020PSJ110M/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020PSJ110M/abstract</a>
2020, Apr 22	O. Unsalan, A. Bayatlı, P. Jenniskens, 2020, <i>Meteoritics &amp; Planetary Science</i> , 55, Issue 4, "Earliest evidence of a death and injury by a meteorite."  See: <a href="https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1111/maps.13469">https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1111/maps.13469</a>

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	See also: <a href="https://www.space.com/earliest-evidence-meteorite-killed-person.html">https://www.space.com/earliest-evidence-meteorite-killed-person.html</a>
2020, Apr 22, 05:52	Apollo NEA <b>2020 HM6</b> ( $H$ = 26.6 mag, $D \approx 17$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.42 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.42 LD. [2020-31] See: $2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 + 2020 $
2020, Apr 22, 16:41	Apollo NEA 2020 HF5 ( $H = 26.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 16 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.38 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.38 LD. [2020-32] See: $\underline{2020 \text{ HF5} - \text{S2P}}$ , $\underline{2020 \text{ HF5} - \text{JPL}}$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: $\underline{\text{http://iawn.net/}}$ See also: 26 Apr 1975, 26 Apr 2079.
2020, Apr 22, 20:19	Apollo NEA <b>2020 HU7</b> ( $H$ = 29.7 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.34 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.34 LD. [2020-33] See: $2020 \text{ HU7} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ HU7} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: $2020 \text{ htm.net}$
2020, Apr 23-24	Apophis T–9 Years: Knowledge Opportunities for the Science of Planetary Defense workshop, Nice (France). 23-24 April 2020.  Rescheduled for: 9-10 November 2020.  See: <a href="https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/apophis2020/">https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/apophis2020/</a>
2020, Apr 24	M. Koike, R. Nakada, I. Kajitani, et al., 2020, <i>Nature Communications</i> , 11, 1988, "In-situ preservation of nitrogenbearing organics in Noachian <b>Martian</b> carbonates."  See: <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41467-020-15931-4">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41467-020-15931-4</a> See also: <a href="https://phys.org/news/2020-04-billion-year-old-nitrogen-containing-molecules-martian-meteorites.html">https://phys.org/news/2020-04-billion-year-old-nitrogen-containing-molecules-martian-meteorites.html</a>
2020, Apr 24	Apollo NEA <b>2020 HX3</b> ( $H$ = 27.2 mag, $D \approx 13$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.66 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.66 LD. [2020-34] See: 2020 HX3 – S2P, 2020 HX3 - JPL Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/See also: 24 Apr 2006. See also: https://www.space.com/house-size-asteroid-2020-gh2-earth-flyby-april-

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2020, Apr 26	D. Garcia-Castellanos, 2020, <i>Space.com</i> , 26 April 2020, "Tomanowos, the meteorite that survived mega-floods and human folly."  See: <a href="https://theconversation.com/tomanowos-the-meteorite-that-survived-mega-floods-and-human-folly-134213">https://theconversation.com/tomanowos-the-meteorite-that-survived-mega-floods-and-human-folly-134213</a> See also: <a href="https://www.space.com/tomanowos-meteorite-survived-mega-floods-human-folly.html">https://www.space.com/tomanowos-meteorite-survived-mega-floods-human-folly.html</a> <a href="https://www.amnh.org/exhibitions/permanent/the-universe/planets/planetary-impacts/the-willamette-meteorite">https://www.amnh.org/exhibitions/permanent/the-universe/planets/planetary-impacts/the-willamette-meteorite</a>
2020, Apr 26, 04:03	Apollo NEA <b>2020 HY5</b> ( $H$ = 25.6 mag, $D \approx 27$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 16.28 LD. Minimum miss distance 16:15 LD. See: $2020 \text{ HY5} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ HY5} - \text{JPL}$ See also: http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [June 2020] http://neo.ssa.esa.int/neocc-riddles http://neo.ssa.esa.int/c/document_library/get_file?uuid=a92c9171-b162-4ded-a542-1cba65636cb1&groupId=10157
2020, Apr 26, 13:33	Apollo NEA <b>2020 HT8</b> ( $H = 28.5 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.38 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.38 LD. [2020-35] See: $2020 \text{ HT8} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ HT8} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala See: $2020 \text{ htp://iawn.net/}$
2020, Apr 27	Z. Xing, D. Bodewits, J. Noonan, M.T. Bannister, 2020, <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 893, L48, "Water production rates and activity of interstellar comet <b>2I/Borisov</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020ApJ893L48X/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020ApJ893L48X/abstract</a> See also: <a href="http://astrobiology.com/2020/01/water-production-rates-and-activity-of-interstellar-comet-2iborisov.html">http://astrobiology.com/2020/01/water-production-rates-and-activity-of-interstellar-comet-2iborisov.html</a>
2020, Apr 27, 14:40	Apollo NEA <b>2020 HP6</b> ( $H = 28.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.33 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.33 LD. [2020-36] See: $2020 \text{ HP6} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ HP6} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/
2020, Apr 28	D. Takir, T. Kareta, J.P. Emery, et al., 2020, <i>Nature Communications</i> , 11, 2050, "Near-infrared observations of active asteroid (3200) Phaethon reveal no evidence for hydration."

	See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020NatCo11.2050T/abstract
2020, Apr 28	Johannes Andersen (1943-2020), General Secretary 1997-2000 of the International Astronomical Union, passed away on 28 April 2020 in Copenhagen (Denmark). Among his many achievments, on behalf of the IAU, he took part in meetings of the United Nations Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space between 1997 and 2003, when the Committee began to give serious consideration to the potential threat from Near-Earth Objects.  See: <a href="https://www.iau.org/news/announcements/detail/ann20015/?lang">https://www.iau.org/news/announcements/detail/ann20015/?lang</a>
2020, Apr 28, 18:49	Apollo NEA <b>2020 HS7</b> ( $H$ = 29.0 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.11 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.11 LD. [2020-37] See: 2020 HS7 – S2P, 2020 HS7 – JPL Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 2, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/ See also: https://www.nasa.gov/feature/small-asteroid-to-safely-fly-by-earth/https://www.esa.int/Safety_Security/An_Agency_for_asteroidshttps://www.space.com/small-asteroid-2020-hs7-buzzes-earth-ahead-of-big-space-rock.html
2020, Apr 29	Amor NEA <b>52768</b> ( <b>1998 OR2</b> , <i>H</i> = 16.0 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 2100 m, <b>PHA</b> ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 16.36 LD. Minimum miss distance 16.36 LD.  See: 1998 OR2 – SSA, 1998 OR2 – JPL See also: https://www.space.com/asteroid-1998-or2-earth-flyby-april-2020.html http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [3 April 2020] https://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [23 April 2020] https://www.space.com/asteroid-1998-or2-photo-arecibo-observatory-april-2020.html https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=7649&utm_source=iC_ontact&utm_medium=email&utm_campaign=nasajpl&utm_content=dail_y20200428-2 https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news206.html https://www.space.com/asteroid-1998-or2-earth-flyby-no-danger.html https://www.space.com/asteroid-1998-or2-earth-flyby-no-danger.html https://www.space.com/big-asteroid-1998-or2-tumbling-radar-video.html https://www.astronomerstelegram.org/?read=13733 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(52768)_1998_OR2
2020, Apr 30	Aten NEA <b>2020 JG</b> ( $H = 25.9$ mag, $D \approx 24$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.56 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.55 LD. [2020-38] See: $2020 \text{ JG} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ JG} - \text{JPL}$

	Discovery station: ATLAS-HKO, Haleakala See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a> See also: 30 Apr 1922.
2020, <b>May</b>	M.A. Barucci, P.H. Hasselmann, A. Praet, et al., 2020, <i>Astronomy &amp; Astrophysics, Letters</i> , 637, L4, " <i>OSIRIS-REx</i> spectral analysis of (101955) Bennu by multivariate statistics," See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020A%26A637L4B/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020A%26A637L4B/abstract</a>
2020, May	C. de la Fuente Marcos, R. de la Fuente Marcos, 2020a, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society: Letters</i> , 494, L6, "On the orbital evolution of <b>2020 AV2</b> , the first asteroid ever observed to go around the Sun inside the orbit of <b>Venus</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020MNRAS.494L6D/abstractSee">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020MNRAS.494L6D/abstractSee also: <a href="https://physicstoday.scitation.org/do/10.1063/PT.6.1.20200416a/full/">https://physicstoday.scitation.org/do/10.1063/PT.6.1.20200416a/full/</a></a>
2020, May	C. de la Fuente Marcos, R. de la Fuente Marcos, 2020b, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 494, 1089, "On the orbital evolution of meteoroid <b>2020 CD3</b> , a temporarily-captured orbiter of the Earth-Moon system."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020MNRAS.494.1089D/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020MNRAS.494.1089D/abstract</a>
2020, May	E. Drolshagen, T. Ott, D. Koschny, et al., 2020, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 184, 104869, "Velocity distribution of larger meteoroids and small asteroids impacting Earth."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS18404869D/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS18404869D/abstract</a>
2020, May	A. Hibberd, A.M. Hein, T.M. Eubanks, 2020, <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , 170, 136, " <i>Project Lyra</i> : catching 1I/'Oumuamua - mission opportunities after 2024."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AcAau.170136H/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AcAau.170136H/abstract</a> See also: <a href="https://phys.org/news/2017-11-lyra-mission-interstellar-asteroid.html">https://phys.org/news/2017-11-lyra-mission-interstellar-asteroid.html</a>
2020, May	T.J. Jopek, 2020, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 494, 680, "The orbital clusters among the near-Earth asteroids."  See: <a href="https://academic.oup.com/mnras/article-abstract/494/1/680/5805210">https://academic.oup.com/mnras/article-abstract/494/1/680/5805210</a> <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020MNRAS.tmp673J/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020MNRAS.tmp673J/abstract</a>
2020, May	P. Pires, O.C. Winter, 2020, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 494, 2727, "Location and stability of distant retrograde orbits around the <b>Moon</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020MNRAS.494.2727P/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020MNRAS.494.2727P/abstract</a>

2020, May	A. Skulteti, A. Kereszturi, M. Szabo, et al., 2020, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 184, 104855, "Mid-infrared spectroscopic investigation of meteorites and perspectives for thermal infrared observations at the binary asteroid <b>Didymos</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS18404855S/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS18404855S/abstract</a>
2020, May	V. Vojáček, J. Borovička, P. Spurný, D. Čapek, 2020, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 184, 104882, "The properties of cm-sized iron meteoroids."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS18404882V/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS18404882V/abstract</a>
2020, May	YB. Xu, LY. Zhou, WH. Ip, 2020, <i>Astronomy &amp; Astrophysics</i> , 637, 19, "Transit of asteroids across the 7/3 Kirkwood gap under the Yarkovsky effect."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020A%26A637A19X/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020A%26A637A19X/abstract</a>
2020, May 1	J. Moeyens, N. Myhrvold, Ž. Ivezić, 2020, <i>Icarus</i> , 341, 113575, "ATM: an open-source tool for <b>Asteroid Thermal Modeling</b> and its application to <i>NEOWISE</i> data."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020Icar34113575M/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020Icar34113575M/abstract</a>
2020, May 2	J. O'Callaghan, 2020, <i>New Scientist</i> , 246, 10, "A glut of interstellar asteroids?"  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020NewSc.246100/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020NewSc.246100/abstract</a>
2020, May 3	Apollo NEA <b>2020 JA</b> ( $H$ = 27.3 mag, $D \approx 13$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.62 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.62 LD. [2020-39] See: $2020 \text{ JA} - 82P$ , $2020 \text{ JA} - 3PL$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/
2020, May 4	P. Michel, 2020, Annual Report 2019 <i>IAU Working Group on Near Earth Objects</i> .  See: <a href="https://www.iau.org/static/science/scientific_bodies/divisions/f/division-f-annual-report-2019.pdf">https://www.iau.org/static/science/scientific_bodies/divisions/f/division-f-annual-report-2019.pdf</a>
2020, May 4	E. Rondón, D. Lazzaro, T. Rodrigues, et al., 2020, <i>Publications of the Astronomical Society of the Pacific</i> , 132, 065001, "OASI: a Brazilian observatory dedicated to the study of small Solar System bodies—some results on NEO's physical properties." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020PASP132f5001R/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020PASP132f5001R/abstract</a>

2020, May 4	Apollo NEA 2020 JJ ( $H$ = 30.0 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.035 LD (= 2.104 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.035 LD. [2020-40] See: $2020 \text{ JJ} - 220 \text{ JJ} - 320 \text{ JJ} - 320 \text{ JJ} - 320 \text{ JJ}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/See also: http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [June 2020] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2020_JJ
2020, May 5	Apollo NEA <b>2020 JN</b> ( $H$ = 27.4 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.65 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.65 LD. [2020-41] See: $2020 \text{ JN} - 82P$ , $2020 \text{ JN} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: $2020 \text{ JN} - 82P$
2020, May 5	ESA NEOCC Newsletter. May 2020. See: <a href="http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters">http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters</a>
2020, May 6	D. Ray, S. Misra, D. Upadhyay, et al., 2020, <i>Journal of Earth System Science</i> , 129, 118, "Iron-nickel metallic components bearing silicate-melts and coesite from <b>Ramgarh impact structure</b> , west-central India: possible identification of the impactor."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020JESS129118R/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020JESS129118R/abstract</a>
2020, May 7	Apollo NEA <b>438908</b> ( <b>2009 XO</b> , $H = 20.1$ mag, $D \approx 300$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.83 LD. Minimum miss distance 8.83 LD. See: $2009 \times O - SSA$ , $2009 \times O - JPL$ See also: $7 \text{ May } 2096$ . See also: $2009 \times O - SSA \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096 \times O$ May $2096$
2020, May 8	T. Morota, S. Sugita, Y. Cho, et al., 2020, <i>Science</i> , 368, 654, "Sample collection from asteroid (162173) Ryugu by <i>Hayabusa2</i> : implications for surface evolution."  See: <a href="https://science.sciencemag.org/content/368/6491/654">https://science.sciencemag.org/content/368/6491/654</a> See also: <a href="https://www.eurekalert.org/pub_releases/2020-05/aaft-hto050420.php">https://www.eurekalert.org/pub_releases/2020-05/aaft-hto050420.php</a> <a href="https://www.space.com/asteroid-ryugu-sun-encounter-hayabusa2-spacecraft-footage.html">https://www.space.com/asteroid-ryugu-sun-encounter-hayabusa2-spacecraft-footage.html</a>
2020, May 8	K.T. Smith, 2020, <i>Science</i> , 368, 616, "Collecting a sample of asteroid <b>Ryugu</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020Sci368S.616S/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020Sci368S.616S/abstract</a>

2020, May 9	Aten/Apollo NEA <b>2021</b> GM1 ( $H = 30.5$ mag, $D \approx 2.9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.71 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.70 LD. [2020-42] See: $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$ GM1 – $2021$
2020, May 14	Asteroids & Beyond: <i>The B612 Foundation Newsletter</i> Vol. 44. See: <a href="https://mailchi.mp/b612foundation/asteroids-beyond-the-b612-foundation-newsletter-vol-44?e=b8e2af394f">https://mailchi.mp/b612foundation/asteroids-beyond-the-b612-foundation-newsletter-vol-44?e=b8e2af394f</a>
2020, May 10	Apollo NEA <b>388945</b> ( <b>2008 TZ3</b> , $H = 20.5$ mag, $D \approx 280$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.27 LD. Minimum miss distance 7.27 LD.  See: <u>388945 2008 TZ3 - SSA</u> , <u>2008 TZ3 - JPL</u> See also: <b>9 May 2018</b> .  See also: <a href="http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters">http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters</a> [June 2020]
2020, May 12	Q. Hoi Shan Chan, R. Stroud, Z. Martins, H. Yabuta, 2020, <i>Space Science Reviews</i> , 216, 56, "Concerns of organic contamination for sample return space missions."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020SSRv21656C/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020SSRv21656C/abstract</a>
2020, May 12	Z. Martins, Q. Hoi Shan Chan, L. Bonal, et al., 2020, Space Science Reviews, 216, 54, "Organic matter in the Solar System—implications for future on-site and sample return missions."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020SSRv21654M/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020SSRv21654M/abstract</a>
2020, May 12	Apollo NEA <b>2000 KA</b> ( $H$ = 21.9 mag, $D \approx 150$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.84 LD. Minimum miss distance 8.84 LD. See: $2000 \text{ KA} - 2000  $
2020, May 13	R. Villanueva, J. Ricra, M. Zegarra-Valles, et al., 2020, <i>Atel</i> #13733, "Astrometric observations of the <b>Potentially Hazardous Asteroid (52768) 1998 OR2</b> near its maximum approach to Earth."  See: <a href="http://www.astronomerstelegram.org/?read=13733">http://www.astronomerstelegram.org/?read=13733</a> See also: <b>29 Apr 2020</b> .
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2020, May 20	M. Devogèle, E. MacLennan, A. Gustafsson, et al., 2020, <i>Planetary Science Journal</i> , 1, 15, "New evidence for a physical link between asteroids (155140) 2005 UD and (3200) Phaethon." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020PSJ115D/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020PSJ115D/abstract</a>
2020, May 20	D. Marčeta, B. Novaković, 2020, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , staa1378, Accepted manuscript, "Retrograde orbits excess among observable interstellar objects."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020MNRAS.tmp.1517M/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020MNRAS.tmp.1517M/abstract</a>
2020, May 22	M. Li, Y. Wang, Y. Wang, et al., 2020, <i>Nature Scientific Reports</i> , 10, 8506, "Enhanced <i>Kinetic Impactor</i> for deflecting large <b>Potentially Hazardous Asteroids</b> via maneuvering space rocks." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020NatSR10.8506L/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020NatSR10.8506L/abstract</a>
2020, May 22	E. Salguero-Hernández, L. Pérez-Cruz, J. Urrutia-Fucugauchi, 2020, <i>Acta Geophysica</i> , 68, 627, "Seismic attribute analysis of <b>Chicxulub impact crater</b> ."  See: <a href="https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007%2Fs11600-020-00442-z">https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007%2Fs11600-020-00442-z</a>
2020, May 23	Apollo NEA <b>2020 KU</b> ( $H$ = 28.5 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.01 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.01 LD. See: $2020 \text{ KU} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ KU} - \text{JPL}$
2020, May 26	G.S. Collins, N. Patel, T.M. Davison, et al., 2020, <i>Nature Communications</i> , 11, 1480, "A steeply-inclined trajectory for the <b>Chicxulub impact</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020NatCo11.1480C/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020NatCo11.1480C/abstract</a>
2020, May 26	D. Janches, J.S. Bruzzone, R.J. Weryk, et al., 2020, <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 895, L25, "Observations of an unexpected meteor shower outburst at high ecliptic southern latitude and its potential origin."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020ApJ895L25J/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020ApJ895L25J/abstract</a>
2020, May 27	P. Michel, RL. Ballouz, O.S. Barnouin, et al., 2020, <i>Nature Communications</i> , 11, 2655, "Collisional formation of top-shaped asteroids and implications for the origins of <b>Ryugu</b> and <b>Bennu</b> ." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020NatCo11.2655M/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020NatCo11.2655M/abstract</a>
2020, May 28, 12:4	Apollo NEA <b>2020 KF5</b> ( $H$ = 29.4 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.64 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.64 LD. [2020-43] See: $2020 \text{ KF5} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ KF5} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey

	See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a>
2020, May 28, 13:2	Aten NEA 2020 KJ4 ( $H$ = 29.9 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.37 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.37 LD. [2020-44] See: $2020 \text{ KJ4} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ KJ4} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: $\frac{\text{http://iawn.net/}}{\text{See also: 28 May 2006}}$
2020, May 29	L.A.G. Boldrin, R.A.N. Araujo, O.C. Winter, 2020, <i>European Physical Journal - Special Topics</i> , 229, 1391, "On the rotational motion of NEAs during close encounters with the <b>Earth</b> ." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020EPJST.229.1391B/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020EPJST.229.1391B/abstract</a>
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2020, May 29	Y. Kim, D. Jewitt, M. Mutchler, et al., 2020, <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 895, L34 "Coma anisotropy and the rotation pole of interstellar comet <b>2I/Borisov</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020ApJ895L34K/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020ApJ895L34K/abstract</a>
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2020, May 29	Apollo NEA <b>2020 KC5</b> ( $H$ = 27.4 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.96 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.96 LD. [2020-45] See: $2020 \text{ KC5} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ KC5} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 2, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/
2020, <b>Jun</b>	K. Frantseva, M. Mueller, P. Pokorny, et al., 2015, <i>Astronomy &amp; Astrophysics</i> , 638, 50, "Enrichment of the HR 8799 planets by minor bodies and dust."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020A%26A638A50F/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020A%26A638A50F/abstract</a> See also: <a href="https://www.sron.nl/news/5081-astronomers-predict-bombardment-from-asteroids-and-comets-in-other-planetary-system">https://www.sron.nl/news/5081-astronomers-predict-bombardment-from-asteroids-and-comets-in-other-planetary-system</a>
2020, Jun	M. Kováčová, R. Nagy, L. Kornoš, J. Tóth, 2020, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 185, 104897, "101955 Bennu and 162173 Ryugu:

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2020, Jun	T. Kubota, 2020, <i>IEEJ Transactions on Sensors and Micromachines</i> , 140, 119, "Advanced sensor technology for asteroid explorer <i>Hayabusa2</i> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020IJTSM.140119K/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020IJTSM.140119K/abstract</a>
2020, Jun	J. de León, J. Licandro, C. de la Fuente Marcos, et al., 2020, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 495, 2053, "Visible and near-infrared observations of interstellar comet <b>2I/Borisov</b> with the 10.4-m GTC and the 3.6-m TNG telescopes." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020MNRAS.495.2053D/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020MNRAS.495.2053D/abstract</a>
2020, Jun	F. Manzini, V. Oldani, P. Ochner, L.R. Bedin, 2020, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society: Letters</i> , 495, L92, "Interstellar comet <b>2I/Borisov</b> exhibits a structure similar to native Solar System comets."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020MNRAS.495L.92M/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020MNRAS.495L.92M/abstract</a>
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2020, Jun	Y. Tsuda, T. Saiki, F. Terui, et al., 2020, <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , 171, 42, " <i>Hayabusa2</i> mission status: landing, roving and cratering on asteroid <b>Ryugu</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AcAau.17142T/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AcAau.17142T/abstract</a>
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	https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AAS23612901V/abstract
2020, Jun 1-2	23rd Meeting of the NASA Small Bodies Assessment Group, 1-2
	Jun 2020, Laurel (MD, USA), held virtually.
	See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/
	Among the agenda items:
	- T. Statler, L.S. Glaze, 2020, "Explore Solar System & beyond."
	See:
	https://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jun2020/presentations/Stat
	<u>ler-SBAG-June2020-findings-responses.pdf</u>
	- T. Statler, "Response to SBAG22 findings."
	See:
	https://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jun2020/presentations/Statler-
	SBAG-June2020-findings-responses.pdf
	- K. Fast, 2020, "Near-Earth Object Observations Program."
	See:
	https://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jun2020/presentations/NEOO%2
	0Brief%20to%20SBAG%2001June%202020%20Final.pdf
	- A. Mainzer, 2020, "The Near-Earth Object Surveillance Mission (NEOSM)."
	See:
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uJeWybGY1YY&feature=youtu.be
	- D. Lauretaa, 2020, "OSIRIS-Rex."
	- A. Rivkin & The DART Team, 2020, "DART, NASA's first
	Planetary Defense mission."
	See:
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lj Ukvpbt9I&feature=youtu.be
	- M. Yoshikawa, Y. Tsusa, and Hayabusa2020, "Hayabusa2
	update."
	See:
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tqDbkSnhGwg&feature=youtu.be
	- Workshop on White Papers curated by SBAG
	See:
	https://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jun2020/presentations/White%2
	<u>OPaper%20Workshop.pdf</u>
	Decadal White Papers in preparation, related to NEAs:
	- Davidsson, B., et al., 2020, "What do small bodies tell us about
	the formation of the Solar System and the conditions in the early
	solar nebula?"  Dettle W. Karrelana I.I. et al. 2020 "What de the
	- Bottke, W., Kavelaars, J.J., et al., 2020, "What do the
	distribution, composition, and sizes of small bodies tell us about
	the evolution of the Solar System, including its dynamical history,
	cratering processes, and the influx of volatiles and organics into the inner Solar System?"
	- Raymond, C., et al., 2020, "What are the main geological
	processes that determined the evolution an current state of the snall
	bodies and are they similar to those on larger bodies?"
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	<ul> <li>- Mainzer, A., et al., 2020, "What threat do Near-Earth Objects pose to civilization and life on Earth, and how can we quantify and mitigate that threat?"</li> <li>- J.G. Bauer, M. Holman, M. Payne, et al., 2020, "The Planetary Science Data System's Small Bodies Node update and the MPC Database Beta Distribution."</li> <li>See:     <a href="https://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jun2020/presentations/sbn_MPC_Update20Bx.pdf">https://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jun2020/presentations/sbn_MPC_Update20Bx.pdf</a></li> </ul>
2020, Jun 1-3	American Astronomical Society 236th Meeting, Madison (WI, USA), 1 – 3 June 2020, held virtual.  See: <a href="https://aas.org/meetings/aas236">https://aas.org/meetings/aas236</a>
2020, Jun 4	ESA NEOCC Newsletter. June 2020. See: http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [June 2020]
2020, Jun 5	Apollo NEA <b>2020</b> LD ( $H$ = 22.4 mag, $D \approx 120$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.80 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.80 LD. [2020-46] See: $2020$ LD - S2P, $2020$ LD - JPL Discovery station: ATLAS-MLO, Mauna Loa See: http://iawn.net/ See also: https://watchers.news/2020/06/09/asteroid-2002-ld/https://theskylive.com/2020ld-info http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [July 2020] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2020_LD
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2020, Jun 13, 21:36	Amor NEA <b>2020 KB3</b> ( $H$ = 24.4 mag, $D \approx 50$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.14 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.10 LD. See: $2020 \text{ KB3} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ KB3} - \text{JPL}$ See also: http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [June 2020]

2020, Jun 14	Apollo NEA <b>2017 MF7</b> ( $H$ = 26.1 mag, $D \approx 21$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.68 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.91 LD. See: 2017 MF7 - SSA, 2017 MF7 - JPL
2020, Jun 14-19	Asteroids, Comets, Meteors Conference 2020, Flagstaff (AZ, USA), 14-19 June 2020. Rescheduled for: 20-25 June 2021. See: https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/acm2021/
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2020, Aug 11	Apollo NEA <b>2020 PX5</b> ( $H$ = 29.6 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.59 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.59 LD. [2020-51] See: 2020 PX5 – S2P, 2020 PX5 – JPL Discovery station: Pan-STARS 2, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/
2020, Aug 12	Apollo NEA <b>2020 QJ5</b> ( $H$ = 26.9 mag, $D \approx 15$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.77 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.76 LD. [2020-52] See: $2020 \text{ QJ5} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ QJ5} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala See: $\frac{\text{http://iawn.net/}}{\text{http://iawn.net/}}$
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2020, Aug 14	Apollo NEA <b>2020 PW2</b> ( $H = 28.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.73 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.73 LD. [2020-53] See: $2020 \text{ PW2} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ PW2} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARS 1, Haleakala See: $2020 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$
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2020, Aug 20, 23:50	Apollo NEA <b>2020 QY2</b> ( $H = 31.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 2 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.17 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.17 LD. [2020-57] See: $2020 \text{ QY2} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ QY2} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: $2020 \text{ Mt} \cdot \text{Lemmon} \cdot \text{Survey}$
2020, Aug 21	Apollo NEA 2020 QN4 ( $H$ = 28.6 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.71 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.71 LD. [2020-58] See: $2020 \text{ QN4} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ QN4} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: ATLAS-MLO, Mauna Loa See: $2020 \text{ M4} - \text{M4}$ See also: $2020 \text{ M4} - \text{M4}$ And $2020 \text{ M4}$ And
2020, Aug 22	Apollo NEA <b>2020 QQ4</b> ( $H$ = 28.8 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.80 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.80 LD. [2020-59] See: $2020 \text{ QQ4} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ QQ4} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: <b>ATLAS-MLO</b> , <b>Mauna Loa</b> See: $2020 \text{ Mauna Loa}$
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2020, Sep 9	Apollo NEA <b>2020 RE5</b> ( $H$ = 29.1 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.64 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.64 LD. [2020-61] See: $2020 \text{ RE5} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ RE5} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 2, Haleakala See: $\underline{\text{http://iawn.net/}}$
2020, Sep 10, 11:33	Apollo NEA <b>2020 RG10</b> ( $H$ = 29.0 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.35 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.35 LD. [2020-62] See: $2020 \text{ RG10} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ RG10} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/
2020, Sep 10, 21:04	Amor NEA <b>2020</b> QU6 ( $H = 18.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 800 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 104.60 LD. Minimum miss distance 104.60 LD. See: $2020 \text{ QU6} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ QU6} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Observatorio Campo dos Amarais. Observer

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2020, Sep 13	Aten/Apollo NEA <b>2020 SP</b> ( $H = 27.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 14 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.86 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.86 LD. [2020-63] See: $2020 \text{ SP} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ SP} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: $2020 \text{ M} + 2020 \text{ M} $
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2020, Sep 14, 06:49	Aten NEA 2020 RF3 ( $H = 28.6 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.24 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.24 LD. [2020-64] See: $2020 \text{ RF3} - 82P$ , $2020 \text{ RF3} - JPL$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala See: $2020 \text{ RF3} - 82P$ See also: 14 Sep 1961, 15 Sep 2070.
2020, Sep 14, 20:33	Aten $\rightarrow$ Apollo NEA <b>2020 RD4</b> ( $H = 29.8 \text{ mag}, D \approx 4 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.28 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.27 LD. [2020-65] See: $2020 \text{ RD4} - 82P$ , $2020 \text{ RD4} - JPL$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/See also: 15 Sep 2002, 15 Sep 2079.
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2020, Sep 18	Apollo NEA <b>2020 SO3</b> ( $H$ = 27.2 mag, $D \approx 13$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.03 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.03 LD. See: $2020 SO3 - S2P$ , $2020 SO3 - JPL$
2020, Sep 19	Apollo NEA <b>2020 SZ2</b> ( $H$ = 29.4 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.95 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.95 LD. [2020-67] See: $2020 \text{ SZ2} - 220 \text{ SZ2} - 2020 $
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2020, Sep 23 Apollo NEA 2020 SG6 ( $H = 29.3 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 5 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth	ı at a
nominal miss distance of 0.58 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.	58
LD. [2020	<b>)-68</b> ]
See: <u>2020 SG6 – S2P</u> , <u>2020 SG6 - JPL</u>	
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2020, Sep 24, 11:13	Aten $\rightarrow$ Apollo NEA 2020 SW ( $H$ = 28.9 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.0730 LD (= 4.41 R _{Earth} = 28,079 km from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.0730 LD (= 4.41 R _{Earth} = 28,072 km from the geocenter). [2020-69] See: $2020 \text{ SW} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ SW} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW} - 2020 \text{ SW}$ See: $2020 \text{ SW}$ See
2020, Sep 24, 12:47	Apollo NEA <b>2020 SN5</b> ( $H$ = 28.1 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.52 LD. [2020-70] See: $2020 \text{ SN5} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ SN5} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: ATLAS-HKO, Haleakala See: $2020 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$
2020, Sep 26	Apollo NEA <b>2020 SQ4</b> ( $H = 28.9 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.92 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.91 LD. [2020-71] See: $2020 \text{ SQ4} - 220 \text{ SQ4} - 2020 \text{ SQ4} - 2020 \text{ SQ4} - 2020 \text{ SQ4}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2020, Sep 29	Apollo NEA <b>2020 PM7</b> ( $H$ = 22.4 mag, $D \approx 120$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.47 LD. Minimum miss distance 7.47 LD. See: $2020 \text{ PM7} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ PM7} - \text{JPL}$
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2020, Oct 1	S.I. Ipatov, E.A. Feoktistova, V.V. Svettsov, 2020, <i>Solar System Research</i> , 54, 384, "Number of Near-Earth Objects and formation of <b>lunar</b> craters over the last billion years."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020SoSyR54384I/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020SoSyR54384I/abstract</a>
2020, Oct 1	Y. Jiang, J. Schmidt, 2020, Heliyon, 6, E05275, "Motion of dust ejected from the surface of asteroid (101955) Bennu."  See: <a href="https://www.cell.com/heliyon/fulltext/S2405-8440(20)32118-6">https://www.cell.com/heliyon/fulltext/S2405-8440(20)32118-6</a>
2020, Oct 1	SY. Liao, M.H.Huyskens, QZ. Yin, B. Schmitz, 2020, <i>Earth and Planetary Science Letters</i> , 547, 116442, "Absolute dating of the L-chondrite parent body breakup with high-precision U-Pb zircon geochronology from Ordovician limestone."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020E%26PSL.54716442L/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020E%26PSL.54716442L/abstract</a>
2020, Oct 1, 11:09	Apollo NEA <b>2020 TA</b> ( $H = 25.5$ mag, $D \approx 28$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.57 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.57 LD. [2020-72] See: $2020 \text{ TA} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ TA} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: ATLAS-MLO, Mauna Loa See: $\frac{\text{http://iawn.net/}}{\text{http://iawn.net/}}$
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2020, Oct 1, 14:59	Apollo NEA <b>2001 GP2</b> ( $H$ = 26.9 mag, $D \approx 15$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.09 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.35 LD. See: 2001 GP2 - SSA, 2001 GP2 - JPL
2020, Oct 4-7	European Astronomical Society Annual Meeting EAS 2020 (EWASS), Leiden (The Netherlands), 4 - 7 Oct 2020, a virtual meeting.  See: <a href="https://eas.unige.ch/EAS2020/">https://eas.unige.ch/EAS2020/</a>
2020, Oct 5	ESA NEOCC Newsletter. October 2020. See: <a href="http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters">http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters</a> [October 2020] <a href="http://neo.ssa.esa.int/neocc-riddles">http://neo.ssa.esa.int/neocc-riddles</a>
2020, Oct 6	S. Jaworski, J. Kindracki, 2020, <i>Journal of Spacecraft and Rockets</i> , 57, 1232, "Feasibility of synchronized <i>CubeSat</i> missions from low Earth orbit to Near-Earth Asteroids."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020JSpRo57.1232J/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020JSpRo57.1232J/abstract</a>
2020, Oct 8	B. Enos, 2020, NASA.gov/feature, 8 October 2020, "NASA's OSIRIS-REx unlocks more secrets from asteroid Bennu."  See: https://www.nasa.gov/feature/goddard/2002/osiris-rex-unlocks-more-secrets-from-asteroid-bennu
2020, Oct 8	B. Rozitis, A.J. Ryan, J.P. Emery, et al., 2020, <i>Science Advances</i> , 6, eabc3699, "Asteroid (101955) Bennu's weak boulders and thermally anomalous equator."  See: <a href="https://advances.sciencemag.org/content/6/41/eabc3699">https://advances.sciencemag.org/content/6/41/eabc3699</a> See also: <a href="https://www.sciencemag.org/news/2020/10/nasa-mission-about-capture-carbon-rich-dust-former-water-world">https://www.sciencemag.org/news/2020/10/nasa-mission-about-capture-carbon-rich-dust-former-water-world</a>
2020, Oct 8	D.J. Scheeres, A.S. French, P. Tricarico, et al., 2020, <i>Science Advances</i> , 6, eabc3350, "Heterogeneous mass distribution of the rubble-pile asteroid (101955) Bennu."  See: <a href="https://advances.sciencemag.org/content/6/41/eabc3350">https://advances.sciencemag.org/content/6/41/eabc3350</a> See also: <a href="https://www.sciencemag.org/news/2020/10/nasa-mission-about-capture-carbon-rich-dust-former-water-world">https://www.sciencemag.org/news/2020/10/nasa-mission-about-capture-carbon-rich-dust-former-water-world</a>
2020, Oct 8	D.E. Trilling, C. Lisse, D.P. Cruikshank, et al., 2020, <i>Nature Astronomy</i> , 4, 940, " <i>Spitzer</i> 's Solar System studies of asteroids, planets and the zodiacal cloud." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020NatAs4940T/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020NatAs4940T/abstract</a>
2020, Oct 8	P. Voosen, 2020, Science, 8 October 2020, "A NASA mission is

	about to capture carbon-rich dust from a former water world."  See: <a href="https://www.sciencemag.org/news/2020/10/nasa-mission-about-capture-carbon-rich-dust-former-water-world">https://www.sciencemag.org/news/2020/10/nasa-mission-about-capture-carbon-rich-dust-former-water-world</a>
2020, Oct 8	Apollo NEA <b>2020 TP1</b> ( $H$ = 26.8 mag, $D \approx 16$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.006 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.004 LD. See: $2020 \text{ TP1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ TP1} - \text{JPL}$
2020, Oct 9	P. Voosen, 2020, <i>Science</i> , 370, 158, "NASA mission set to sample carbon-rich asteroid."  See: <a href="https://science.sciencemag.org/content/370/6513/158">https://science.sciencemag.org/content/370/6513/158</a> See also: <a href="https://www.sciencemag.org/news/2020/10/nasa-mission-about-capture-carbon-rich-dust-former-water-world">https://www.sciencemag.org/news/2020/10/nasa-mission-about-capture-carbon-rich-dust-former-water-world</a>
2020, Oct 9	Apollo NEA <b>2020 TE5</b> ( $H$ = 29.0 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.15 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15 LD. [2020-73] See: 2020 TE5 – S2P, 2020 TE5 – JPL Discovery station: ATLAS-HKO, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/
2020, Oct 12	Aten NEA <b>2020 TS1</b> ( $H$ = 29.1 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.66 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.66 LD. [2020-74] See: $2020 \text{ TS1} - 82P$ , $2020 \text{ TS1} - 3PL$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: $2020 \text{ Mt. Lemmon Survey}$
2020, Oct 13	Apollo NEA <b>2020 TD7</b> ( $H = 26.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 15 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.88 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.88 LD. [2020-75] See: 2020 TD7 – S2P, 2020 TD7 – JPL Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/
2020, Oct 14	Live Tonight! 14 October 2020. The ASP presents a special virtual event: "Asteroid Hunters", a virtual panel discussion with filmmakers and Planetary Defense experts, including writer/producer Phil Groves, planetary scientist Dr. Donald Yeomans, and Planetary Defense experts.  See: <a href="https://myemail.constantcontact.com/LIVE-TONIGHTOpen-to-AllASP-Special-EventOct14Asteroid-HuntersA-Panel-Discussion-with-Documentary-FilmakerSci.html">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uW-P35CNwBI&amp;feature=emb_logo</a>

2020, Oct 14, 07:05	Atira NEA 2020 AV2 ( <i>H</i> = 16.4 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 1900 m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 136 LD (= 0.35 AU). Minimum miss distance 136 LD (= 0.35 AU).  See: 2020 AV2 − S2P, 2020 AV2 − JPL  See also: 13 Jan 2020.  Re:  - S. Greenstreet, 2020, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society: Letters</i> , 493, L129, "Orbital dynamics of 2020 AV2: the first Vatira asteroid."  See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020MNRAS.tmpL23G/abstract  It is the first asteroid discovered to have an orbit entirely within Venus's orbit, and is thus the first and only known member of the intra-Venusian Vatira population of Atira-class asteroids. 2020 AV2 has the smallest known aphelion and second-smallest known semi-major axis among all asteroids.  See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2020_AV2
2020, Oct 14, 16:00	Apollo/Aten (?) NEA <b>2020 TK7</b> ( $H$ = 29.6 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.20 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.20 LD. [2020-76] See: $2020 \text{ TK7} - 82P$ , $2020 \text{ TK7} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: $2020 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$ See also: 14 Oct 2091.
2020, Oct 15	H.A.R. Devillepoix, M. Cupák, P.A. Bland, et al., 2020, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 191, 105036, "A Global Fireball Observatory."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS19105036D/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS19105036D/abstract</a>
2020, Oct 15	D. Harries, A. Bischoff, 2020, <i>Earth and Planetary Science Letters</i> , 548, 116506, "Petrological evidence for the existence and disruption of a 500 km-sized differentiated planetesimal of enstatite-chondritic parentage."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020E%26PSL.54816506H/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020E%26PSL.54816506H/abstract</a>
2020, Oct 15	S. Kikuchi, Si. Watanabe, [] Y. Tsuda, 2020, <i>Space Science Reviews</i> , 216, 116, " <i>Hayabusa2</i> landing site selection: surface topography of <b>Ryugu</b> and touchdown safety." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020SSRv216116K/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020SSRv216116K/abstract</a>
2020, Oct 15	K. Ohtsuka, T. Ito, D. Kinoshita, et al., 2020, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 191, 104940, "Full rotationally phase-resolved visible

	reflectance spectroscopy of <b>3200 Phaethon</b> ." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS19104940O/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS19104940O/abstract</a>
2020, Oct 15	Apollo NEA <b>2020</b> UE ( $H = 25.6$ mag, $D \approx 27$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.71 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.71 LD. [2020-77] See: $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE – $2020$ UE –
2020, Oct 16	A. Witze, 2020, <i>Nature</i> , 586, 484, "NASA 'fist bumps' an asteroid to reveal Solar System's secrets."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020Natur.586484W/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020Natur.586484W/abstract</a>
2020, Oct 16	Apollo NEA <b>2020</b> UU1 ( $H$ = 28.4 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.07 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.06 LD. See: $2020 \text{ UU1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ UU1}$ - JPL
2020, Oct 17	Apollo NEA <b>2020</b> TG6 ( $H$ = 29.1 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.36 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.36 LD. [2020-78] See: $2020 \text{ TG6} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ TG6} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: $2020 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$
2020, Oct 18	Apollo NEA <b>2020 TE6</b> ( $H$ = 27.6 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.60 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.60 LD. [2020-79] See: $2020 \text{ TE6} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ TE6} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/
2020, Oct 19	B. Cheng, Y. Yu, E. Asphaug, P. Michel, et al., 2020, <i>Nature Astronomy</i> , 5, 134, "Reconstructing the formation history of top-shaped asteroids from the surface boulder distribution."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021NatAs5134C/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021NatAs5134C/abstract</a>
2020, Oct 19, 06:56	Apollo NEA <b>2020 UX</b> ( $H = 31.1$ mag, $D \approx 2.1$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.49 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.49 LD. [2020-80] See: $2020 \text{ UX} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ UX} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: $2020 \text{ LC} + 2020 \text{ LC} + 2020 \text{ LC}$

	See also:
	https://www.space.com/2-asteroids-earth-flyby-same-day-october-2020
2020, Oct 19, 19:24	Apollo NEA <b>2020 TF6</b> ( $H$ = 27.4 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.40 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.40 LD. [2020-81] See: $2020 \text{ TF6} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ TF6} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: $2020 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$ See also: $2020 \text{ https://www.space.com/2-asteroids-earth-flyby-same-day-october-2020}$
2020, Oct 20	The NASA <i>OSIRIS-REx</i> mission prepares for touchdown to asteroid <b>Bennu</b> this October 20th with a final rehearsal earlier this month. The spacecraft, which has been circling <b>Bennu</b> since December 2018 mapping its surface, will be using Touch-and-Go sequence (TAG) to pick up samples of the asteroid to return home. See:  https://us9.campaign-archive.com/?u=0e9c23265f31e0f37201d19b6&id=98145b6d5a https://www.fox10phoenix.com/video/842725 See also: https://www.sciencemag.org/news/2020/10/nasa-mission-about-capture-carbon-rich-dust-former-water-world https://www.space.com/nasa-osiris-rex-asteroid-sampling-360-video https://www.nasa.gov/press-release/nasa-s-osiris-rex-spacecraft-successfully-touches-asteroid http://www.nasa.gov/osiris-rex http://science.nasa.gov/missions/osiris-rex/ https://science.nasa.gov/press-release/nasa-invites-public-media-to-watch-asteroid-mission-begin-return-to-earth https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/OSIRIS-REx
2020, Oct 20	G. Hautaluoma, J. Handal, N. Neal Jones, E. Morton, 2020, NASA.gov/press-release, 20 October 2020, "NASA's OSIRIS-REx spacecraft successfully touches asteroid."  See: https://www.nasa.gov/press-release/nasa-s-osiris-rex-spacecraft-successfully-touches-asteroid  See also: http://www.nasa.gov/osiris-rex http://science.nasa.gov/missions/osiris-rex/https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/OSIRIS-REx
2020, Oct 21	B. Enos, N. Neal Jones, E. Morton, 2020,  NASA.gov/feature/goddard, 22 October 2020, "OSIRIS-REX  TAGs surface of asteroid Bennu."  See: <a href="https://www.nasa.gov/feature/goddard/2020/osiris-rex-tags-surface-of-asteroid-bennu/">https://www.nasa.gov/feature/goddard/2020/osiris-rex-tags-surface-of-asteroid-bennu/</a>

	See also:
	https://www.space.com/nasa-osiris-rex-asteroid-bennu-sampling-results
	https://www.nasa.gov/press-release/nasa-s-osiris-rex-spacecraft-collects-
	significant-amount-of-asteroid
	https://asteroidday.org/news-updates/nasas-osiris-rex-mission-
	successfully-makes-contact-with-asteroid-bennu/
2020 Oct 21 02:24	Aten NEA <b>2020</b> UA ( $H = 28.4$ mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a
2020, 00021, 02.2	nominal miss distance of 0.12 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.12
	See: <u>2020 UA – S2P</u> , <u>2020 UA - JPL</u>
	Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey
	See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a>
	See also: 21 Oct 2047.
2020 Oct 21 04·19	Apollo NEA <b>2020</b> UY ( $H = 29.0 \text{ mag}, D \approx 6 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a
2020, Oct 21, 04.10	nominal miss distance of 0.91 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.91
	LD. [2020-83]
	See: <u>2020 UY – S2P</u> , <u>2020 UY - JPL</u>
	Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey
	See: http://iawn.net/
2020 Oat 22 00:46	Apollo NEA <b>2020</b> UL2 ( $H = 28.7 \text{ mag}, D \approx 6 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a
2020, OCt 22, 09.40	` ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '
	nominal miss distance of 1.07 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.06
	LD.
	See: <u>2020 UL2 – S2P</u> , <u>2020 UL2 - JPL</u>
2020, Oct 22, 15:53	Apollo NEA <b>2020 UO3</b> ( $H = 28.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a
,,,,,,,	nominal miss distance of 0.91 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.91
	LD. [2020-84]
	r , , , i
	See: <u>2020 UO3 – S2P</u> , <u>2020 UO3 - JPL</u>
	Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala
	See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a>
2020. Oct 22, 22:28	Aten/Apollo (?) NEA <b>2020 UF3</b> ( $H = 28.3 \text{ mag}, D \approx 8 \text{ m}$ ) passed
	Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.11 LD. Minimum miss
	[
	See: <u>2020 UF3 – S2P</u> , <u>2020 UF3 - JPL</u>
	Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala
	See: http://iawn.net/
	See also: 23 Oct 2019. [CHECK]
	[]
2020, Oct 26	G. Donger A. Ruf I Moillord et al. 2020 Planetam Science
2020, Oct 20	G. Danger, A. Ruf, J. Maillard, et al., 2020, <i>Planetary Science</i>
	Journal, 1, 55, "Unprecedented molecular diversity revealed in
	meteoritic Insoluble Organic Matter (IOM): the Paris meteorite's
	case."
	See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020PSJ155D/abstract
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G. Hautaluoma, A. Johnson, N. Neal Jones, E. Morton, 2020, nasa.gov/press release, 26 October 2020, "NASA's OSIRIS-REX spacecraft goes for early stow of asteroid sample."
See: <a href="https://www.nasa.gov/press-release/nasa-s-osiris-rex-spacecraft-goes-for-early-stow-of-asteroid-sample">https://www.nasa.gov/press-release/nasa-s-osiris-rex-spacecraft-goes-for-early-stow-of-asteroid-sample</a> See also: <a href="https://www.nasa.gov/press-release/nasa-s-osiris-rex-spacecraft-goes-for-early-stow-of-asteroid-sample">https://www.nasa.gov/press-release/nasa-s-osiris-rex-spacecraft-goes-for-early-stow-of-asteroid-sample</a> See also: <a href="https://www.space.com/osiris-rex-asteroid-sample-stowage-begins">https://www.space.com/osiris-rex-asteroid-sample-stowage-begins</a>
<ul> <li>52nd Annual Meeting of the AAS Division for Planetary Sciences, 20-26 October 2020, virtual.</li> <li>Among the sessions: <ul> <li>Ground-based asteroid surveys</li> <li>Asteroid hazards and Planetary Defense</li> <li>Asteroid surveys in the era of LSST</li> </ul> </li> <li>Plenary panel: Interstellar objects and active small bodies</li> <li>See: <a href="https://aas.org/meetings/dps52">https://aas.org/meetings/dps52</a></li> <li>See also: <a href="https://dps.aas.org/meetings/future">https://dps.aas.org/meetings/future</a></li> <li>Among the presentations: <ul> <li>H.F. Agrusa, K. Tsiganis, I. Gkolias, et al., 2020, AAS DPS #52, id. 217.04, "On the post-impact spin state of the secondary component of the Didymos-Dimorphos binary asteroid system."</li> <li>See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020DPS5221704A/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020DPS5221704A/abstract</a></li> <li>B. Allen, J. Hong, D. Hoak, et al., 2020, AAS DPS #52, id. 405.06, "Observation performance prediction and evaluation for the Regolith X-ray Imaging Spectrometer (REXIS) through simulation."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020DPS5240506A/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020DPS5240506A/abstract</a> - B. Aponte-Hernández, E. Rivera-Valentín, P. Taylor, 2020, AAS DPS #52, id. 409.06, "Revisiting the relationship between Near-Earth Asteroid radar properties and taxonomic class."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020DPS5240906A/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020DPS5240906A/abstract</a> - M. Arakawa, R. Honda, Y. Yokota, et al., 2020, AAS DPS #52, id. 405.01, "Resurfacing processes on asteroid (162173) Ryugu caused by an artificial impact of Hayabusa2's Small Carry-on Impactor."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020DPS5240501A/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020DPS5240501A/abstract</a> - A.N. Bair, D.G. Schleicher, M.M. Knight, et al., 2020, AAS DPS #52, id. 313.06, "The unusual chemical composition of interstellar comet 2I/Borisov."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020DPS5231306B/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020DPS5231306B/abstract</a> - R. Ballouz, K. Walsh, W. Bottke, et al., 2020, AAS DPS #52, id. 112.01, "Craters on (101955) Bennu's boulders."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020DPS5240201B/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020DPS5240201B/abstract</a> - M. Bannister, 2020, AAS DPS #52, id. 402.01, "Interstellar

See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020DPS....5211201B/abstract

- D. Bodewits, J. Noonan, P. Feldman, et al., 2020, *AAS DPS #52*, id. 313.05, "Composition and evolution of interstellar comet **2I/Borisov**."

See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020DPS....5231305B/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020DPS....5231305B/abstract</a>
- B.T. Bolin, W. Ip, F.J. Masci, G. Helou, 2020, *AAS DPS #52*, id. 214.02, "The discovery and characterization of the first inner-

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2020, Nov 2, 09:05	Aten NEA <b>2020 VW</b> ( $H = 28.5 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.58 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.58 LD. [2020-86] See: $2020 \text{ VW} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ VW} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: $\frac{\text{http://iawn.net/}}{\text{See also: 2 Nov 2074}}$ . See also: $\frac{\text{http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters}}{\text{Immunity 2021}}$
2020, Nov 2, 11:33	Apollo NEA <b>2018 VP1</b> ( $H = 30.9 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 2.3 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.13 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.28 LD. See: $2018 \text{ VP1} - \text{SSA}$ , $2018 \text{ VP1} - \text{JPL}$ See also: $2 \text{ Nov 2018}$ , https://iawn.net/ See also: $2 \text{ Nov 2018}$ , https://b612foundation.org/good-news-2018-vp1-hitting-earth-is-nothing-to-worry-about/ http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [November 2020] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2018_VP1
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2020, Nov 10	Hera Community Workshop, 11-13 November 2020, Nice (France). Postponed. A status update on the mission was given by videoconference on November 10. Topics:  - DART status (Andy Cheng)  - LICIAcube status (Elisabetta Dotto)  - Hera status (Ian Carnelli)  - Hera science in the context of latest results from OSIRIS-REx and Hayabusa2 (Patrick Michel)  - Hera team structure and working groups (Michael Küppers)  - Juventas status (Hannah Goldberg)  - Milani status (Margherita Cardi)  See: https://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/hera-community-workshop/
2020, Nov 11	Apollo NEA <b>2020 VP1</b> ( $H$ = 27.7 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.48 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.48 LD. [2020-89] See: $2020 \text{ VP1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ VP1} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: $2020 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$
2020, Nov 12	D. Gonzales, F. Dambowsky, 2020, <i>DLR News</i> , 12 November 2020, " <i>DESTINY</i> + – Germany and Japan begin new asteroid mission."  In mid-2024, the Japanese-German space mission <i>DESTINY</i> + will launch on a four-year journey to the Potentially Hazardous Asteroid 3200 Phaethon, the origin of the annual Geminids meteor shower. The mission's key instrument is the German <i>DESTINY</i> + Dust Analyzer (DDA), which will collect and analyse cosmic dust samples during the entire flight of the spacecraft. See:  https://www.dlr.de/content/en/articles/news/2020/04/20201112_destiny-germany-and-japan-begin-new-asteroid-mission.html
2020, Nov 12	I.J. O'Neill, J. Handal, 2020, <i>JPL News Feature</i> , 7783, "Earth may have captured a 1960s-era rocket booster."  See: https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=7783
2020, Nov 13, 17:2	Apollo $\rightarrow$ Aten NEA 2020 VT4 ( $H = 28.8 \text{ mag}, D \approx 6 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.01755 LD (= 1.059 R _{Earth}

	from the geocenter = 370 km over the Pacific Ocean).  Minimum miss distance 0.01752 LD (= 1.057 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). [2020-90]  See: 2020 VT4 - S2P, 2020 VT4 - JPL  Discovery station: Palomar MountainZTF  See: http://iawn.net/ Closest Earth flyby to date.  See also: 17 Nov 1937.  See also: https://www.syfy.com/syfywire/on-friday-a-small-asteroid-passed-just-400-km-from-earth https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Fl5JYZMuTb8 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2020_VT4
2020, Nov 13, 19:4	Apollo NEA 2020 VH5 ( $H$ = 29.2 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.66 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.66 LD. [2020-91] See: $2020 \text{ VH5} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ VH5} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ Discovery station: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$ See also: $2020 \text{ VH5} - 2020 \text{ VH5}$
2020, Nov 15	K.L. Craft, O.S. Barnouin, R. Gaskell, et al., 2020, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 193, 105077, "Assessing stereophotoclinometry by modeling a physical wall representing asteroid <b>Bennu</b> ." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS19305077C/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS19305077C/abstract</a>
2020, Nov 15	A. Galiano, E. Palomba, M. D'Amore, et al., 2020, <i>Icarus</i> , 351, 113959, "Characterization of the <b>Ryugu</b> surface by means of the variability of the near-infrared spectral slope in <b>NIRS3</b> data." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020Icar35113959G/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020Icar35113959G/abstract</a>
2020, Nov 15	A. Kartashova, A. Golubaev, A. Mozgova, et al., 2020, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 193, 105034, "Investigation of the <b>Ozerki</b> meteoroid parameters."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS19305034K/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS19305034K/abstract</a>
2020, Nov 15	R. Valenzuela Najera, L. Everett, A.G. Ortega, et al., 2020, <i>Advances in Space Research</i> , 66, 2402, "Bio-inspired guidance method for a soft landing on a Near-Earth Asteroid." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AdSpR66.2402V/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AdSpR66.2402V/abstract</a>
2020, Nov 15-21	Erice School on Neos, 15-21 November 2020, Erice (Italy). See: <a href="https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/336472/Erice_school_on">https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/336472/Erice_school_on</a>

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	<u>f066-d713f07b9685?t=1580993910684</u>
2020, Nov 19	Anon., 2020, NSF News Release, 20-010, 19 November 2020, "NSF begins planning for decommissioning of Arecibo
	Observatory's 305-meter telescope due to safety concerns." See:
	https://www.nsf.gov/news/news_summ.jsp?cntn_id=301674 https://www.nsf.gov/news/news_summ.jsp?cntn_id=301737
	The Arecibo Observatory was from 1963 to 2016 the world's largest single dish radiotelescope. The 305 m Arecibo radio
	<b>telescope</b> was during 57 year active in many fields of radio astronomy. In recent years it acted frequently as 'radar-eye',
	imaging passing asteroids. See also:
	https://www.space.com/arecibo-observatory-loss-for-planetary-defense-asteroids
	https://www.space.com/arecibo-observatory-radio-telescope-collapse-photos
	https://www.space.com/arecibo-observatory-loss-nasa-planetary-defense https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Arecibo Observatory
	https://www.space.com/china-fast-radio-telescope-open-international-scientists
	https://www.space.com/arecibo-telescope-loss-underscores-astronomy-conference-aas237
	https://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/documents/SBAG_RadarRecovery_20210 217.pdf
2020, Nov 23	G. Fedorets, M. Micheli, R. Jedicke, et al., 2020, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 160, 277, "Establishing Earth's minimoon population through characterization of asteroid <b>2020 CD3</b> ."
	See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020AJ160277F/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021yCat51600277F/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021yCat51600277F/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021yCat51600277F/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021yCat51600277F/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021yCat51600277F/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021yCat51600277F/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021yCat51600277F/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021yCat51600277F/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021yCat51600277F/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021yCat51600277F/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021yCat51600277F/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021yCat51600277F/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021yCat51600277F/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021yCat51600277F/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021yCat51600277F/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021yCat51600277F/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021yCat51600277F/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsabs/abstracthttps://ui.adsa
2020, Nov 24	Apollo NEA <b>2020 WY4</b> ( $H = 28.9 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.29 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.29 LD. [2020-92]
	See: 2019 WY4 – S2P, 2019 WY4 – JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2020, Nov 26, 02:3	at a nominal miss distance of 0.94 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.94 LD. [2020-93]
	See: 2020 WG5 – S2P, 2020 WG5 - JPL Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: http://iawn.net/

2020, Nov 26, 08:1	Apollo NEA <b>2020 WF5</b> ( $H$ = 27.7 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.52 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.52 LD. [2020-94] See: 2020 WF5 – S2P, 2020 WF5 – JPL Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2020, Nov 27	T. Jansen-Sturgeon, B.A.D. Hartig, G.J. Madsen, et al., 2019, Publications of the Astronomical Society of Australia, 37, e049, "Recreating the OSIRIS-REx slingshot manoeuvre from a network of ground-based sensors."  See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020PASA3749J/abstract
2020, Nov 27	C. Tardioli, D. Farnocchia, M. Vasile, S.R. Chesley, 2020, Celestial Mechanics and Dynamical Astronomy, submitted, e-print arXiv:2011.13632, "Impact probability under aleatory and epistemic uncertainties."  See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020arXiv201113632T/abstract
2020, Nov 30	A. Siraj, A. Loeb, 2020, e-print <i>arXiv</i> :2011.14900, "Interstellar objects outnumber Solar System objects in the <b>Oort Cloud</b> ." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020arXiv201114900S/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020arXiv201114900S/abstract</a>
2020, Nov 30	Aten/Apollo NEA <b>2020 XC</b> ( $H$ = 29.0 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.32 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.31 LD. [2020-95] See: $2020 \times C - S2P$ , $2020 \times C - JPL$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/ See also: <b>22 Dec 2003</b> , <b>30 May 2013</b> .
2020, <b>Dec</b>	S. Abe, T. Ogawa, K. Maeda, T. Arai, 2020, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 194, 105040, "Sodium variation in <b>Geminid meteoroids</b> from (3200) Phaethon."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS19405040A/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS19405040A/abstract</a>
2020, Dec	J. Borovička, M. Setvák, H. Roesli, J.K. Kerkmann, 2020, Astronomy & Astrophysics, 644, 58, "Satellite observation of the dust trail of a major bolide event over the Bering Sea on December 18, 2018."  See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020A%26A644A58B/abstract
2020, Dec	P. Brown, R.J. Weryk, 2020, <i>Icarus</i> , 352, 113975, "Coordinated optical and radar measurements of low velocity meteors"  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020Icar35213975B/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020Icar35213975B/abstract</a>

2020, Dec	A.F. Cheng, A.M. Stickle, E.G.Fahnestock, et al., 2020, <i>Icarus</i> , 352, 113989, " <i>DART</i> mission determination of momentum transfer: model of ejecta plume observations"  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020Icar35213989C/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020Icar35213989C/abstract</a>
2020, Dec	R.T. Daly, E.B. Bierhaus, O.S. Barnouin, et al., 2020, <i>Geophysical Research Letters</i> , 47, e89672, "The morphometry of impact craters on <b>Bennu</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020GeoRL4789672D/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020GeoRL4789672D/abstract</a>
2020, Dec	S. Fornasier, P.H. Hasselmann, J.D.P Deshapriya, et al., 2020, <i>Astronomy &amp; Astrophysics</i> , 644, 142, "Phase reddening on asteroid <b>Bennu</b> from visible and near-infrared spectroscopy." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020A%26A644A.142F/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020A%26A644A.142F/abstract</a>
2020, Dec	M. Grott, J. Biele, P. Michel, et al., 2020, <i>Journal of Geophysical Research: Planets</i> , 125, e06519, "Macroporosity and grain density of rubble pile asteroid (162173) Ryugu."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020JGRE12506519G/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020JGRE12506519G/abstract</a>
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2020, Dec	F. Hörz, A.T. Basilevsky, J.W.Head, M.J.Cintala, 2020, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 194, 105105, "Erosion of lunar surface rocks by impact processes: a synthesis."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS19405105H/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS19405105H/abstract</a>
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2020, Dec	M. Langbroek, 2020, <i>Zenit</i> , December 2020, p. 36, "De bijzondere vuurbol van 22 september 2020."  See: <a href="https://zenitonline.nl/product/zenit-december-2/">https://zenitonline.nl/product/zenit-december-2/</a>
2020, Dec	C. Lange, T. Yoshimitsu, S. Ulamec, et al., 2020, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 194, 105094, "Micro- and nanolander on the surface of <b>Ryugu</b> commonalities, differences and lessons learned for future microgravity exploration."  See:

	https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS19405094L/abstract
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2020, Dec	L. Lorda, E. Canalias, T. Marti, et al., 2020, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 194, 105086. "The process for the selection of <b>MASCOT</b> landing site on <b>Ryugu</b> : design, execution and results." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS19405086L/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS19405086L/abstract</a>
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2020, Dec	M. Wesołowski, 2020, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 194, 105117, "Change in the brightness of interstellar comet <b>2I/Borisov</b> ." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS19405117W/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020P%26SS19405117W/abstract</a>
2020, Dec	K. Wilhelm, B.N. Dwivedi, 2020, <i>Galaxies</i> , 8, 83, "Anomalous Sun flyby of 1I/2017 U1 ('Oumuamua')." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020Galax883W/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020Galax883W/abstract</a>
2020, Dec 1, 08:47	2020 SO ( $H$ = 28.4 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.13131 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.13130 LD. See: $2020 \text{ SO} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ SSO} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 2, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/ Upper Centauer rocket booster from the 1960's. See also: 2 Feb 2021. See also: https://edition.cnn.com/2020/09/23/us/mini-moon-scn-trnd/index.html https://www.sciencealert.com/earth-might-be-about-to-get-a-temporary-minimoon-but-what-is-it https://www.space.com/earth-minimoon-2020-so-may-be-vintage-space-junk http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [October 2020] https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=7783 https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=7795 https://www.space.com/2020-so-space-junk-asteroid-lessons https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020ATel142411W/abstract https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2020_SO
2020, Dec 1	Apollo NEA <b>2020</b> XE ( $H = 26.3$ mag, $D \approx 20$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.77 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.77 LD. [2020-96] See: $2020 \times 10^{-5} = 2020 \times 10$
2020, Dec 1-17	American Geophysical Union Fall Meeting, 1-17 December 2020, Online everywhere.  See: <a href="https://www.agu.org/Fall-Meeting">https://www.agu.org/Fall-Meeting</a> See also: <a href="https://www.nasa.gov/topics/earth/agu/index.html">https://www.nasa.gov/topics/earth/agu/index.html</a>
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	distinguishes it from common natural asteroids." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020ATel142411W/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020ATel142411W/abstract</a>
2020, Dec 3, 08:23	Apollo NEA 2020 XE1 ( $H = 26.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 16 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.85 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.85 LD. [2020-97] See: $2020 \times 1 - 2020 \times 1$
2020, Dec 3, 09:00	Aten NEA <b>2020</b> XF ( $H = 26.7$ mag, $D \approx 16$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.23 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.23 LD. [2020-98] See: $2020$ XF $-$ S2P , $2020$ XF $-$ JPL Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/See also: 2 Dec 2027.
2020, Dec 3, 10:06	Apollo NEA <b>2020 VZ6</b> ( $H = 25.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 30 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.91 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.91 LD. [2020-99] See: $2020 \text{ VZ6} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ VZ6} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: $2020 \text{ Mt. Lemmon Survey}$
2020, Dec 5	ESA NEOCC Newsletter. December 2020. See: <a href="http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters">http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters</a> [December 2020] <a href="http://neo.ssa.esa.int/neocc-riddles">http://neo.ssa.esa.int/neocc-riddles</a>
2020, Dec 5	Return of asteroid sample return mission <i>Hayabusa</i> 2.  2nd asteroid sample return mission (following <i>Hayabusa</i> ).  Target: asteroid Ryugu, a C-type asteroid.  Main objective: collect organic matter from the beginning of the Solar System.  Launch: 3 December 2014; arrival at Ryugu: 27 June 2018; return on Earth (Woomera Test Range, Australia): 6 December 2020.  See:  https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/336472/Hayabusa2_2020 -02-06.pdf/ http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [August 2020] https://www.space.com/hayabusa2-asteroid-capsule-return-australia-approved.html https://www.nasaspaceflight.com/2020/12/hayabusa2-returns-to-australia/ https://www.hayabusa2.jaxa.jp/en/ https://www.hayabusa2.jaxa.jp/en/ https://www.hayabusa2.jaxa.jp/en/topics/20201206_fireball/

	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9fQGsBKnH-U https://www.space.com/hayabusa2-asteroid-ryugu-samples-arrive-in-
	japan https://phys.org/news/2020-12-black-sand-like-asteroid-japan-probe.html https://phys.org/news/2020-12-japanese-spacecraft-gifts-asteroid-
	<u>chips.html</u>
	https://www.hayabusa2.jaxa.jp/en/topics/20201116_extMission/ https://subarutelescope.org/en/news/topics/2020/11/25/2914.html
	https://scitechdaily.com/next-target-asteroid-for-hayabusa2- photographed-by-subaru-telescope/
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hayabusa2
2020, Dec 7, 16:15	a nominal miss distance of 0.0541 LD (= $3.27~R_{Earth}$ from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.0541 LD (= $3.27~R_{Earth}$ from the geocenter). [2020-100]
	See: 2020 XK1 – S2P, 2020 XK1 – JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey
	See: http://iawn.net/
2020, Dec 7, 19:15	Apollo NEA <b>2020</b> XG2 ( $H = 27.9$ mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.13 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.13 LD. [2020-101] See: $2020 \times 62 - 82P$ , $2020 \times 62 - 3PL$ Discovery station: ATLAS-MLO, Mauna Loa See: http://iawn.net/
2020, Dec 9	Anon, 2020, National Space Policy United States of America. On p. 24: "The Administrator of NASA, in collaboration with other appropriate agencies, Federal laboratories, and commercial partners, shall, consistent with applicable law: Pursue capabilities, in cooperation with other agencies, commercial, and international partners, to detect, track, catalog, and characterize near Earth objects to warn of any predicted Earth impact and to identify potentially resource-rich planetary objects; and Develop options, in collaboration with other agencies, and international partners, for planetary defense actions both on Earth and in space to mitigate the potential effects of a predicted near Earth object impact or trajectory" See: <a href="https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2020/12/National-Space-Policy.pdf">https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2020/12/National-Space-Policy.pdf</a>
2020, Dec 12	S. Aljbaae, D.M. Sanchez, A.F.B.A. Prado, et al., 2020, e-print <i>arXiv</i> :2012.06781, "First approximation for spacecraft motion relative to <b>(99942) Apophis</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020arXiv201206781A/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020arXiv201206781A/abstract</a>

2020, Dec 13	G. Marchiori, M. Tordi, L. Ghedin, et al., 2020, <i>Proceedings of the SPIE</i> , 11445, id. 1144562, "[ESA SSA] <b>NEOSTED</b> infrastructures: the fastest dome on Earth!."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020SPIE11445E62M/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020SPIE11445E62M/abstract</a>
2020, Dec 13	H.J. Newberg, L. Swordy, T.D. Ditto, 2020, <i>Proceedings of the SPIE</i> , 11445, 114452I, "Feasibility of NEO detection with a primary objective grating telescope."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020SPIE11445E2IN/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020SPIE11445E2IN/abstract</a>
2020, Dec 13	G. Nishiyama T. Kawamura N. Namiki, et al., 2020, <i>Journal of Geophysical Research: Planets</i> , 126, e06594, "Simulation of seismic wave propagation on asteroid <b>Ryugu</b> induced by the impact experiment of the <i>Hayabusa2</i> mission: limited mass transport by low yield strength of porous regolith."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021JGRE12606594N/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021JGRE12606594N/abstract</a>
2020, Dec 13	G.R. Zengilowski, C.W. McMurtry, J.L. Pipher, et al., 2020, <i>Proceedings of the SPIE</i> , 11454, 1145435, "Signal nonlinearity measurements and corrections in MWIR and LWIR HgCdTe H2RG arrays for <i>NEO Surveyor</i> ." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020SPIE11454E35Z/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020SPIE11454E35Z/abstract</a>
2020, Dec 16	HJ. Lee, J. Ďurech, D. Vokrouhlický, et al., 2020, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , in press, e-print <i>arXiv</i> :2012.08771, "Spin change of asteroid <b>2012 TC4</b> probably by radiation torques." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020arXiv201208771L/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020arXiv201208771L/abstract</a>
2020, Dec 16	Apollo NEA 2020 XF4 ( $H$ = 27.5 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.89 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.89 LD. [2020-102] See: $2020 \times 100 \times$
2020, Dec 18	Apollo NEA <b>2020 XX3</b> ( $H = 28.5 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.15 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15 LD. [2020-103] See: $2020 \times 2020
2020, Dec 19	Anon., 2020, <i>SciTechDaily</i> , 19 December 2020, "Next target [1998KY26] asteroid for <i>Hayabusa2</i> photographed by Subaru telescope."

See: <a href="https://scitechdaily.com/next-target-asteroid-for-hayabusa2-photographed-by-subaru-telescope/">https://scitechdaily.com/next-target-asteroid-for-hayabusa2-photographed-by-subaru-telescope/</a> See also: <a href="http://www.hayabusa2.jaxa.jp/enjoy/material/press/Hayabusa2">http://www.hayabusa2.jaxa.jp/enjoy/material/press/Hayabusa2</a> Press 20
200915 ver9 en2.pdf http://www.parabolicarc.com/2020/09/22/hayabusa2-to-visit-rapidly-
spinning-asteroid-in-extended-mission/
https://www.space.com/japan-hayabusa2-asteroid-probe-extended-mission
Apollo NEA <b>2020 YR2</b> ( $H$ = 28.5 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.45 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.45 LD. [2020-104] See: 2020 YR2 – S2P, 2020 YR2 – JPL Discovery station: Mt Lemmon Survey
Discovery station: Mt Lemmon Survey See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a>
Aten NEA <b>2020 YS2</b> ( $H = 31.0$ mag, $D \approx 2.2$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.23 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.23 LD. [2020-105]
See: 2020 YS2 – S2P, 2020 YS2 – JPL Discovery station: ATLAS-MLO, Mauna Loa See: http://iawn.net/
Anon., 2020, <i>planetary.org</i> , "NASA's budget for fiscal year (FY) 2021."
called for a 2025 launch of the <i>NEO Surveyor</i> mission, which would help identify potentially hazardous asteroids  See: <a href="https://www.planetary.org/space-policy/nasas-fy-2021-budget#">https://www.planetary.org/space-policy/nasas-fy-2021-budget#</a>
V.E. Hamilton, C.A. Goodrich, A.H. Treiman, et al., 2020, <i>Nature Astronomy</i> , 21 December 2021, "Meteoritic evidence for a Ceressized water-rich carbonaceous chondrite parent asteroid."  See: <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-01274-z">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-020-01274-z</a>
JL. Margot, 2020, <i>Journal of Astronomical Instrumentation</i> , Online Ready, 21 December 2020, "A data-taking system for planetary radar applications." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021JAI1050001M/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021JAI1050001M/abstract</a>
Apollo NEA <b>2020 YJ2</b> ( $H$ = 27.3 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.89 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.89 LD. [2020-106] See: $2020 \text{ YJ2} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ YJ2} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: $2020 \text{ Tokyo-Kiso}$ See: $2020 \text{ Minimum miss}$

<b>2021, Jan</b> 1	24691 NEAs known (ranging in size up to ~37 km: 1036
2020, Dec 30	M.V. Sergienko, M.G. Sokolova, Yu.A. Nefedyev, A.O. Andreev, 2020, <i>Astronomy Reports</i> , 64, 1087, "The κ-Cygnid meteor shower and its relationship with Near-Earth Asteroids." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020ARep64.1087S/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020ARep64.1087S/abstract</a>
2020, Dec 28	Apollo NEA <b>2020 YS4</b> ( $H = 27.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 10 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.25 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.25 LD. [2020-107] See: $2020 \text{ YS4} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ YS4} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt Lemon Survey See: $2020 \text{ Mtp://iawn.net/}$
2020, Dec 28	LD. See: 2020 YN2 – S2P, 2020 YN2 – JPL See also: 22 Dec 2097.  Ö. Karatekin, V. Dehant, 2020, Press Release Royal Observatory of Belgium, 28 December 2020, "The Royal Observatory of Belgium and EMXYS receive go for participation in planetary defence Hera space mission."  See: https://www.astro.oma.be/en/the-royal-observatory-of-belgium-and-emxys-receive-go-for-participation-in-planetary-defence-hera-space-mission/  The Royal Observatory of Belgium and EMXYS (Spain) have been selected by the European Space Agency to provide a gravimeter for the Juventas spacecraft that will land on asteroid Dimorphos as part of the European Space Agency's planetary defence programme.  The Royal Observatory of Belgium with EMXYS will provide the GRASS instrument that will make measurements on the gravity field of the asteroid Dimorphos. The gravimeter is part of the Juventas CubeSat, manufactured by GomSpace Luxemburg, that will land on the asteroid in 2027, after travelling onboard the ESA's Hera spacecraft to its vicinity. GRASS will be the first gravimeter ever on an asteroid.  Due for launch in 2024, Hera is the European contribution to an international double-spacecraft collaboration to a binary asteroid system: The 780 m-diameter main body Didymos is orbited by a 160 m moon, Dimorphos. NASA's DART mission will first perform a kinetic impact on Dimorphos, then Hera will follow up with a detailed post-impact survey that will turn this grand-scale experiment into a well understood and repeatable planetary defence technique.
2020, Dec 22	See: <u>2020 YN2 – S2P</u> , <u>2020 YN2 – JPL</u>

	Ganymed, A924 UB, $H = 9.45$ mag, $D = 36.5$ km, Amor NEA), of which 2153 PHAs (ranging in size from 140 m up to ~5 km: 4179 Toutatis, 1989 AC, $H = 15.3$ mag, $D = 4.6 \times 2.4 \times 1.9$ km, Apollo NEA, PHA). See: <a href="https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/totals.html">https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/totals.html</a>
2021	[project cancelled] Expected launch of NASA robotic spacecraft <i>Asteroid Redirect Mission (ARM)</i> . Potential targets: 2010 MD ( <i>D</i> ≈ 6 m), 2008 HU4 ( <i>D</i> ≈ 8 m), 2009 BD ( <i>D</i> ≈ 3 - 4 m).  See:  https://www.nasa.gov/arm http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2014-052 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2014-193 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2014-195 http://www.nasa.gov/jpl/spitzer/asteroid-infrared-20140619/ https://www.nasa.gov/content/what-is-nasa-s-asteroid-redirect-mission http://www.nasa.gov/mission_pages/asteroids/initiative/index.html http://www.nasa.gov/press/2015/march/nasa-announces-next-steps-on-journey-to-mars-progress-on-asteroid-initiative/ http://www.space.com/34834-nasa-asteroid-mission-robot-prototype-photo.html https://www.space.com/39050-trump-directs-nasa-humans-to-moon.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Asteroid_Redirect_Mission Ref:  - M. Mommert, D. Farnocchia, J.L. Hora, et al., July 2014, <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> (Letters), 789, L22, "Physical properties of Near-Earth Asteroid 2011 MD."  See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2014ApJ789L22M
2021, Jan	A. Amarante, O.C. Winter, R. Sfair, 2021, <i>Journal of Geophysical Research: Planets</i> , 126, e06272, "Stability and evolution of fallen particles around the surface of asteroid (101955) Bennu." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021JGRE12606272A/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021JGRE12606272A/abstract</a>
2021, Jan	S.D. Baum, 2021, <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , 178, 15, "Accounting for violent conflict risk in planetary defense decisions."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021AcAau.17815B/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021AcAau.17815B/abstract</a>
2021, Jan	M. Ehresmann, 2021, <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , 178, 672, "Asteroid control through surface restructuring."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021AcAau.178672E/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021AcAau.178672E/abstract</a>
2021, Jan	R. Garmier, A. Torres, T. Martin, et al., 2021, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 195, 105150, "Attitude reconstruction of MASCOT

	lander during its descent and stay on asteroid (162173) Ryugu."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021P%26SS19505150G/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021P%26SS19505150G/abstract</a>
2021, Jan	JN. Huang, K. Muinonen, T. Chen, XB. Wang, 2021, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 195, 105120, "Photometric study for near-Earth asteroid (155140) 2005 UD."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021P%26SS19505120H/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021P%26SS19505120H/abstract</a>
2021, Jan	Y. Huang, B. Gladman, 2021, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 500, 1151, "Four-billion year stability of the <b>Earth-Mars belt</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021MNRAS.500.1151H/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021MNRAS.500.1151H/abstract</a>
2021, Jan	K.A. Otto, KD. Matz, S.E. Schröder, et al., 2021, Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 500, 3178, "Surface roughness of asteroid (162173) Ryugu and comet 67P/Churyumov–Gerasimenko inferred from in situ observations."  See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021MNRAS.500.3178O/abstract
2021, Jan	G. Purpura, P. Di Lizia, 2021, Council of European Aerospace Societies Space Journal, 13, 65, "Autonomous GNC strategy for an asteroid impactor mission."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021CEAS1365P/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021CEAS1365P/abstract</a>
2021, Jan	T. Saiki, Y. Takei, T. Takahashi, et al., 2021, <i>Transactions of the Japan Society for Aeronautical and Space Sciences, Aerospace Technology Japan</i> , 19, 52, "Overview of <i>Hayabusa2</i> asteroid proximity operation planning and preliminary results."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021JSAST1952S/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021JSAST1952S/abstract</a>
2021, Jan	I. Wlodarczyk, 2021, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 500, 3569, "Orbital evolution of <b>Mars</b> -crossing asteroids." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021MNRAS.500.3569W/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021MNRAS.500.3569W/abstract</a>
2021, Jan 1	A.G.V. de Brum, H. Hussmann, K. Wickhusen, A. Stark, 2021, <i>Advances in Space Research</i> , 67, 648, "Encounter trajectories for deep space mission <i>ASTER</i> to the triple near Earth asteroid 2001 SN263. The laser altimeter (ALR) point of view."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021AdSpR67648D/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021AdSpR67648D/abstract</a>
2021, Jan 1	Apollo NEA <b>2021 AA</b> ( $H$ = 26.9 mag, $D \approx 14$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.62 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.61 LD. [2021-01] See: $2021 \text{ AA} - 82P$ , $2021 \text{ AA} - JPL$

	Discovery station: Mt Lemon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2021, Jan 3	Apollo NEA <b>2021 AH</b> ( $H = 28.5$ mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.13 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.13 LD. [2021-02] See: $2021$ AH $-$ S2P, $2021$ AH $-$ JPL Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: $2021$ http://iawn.net/
2021, Jan 4	K. Kitazato, R.E. Milliken, [] Y. Tsuda, 2021, <i>Nature Astronomy</i> , Advanced Online Publication, 4 January 2021, "Thermally altered subsurface material of asteroid (162173) Ryugu."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021NatAs.tmp1K/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021NatAs.tmp1K/abstract</a>
2021, Jan 4	Apollo NEA <b>2021 AH8</b> ( $H = 29.6$ mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.14 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.14 LD. [2021-03] See: $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8 – $2021$ AH8
2021, Jan 5	ESA NEOCC Newsletter. January 2021. See: <a href="http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters">http://neo.ssa.esa.int/neocc-riddles</a> [January 2021] <a href="http://neo.ssa.esa.int/neocc-riddles">http://neo.ssa.esa.int/neocc-riddles</a>
2021, Jan 8	S. Turner, L. McGee, M. Humayun, et al., 2021, <i>Science</i> , 371, 164, "Carbonaceous chondrite meteorites experienced fluid flow within the past million years."  See: <a href="https://science.sciencemag.org/content/371/6525/164">https://science.sciencemag.org/content/371/6525/164</a> See also: <a href="https://www.space.com/meteorites-flow-water-ice-asteroids">https://www.space.com/meteorites-flow-water-ice-asteroids</a>
2021, Jan 9, 03:10	Apollo NEA <b>2021</b> AC4 ( $H$ = 28.9 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.005 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.002 LD. See: $2021 \text{ AC4} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ AC4} - \text{JPL}$
2021, Jan 9, 09:39	Apollo NEA <b>2021 AS2</b> ( $H$ = 29.6 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.28 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.28 LD. [2021-04] See: $2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021 + 2021$
2021, Jan 11-15	American Astronomical Society 237th Meeting, Phoenix (AZ,

	USA), 3-7 January 2021, rescheduled for a virtual meeting, 11-15 January 2021.  See: https://aas.org/meetings/aas237 Among the abstracts: - K.M. Fasbender, D. Nidever, 2021, AAS meeting #237, id. 405.06, "CANFind: solar system object detection in the NOAO Source Catalog."  See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021AAS23740506F/abstract - D. Trilling, 2021, AAS meeting #237, id. 423.06, "The Solar System Notification Alert Processing System (SNAPS)."  See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021AAS23742306T/abstract
2021, Jan 15	A.A. Christou, G. Borisov, A. Dell'Oro, et al., 2021, <i>Icarus</i> , 354, 113994, "Composition and origin of L5 Trojan asteroids of Mars: insights from spectroscopy."  See: <a href="https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S00191035203036">https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S00191035203036</a> O2  See also: <a href="https://armaghplanet.com/mars-plays-shepherd-to-our-moons-long-lost-twin-aop-scientists-find.html">https://armaghplanet.com/mars-plays-shepherd-to-our-moons-long-lost-twin-aop-scientists-find.html</a>
2021, Jan 15	J. Eschrig, L. Bonal, P. Beck, T.J. Prestgard, 2021, <i>Icarus</i> , 354, 114034, "Spectral reflectance analysis of type 3 carbonaceous chondrites and search for their asteroidal parent bodies."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar35414034E/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar35414034E/abstract</a>
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2021, Jan 15	N. Hirata, N. Namiki, F. Yoshida, et al., 2021, <i>Icarus</i> , 354, 114073, "Rotational effect as the possible cause of the east-west asymmetric crater rims on <b>Ryugu</b> observed by <b>LIDAR</b> data." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar35414073H/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar35414073H/abstract</a>
2021, Jan 15	A. Krishnakumar, S. Ganesh, K. Venkataramani, et al., 2021, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , Advance Access, 15 January 2021, "Activity of the first interstellar comet <b>2I/Borisov</b> around perihelion: results from Indian observatories." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021MNRAS.tmp132K/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021MNRAS.tmp132K/abstract</a>
2021, Jan 15	M. Mahlke, B. Carry, L. Denneau, 2021, <i>Icarus</i> , 354, 114094, "Asteroid phase curves from <b>ATLAS</b> dual-band photometry." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar35414094M/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar35414094M/abstract</a>

2021, Jan 15	R. Noguchi, N. Hirata, N. Hirata, et al., 2021, <i>Icarus</i> , 354, 114016, "Crater depth-to-diameter ratios on asteroid <b>162173 Ryugu</b> ." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar35414016N/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar35414016N/abstract</a>
2021, Jan 16	Apollo NEA <b>2021 BR2</b> ( $H = 30.9 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 2.4 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.19 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.19 LD. [2021-05] See: $2021 \text{ BR2} - 2021 \text{ BR2} - 2021 \text{ BR2} - 2021 \text{ BR2}$ Discovery station: Mt Lemon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2021, Jan 18, 01:16	Apollo NEA <b>2021 BK</b> ( $H = 30.3 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 3 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.29 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.29 LD. [2021-06] See: $2021 \text{ BK} - 82P$ , $2021 \text{ BK} - 3PL$ Discovery station: Mt Lemon Survey See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a>
2021, Jan 18, 01:44	Apollo NEA <b>2021 BV1</b> ( $H = 28.0 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 9 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.62 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.62 LD. [2021-07] See: $2021 \text{ BV1} - 2021 \text{ BV1} - 320 \text{ JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRA 1, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/
2021, Jan 18, 08:09	Apollo NEA 2021 BO ( $H = 33.0 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 0.9 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of $0.0624 \text{ LD}$ (= $3.77 \text{ R}_{\text{Earth}}$ from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance $0.0624 \text{ LD}$ (= $3.76 \text{ R}_{\text{Earth}}$ from the geocenter). [2021-08] See: $2021 \text{ BO} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ BO} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt Lemon Survey See: $\frac{\text{http://iawn.net/}}{\text{See also: } 19 \text{ Jan } 2136}$ . Possibly the second-smallest asteroid ever discovered in space. See: $\frac{\text{http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters}}{\text{[February 2021]}}$
2021, Jan 19	G. Baccolo, B. Delmonte, P.B. Niles, et al., 2021, <i>Nature Communications</i> , 19 January 2021, "Jarosite formation in deep Antarctic ice provides a window into acidic, water-limited weathering on <b>Mars</b> ."  See: <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41467-020-20705-z">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41467-020-20705-z</a> See also: <a href="https://www.space.com/martian-mineral-in-antarctica.html">https://www.space.com/martian-mineral-in-antarctica.html</a>
2021, Jan 19	J. Tyler, A. Wittig, 2021, submitted to <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , e-print <i>arXiv</i> :2101.07610, "On asteroid retrieval missions enabled by invariant manifold dynamics."

	See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021arXiv210107610T/abstract
2021, Jan 20	Apollo NEA <b>2021 BO1</b> ( $H$ = 29.1 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.65 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.65 LD. [2021-09] See: 2021 BO1 – S2P, 2021 BO1 – JPL Discovery station: Mt Lemon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2021, Jan 22	A.C. Rabeendran, L. Denneau, 2021, e-print <i>arXiv</i> :2101.08912, "A two-stage deep learning detection classifier for the <b>ATLAS</b> asteroid survey."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021arXiv210108912C/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021arXiv210108912C/abstract</a>
2021, Jan 25	Apollo NEA <b>2018 BA3</b> ( $H$ = 26.5 mag, $D \approx 18$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.47 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.71 LD. See: 2018 BA3 - SSA, 2018 BA3 - JPL
2021, Jan 26	Anon., 2021, <i>Emirates News Agency</i> , 26 January 2021, "Sharjah Astronomical Observatory detects rare sequential impacts on Moon."  See: <a href="http://wam.ae/en/details/1395302904554">http://wam.ae/en/details/1395302904554</a>
2021, Jan 26	S.M. Ferrone, B.E. Clark, C.L. Hawley, et al., 2021, <i>Earth and Space Science</i> , 8, e00613, "Analysis of projection effects in <i>OSIRIS REx</i> spectral mapping methods: recommended protocols for facet based mapping."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021E%26SS800613F/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021E%26SS800613F/abstract</a>
2021, Jan 26	A. Loeb, 2021, "Extraterrestrial – The first sign of intelligent life beyond Earth" (Boston, MA, USA: Houghton Mifflin Harcourt). See: <a href="https://www.hmhbooks.com/shop/books/Extraterrestrial/9780358274551">https://www.hmhbooks.com/shop/books/Extraterrestrial/9780358274551</a> See also: <a href="https://earthsky.org/space/book-avi-loeb-extraterrestrial-1st-sign-of-intelligent-life">https://earthsky.org/space/book-avi-loeb-extraterrestrial-1st-sign-of-intelligent-life</a>
2021, Jan 26-27	24th Meeting of the NASA Small Bodies Assessment Group, 26 - 27 Jan 2021, virtual.  See: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/ Presentations: See: https://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jan2021/SBAG2021-AgendaPreliminary-LG.pdf https://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jan2021/ - L.S. Glaze, 2021, "Planetary Science Division overview."

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- J. Bauer, M. Holman, M. Payne, et al., 2021, "The NASA **Planetary Data System**'s **Small Bodies Node** and **MPC** update." See:

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	See: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cqZXp3EnoKE&list=PLQ7WzZtg-
	qMBaWCIbcYj5S9PkrJ1M2W1L&index=27
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2021, Jan 28 – Feb	43rd COSPAR Scientific Assembly, 15-22 August 2020, Sydney (Australia). Rescheduled for: 28 January – 4 February 2021.  See: https://www.cospar2020.org https://mailchi.mp/cosparhq.cnes.fr/cospar-2020-scientific-assembly-postponed https://mailchi.mp/cosparhq/cospar-2020-scientific-assembly-postponed-6411865 https://mailchi.mp/cosparhq.cnes.fr/cospar-news-issue-7 In the Scientific Program: B1.1 Small Body exploration science in the new decade. B1.2 Asteroids, friends or foe: Planetary Defense and resources.
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	for the <i>OSIRIS-REx</i> sample collection event and application to understanding naturally ejected particles."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar35514142B/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar35514142B/abstract</a>
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2021, Feb	D. Dickinson, 2021, <i>Sky and Telescope</i> , 141, 8, "Spacecraft takes a bite of asteroid <b>Bennu</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021S%26T141b8D/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021S%26T141b8D/abstract</a>
2021, Feb	K.D. Hanna, 2021, Astronomy & Geophysics, 62, 1.14, "Playing TAG with Bennu."  See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021A%26G62.1.14H/abstract
2021, Feb	D. Gardiol, D. Barghini, A. Buzzoni, et al., 2021, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 501, 1215, "Cavezzo, the first Italian meteorite recovered by the <b>PRISMA</b> fireball network. Orbit, trajectory, and strewn-field."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021MNRAS.501.1215G/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021MNRAS.501.1215G/abstract</a>
2021, Feb	D.R. Golish, N.K. Shultz, T.L. Becker, et al., 2021, <i>Icarus</i> , 355, 114133, "A high-resolution normal albedo map of asteroid (101955) Bennu."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar35514133G/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar35514133G/abstract</a>
2021, Feb	A. Hibberd, A.M. Hein, 2021, <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , 179, 594, " <i>Project Lyra</i> : catching 1I/'Oumuamua using nuclear thermal rockets."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021AcAau.179594H/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021AcAau.179594H/abstract</a>
2021, Feb	M.R. Kirchoff, S. Marchi, W.F.Bottke, et al., 2021, <i>Icarus</i> , 355, 114110, "Suggestion that recent (≤ 3 Ga) flux of kilometer and larger impactors in the <b>Earth-Moon</b> system has not been constant."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar35514110K/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar35514110K/abstract</a>
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2021, Feb	D. Pavela, B. Novaković, V. Carruba, V. Radović, 2021, Monthly

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2021, Feb	C. Pilorget, J. Fernando, L. Riu, et al., 2021, <i>Icarus</i> , 355, 114126, "Global-scale albedo and spectro-photometric properties of <b>Ryugu</b> from <b>NIRS3</b> / <i>Hayabusa2</i> , implications for the composition of <b>Ryugu</b> and the representativity of the returned samples." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar35514126P/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar35514126P/abstract</a>
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2021, Feb	S. Yang, B. Xu, 2021, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 196, 105154, "An <b>Earth</b> Trojans search mission with asteroid flybys and rendezvous to <b>2010 TK7</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021P%26SS19605154Y/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021P%26SS19605154Y/abstract</a>
2021, Feb 1-12	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS) Scientific and Technical SubCommittee, 58th Session, 1-12 February 2021, rescheduled for 19-30 April 2021, Vienna (Austria), VIC Online.  See: https://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/copuos/stsc/2021/index.html https://www.unoosa.org/documents/pdf/copuos/stsc/2021/VIC Meeting Guidelines Covid 19 Participants 20201125 V1.pdf http://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/topics/neos/index.html https://news.yahoo.com/nasa-un-sign-memorandum-understanding- 172900649.html
2021, Feb 2	12th International Asteroid Warning Network Steering Committee Meeting, 2 February 2021, Vienna (Austria) or virtual. Postponed till 30-31 March 2021. See: <a href="http://iawn.net/meetings.shtml">http://iawn.net/meetings.shtml</a> <a href="http://iawn.net/meetings/11-steering-cmte.shtml">http://iawn.net/meetings/11-steering-cmte.shtml</a>

2021 E-1-2	2020 SO (II - 20 4 max D > 7 m)
2021, Feb 2	<b>2020 SO</b> ( $H = 28.4$ mag, $D \approx 7$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal
	miss distance of 0.59 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.59 LD
	See: <u>2020 SO – S2P</u> , <u>2020 SSO - JPL</u>
	Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 2, Haleakala
	See: http://iawn.net/
	Upper Centauer rocket booster from the 1960's.
	See also: 1 Dec 2020.
	See also:
	https://edition.cnn.com/2020/09/23/us/mini-moon-scn-trnd/index.html
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	minimoon-but-what-is-it
	https://www.space.com/earth-minimoon-2020-so-may-be-vintage-space-
	junk
	http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [October 2020] https://www.space.com/disguise-asteroid-actually-old-rocket-body
	https://www.ipl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=7783
	https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=7795
	https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2020ATel142411W/abstract
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2020 SO
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2021, Feb 3	16th Meeting Space Mission Planning Advisory Group (SMPAG),
	3 February 2021, Vienna (Austria) or virtual. <b>Postponed till 24-25</b>
	March 2021.
	See:
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/smpag/
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/smpag/meeting 15 - sep 2020
2021, Feb 4	Apollo NEA <b>2021</b> CV ( $H = 28.9$ mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 0.52 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.52
	LD. [2021-10]
	See: 2021 CV – S2P, 2021 CV – JPL
	Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey
	See: http://iawn.net/
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2021, Feb 9	Apollo NEA <b>2021</b> CZ3 ( $H = 31.0 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 2.3 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.0593 LD (= <b>3.58</b> R _{Earth} from the <b>geocenter</b> ). Minimum miss distance 0.0593 LD. [2021-11] See: $2021 \text{ CZ3} - 82P$ , $2021 \text{ CZ3} - 3PL$ Discovery station: Palomar MountainZTF See: http://iawn.net/
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2021, Feb 11, 15:22	Apollo NEA <b>2021</b> CO ( $H$ = 25.3 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.94 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.94 LD. [2021-12] See: $2021 \text{ CO} - 82P$ , $2021 \text{ CO} - JPL$ Discovery station: Catalina Sky Survey See: $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text{ Minimum}$ $2021 \text$
2021, Feb 11, 22:35	Apollo NEA 2021 CQ5 ( $H$ = 28.6 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.46 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.46 LD. [2021-13] See: $2021 \text{ CQ5} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ CQ5} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 2, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/See also: 12 Feb 2076.
2021, Feb 12, 10:59	Apollo NEA <b>2021</b> CC6 ( $H$ = 30.1 mag, $D \approx 3$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.44 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.44 LD. [2021-14] See: $2021 \text{ CC6} - 82P$ , $2021 \text{ CC6} - JPL$ Discovery station: Kitt Peak-Bok See: $2021 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$
2021, Feb 12, 20:27	Apollo NEA <b>2021</b> CC7 ( $H = 29.6$ mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.84 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.84

	LD. [2021-15]	
	See: 2021 CC7 – S2P, 2021 CC7 – JPL	
	Discovery station: Tokyo-Kiso	
	See: http://iawn.net/	
2021, Feb 13	Apollo NEA <b>2021 CA6</b> ( $H$ = 28.6 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.43 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.43 LD. [2021-16] See: $2021 \text{ CA6} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ CA6} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala See: $2021 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$ See also: 14 Feb 1936, 13 Feb 2054.	
	See also. 14 Feb 1930 , 13 Feb 2034.	
2021, Feb 14, 12:09	Apollo NEA <b>2021 CS6</b> ( $H = 27.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 10 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.39 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.39 LD. [2021-17] See: $2021 \text{ CS6} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ CS6} - \text{JPL}$	
	Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala	
	See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a>	
2021 E-1-14 16:14	Apollo NEA 2021 CW7 (II = 21.0 max   D x/2.2 m) max 1E   d	
2021, Feb 14, 16:14	Apollo NEA <b>2021</b> CW7 ( $H = 31.0$ mag, $D \approx 2.2$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of <b>0.073</b> LD (= <b>4.40</b> R _{Earth} from the <b>geocenter</b> ). Minimum miss distance <b>0.073</b> LD. [2021-18] See: $\underline{2021}$ CW7 - $\underline{S2P}$ , $\underline{2021}$ CW7 - $\underline{JPL}$ Discovery station: <b>Pan-STARRS 1</b> , <b>Haleakala</b> See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a>	
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	See also: https://www.cfa.harvard.edu/news/2021-03	
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2021, Feb 17	A.C. Rabeendran, L. Denneau, 2021, <i>Publications of the Astronomical Society of the Pacific</i> , 133, 034501, "A two-stage	
	deep learning detection classifier for the ATLAS asteroid survey."	
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2021, Feb 18, 03:18	Apollo NEA <b>2021 DN1</b> ( $H = 28.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.88 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.88	ļ

	LD. [2021-19]
	See: 2021 DN1 – S2P, 2021 DN1 – JPL Discovery station: Palomar MountainZTF See: http://iawn.net/
2021, Feb 18, 14:21	Apollo NEA <b>2021 DG</b> ( $H = 30.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 3 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.43 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.43 LD. [2021-20] See: $2021 \text{ DG} - 82P$ , $2021 \text{ DG} - JPL$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/ See also: <b>18 Feb 1980</b> , <b>19 Feb 2031</b> .
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2021, Feb 21	Aten NEA 2021 DA2 ( $H = 29.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 5 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.51 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.51 LD. [2021-21] See: $2021 \text{ DA2} - 82P$ , $2021 \text{ DA2} - JPL$ Discovery station: GINOP-KHK, Piszkesteto See: http://iawn.net/See also: 22 Feb 1955, 21 Feb 2050
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2021, Mar 2	Apollo NEA <b>2021</b> EA ( $H = 28.0$ mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.24 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.24 LD. [2021-22] See: $2021$ EA $-$ S2P, $2021$ EA $-$ JPL Discovery station: GINOP-KHK, Piszkesteto See: $2021$ Minimum miss distance 0.24 LD. [2021-22]
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2021, Mar 6	Aten NEA 99942 Apophis (2004 MN4, $H = 19.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 370 \text{ m}$ , PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 43.84 LD. Minimum miss distance 43.84 LD. See: 99942 Apophis - SSA, 2004 MN4 - JPL See also: 13 April 2029. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/99942_Apophis The 99942 Apophis 2021 Observing Campaign provides a central clearinghouse for basic information about the Near Earth

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	Asteroid <b>99942 Apophis</b> and about the observations that will be obtained during its 2021 apparition.
	See: http://iawn.net/obscamp/Apophis/
	See also:
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	http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [March 2021]
	Lightcurve, see:
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	Stellar occultation, see:
	http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [April 2021]
	https://neo.ssa.esa.int/documents/20126/0/Newsletter+April+2021.pdf/
2021, Mar 8	Apollo NEA <b>2021</b> EF1 ( $H$ = 29.7 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.73 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.73 LD. [2021-23] See: $2021$ EF1 – $2021$ EF1 – $2021$ EF1 – $2021$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey
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2021, Mar 9	Apollo NEA <b>2021 EG3</b> ( $H$ = 29.1 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.38 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.38 LD. [2021-24] See: $2021 EG3 - S2P$ , $2021 EG3 - JPL$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
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2021, Mar 15, 18:09	Apollo NEA <b>2021 EP4</b> ( $H$ = 29.3 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.97 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.97 LD. [2021-26] See: $2021 \text{ EP4} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ EP4} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ See: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ EP4} - 2021 \text{ EP4}$
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	a nominal miss distance of 0.72 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.72 LD. [2021-27]
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2021 Mar 20	A notice NEA 2021 EM2 ( $H$ = 20.1 mag $D \approx 2$ m) massed Fourth at a
2021, Mar 20	Apollo NEA <b>2021 FM2</b> ( $H = 30.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 3 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.22 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.22
	LD. [2021-28]
	See: 2021 FM2 – S2P, 2021 FM2 – JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey
	See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a>
2021, Mar 21, 12:10	Apollo NEA <b>2021 FF2</b> ( $H = 28.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 0.83 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.83 LD. [2021-29]
	See: <u>2021 FF2 – S2P</u> , <u>2021 FF2 – JPL</u>
	Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2021, Mar 21, 16:03	Apollo NEA 231937 (2001 FO32, $H = 17.6$ mag, $D \approx 1100$ m, PHA) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.25 LD.
L	Passon Larm at a nonliner miss distance of J.23 DD.

	Minimum miss distance 5.24 LD.
	See: <u>2001 FO32 – S2P</u> , <u>2001 FO32 – JPL</u>
	But, <i>NEOWISE</i> : $D \approx 440 - 680$ m.
	See:
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	L3 (Earth-Moon)."
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2021, Mar 23, 03:03	Apollo NEA <b>2021 FO1</b> ( $H = 29.5 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 5 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 0.84 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.83
	LD. [2021-30]
	See: <u>2021 FO1 – S2P</u> , <u>2021 FO1 – JPL</u>
	Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey
	See: http://iawn.net/
	See also: <b>20 Mar 1983</b> .
2021 16 22 16 5	11 NEL 2021 PW (W. 207 P. 10 ) 1F d
2021, Mar 23, 16:5	` ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '
	nominal miss distance of 0.61 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.61
	LD. [2021-31]
	See: <u>2021 FH – S2P</u> , <u>2021 FH – JPL</u>
	Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey
	See: http://iawn.net/
2021 Mar 23 22:3	Apollo NEA <b>2021 FP2</b> ( $H = 30.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 3 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a
2021, 11101 23, 2213	nominal miss distance of 0.84 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.84
	LD. [2021-32]
	See: 2021 FP2 – S2P, 2021 FP2 – JPL
	Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey
	See: http://iawn.net/
	See also: <b>2002 Mar 24</b> .
2021, Mar 24-25	16th Meeting Space Mission Planning Advisory Group (SMPAG),
	24-25 March 2021, WebEx Virtual meeting.
	See:
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/smpag/
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/smpag/meeting-16-mar-2021-
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	Among the presentations:
	- D. Koschny (ESA), 2021, "ESA Planetary Defence Office – an
	overview." See:
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/336472/Koschny_ESAs_

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	- Anon., (CNSA), 2021, "Activities in China."
	- L. Johnson (NASA), 2021, "The <b>DART</b> and <b>NEO Surveyor</b>
	Mission." See:
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/336472/Johnson_DART-
	NEOSM_SMPAG_2021-03-25.pdf/
	- L. Johnson (NASA), 2021, "OSIRIS-Rex update." See:
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/336472/Johnson_OREx_
	<u>SMPAG_2021-03-25.pdf/</u>
	- I. Carnelly, <i>Hera</i> Team (ESA), 2021, " <i>Hera</i> mission status." See:
	https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/336472/Moissl_Hera_S
	MPAG_2021-03-25.pdf/
2021, Mar 25	I.J. O'Neill, J. Handal, 2021, NASA.JPL.gov/News, 2021-062,
,	"NASA analysis: Earth is safe [in 2068] from asteroid Apophis
	for 100-plus years."
	See: https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/nasa-analysis-earth-is-safe-from-
	asteroid-apophis-for-100-plus-years
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	impact, Schumann resonances and the end of dinosaurs."
	See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021PhLA39327156S/abstract
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
2021, Mar 28	A. Siraj, A. Loeb, 2021, e-print <i>arXiv</i> :2103.14032, "The mass
	budget necessary to explain 'Oumuamua as a nitrogen iceberg."
	See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021arXiv210314032S/abstract
	integral and additional variation and additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additional additi
2021, Mar 29	Anon., 2021, Asteroidday.org/news-updates, 29 March 2021,
2021, 1,141 29	"Asteroid <b>Apophis</b> won't impact <b>Earth</b> for at least a century."
	See: https://asteroidday.org/news-updates/asteroid-apophis-wont-
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	interstellar comet 2I/Borisov."
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	See also:
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,	Remote Sensing, 13, 1315, "Particle size-frequency distributions of
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	March 2021, "Compact pebbles and the evolution of volatiles in the interstellar comet <b>2I/Borisov</b> ."  See: <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-021-01336-w.epdf">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-021-01336-w.epdf</a> Correction: <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-021-01367-3">Nature Astronomy, 19 April 2021.</a> See: <a href="https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-021-01367-3">https://www.nature.com/articles/s41550-021-01367-3</a>
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2021, Apr 3	Apollo NEA <b>2021 GE2</b> ( $H = 29.0 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.63 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.62 LD. [2021-33] See: $2021 \text{ GE2} - 2021 \text{ GE2} - 2021 \text{ GE2} - 2021 \text{ GE2}$ Discovery station: See: $2021 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$ See also: <b>2 Apr 1942</b> , <b>2 Apr 2030</b> .

2021, Apr 4	Apollo NEA <b>2021</b> GV ( $H$ = 29.2 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.87 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.87 LD. [2021-34] See: $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2021$ GV - $2$
2021, Apr 5	E.A. Pavlova, M.V. Zakhvatkin, A.I. Streltsov, et al., 2021, <i>Cosmic Research</i> , 59, 104, "Development of the common classification of hazard events in near- <b>Earth</b> space."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021CosRe59104P/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021CosRe59104P/abstract</a>
2021, Apr 5, 09:06	Apollo NEA <b>2021 GS</b> ( $H = 28.7$ mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.65 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.65 LD. [2021-35] See: $2021$ GS $-$ S2P, $2021$ GS $-$ JPL Discovery station: See: $2021$ Mtp://iawn.net/
2021, Apr 5, 18:39	Apollo NEA <b>2021 GZ7</b> ( $H$ = 29.0 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.49 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.49 LD. [2021-36] See: $2021 \text{ GZ7} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ GZ7} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: See: $\underline{\text{http://iawn.net/}}$
2021, Apr 6	ESA NEOCC Newsletter. April 2021. See: <a href="http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters">http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters</a> [April 2021] <a href="http://neo.ssa.esa.int/neocc-riddles">http://neo.ssa.esa.int/neocc-riddles</a>
2021, Apr 7	N. Golovich, N. Lifset, R. Armstrong, et al., 2021, e-print <i>arXiv</i> :2104.03411, "A new blind asteroid detection scheme." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021arXiv210403411G/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021arXiv210403411G/abstract</a>
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2021, Apr 8	Apollo NEA <b>2021 GV4</b> ( $H = 29.0 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.82

	LD. [2021-37] See: 2021 GV4 – S2P, 2021 GV4 - JPL Discovery station: See: http://iawn.net/
2021, Apr 9	Aten/Apollo NEA <b>2021 GL16</b> ( $H$ = 26.2 mag, $D \approx 21$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.96 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.96 LD. [2021-38] See: 2021 GL16 – S2P, 2021 GL16 – JPL Discovery station: See: http://iawn.net/
2021, Apr 10	Apollo NEA <b>2021 GT3</b> ( $H$ = 26.4 mag, $D \approx$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.67 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.66 LD. [2021-39] See: 2021 GT3 – S2P, 2021 GT3 – JPL Discovery station: See: http://iawn.net/
2021, Apr 11	M. Ntumba, S. Gore, JB. Awanyo, 2021, e-print arXiv:2104.06249, "Prediction of <b>Apophis</b> asteroid flyby optimal trajectories and data fusion of <b>Earth-Apophis</b> mission launch windows using deep neural networks."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021arXiv210406249N/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021arXiv210406249N/abstract</a>
2021, Apr 11	Aten NEA <b>2021 GQ5</b> ( $H = 28.6 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.97 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.97 LD. [2021-40] See: $2021 \text{ GQ5} - 82P$ , $2021 \text{ GQ5} - JPL$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/
2021, Apr 12	Apollo NEA 2021 GW4 ( $H$ = 29.5 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.0682 LD (= 4.112 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.0681 LD. [2021-41] See: $2021 \text{ GW4} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ GW4} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/ See also: $12 \text{ Apr 2176}$ . See also: https://www.space.com/near-earth-asteroid-close-approach-2021-gw4
2021, Apr 13	W. Herbst, J.P. Greenwood, Teng Ee Yap, 2021, <i>Planetary Science Journal</i> , in press, e-print <i>arXiv</i> :2104.06484, "The macroporosity of rubble pile asteroid <b>Ryugu</b> and implications for the origin of chondrules."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021arXiv210406484H/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021arXiv210406484H/abstract</a>

2021, Apr 13, 02:36	Apollo NEA <b>2021</b> GC13 ( $H$ = 29.1 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.89 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.89 LD. [2021-42] See: $2021 \text{ GC}13 - 82P$ , $2021 \text{ GC}13 - 3PL$ Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2021, Apr 13, 22:05	Apollo NEA <b>2021</b> GC8 ( $H = 30.6$ mag, $D \approx 2.7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.57 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.57 LD. [2021-43] See: $2021$ GC8 – S2P, $2021$ GC8 – JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/
2021, Apr 14, 05:29	Aten/Apollo NEA <b>2021 GQ10</b> ( $H$ = 26.7 mag, $D \approx 17$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.45 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.45 LD. [2021-44] See: $2021 \text{ GQ10} - 82P$ , $2021 \text{ GQ10} - 3PL$ Discovery station: See: $2021 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$
2021, Apr 14, 21:54	Apollo NEA 2021 GW16 ( $H$ = 30.1 mag, $D \approx 3$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.0760 LD (= 4.59 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). Minimum miss distance 0.0759 LD. [2021-45] See: $2021 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222 \text{ GW16} - 222  GW1$
2021, Apr 15	J. Rojas, J. Duprat, C. Engrand, et al., 2021, <i>Earth and Planetary Science Letters</i> , 560, 116794, "The micrometeorite flux at Dome C (Antarctica), monitoring the accretion of extraterrestrial dust on Earth."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021E%26PSL.56016794R/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021E%26PSL.56016794R/abstract</a> See also: <a href="https://www.cnrs.fr/en/more-5000-tons-extraterrestrial-dust-fall-earth-each-year">https://www.cnrs.fr/en/more-5000-tons-extraterrestrial-dust-fall-earth-each-year</a>
	Apollo NEA <b>2021 HC1</b> ( $H$ = 28.1 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.60 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.60 LD. [2021-46] See: $2021 \text{ HC1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ HC1} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: MAP, San Pedro de Atacama See: $2021 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$
2021, Apr 15, 09:29	Apollo NEA <b>2021 GF10</b> ( $H = 28.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at

	a nominal miss distance of 0.30 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.30 LD. [2021-47]  See: 2021 GF10 – S2P, 2021 GF10 - JPL  Discovery station: MAP, San Pedro de Atacama  See: http://iawn.net/
2021, Apr 15, 22:33	Apollo NEA <b>2021 GN10</b> ( $H$ = 28.4 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.75 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.75 LD. [2021-48] See: $2021 \text{ GN10} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ GN10} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala See: $2021 \text{ Minimum}$
2021, Apr 17	M. Hirabayashi, Y. Mimasu, N. Sakatani, et al., 2021, <i>Advances in Space Research</i> , in press, e-print <i>arXiv</i> :2104.08660, " <i>Hayabusa2</i> extended mission: new voyage to rendezvous with a small asteroid rotating with a short period."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021arXiv210408660H/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021arXiv210408660H/abstract</a>
2021, Apr 17	Apollo NEA 2021 HE1 ( $H$ = 28.9 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.59 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.59 LD. [2021-49] See: $2021 \text{ HE1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ HE1} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: See: $2021 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$ See also: $20 \text{ Apr 2124}$ .
2021, Apr 19	Apollo NEA <b>2021 HN</b> ( $H = 26.9$ mag, $D \approx 14$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.66 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.66 LD. [2021-50] See: $2021 \text{ HN} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ HN} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: GINOP-KHK, Piszkesteto See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a>
2021, Apr 19-30	UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS) Scientific and Technical SubCommittee, 58th Session, 1-12 February 2021, rescheduled for 19-30 April 2021, Vienna (Austria).  See: <a href="https://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/copuos/stsc/2021/index.html">https://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/copuos/stsc/2021/index.html</a> <a href="https://www.unoosa.org/documents/pdf/copuos/stsc/2021/VIC_Meeting_Guidelines_Covid_19_Participants_20201125_V1.pdf">https://www.unoosa.org/documents/pdf/copuos/stsc/2021/Remote_Conferences_visual.pdf</a> <a href="https://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/topics/neos/index.html">https://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/topics/neos/index.html</a> <a href="https://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/topics/neos/index.html">https://www.unoosa.org/oos</a>

	Among the technical presentations: - Y. Tsuda, 2021, "Achievements of <i>Hayabusa2</i> : unveiling the world of asteroid by interplanetary round trip technology." See: <a href="https://www.unoosa.org/documents/pdf/copuos/stsc/2021/tech-28E.pdf">https://www.unoosa.org/documents/pdf/copuos/stsc/2021/tech-28E.pdf</a>
2021, Apr 20	D. Kuroda, J. Geem, H. Akitaya, et al., 2021, <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 911, L24, "Implications of high polarization degree for the surface state of <b>Ryugu</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021ApJ911L24K/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021ApJ911L24K/abstract</a>
2021, Apr 21	A. Tsuchiyama, A. Miyake4, S. Okuzumi, et al., 2021, <i>Science Advances</i> , 7, eabg9707, "Discovery of primitive CO2-bearing fluid in an aqueously altered carbonaceous chondrite."  See: <a href="https://advances.sciencemag.org/content/7/17/eabg9707">https://advances.sciencemag.org/content/7/17/eabg9707</a> See also: <a href="http://www.ritsumei.ac.jp/research/member/news/detail/?id=270">http://www.ritsumei.ac.jp/research/member/news/detail/?id=270</a>
2021, Apr 22	B. Bucha, F. Sansò, 2021, <i>Journal of Geodesy</i> , 95, 56, "Gravitational field modelling near irregularly shaped bodies using spherical harmonics: a case study for the asteroid (101955)  Bennu." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021JGeod9556B/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021JGeod9556B/abstract</a>
2021, Apr 23	P. Jenniskens, M. Gabadirwe, QZ. Yin, et al., 2021, <i>Meteoritics &amp; Planetary Science</i> , Early View, 23 April 2021, "The impact and recovery of asteroid 2018 LA,"  See: <a href="https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1111/maps.13653">https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1111/maps.13653</a> See also: <a href="https://www.seti.org/press-release/asteroid-hit-botswana-2018-likely-came-vesta">https://www.seti.org/press-release/asteroid-hit-botswana-2018-likely-came-vesta</a> <a href="https://www.seti.org/sites/default/files/2021-04/Poster-Jenniskens-PDC2021-Asteroid2018LA.pdf">https://www.seti.org/sites/default/files/2021-04/Poster-Jenniskens-PDC2021-Asteroid2018LA.pdf</a> <a href="https://www.seti.org/press-release/fragment-impacting-asteroid-recovered-botswana-0">https://www.seti.org/press-release/fragment-impacting-asteroid-recovered-botswana-0</a>
2021, Apr 23	L. Le Corre, V. Reddy, W.F. Bottke, et al., 2021, e-print arXiv:2104.11802, "Characterization of exogenic boulders on Near-Earth Asteroid (101955) Bennu from OSIRIS-REx color images."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021arXiv210411802L/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021arXiv210411802L/abstract</a>
2021, Apr 26	O. Vaduvescu, R. Cornea, A. Aznar Macias, et al., 2021, <i>Earth, Moon, and Planets</i> , 125, 3, "The <b>EURONEAR</b> lightcurve survey of near earth asteroids—Teide Observatory, Tenerife, 2015." See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021EM%26P1253V/abstract

2021, Apr 26-30

7th International Academy of Astronautics (IAA) Planetary Defense Conference, 26-30 April 2021, virtual conference.

See

https://iaaspace.org/event/7th-iaa-planetary-defense-conference-2021/https://atpi.eventsair.com/QuickEventWebsitePortal/7th-iaa-planetary-defense-conference-2021/website/Agenda

See also:

http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [December 2020]

#### Preliminary programme of oral presentations:

See: <a href="https://atpi.eventsair.com/QuickEventWebsitePortal/7th-iaa-planetary-defense-conference-2021/website/Agenda">https://atpi.eventsair.com/QuickEventWebsitePortal/7th-iaa-planetary-defense-conference-2021/website/Agenda</a>

### *Day 1, Tuesday, 27 April 2021*

**KEYNOTE** by Director of the **UN Office for Outer Space Affairs**, Simonetta Di Pippo

**ADDRESS** by Chair of the Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space, Marius Piso

Session 1: Hera

- P. Michel, 2021, "The ESA *Hera* mission: planetary defence and science return."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/333d4d900f8a42b2bf912e294626f5f4">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/333d4d900f8a42b2bf912e294626f5f4</a>

- M. Küppers, 2021, "The measurement goals and payload of the *Hera* mission to **Dimorphos**."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/2762140fc01541d0a3c295016b5f2d13">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/2762140fc01541d0a3c295016b5f2d13</a>

- F. Topputo, 2021, "The *Hera Milani CubeSat* mission."

 $See: \underline{https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/036dc338eac84fcbb5ada8576cb43082}$ 

- O. Karatekin, 2021, "Juventas Cubesat for the Hera mission." Session 2: Hayabusa2
- Y. Tsuda, 2021, "Summary of *Hayabusa2* mission."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/c82d899151b949efb7e915dfb0593df3">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/c82d899151b949efb7e915dfb0593df3</a>

- T. Saiki, H. Imamura, H. Sawada, et al., 2021, "*Hayabusa2*'s kinetic impactor."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/2342b8db1e294e7c83683598b9b0c00a">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/2342b8db1e294e7c83683598b9b0c00a</a>

- M. Arakawa, K. Wada, K. Ogawa, et al., 2021, "Artificial impact crater on **Ryugu** formed in the gravity dominated regime."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/175bd8c820f94e278cd04bfd00ca3b8a">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/175bd8c820f94e278cd04bfd00ca3b8a</a>

- S. Sugita, T. Morota, R. Honda, et al., 2021, "Physical properties of **Ryugu** revealed by proximity observations with *Hayabusa2* science instruments."
- T. Okada, S. Tanaka, N. Sakatani, et al., 2021, "Thermal imaging

to reveal the highly porous nature of C-type asteroid **Ryugu** in *Hayabusa2* mission."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/931bc6d5811e45ee9f1a3095c1be5f3e">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/931bc6d5811e45ee9f1a3095c1be5f3e</a>

- M. Hirabayashi, Y. Kim, Y. Mimasu, et al., 2021, "*Hayabusa2* extended mission to rendez-vous with asteroid **1998 KY26**: investigations of a extremely small fast rotator for planetary defense."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/1883c6477aaa4941b4897317b0cba574">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/1883c6477aaa4941b4897317b0cba574</a>

# EXERCISE SESSION: First notice of (hypothetical) threat Session 3: DART

- T.S. Statler, 2021, "Overview of the *DART* mission seven months to launch."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/c3e6a28b5e8945af9306076e47e12da8">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/c3e6a28b5e8945af9306076e47e12da8</a>

- E. Adams, 2021, "DART mission status."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/6fbb31040935429f90cbb68736b66bdb">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/6fbb31040935429f90cbb68736b66bdb</a>

- E. Dotto, V. Della Corte, E. Mazzotta Epifani, et al., 2021,
- "Spacecraft and technology, SmartNav & terminal approach, data to be returned by *DART* ans *LICIACube*."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/49a8f1f53d17424b9502444ffbd2c9ce">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/49a8f1f53d17424b9502444ffbd2c9ce</a>

- A. Rivkin, 2021, "Pre- and postimpact observations, potentially detectable dynamical effects."

 $See: \underline{https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/6fbb31040935429f90cbb68736b66bdb}$ 

- A. Cheng, 2021, "**DART** "legacy": determination of beta, data archive, kinetic impactor demonstration."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/c63591e28085431c9331fe465fc0f7a1">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/c63591e28085431c9331fe465fc0f7a1</a>

#### Session 4: *OSIRIS-REx*

- A.A. Simon, 2021, "Overview and highlights of the *OSIRIS-REx* mission."

See: https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/acd604321cdf462591f19cc740cf8204

- R. Balouz, R.T. Daly, O.S. Barnouin, et al., 2021, "Constraining the strength of 100-m scale asteroids through craters on **Bennu**'s boulders and NEO population estimates."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/9d64d4b9e5804a03a1d7e1b0714f2162">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/9d64d4b9e5804a03a1d7e1b0714f2162</a>

- B. Bierhaus, 2021, "Bennu craters in the context of planetary defense."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/a093edfb0ae6485cb579a20ffb69af2b">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/a093edfb0ae6485cb579a20ffb69af2b</a>

- M.C. Nolan, J.M. Leonard, D.J. Scheeres, et al., 2021,

"Observations of **Bennu**'s increasing rotation rate, YORP, and implications for **Bennu**'s evolution."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/3c51d4b637304396ac7dc6b317199087">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/3c51d4b637304396ac7dc6b317199087</a>

## Day 2, Wednesday, 28 April 2021 Session 5: NEO discovery

- A. Shugarov, B. Shustov, D. Dunham, 2021, "System of observations of daytime asteroids (SODA)."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/61bff2d8da3742f09b62179b16367b4c">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/61bff2d8da3742f09b62179b16367b4c</a>

- S. Urakawa, K. Sugiura, N. Maeda, et al., 2021, "Development of asteroid detection application 'COIAS' for the Subaru HSC data."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/8df1a37de28844c2a10b72174f5a98f5">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/8df1a37de28844c2a10b72174f5a98f5</a>

- F. Bernardi, 2021, "New **NEODys** tools for the EU funded **NEOROCKS** project: observations support and priority lists."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/53cfc16988be49869ecaa3b5124a9fe8">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/53cfc16988be49869ecaa3b5124a9fe8</a>

- L. Conversi, R. Koschny, D. Föhring, et al., 2021, "ESA **PDO** observating network."

 $See: \underline{https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/4e78ba52fd09400cbae5a881016e10dc}$ 

- I. Molotov, L. Elenin, Y. Krugly, 2021, "Asteroid survey and follow up observations with small telescopes in framework of **ISON** network."

 $See: \underline{https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/c69f4782c54445a4828d79889a1fccfd}$ 

- L. Jones, S. Eggl, M. Jurić, Ž. Ivezić 2021, "Discovering and characterizing Near Earth Objects with **Vera C. Rubin** 

Observatory's Legacy Survey of Space and Time (LSST)."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/99625ad9759549c786d71debc677a370">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/99625ad9759549c786d71debc677a370</a>

- A. Mainzer, NEO Surveyor Investigation Team, 2021, "NEO detection, and the future of Planetary Defense."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/f79431602ce24fdf8199f33b58a3c06d">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/f79431602ce24fdf8199f33b58a3c06d</a>

- F. Spoto, M. Payne, M. Holman, P. Vereš, 2021, "The new MPC Confirmation Page: improvements and results."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/36c635b219b84244af3f8522112d5adb">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/36c635b219b84244af3f8522112d5adb</a>

- R. Weryk, R. Wainscoat, P. Vereš, 2021, "NEOs in the isolated tracklet file."

 ${\bf See:} \ \underline{https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/df7f7357faa94da382d48a7d3f1a222b}$ 

- M. Keley, D. Darg, J.G. Bauer, 2021, "CATCHing Near-Earth Objects in archival survey data."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/d53d5f4dd2e84bb1b645e344c178ee86">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/d53d5f4dd2e84bb1b645e344c178ee86</a>

#### **Session 6: NEO characterization**

- P. Pravec, P. Scheiricha, D.J. Scheeres, et al., 2021, "Photometric observations of the unrelaxed binary Near-Earth Asteroid (35107) 1991 VH in support of the NASA *Janus* space mission – detection of a spin-orbit interaction."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/1bd11fd7a0ba4e2f8435d7b250fbd7bf">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/1bd11fd7a0ba4e2f8435d7b250fbd7bf</a>

- J. de León, J. Licandro, M. Popescu, et al., 2021,

"Characterization of NEAs in the frame of **NHATS** program using the 10.4 m Gran Telescopio Canaría."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/30be03d123f742b09e60bae7dd8fac27">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/30be03d123f742b09e60bae7dd8fac27</a>

- M. Fenucci, B. Novakovi'c, D. Vokrouhlický, R.J. Weryk, 2021, "The low thermal conductivity of the super-fast rotator (499998) 2011 PT."

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EXERCISE SESSION: Update on space-based mitigation options

EXERCISE: INJECT #2. Update on threat region

# Day 3, Thursday, 29 April 2021 Session 7: Deflection & disruption testing

- S. Raducan, J. Ormö, M.I. Herreros, et al., 2021, "Cratering processes on rubble-pile asteroids: insights from laboratory experiments and numerical models."

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- R. Nakano, M. Hirabayashi, 2021, "NASA *Double Asteroid Redirection Test*: orbital perturbation by the ejecta-collision driven reshaping of **Didymos** after the impact event."

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- P. King, M. Bruck Syal, D.S.P. Dearborn, et al., 2021, "Late-time nuclear disruption in the **PDC 2021** scenario."

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- A.M. Stickle, M. Bruck Syal, W.K. Caldwell, et al., 2021, "*The Double Asteroid Redirection Test* (*DART*) Impact Modeling Working Group Inverse Test."

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- C. Raskin, T. Remington, J. Pearl, 2021, "Accelerated root finding for the *DART* Inverse Test using machine learning decision trees."

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- M.E. DeCoster, D. Graninger, E. Rainey, 2021, "Projectile

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#### Session 8: Mission & campaign design

- Y. Wang, M. Li, Z. Gong, et al., 2021, "Assembled Kinetic Impactor (AKI) for deflecting asteroids via combining spacecraft with launch vehicle upper stage."

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- G. Di Girolamo, J. Klug, E. Brendel, et al., 2021, "ESA's **Planetary Defence NEO Coordination Centre** DevOps model based operations."

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- D. Perna, M. Pajola, L. Casalino, et al., 2021, "The 'Asteroid Nodal Intersection Multiple Encounters' (ANIME) CubeSat mission: science and planetary protection."

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- D.J. Scheeres, J.W. McMahon, E.B. Bierhaus, et al., 2021,
- "Janus: a NASA SIMPLEX mission to explore two NEO binary asteroids."

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- S. Sonnett, A. Mainzer, T. Grav, et al., 2021 "*NEO Surveyor* cadence and simulations."

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- B. Barbee, B. Benson, P. Chodas, et al., "Risk-informed spacecraft mission design for the **2021 PDC** hypothetical asteroid impact scenario."

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EXERCISE: INJECT #3. Updated threat corridor & detailed overview of consequences

EXERCISE: Final impact area

## Day 4: Friday, 30 April 2021 Session 9: Impact effects

- A. Losiak, C. Belcher, J. Plado, et al., 2021, "Environnemental effects of very small crater formation."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/f9d6acfe915441a39da854e10cf8ad48">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/f9d6acfe915441a39da854e10cf8ad48</a>

- S. Haihao, L. Yue, D. Leining, et al., 2021, "The melting ablation analysis of meteorite in high temperature flow."

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- D.O. Glazachev, O.P. Popova, V.V. Svetsov, et al., "Impact Effects Calculator. Shock wave effects from impacts of cosmic objects with diameter from a few meters to 3 km."

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- O. Popova, V. Svetsov, V. Shuvalov, et al., 2021, "Impact Effects Calculator. Radiation and some other effects."

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- J. Pearl, C. Raskin, M. Owen, 2021, "SPH simulation of bolide entry."

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- M.J. Berger, R.J. LeVeque, 2021, "Towards adaptive simulation of dispersive tsunami propagation from an asteroid impact."

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- T.N. Titus, D. Robertson, J. Sankey, L. Mastin, 2021, "Asteroid impacts – downwind and downstream effects."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/d53e1199597b4a10b56dd822dbc8258b">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/d53e1199597b4a10b56dd822dbc8258b</a>

- C. Berk Senel, O. Temel, O. Karatekin, 2021, "Environmental consequences of asteroid impacts by General Circulation Model (GCM) simulations."

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- J. Dotson, L. Wheeler, C. Rumpf, D. Mathias, 2021, "Bayesian inference of asteroid physical properties: application to impact scenarios."

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### **Session 10: Disaster management**

- D.C. Chandola, 2021, "Key aspects of disaster management." See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/489cd7c11986447a9751502faa468fa1">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/489cd7c11986447a9751502faa468fa1</a>

- J. Lim, 2021, "The decision to act – a human rights based approach to disaster management and response."

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- A. Marwah, A. Grover, 2021, "Prevention, mitigation and preparedness for disaster: Role of **UN-COPUOS** in disaster management and Indian progress."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/a3e513c215654c75b450a4ced2146a74">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/a3e513c215654c75b450a4ced2146a74</a>

- A.L. Pegetti, G. F. Perroni da Silva, M.C. Neyra Belderrain, 2021, "Communication protocol on PHO for disaster management by legitimate Brazilian institutions."

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- J. Venkataramaiah, 2021, "Real-time community enabling to care for planetary disaster risk reduction."

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- R. Albrecht, M.H.I. Dore, 2021, "Towards plans for mitigating possible socio-economic effects due to a physical impact of an asteroid on **Earth**."

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- T. Kohout, S. Turunen, 2021, "Rapid evacuation of the Viipuri (Vyborg) city – Experience from the Finnish winter war 1939-1941."

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## Day 5, Friday, 30 April 2021

#### **Session 11: The decision to act**

- L.Vaz Ferreira, 2021, "Liability exoneration and Planetary Defense."

 $See: \underline{https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/c0d8cb0f7b4d44f19cd02d7fcc0606b3}$ 

- K. Niewęgłowski, 2021, "Obligation to participate in Planetary Defense action as part of international *jus cogens*."

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- A-S. Martin, 2021, "Reacting to Near-Earth Object impact: exceptional circumstances justifying non-compliance with international law."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/4752b4160de64cbca40f4408dc9293ee">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/4752b4160de64cbca40f4408dc9293ee</a>

- A. Melamed, 2021, "Planetary Defense as entrepreneurial politics."

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- A.J.Haddaji, 2021, "Understanding the social-anthropological aspects of an asteroid impact threat response from transdiciplinary lessons learned in natural disaster management."

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- A. Boley, M. Byers, 2021, "Precautionary Planetary Defence." See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwest">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwest</a> euprod/productionatpi-public/5e1d3758b20c47c7b8b25181333b2419
- D. Koschny, ESA Planetary Defence Team, "ESA's activities in Planetary Defence."

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- G. Drolshagen, R. Kofler, D. Koschny, 2021, "Scope, objectives and first results of the **Space Mission Planning Advisory Group (SMPAG)**."

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#### **Session 12: Public education & communication**

- N. Melamed, L. McGinley, M. Maynard, 2021, "Teaming up for asteroid deflection."

See: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sQao8HwWcqc">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpipublic/43b49f1de73548139c19e88d6a7e0259</a>

- A. Nath, A. Nath, 2021, "Aiming for **Apophis**: how we did asteroid astrometry and taught others during COVID-19 lockdowns."

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/3a61685c23884c08bbd5185c6c9badb6">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/3a61685c23884c08bbd5185c6c9badb6</a>

- J. L. Cano, G. Valletta, D. Oliviero, G. Fasano, R. Opromolla, M.

Micheli, D. Koschny, 2021, "Evaluation of an NEO close approach frequency index for public/media release purposes."

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- S. Srivastava, 2021, "Role of Space Generation Advisory Council (SGAC) in global Planetary Defense outreach."

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- A. Karl, "Engaging the audience – what can we learn from them?"

See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/bcdbe86256964cc281f7aee7935cfda3">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/bcdbe86256964cc281f7aee7935cfda3</a>

- S. Schmalz, F. Graziani, R. di Roberto, V. Voropaev, 2021,

"Observations of NEAs and national public outreach at the Astronomical Observatory of Castelgrande (Italy)."

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- C. Nugent, L. Billings, 2021, "Public communication in the case of impending impact. Lessons from the Covid-19 pandemic." See: <a href="https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/1f9742fff3564e32b33b6e6997ef866e">https://az659834.vo.msecnd.net/eventsairwesteuprod/production-atpi-public/1f9742fff3564e32b33b6e6997ef866e</a>

# Session 13: Apophis and others, far and near: future characterization opportunities from NEO close approaches

- M. Granvik, Morbidelly, Jedicke, et al., 2021, "Frequency of close Earth approaches by Near Earth Objects."

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- M. Kelley, V. Reddy, D.Farnocchia, et al., 2021, "International Asteroid Warning Network (IAWN) **Apophis Campaign**."

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- D.J. Tholen, D. Farnocchia, 2021, "Detection of Yarkovsky acceleration of (99942) Apophis."

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2021, May 4	Apollo NEA <b>2021 AF8</b> ( $H$ = 20.1 mag, $D \approx 300$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.47 LD. Minimum miss distance 8.47 LD. See: $2021 \text{ AF8} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ AF8} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: <b>Mt. Lemmon Survey</b> See also: https://www.minorplanetcenter.net/mpec/K21/K21AE4.html https://www.spacereference.org/asteroid/2021-af8
2021, May 4, 21:29	Apollo NEA <b>2021</b> JV ( $H$ = 27.4 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.36 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.36 LD. [2021-52] See: $2021$ JV $-$ S2P , $2021$ JV $-$ JPL Discovery station: ATLAS-HKO, Haleakala See: $2021$ Minimum miss distance 0.36 http://iawn.net/
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2021, May 8	Aten NEA 2021 JQ2 ( $H=30.0$ mag, $D\approx4$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.17 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.17 LD. [2021-54] See: 2021 JQ2 – S2P, 2021 JQ2 – JPL Discovery station: Mt. Lemmon Survey See: http://iawn.net/See also: 8 May 2076.
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2021, May 13	Apollo NEA <b>2021 JB6</b> ( $H$ = 28.8 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.27 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.27 LD. [2021-55] See: 2021 JB6 – S2P, 2021 JB6 – JPL Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala See: http://iawn.net/
2021, May 14	Apollo NEA <b>2021 JU6</b> ( $H$ = 27.4 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.17 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.17 LD. [2021-56] See: $2021 \text{ JU6} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ JU6} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: <b>Pan-STARRS 1, Haleakala</b> See: $2021 \text{ http://iawn.net/}$

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2021, May 26	T. Arai, T. Okada, S. Tanaka, et al., 2021, <i>Earth, Planets and Space</i> , 73, 115, "Geometric correction for thermographic images of asteroid <b>162173 Ryugu</b> by <b>TIR</b> (thermal infrared imager) onboard <i>Hayabusa2</i> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021EP%26S73115A/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021EP%26S73115A/abstract</a>
2021, May 26	N. Lifset, N. Golovich, E. Green, et al., 2021, <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 161, 282, "A search for L4 <b>Earth Trojan Asteroids</b> using a novel track-before-detect multiepoch pipeline." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021AJ161282L/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021AJ161282L/abstract</a>
2021, May 28	S. Aljbaae, J. Souchay, V. Carruba, et al., 2021, e-print arXiv:2105.14001, "Influence of <b>Apophis</b> ' spin axis variations on a spacecraft during the 2029 close approach with <b>Earth</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021arXiv210514001A/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021arXiv210514001A/abstract</a>
2021, May 30	Aten NEA <b>2021 KO2</b> ( $H = 28.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 9 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.96 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.96 LD. [2021-57] See: $2021 \text{ KO2} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ KO2} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ KO2} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: $2021 \text{ KO2} - \text{JPL}$ See also: $2021 \text{ May} = 2021 $
2021, May 31, 02	:1 Apollo NEA <b>2021 KN2</b> ( $H = 27.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a

	nominal miss distance of 0.38 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.38 LD. [2021-58]  See: 2021 KN2 – S2P, 2021 KN2 - JPL  Discovery station: ATLAS-MLO, Mauna Loa  See: http://iawn.net/
2021, May 31, 05:4	Aten NEA <b>2021 KQ2</b> ( $H = 30.0 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 4 \text{ m}$ ) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.46 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.46 LD. [2021-59] See: $2021 \text{ KQ2} - 222 \text{ NQ2} + 2021 \text{ KQ2} - 2021 \text{ MQ2} + 2021 \text{ Maleakala}$ See: $2021 \text{ Maleakala} + 2021 \text{ Maleakala} + 2021 \text{ Maleakala}$ See: $2021 \text{ Maleakala} + 2021  Maleaka$
2021, Jun	G.M. Gartrelle, P.S. Hardersen, M.R.M. Izawac, M.C.Nowinski, 2021, <i>Icarus</i> , 361, 114349, "Round up the unusual suspects: Near-Earth Asteroid 17274 (2000 LC16) a plausible D-type parent body of the Tagish Lake meteorite."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar36114349G/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar36114349G/abstract</a>
2021, Jun	TM. Ho, R. Jaumann, JP. Bibring, et al., 2021, <i>Planetary and Space Science</i> , 200, 105200, "The MASCOT lander aboard <i>Hayabusa2</i> : the in-situ exploration of NEA (162173) Ryugu." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021P%26SS20005200H/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021P%26SS20005200H/abstract</a>
2021, Jun	L.S.Horan, D.E. Holland, M. Bruck Syal, et al., 2021, <i>Acta Astronautica</i> , 183, 29, "Impact of neutron energy on asteroid deflection performance."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021AcAau.18329H/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021AcAau.18329H/abstract</a>
2021, Jun	D.L. Schrader, J. Davidson, T.J. McCoy, et al., 2021, <i>Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta</i> , 303, 66, "The Fe/S ratio of pyrrhotite group sulfides in chondrites: an indicator of oxidation and implications for return samples from asteroids <b>Ryugu</b> and <b>Bennu</b> ." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021GeCoA.30366S/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021GeCoA.30366S/abstract</a>
2021, Jun 1	Anon., 2021, ESA Safety & Security, 1 June 2021, "The incredible adventures of the Hera mission – presenting Hera."  See: <a href="https://www.esa.int/Safety_Security/Hera/The_Incredible_Adventures_of_the_Hera_mission_Presenting_Hera">https://www.esa.int/Safety_Security/Hera/The_Incredible_Adventures_of_the_Hera_mission_Presenting_Hera</a>
2021, Jun 1	L. Walker, M. Di Carlo, C. Greco, et al., 2021, <i>Advances in Space Research</i> , 67, 3880, "A mission concept for the low-cost large-scale exploration and characterisation of near earth objects." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021AdSpR67.3880W/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021AdSpR67.3880W/abstract</a>

2021, Jul	M. Micheli, D. Koschny, L. Conversi, et al., 2021, Acta Astronautica, 184, 251, "Optical observations of the <i>BepiColombo</i>
2021, Jun 30	Asteroid Day 2021. See: http://www.asteroidday.org/
	European Astronomical Society Annual Meeting EAS 2021, Leiden (The Netherlands). Virtual meeting, 28 June – 2 July 2021. See: https://eas.unige.ch/EAS2021/
2021, Jun 20-25	Asteroids, Comets, Meteors Conference 2021, Flagstaff (AZ, USA), 20-25 June 2021. Postponed till 2023. See: <a href="http://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/acm2021">http://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/acm2021</a>
2021, Jun 7-9	American Astronomical Society 238th Meeting, 7-9 June 2021, virtual meeting. See: https://aas.org/meetings/aas238
	See: <a href="http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jun2021/SBAG_2021_June_Age_nda.pdf">https://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jun2021/SBAG_2021_June_Age_nda.pdf</a> On the preliminary agenda:  - T. Statler, 2021, Planetary Science Division update.  - L. Johnson, 2021, PDCO update.  - L. Benner, 2021, Planetary radar update (short-term capabilities, Greenbank, Goldstone, etc.).  - Flaviane Venditti, 2021, Planetary radar update (long-term, e.g., Arecibo recovery).  - B. Barbee, 2021, Planetary Defense Conference summary.  - L. Wheeler, 2021, Planetary Defense Conference tabletop exercise.  - J. Castillo-Rogez, 2021, NEAScout.
2021, Jun 7-8	Discovery station: See: <a href="http://iawn.net/">http://iawn.net/</a> 25th Meeting of the NASA Small Bodies Assessment Group, 7-8 June 2021, virtual meeting.
2021, Jun 1	Apollo NEA <b>2021 KT2</b> ( $H$ = 28.4 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.76 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.75 LD. [2021-60] See: 2021 KT2 – S2P, 2021 KT2 – JPL
2021, Jun 1	Aten NEA <b>2018</b> LB, $H = 26.0$ mag, $D \approx 22$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.90 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.91 LD. See: $2018$ LB - SSA, $2018$ LB - JPL

	spacecraft as a proxy for a potential threatening asteroid." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021AcAau.184251M/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021AcAau.184251M/abstract</a>
2021, Jul	E. Peña-Asensio, J. M. Trigo-Rodríguez, M. Gritsevich, A. Rimola, 2021, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 504, 4829, "Accurate 3D fireball trajectory and orbit calculation using the 3D-FireTOC automatic Python code."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021MNRAS.504.4829P/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021MNRAS.504.4829P/abstract</a>
2021, Jul 1	L. Krämer Ruggiua, P. Beck, J. Gattacceca, J. Eschrig, 2021, <i>Icarus</i> , 362, 114393, "Visible-infrared spectroscopy of ungrouped and rare meteorites brings further constraints on meteorite-asteroid connections."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar36214393K/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar36214393K/abstract</a>
2021, Jul 1	Y. Zhang, P. Michel, D.C. Richardson, O.S. Barnouin, et al., 2021, <i>Icarus</i> , 362, 114433, "Creep stability of the <i>DART/Hera</i> mission target 65803 Didymos: II. The role of cohesion."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar36214433Z/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar36214433Z/abstract</a>
2021, Jul 15	A. Praet, M.A. Barucci, B.E. Clark, et al., 2021, <i>Icarus</i> , 363, 114427, "Hydrogen abundance estimation and distribution on (101955) Bennu."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar36314427P/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar36314427P/abstract</a>
2021, July 22	Foreseen launch of NASA <i>Double Asteroid Redirection Test</i> ( <i>DART</i> ) mission. <b>Delayed till backup launch window</b> 24 November 2021 - 15 February 2022. <i>DART</i> is the first demonstration of the kinetic impact technique to change the motion of an asteroid in space. <i>DART</i> is a planetary defense-driven test of one of the technologies for preventing the Earth impact of a hazardous asteroid: the kinetic impactor. <i>DART</i> 's primary objective is to demonstrate a kinetic impact on a small asteroid. The binary near-Earth asteroid (65803) <b>Didymos</b> is the target for <i>DART</i> . While <b>Didymos</b> ' primary body is approximately 800 meters across, its secondary body (or "moonlet") has a 150-meter size, which is more typical of the size of asteroids that could pose a more common hazard to Earth. The <i>DART</i> spacecraft will achieve the kinetic impact by deliberately crashing itself into the moonlet at a speed of approximately 6 km/s, with the aid of an onboard camera and sophisticated autonomous navigation software. The collision will change the speed of the moonlet in its orbit around the main body by a fraction of one percent, enough to be measured using telescopes on Earth. It will intercept <b>Didymos</b> ' moonlet on September 2022, when the <b>Didymos</b> system is within 0.07 AU (11.000.000 km) of Earth,

	enabling observations by ground-based telescopes and planetary radar to measure the change in momentum imparted to the moonlet.
	See: <a href="https://www.nasa.gov/planetarydefense/dart">https://www.nasa.gov/planetarydefense/dart</a>
	See also: <a href="https://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jun2018/presentations/stickle.pdf">https://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jun2018/presentations/stickle.pdf</a> <a href="https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/336472/SMPAG_DART">https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/336472/SMPAG_DART</a> <a href="https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/336472/SMPAG_DART">https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/336472/SMPAG_DART</a>
	<u>Update - Johnson 2020-02-06+%281%29.pdf</u> <u>https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/336472/PDCO Brief to SMPAG - Johnson 2020-02-06+%281%29.pdf/</u>
	https://www.iau.org/news/pressreleases/detail/iau2007/?lang https://www.esa.int/Safety_Security/Hera
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	NEOSM_SMPAG_2021-03-25.pdf/ See also: 23 June 2020.
2021, Aug	T.Yu. Galushina, O.N. Letner, E.N. Niganova, 2021, <i>Planetary</i>
	and Space Science, 202, 105232, "Notes on force models for near- Sun asteroids." See:
	https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021P%26SS20205232G/abstract
2021, Aug	N. Hirata, R.Ikeya, 2021, <i>Icarus</i> , 364, 114474, "Ejecta distribution from impact craters on <b>Ryugu</b> : possible origin of the bluer units." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar36414474H/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar36414474H/abstract</a>
2021, Aug	T.A. Lister, E. Gomez, J. Chatelain, et al., 2021, <i>Icarus</i> , 364, 114387, "NEOExchange an online portal for NEO and Solar System science."
	See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar36414387L/abstract
2021, Aug	J.L. Rizos, J. de León, J. Licandro, et al., 2021, <i>Icarus</i> , 364, 114467, "Bennu's global surface and two candidate sample sites characterized by spectral clustering of <i>OSIRIS-REx</i> multispectral images."
	See: https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar36414467R/abstract
2021, Aug 14-21	84th Annual Meeting of the Meteoritical Society, 14-21 August 2021, Chicago (USA). See: https://meteoritical.org/society/annual-meetings
2021 4 16 27	
2021, Aug 16-27	IAU XXXI General Assembly, Busan (Republic of Korea), 16-27 August 2021. Postponed to August 2022.

	See: <a href="https://www.iau.org/science/meetings/future/general_assemblies/1181/">https://www.iau.org/science/meetings/future/general_assemblies/1181/</a> The IAU GA Business Meetings, including the elections for the next three years provided for in the IAU Bye-Laws, will take place in August 2021, as virtual meetings.  Including: IAU Symposium No. 374, Astronomical hazards for life on Earth, Busan, 16-19 August 2021. Postponed to August 2022.
2021, Aug 25 – 3 S	See: <a href="https://www.iau.org/science/meetings/future/symposia/2591/">https://www.iau.org/science/meetings/future/symposia/2591/</a> UN - Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN-COPUOS), 63th session, Vienna (Austria), 25 August – 3  September 2021.  See: <a href="https://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/copuos/stsc/2021/index.html">https://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/copuos/stsc/2021/index.html</a>
<b>2021, Sep</b> 1	A.W. Harris, P.W. Chodas, 2021, <i>Icarus</i> , 365, 114452, "The population of near-earth asteroids revisited and updated." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar36514452H/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar36514452H/abstract</a>
2021, Sep 1	M. Hirabayashi, Y. Kim, M. Brozović, 2021, <i>Icarus</i> , 365, 114493, "Finite element modeling to characterize the stress evolution in asteroid (99942) Apophis during the 2029 Earth encounter." See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar36514493H/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar36514493H/abstract</a>
2021, Sep 1	K. Sugiura, H. Kobayashi, S. Watanabe, et al., 2021, <i>Icarus</i> , 365, 114505, "SPH simulations for shape deformation of rubble-pile asteroids through spinup: the challenge for making top-shaped asteroids <b>Ryugu</b> and <b>Bennu</b> ."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar365145058/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar365145058/abstract</a>
2021, Sep 15	R. Honda, M. Arakawa, Y. Shimaki, et al., 2021, <i>Icarus</i> , 366, 114530, "Resurfacing processes on asteroid (162173) Ryugu caused by an artificial impact of <i>Hayabusa2</i> 's Small Carry-on Impactor."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar36614530H/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar36614530H/abstract</a>
2021, Sep 15	E.M. MacLennan, A. Toliou, M. Granvik, 2021, <i>Icarus</i> , 366, 114535, "Dynamical evolution and thermal history of asteroids (3200) Phaethon and (155140) 2005 UD."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar36614535M/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021Icar36614535M/abstract</a>
2021, Oct	O. Vaduvescu, D. Gorgan, D. Copandean, et al., 2021, <i>New Astronomy</i> , 88, 101600, "Ready for <b>EURONEAR</b> NEA surveys using the <b>NEARBY</b> moving source detection platform."  See: <a href="https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021NewA8801600V/abstract">https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2021NewA8801600V/abstract</a>

2021, Oct 3-8	53 rd Annual Meeting of the AAS Division for Planetary Sciences, 3-8 October 2021, Providence (RI, USA). See: <a href="https://dps.aas.org/meetings/current">https://dps.aas.org/meetings/current</a>
2021, Oct 7	Apollo NEA <b>2015 TQ21</b> ( $H$ = 27.6 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.79 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.89 LD. See: 2015 TQ21 - SSA, 2015 TQ21 - JPL See also: 7 Oct 2015, 6 Oct 2092.
2021, Oct 13-14	17th Meeting Space Mission Planning Advisory Group (SMPAG), 13-14 Oct 2021, WebEx Virtual meeting. See: <a href="https://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/smpag/">https://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/smpag/</a> <a href="https://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/smpag/meeting-16-mar-2021-">https://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/smpag/meeting-16-mar-2021-</a>
2021, Oct 31	Anticipated launch of the <i>James Webb Space Telescope</i> . First scientific data becoming available 6 months after launch.  Launch postponed to 31 October 2021 due to technical challenges and the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic.  See:  https://www.nasa.gov/webb https://content.govdelivery.com/accounts/EUESA/bulletins/1e5452e https://www.nasa.gov/sites/default/files/atoms/files/webb_irb_report_and_response_0.pdf http://m.esa.int/spaceinvideos/Videos/2018/07/JWST_a_beacon_for_scie_nce https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/JWSTSurvey https://www.space.com/nasa-james-webb-space-telescope-worth-wait.html https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=7579 http://www.esa.int/ESA_Multimedia/Images/2020/04/James_Webb_Space_Telescope_s_primary_mirror_unfolded https://content.govdelivery.com/accounts/EUESA/bulletins/2961158 https://www.nasa.gov/press-release/nasa-announces-new-james-webb-space-telescope-target-launch-date/ https://www.nytimes.com/2020/07/16/science/nasa-james-webb-space-telescope-delay.html https://www.nasa.gov/feature/goddard/2021/nasa-s-james-webb-space-telescope-completes-final-functional-tests-to-prepare-for-launch https://www.space.com/james-webb-space-telescope-final-mirror-test https://www.space.com/james-webb-space-telescope-final-mirror-test https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/James_Webb_Space_Telescope
2021, Nov	Foreseen first light of the Large Synoptic Survey Telescope (LSST), a 6.7-m effective diameter telescope with a 9.6 square degree field and a 3.2 gigapixel camera, under development since 2000, to scan the sky from Cerro Pachón (northern Chile) near the Gemini South and Southern Astrophysical Research (SOAR) telescopes. Taking more than 800 panoramic images each night, it

can cover the accessible sky twice a week. Limiting magnitude: v = 24.5 mag. The planned **LSST** baseline survey will be capable of providing orbits for 82% of PHAs with D > 140 m after  $\sim 10$  yr of operation, and 90% complete for objects with D > 230 m. During its 10-year survey, **LSST** will produce 30 terabytes of raw astronomical data each night, resulting in a database catalog of 22 petabytes and an image archive of 100 petabytes. **LSST** is on schedule for full science operations in 2023.

On 6 January 2020, **LSST** was renamed the **Vera C. Rubin Observatory**. Its first 10 years of work will be dedicated entirely to a project now known as the Legacy Survey of Space and Time. See: <a href="http://www.lsst.org/lsst">http://www.lsst.org/lsst</a>

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See also:

http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=115

http://www.lsst.org/overview/overview v1.0.pdf

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be-revolutionary

<b>2021, Dec</b> 11	Apollo NEA 4660 Nereus (1982 DB, $H=18.5$ mag, $D\approx510$ x 330 x 240 m, PHA) will pass Earth at 10.2 LD. Minimum miss distance 10.2 LD.  See: 4660 Nereus - SSA, 1982 DB - JPL  Ref: - M. Brozovic, S.J. Ostro, L.A.M. Benner, et al., 2009, <i>Icarus</i> , 201, 153, "Radar observations and a physical model of asteroid 4660 Nereus, a prime space mission target."  See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009Icar201153B  See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/4660_Nereus  See also: 29 Jan 1900, 22 Jan 2002, 14 Feb 2060, 4 Feb 2071, 23 Dec 2112, 4 Feb 2166.
2022	Foreseen launch of JAXA spacecraft <i>DESTINY+</i> ( <i>Demonstration and Experiment of Space Technology for INterplanetary vo Yage Phaethon fLyby dUSt science</i> ), a planned mission to flyby the meteor shower parent body 3200 Phaethon, as well as various minor bodies originating from the "rock comet".  See: <a href="http://fanfun.jaxa.jp/jaxatv/files/20170920_dlr_e.pdf">https://fanfun.jaxa.jp/jaxatv/files/20170920_dlr_e.pdf</a> See also: <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/DESTINY%2B">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/DESTINY%2B</a>
2022, Jan 9-13	American Astronomical Society 239th Meeting, 9-13 January 2022, Salt Lake City (UT, USA). See: <a href="https://aas.org/meetings/future-aas-meetings">https://aas.org/meetings/future-aas-meetings</a>
2022, Jan 7	Apollo NEA <b>2020 AP1</b> ( $H$ = 29.6 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.54 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.0027 LD (= <b>0.16</b> R _{Earth} from the geocenter). See: $2020 \text{ AP1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ AP1} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>2 Jan 2020</b> .
2022, Jan 18	Apollo NEA <b>7482</b> ( <b>1994 PC1</b> , $H = 16.7$ mag, $D \approx 1300$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at 5.15 LD. Minimum miss distance 5.15 LD. See: $7482 1994 PC1 - SSA$ , $1994 PC1 - JPL$ See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(7482)_1994_PC1 See also: <b>17 Jan 1933</b> .
2022, Mar 4	Apollo NEA 138971 (2001 CB21, $H=18.6$ mag, $D\approx 578$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at 12.78 LD. Minimum miss distance 12.78 LD. Flyby target for <i>AIDA</i> mission. See: 138971 2001 CB21-SSA, 2001 CB21 - JPL
2022, Mar 28	Atira NEA <b>2019</b> LF6 ( $H = 17.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 1300 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at 103 LD. Minimum miss distance 102 LD.

	G 2010 LEC CGA 2010 LEC IDI
	See: 2019 LF6 - SSA, 2019 LF6 - JPL
	See also: https://www.caltech.edu/about/news/ztf-spots-asteroid-shortest-year
2022, May 30	Aten NEA 2021 KO2 ( $H$ = 28.1 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.81 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.90 LD. See: $2021 \text{ KO2} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ KO2} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 30 May 2021, 31 May 2164.
2022, Jun 12-16	American Astronomical Society 240th Meeting, 12-16 June 2022, Pasadena (CA, USA). See: <a href="https://aas.org/meetings/future-aas-meetings">https://aas.org/meetings/future-aas-meetings</a>
2022, Jun 30	Asteroid Day 2022. See: <a href="http://www.asteroidday.org/">http://www.asteroidday.org/</a>
2022, Jul 16-24	44th COSPAR Scientific Assembly, 16-24 July, Athens (Greece). See: <a href="https://www.cospar-assembly.org">https://www.cospar-assembly.org</a>
2022, Aug	85th Annual Meeting of the Meteoritical Society, Aug 2022, Glasgow (UK). See: <a href="https://meteoritical.org/society/annual-meetings">https://meteoritical.org/society/annual-meetings</a>
2022, Aug	IAU XXXI General Assembly, Busan (Republic of Korea), 16-27 August 2021. Postponed to August 2022. See: https://www.iau.org/science/meetings/future/general_assemblies/1181/ The IAU GA Business Meetings, including the elections for the next three years provided for in the IAU Bye-Laws, will take place in August 2021, as virtual meetings. Including: IAU Symposium No. 374, Astronomical hazards for life on Earth, Busan, 16-19 August 2021. Postponed to August 2022. See: https://www.iau.org/science/meetings/future/symposia/2591/
2022, Oct 2-7	54th Annual Meeting of the AAS Division for Planetary Sciences, 2-7 October 2022, London (Canada). See: <a href="https://dps.aas.org/meetings/future">https://dps.aas.org/meetings/future</a>
2022, Oct 4	Apollo NEA <b>65803 Didymos</b> ( <b>1996 GT</b> , $H$ = 18.1 mag, $D \approx 780 + 160$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at 27.72 LD (= 0.07 AU). Minimum miss distance 27.72 LD. Flyby target for <b>AIDA</b> mission. See: <u>65803 Didymos - SSA</u> , <u>1996 GT - JPL</u> See also: <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/65803_Didymos</u> See also: <u>12 Nov 2003</u> , <u>29 May 2012</u> , <u>20 Oct 2062</u> , <u>4 Nov 2123</u> .

2022, Nov 16	Apollo NEA <b>2018 WH</b> ( $H = 30.0 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 4 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.55 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.38 LD. See: $2018 \text{ WH} - \text{SSA}$ , $2018 \text{ WH} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>16 Nov 2018</b> .
2022, Nov 23	Apollo NEA <b>2005</b> LW3 ( $H$ = 21.7 mag, $D \approx 160$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.96 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.96 LD. See: $2005$ LW3 - JPL, $2005$ LW3 - SSA See also: <b>20</b> Nov 1928, 22 Nov 2084.
2022, Dec 27	Aten NEA 2010 XC15 ( $H$ = 21.6 mag, $D \approx 170$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.01 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.01 LD. See: 2010 XC15 - SSA, 2010 XC15 - JPL See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2010 XC15 See also: 26 Dec 1907, 27 Dec 1914, 27 Dec 1976, 28 Dec 2059, 26 Dec 2064, 26 Dec 2096.
<b>2023</b> , Jan 8-12	American Astronomical Society 241 th Meeting, 8-12 January 2023, Seattle (WA, USA). See: <a href="https://aas.org/meetings/future-aas-meetings">https://aas.org/meetings/future-aas-meetings</a>
2023, Jan 20	Apollo NEA <b>2020 BP</b> ( $H$ = 25.7 mag, $D \approx 26$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.47 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.43 LD. See: $2020 \text{ BP} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ BP} - \text{JPL}$
2023, Feb 3	Apollo NEA 367789 (2011 AG5, $H = 22.0 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 140 \text{ m}$ , PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.73 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.72 LD.  See: 367789 2011 AG5 - SSA, 2011 AG5 - JPL  See also: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2012-051  http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.cfm?release=2012-051  http://www.space.com/14683-big-asteroid-2011-ag5-threat-earth.html http://www.space.com/14782-asteroid-threat-earth-impact-2011ag5.html http://blogs.discovermagazine.com/badastronomy/files/2012/03/schweik art_letter_NASA_AG5.pdf http://www.space.com/14872-asteroid-2011-ag5-earth-impact.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2011_AG5 See also: 26 Feb 2011, 4 Feb 2040.

2023, Jun 4-8	American Astronomical Society 242 th Meeting, 4-8 June 2023, Albuquerque (NM, USA). See: <a href="https://aas.org/meetings/future-aas-meetings">https://aas.org/meetings/future-aas-meetings</a>
2023, Jun 30	Asteroid Day 2023. See: http://www.asteroidday.org/
2023, Jul 3-8	86th Annual Meeting of the Meteoritical Society, 3-8 July 2023, Perth (Australia). See: <a href="https://meteoritical.org/society/annual-meetings">https://meteoritical.org/society/annual-meetings</a>
2023, Sep 24	Interpretation-Resource Identification-Security-Regolith Explorer (OSIRIS-REx), an asteroid sample return mission, from target asteroid 101955 (1999 RQ36 = Bennu, H = 20.8 mag, D ≈ 575 m, NEO, PHA). The 2,110-kg spacecraft, launched aboard an Atlas V 411 rocket on 8 September 2016; rendezvous 3 December 2018. After a careful survey of Bennu to characterize the asteroid and locate the most promising sample sites, OSIRIS-REx will collect between 60 to 2,000 grams of surface material with its robotic arm and return the sample to Earth via a detachable capsule on 24 September 2023. The capsule containing the sample will be collected at the Utah Test and Training Range. For two years after the sample return (from late 2023-2025) the science team will catalog the sample and conduct the analysis needed to meet the mission science goals. NASA will preserve at least 75% of the sample at NASA's Johnson Space Flight Center in Houston for further research by scientists worldwide, including future generations of scientists.  See:  http://www.nasa.gov/osiris-rex/ http://www.nasa.gov/osiris-rex/ http://www.nasa.gov/mission.pages/osiris-rex/index.html http://www.nasa.gov/mission pages/osiris-rex/index.html http://www.nasa.gov/mission pages/osiris-rex/index.html http://www.space.com/11808-nasa-asteroid-mission-osiris-rex-1999-rq36-infographic.html http://www.space.com/12065-osiris-rex-asteroid-generations.html http://www.grandpublic.obspm.fr/2016-2023-Retour-sur-Terre-d http://www.space.com/13132-potentially-killer-asteroids-earth-nasa.html http://www.nasa.gov/press/2014/april/construction-to-begin-on-nasa-spacecraft-set-to-visit-asteroid-in-2018/

	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2016Sci353974V http://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/2058-7058/29/10/11/meta https://ww2.kqed.org/science/2017/09/29/why-is-nasa-checking-out-this-asteroid/ https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/336472/SMPAG_OREx_Update - Johnson_2020-02-06+%281%29.pdf/ https://www.nasa.gov/press-release/nasa-invites-public-media-to-watch-asteroid-mission-begin-return-to-earth https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/OSIRIS-REx See also: 29 Dec 2009.
2023, Oct 1-6	55th Annual Meeting of the AAS Division for Planetary Sciences, 1-6 October 2023, San Antonio (TX, USA). See: <a href="https://dps.aas.org/meetings/future">https://dps.aas.org/meetings/future</a>
2023, Oct 17	Apollo NEA <b>1998 HH49</b> ( $H$ = 21.6 mag, $D \approx 170$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.05 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.01 LD. See: <u>1998 HH49 - JPL</u> , <u>1998 HH49 - SSA</u>
2023, Nov 25	Apollo NEA <b>2019 UT6</b> ( $H$ = 22.2 mag, $D \approx 130$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.36 LD. Minimum miss distance 6.02 LD. See: $2019 \text{ UT6} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ UT6} - \text{JPL}$
2023, Dec 23	Apollo NEA <b>2020 YO3</b> ( $H$ = 24.7 mag, $D \approx$ 40 m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.55 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.52 LD. See: 2020 YO3 – S2P, 2020 YO3 – JPL
2024	Launch of the ESA spacecraft <i>Hera</i> , which will be, along with NASA's <i>DART</i> spacecraft, the first mission to rendezvous with the binary asteroid <b>Didymos</b> ( <i>D</i> ≈ 780 m + 160 m). In October 2022 <i>DART</i> will perform a kinetic impact on the smaller binary component, <b>Dimorphos</b> . In 2026 <i>Hera</i> will follow-up with a post-impact survey of the binaery asteroid, to investigate the effect of this planetary defence technique. <i>DART</i> and <i>Hera</i> were conceived together as part of the international <i>Asteroid Impact Deflection Assessment</i> ( <i>AIDA</i> ) collaboration. The two missions are valuable individually, but by being flown in concert their overall scientific and technological return is more than doubled. <i>Hera</i> , a further optimisation of ESA's earlier <i>Asteroid Impact Mission</i> ( <i>AIM</i> ), was agreed for launch at the Agency's Space19+ Council of Ministers at European Level in November 2019.  See: <a href="https://www.esa.int/Safety_Security/Hera">https://www.esa.int/Safety_Security/Hera</a> See also:

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	https://www.nasa.gov/planetarydefense/dart
	https://www.iau.org/news/pressreleases/detail/iau2007/?lang
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/65803_Didymos
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dimorphos
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/AIDA (mission)#Hera
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Double Asteroid Redirection Test
	https://www.space.com/nasa-delays-dart-asteroid-mission-launch-2022
2024, Jan 7-11	American Astronomical Society 243th Meeting, 7-11 January
	2024, New Orleans (LA, USA).
	See: https://aas.org/meetings/future-aas-meetings
	Sec. https://das.org/meetings/future-das-meetings
2024, Jan 16	Aten NEA <b>2021</b> CZ2 ( $H = 22.5 \text{ mag}, D \approx 110 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth
2021, 341110	at a nominal miss distance of 5.64 LD. Minimum miss distance
	0.52 LD.
	See: <u>2021 CZ2 – S2P</u> , <u>2021 CZ2 - JPL</u>
2024 34 12	A 11 NEA 2020 ED (II 277 B 12 ) 31 E 1
2024, Mar 18	Apollo NEA <b>2020 FD</b> ( $H = 27.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 10 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at
	a nominal miss distance of 5.80 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.04
	LD.
	See: 2020 FD – S2P, 2020 FD - JPL
	See also: 18 March 2020
	See also. 16 Watch 2020
2024, Apr 18	Apollo NEA <b>2017</b> SA20 ( $H = 28.5 \text{ mag}, D \approx 7 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth
2024, Apr 10	at a nominal miss distance of 6.68 LD. Minimum miss distance
	0.03 LD.
	See: <u>2017 SA20 - JPL</u> , <u>2017 SA20 - SSA</u>
	See also: 26 Apr 1997.
2024, Jun 30	Asteroid Day 2024.
	See: <a href="http://www.asteroidday.org/">http://www.asteroidday.org/</a>
2024, Jul/Aug	87th Annual Meeting of the Meteoritical Society, July/August
	2024, Brussels (Belgium, EU).
	See: https://meteoritical.org/society/annual-meetings
	Sec. https://metcortucar.org/society/annual-meetings
2024, Oct 6-11	56th Annual Meeting of the AAS Division for Planetary Sciences,
2027, 00: 0-11	
	6-11 October 2024, Boise (ID, USA).
	See: https://dps.aas.org/meetings/future
2024, Oct 13	Amor NEA 1036 Canymod (A024 UD, $H=0.6$ mag, $D=26.5$
2024, OCt 13	Amor NEA 1036 Ganymed (A924 UB, $H = 9.6 \text{ mag}, D = 36.5$
	km), largest NEA known, will pass Earth at a nominal miss
	distance of 146 LD. Minimum miss distance 146 LD.
	See: <u>1036 Ganymed - SSA</u> , <u>1924 TD - JPL</u>
	Ref:
	J. Meeus, M. Drummen, September 2011, Zenit, "Ganymed in
	aantocht."
	i aaniochi.

	See: http://www.dekoepel.nl/zenit/september2011.html See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1036_Ganymed See also: 13 Oct 2011.
2024, Nov 1	Aten NEA <b>2016</b> VA ( $H$ = 27.8 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.35 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.30 LD. See: 2016 VA - SSA, 2016 VA - JPL See also: <b>2 Nov 1938</b> , <b>2 Nov 2016</b> .
2024, Nov 12	Apollo NEA <b>2020 UL3</b> ( $H$ = 23.3 mag, $D \approx 80$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.43 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.99 LD. See: $2020 \text{ UL3} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ UL3} - \text{JPL}$
2024, Dec 11	Apollo NEA <b>2007 XB23</b> ( $H$ = 27.1 mag, $D \approx 14$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.16 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.25 LD. See: 2007 XB23 - SSA, 2007 XB23 - JPL See also: <b>13 Dec 2007</b> .
2024, late	Foreseen launch of the Near Earth Object Surveillance Mission (NEOSM).  The new NEO Surveillance Mission will be similar to the NEOCam mission previously proposed to NASA's Discovery program, but instead run as a directed mission as part of the agency's planetary defense efforts.  The spacecraft will have a total mass of no more than 1,300 kg, allowing it to launch on a vehicle like an Atlas 5 or Falcon 9 to the Sun–Earth Lagrange point L1. Foreseen launch date: late 2024. In 2005, the US Congress mandated NASA to achieve by the year 2020 a completeness level of 90% for discovering, cataloging, and characterizing dangerous asteroids larger than 140 meters. However, the 140-m NEO threat discovery estimate was just under 36% at the end of 2019. NEOSM should reach the 90% congressional goal within 10 years, with an anticipated mission lifetime of 12 years.  Re:  - J. Foust, SpaceNews, 23 September 2019, "NASA to develop mission to search for near-Earth asteroids."  See: https://spacenews.com/nasa-to-develop-mission-to-search-for-near-earth-asteroids/ See also: https://neocam.ipac.caltech.edu/https://neocam.ipac.caltech.edu/https://www.sciencemag.org/news/2019/09/nasa-build-telescope-detecting-asteroids-threaten-earth

	https://www.universetoday.com/143527/this-summers-asteroid-near-miss-helped-greenlight-nasas-neocam-mission-to-search-the-skies-for-killer-spacerocks/ https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/336356/336472/PDCO_Brief_to_SMPAGJohnson_2020-02-06+%281%29.pdf/https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Near-Earth_Object_Surveillance_Mission_
<b>2025</b> , Jan 12-16	American Astronomical Society 245 th Meeting, 12-16 January 2025, National Harbour (MD, USA). See: <a href="https://aas.org/meetings/future-aas-meetings">https://aas.org/meetings/future-aas-meetings</a>
2025, Jun	American Astronomical Society 246th Meeting, June 2025, Anchorage (AK, USA). See: <a href="https://aas.org/meetings/future-aas-meetings">https://aas.org/meetings/future-aas-meetings</a>
2025, Jun 30	Asteroid Day 2025. See: <a href="http://www.asteroidday.org/">http://www.asteroidday.org/</a>
2025, late	Foreseen launch of the <i>Nancy Grace Roman Space Telescope</i> , formerly known as the <i>Wide-Field InfraRed Survey Telescope</i> . The <i>Roman Space Telescope</i> will be NASA's next large space astrophysics observatory after <i>JWST</i> . Both missions are built on the legacy of <i>Hubble</i> . Whereas <i>JWST</i> offers superior sensitivity over <i>Hubble</i> , <i>Roman</i> will provide a panoramic field of view that is 100 times greater than <i>Hubble</i> 's, leading to the first wide-field maps of the universe at space-based resolution <i>Roman</i> can search for new dwarf planets, comets, and asteroids in our solar system.  See: <a href="https://www.stsci.edu/roman">https://www.stsci.edu/roman</a> <a href="https://www.stsci.edu/roman">https://www.stsci.edu/roman</a> <a href="https://www.stsci.edu/contents/newsletters/2020-volume-37-issue-01/community-science-with-the-nancy-grace-roman-space-telescope">https://www.stsci.edu/contents/newsletters/2020-volume-37-issue-01/community-science-with-the-nancy-grace-roman-space-telescope</a>
<b>2026</b> , Jan 4-8	American Astronomical Society 247th Meeting, 4-8 January 2026, Phoenix (AZ, USA). See: <a href="https://aas.org/meetings/future-aas-meetings">https://aas.org/meetings/future-aas-meetings</a>
2026, Feb 12	Aten NEA 1999 AO10 ( $H$ = 24.0 mag, $D \approx 60$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 10.43 LD. Minimum miss distance 10.36 LD.  Possible target for NASA manned mission, with launch date 19  September 2025 and a 155 day mission duration.  See: 1999 AO10 - SSA, 1999 AO10 - JPL  See also: <a href="http://www.aviationweek.com/aw/generic/story_channel.jsp?channel=spaceexid=news/awst/2010/08/16/AW_08_16_2010_p30-">http://www.aviationweek.com/aw/generic/story_channel.jsp?channel=spaceexid=news/awst/2010/08/16/AW_08_16_2010_p30-</a>

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2026, Apr 14	Aten NEA 2013 GM3 ( $H = 26.3 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 20 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.02 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.014 LD (= 0.82 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). See: 2013 GM3 - SSA, 2013 GM3 - JPL
2026, Jun 30	Asteroid Day 2026. See: http://www.asteroidday.org/
2026, Oct 25-30	58th Annual Meeting of the AAS Division for Planetary Sciences, 25-30 October 2026, Spokane (WA, USA). See: <a href="https://dps.aas.org/meetings/future">https://dps.aas.org/meetings/future</a>
<b>2027</b> , Jan 28	Apollo NEA <b>2020 OP3</b> ( $H = 20.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 230 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.67 LD. Minimum miss distance 5.13 LD. See: $2020 \text{ OP3} - 2020 \text{ OP3} - 2020 \text{ OP3}$ See also: <b>29 Jan 1986</b> , <b>29 Jan 2046</b> .
2027, Jun 6	Apollo NEA <b>4953</b> ( <b>1990</b> MU, $H = 15.2$ mag, $D \approx 2800$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 12.0 LD. Minimum miss distance 12.0 LD.  See: <u>4953 1990 MU - SSA</u> , <u>1990 MU - JPL</u> See also: <a href="https://www.space.com/six-asteroids-will-buzz-earth-late-2020s.html">https://www.space.com/six-asteroids-will-buzz-earth-late-2020s.html</a> <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(4953)_1990_MU">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(4953)_1990_MU</a> See also: <b>5 Jun 2058</b> .
2027, Jun 30	Asteroid Day 2027. See: http://www.asteroidday.org/
2027, Aug 7	Apollo NEA 137108 (1999 AN10, $H = 18.4$ mag, $D \approx 700$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.014 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.010 LD. See: $137108 1999 \text{ AN10} - \text{SSA}$ , $1999 \text{ AN10} - \text{JPL}$ Ref: - P.W. Chodas, 18 May 1999, "The continuing story of asteroid

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	1999 AN10."
	See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news017.html
	- A. Milani, S.R. Chesley, G.B. Valsecchi, 1999, Astronomy &
	Astrophysics (Letters), 346, L65, "Close approaches of asteroid
	1999 AN10: resonant and non-resonant returns."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/1999A%26A346L65M
	- D. Morrison, C.R. Chapman, D. Steel, R.P. Binzel, 2004, in:
	M.J.S. Belton, et al. (eds.), 2004, Mitigation of Hazardous Comets
	and Asteroids (Cambridge: CUP), p. 353, "Impacts and the public: communicating the nature of impact hazard."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004mhca.conf353M
	- B.G. Marsden, 2007, in: P. Bobrowsky & H. Rickman (eds.), 2007, <i>Comet/Asteroid Impacts and Human Society</i> (Berlin:
	Springer), p. 505, "Impact risk communication management (1998 – 2004): Has it improved?"
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007caih.bookB
	See also:
	https://www.space.com/six-asteroids-will-buzz-earth-late-2020s.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(137108) 1999 AN10
	See also: 7 Aug 1946.
2027, Oct 4, 00:14	Apollo NEA <b>2018 FK5</b> ( $H = 28.3 \text{ mag}, D \approx 8 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at
	a nominal miss distance of 4.46 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.18
	LD. See: <u>2018 FK5 - SSA</u> , <u>2018 FK5 - JPL</u>
	See also: 30 Mar 2018.
2027, Oct 4, 01:28	Apollo NEA <b>2020</b> SN6 ( $H = 28.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at
2027, Oct 4, 01.28	a nominal miss distance of 3.68 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.17 LD.
	See: <u>2020 SN6 – 2SP</u> , <u>2020 SN6 – JPL</u>
	See also: 16 Feb 2015.
2027, Dec 2	Aten NEA <b>2020 XF</b> ( $H = 26.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 16 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.77 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.88 LD.
	See: <u>2020 XF – S2P</u> , <u>2020 XF – JPL</u>
	See also: <b>3 Dec 2020</b> .
<b>2028</b> , Jan 19	Aten NEA <b>2020</b> AW ( $H = 28.7 \text{ mag}, D \approx 6 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 4.22 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.98 LD.
	See: <u>2020 AW – S2P</u> , <u>2020 AW – JPL</u>
2028, May 7	Aten NEA <b>2000</b> SG344 ( $H = 25.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 30 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth
2020, 11149	at a nominal miss distance of 7.63 LD. Minimum miss distance
	7.51 LD.
	1.J1 LD.

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	See: <u>2000 SG344 - SSA</u> , <u>2000 SG344 - JPL</u> See also: <u>http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2000_SG344</u> See also: <b>6 May 1999, 13 Sep 2072</b> .
2028, May 21	Apollo NEA <b>2009 WR52</b> ( $H$ = 28.6 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.69 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.54 LD. See: 2009 WR52 - SSA, 2009 WR52 - JPL
2028, Jun 26	Apollo NEA <b>153814</b> ( <b>2001 WN5</b> , $H = 18.5$ mag, $D \approx 932$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.65 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.65 LD. [ <b>2028-01</b> ] See: $153814\ 2001\ WN5 - SSA$ , $2001\ WN5 - JPL$ See also: https://www.space.com/six-asteroids-will-buzz-earth-late-2020s.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(153814)_2001_WN5
2028, Jun 30	Asteroid Day 2028. See: http://www.asteroidday.org/
2028, Jul 25	Apollo NEA <b>2011 LJ19</b> ( $H = 21.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 210 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.06 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.73 LD. See: <u>2011 LJ19 - SSA</u> , <u>2011 LJ19 - JPL</u>
2028, Oct 26	Apollo NEA <b>35396</b> ( <b>1997 XF11</b> , <i>H</i> = 17.3 mag, <b><i>D</i> = 1200 m</b> , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.417 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.416 LD. See: <u>35396 1997 XF11 - SSA</u> , <u>1997 XF11 - JPL</u> See also: <b>11 Mar 1998, 27 Oct 2095</b> . See also: <a href="http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=60">http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=60</a> <a href="https://www.space.com/six-asteroids-will-buzz-earth-late-2020s.html">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(35396)_1997_XF11</a>
2028, Nov 2	Aten NEA 2015 VL64 ( $H$ = 28.5 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.46 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.98 LD. See: $2015 \text{ VL64} - \text{SSA} = 2015 \text{ VL64} - \text{JPL} = 2015 \text{ VL64} = 2015 \text{ Nov 2008}$ .
2028, Nov 19	Apollo NEA 2017 WW1 ( $H$ = 29.8 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.78 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.30 LD. See: 2017 WW1- SSA, 2017 WW1- JPL See also: 21 Nov 2017.

2028, Dec 30	Aten NEA <b>2012 XE133</b> ( $H = 23.5$ mag, $D \approx 70$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.26 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.85 LD. See: 2012 XE133 - SSA, 2012 XE133 - JPL Ref:  - C. de la Fuente Marcos, R. de la Fuente Marcos, 21 June 2013, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 432, 886, "Asteroid <b>2012 XE133</b> , a transient companion to <b>Venus</b> ." See: <a href="http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013MNRAS.432886D">http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2013MNRAS.432886D</a> See also: <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012_XE133">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012_XE133</a>
<b>2029</b> , Jan 28 04:24	Apollo NEA <b>292220</b> ( <b>2006</b> SU49, $H = 19.7$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.19 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.19 LD. See: $2006$ SU49 - JPL, $2006$ SU49 - SSA See also: https://www.space.com/six-asteroids-will-buzz-earth-late-2020s.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(292220)_2006_SU49 See also: <b>29 Jan 1977</b> , <b>30 Jan 1982</b> .
2029, Apr 13, 21:46	Aten NEA 99942 Apophis (2004 MN4, <i>H</i> = 19.7 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 370 m, orbital <i>P</i> = 0.89 yr, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.098 LD (= 5.92 R _{Earth} = 37,727 km from the geocenter) with a relative velocity of 7.42 km/s. Minimum miss distance 0.096 LD (= 5.81 R _{Earth} = 37,030 km from the geocenter). [2029-01]  As a result of its close passage, this minor planet will move from the Aten to the Apollo class.  Probability of impact on 12 April 2068: ~1:150,000.  See: 99942 Apophis - SSA , 2004 MN4 - JPL  See also: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/risk/a99942.html  http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/apophis/http://www.esa.int/Our Activities/Space Science/Herschel intercepts as teroid Apophis http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2013-017 http://www.space.com/six-asteroids-will-buzz-earth-late-2020s.html  https://www.space.com/six-asteroids-will-buzz-earth-late-2020s.html  https://www.space.com/six-asteroids-will-buzz-earth-late-2020s.html  https://www.space.com/six-asteroid-apophis-2029-flyby-planetary-defense.html  http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/99942 Apophis  Ref:  - A.M. MacRobert, 15 February 2005, <i>Sky &amp; Telescope</i> , 109 (5),

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	See also: 13 Apr 1907, 14 Apr 1949, 14 Apr 1998, 30 Mar 2036, 7 Apr 2123.
2029, May 14	Apollo NEA <b>2000 SL10</b> ( $H = 22.5 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 110 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.27 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.26 LD.
	See: <u>2000 SL10 - JPL</u> , <u>2000 SL10 - SSA</u> See also: <b>15 May 1915</b> .
2029, Jun 30	Asteroid Day 2029. See: http://www.asteroidday.org/
2029, Oct 20	Apollo NEA <b>2008 UA202</b> ( $H$ = 29.3 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.09 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.05 LD. See: 2008 UA202 - SSA, 2008 UA202 - JPL See also: <b>18 Oct 2008.</b>
2029, Nov 11	Apollo NEA <b>2001</b> AV43 ( $H$ = 24.7 mag, $D \approx$ 40 m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.81 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.81 LD. [2029-02] See: $\frac{2001 \text{ AV43} - \text{SSA}}{2001 \text{ AV43}}$ , $\frac{2001 \text{ AV43} - \text{JPL}}{2001 \text{ AV43}}$
2029, Dec 24	Apollo NEA <b>2020 YB1</b> ( $H$ = 26.8 mag, $D \approx 16$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.04 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.76 LD. See: $2020 \text{ YB1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{YB1} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2030</b> , Apr 2	Apollo NEA <b>2021 GE2</b> ( $H$ = 29.0 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.89 LD. Minimum miss distance <b>0.0045 LD</b> (= <b>0.273 R</b> _{Earth} from the geocenter). See: $2021 \text{ GE2} - 82P$ , $2021 \text{ GE2} - 3PL$ See also: <b>2 Apr 1942</b> , <b>3 Apr 2021</b> .
2030, Jun 30	Asteroid Day 2030. See: http://www.asteroidday.org/

2030, Oct 30	Apollo NEA <b>2017 UJ2</b> ( $H = 31.0 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 2.2 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 31.66 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.75 LD. See: $2017 \text{ UJ2} - \text{SSA}$ , $2017 \text{ UJ2} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>20 Oct 1978</b> , <b>20 Oct 2017</b> .
<b>2031</b> , Jan 20	Apollo NEA <b>2018 BD</b> ( $H = 30.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 3 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.83 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.08 LD. See: $2018 \text{ BD} - \text{SSA}$ , $2018 \text{ BD} - \text{JPL}$ See also: https://www.cnet.com/news/asteroid-2018-bd-earth-potentially-hazardous-2002-aj129/ See also: <b>18 Jan 2018</b> .
2031, Feb 19	Apollo NEA <b>2021 DG</b> ( $H$ = 30.1 mag, $D \approx 3$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.87 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.18 LD. See: $2021 DG - S2P$ , $2021 DG - JPL$ See also: <b>18 Feb 1980</b> , <b>18 Feb 2021</b> .
2031, Mar 19	Apollo NEA <b>2019 UH1</b> ( $H$ = 24.2 mag, $D \approx 50$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.34 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.40 LD. See: $2019 \text{ UH1} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ UH1} - \text{JPL}$
2031, May 24	Apollo NEA <b>2020 KQ4</b> ( $H$ = 26.5 mag, $D \approx 18$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.72 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.92 LD. See: $2020 \text{ KQ4} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ KQ4} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>23 May 1971</b> .
2031, Sep 26	Apollo NEA <b>2016 SW1</b> ( $H = 28.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.32 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.50 LD. See: $2016 \text{ SW1} - \text{SSA}$ , $2016 \text{ SW1} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2032</b> , Feb 9	Aten NEA <b>2020 DK</b> ( $H = 26.1$ mag, $D \approx 21$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.64 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.73 LD. See: $2020$ DK $-$ S2P, $2020$ DK $-$ JPL See also: <b>7 Feb 2089</b> .
2032, Feb 11	Aten NEA <b>2021 DR</b> ( $H$ = 27.8 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.97 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.39 LD. See: $2021 DR - S2P$ , $2021 DR - JPL$

2032, Feb 25	Apollo NEA <b>2018 DU</b> ( $H = 28.3 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.93 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.66 LD. See: $2018 \text{ DU} - \text{SSA}$ , $2018 \text{ DU} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>25 Feb 2018</b> .
2032, Feb 29	Apollo NEA <b>2019 EH1</b> ( $H$ = 29.9 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.89 LD. <b>Minimum Earth miss distance 0.046 LD</b> (= <b>2.78</b> R _{Earth} <b>from geocenter</b> ). [2032-01] See: $\underline{2019}$ EH1 - $\underline{SSA}$ , $\underline{2019}$ EH1 - $\underline{JPL}$ See also: <b>1 Mar 2019</b> .
2032, Aug 14	Apollo NEA <b>2008 DB</b> ( $H = 26.0$ mag, $D \approx 22$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.33 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.33 LD. [2032-02] See: $2008$ DB - SSA, $2008$ DB - JPL
<b>2033</b> , Mar 17	Apollo NEA <b>2019 FA</b> ( $H = 28.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.21 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.03 LD. See: $2019 \text{ FA} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ FA} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>16 Mar 2019.</b>
2033, Apr 5	Apollo NEA <b>2020 GY1</b> ( $H = 26.6 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 17 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.42 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.22 LD. See: $2020 \text{ GY1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ GY1} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>2 Apr 1913</b> , <b>5 Apr 2020</b> .
2033, Oct 17	Apollo NEA <b>2020 VV</b> ( $H$ = 27.3 mag, $D \approx 13$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.94 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.29 LD. See: $2020 \text{ VV} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ VV} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2034</b> , Jan 6	Apollo NEA <b>2019</b> AH3 ( $H = 28.3$ mag, $D \approx 8$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.19 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.22 LD. See: 2019 AH3 - SSA, 2019 AH3 - JPL
2034, Jan 29	Apollo NEA <b>2019 BG3</b> ( $H$ = 26.2 mag, $D \approx 21$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.86 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.54 LD. See: $2019$ BG3 - SSA , $2019$ BG3 - JPL
2034, Feb 8	Apollo NEA <b>2018</b> CC ( $H = 26.7 \text{ mag}, D \approx 16 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at

2024 Mars (	a nominal miss distance of 8.27 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.13 LD.  See: 2018 CC - SSA, 2018 CC - JPL  See also: https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=7055 http://earthsky.org/space/asteroids-feb-2018-cb-and-2018-cc-online-viewing  See also: 6 Feb 2018.
2034, May 6	Apollo NEA <b>2014 HB177</b> ( $H = 28.4$ mag, $D \approx 7$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.34 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.21 LD. [2034-01] See: 2014 HB177 - SSA, 2014 HB177 - JPL See also: 6 May 1974, 6 May 2014.
2034, May 11	Aten NEA <b>2021 JZ5</b> ( $H = 28.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.92 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.45 LD. See: $2021 \text{ JZ5} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ JZ5} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>11 May 1971.</b>
2034, Oct 5	Apollo NEA <b>2017 TB</b> ( $H$ = 29.3 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.05 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.24 LD. See: <u>2017 TB - SSA</u> , <u>2017 TB - JPL</u>
2034, Oct 15	Apollo NEA <b>2020</b> UE ( $H = 25.6$ mag, $D \approx 27$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.92 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.17 LD. See: $2020$ UE $-$ S2P , $2020$ UE $-$ JPL See also: <b>15 Oct 2020</b> .
<b>2035</b> , Feb 17	Apollo NEA <b>2016 DY21</b> ( $H$ = 25.7 mag, $D \approx$ 25 m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.59 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.23 LD. See: 2016DY21 - SSA, 2016 DY21 - JPL
2035, Mar 30	Aten NEA <b>2002</b> GQ ( $H$ = 26.8 mag, $D \approx 15$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.04 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.77 LD. See: 2002 GQ - SSA, 2002 GQ - JPL See also: <b>30 Mar 1962</b> .
2035, Apr 4	Apollo NEA <b>2008 GM2</b> ( $H$ = 28.3 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.66 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.71 LD. See: $2008 \text{ GM2} - \text{SSA}$ , $2008 \text{ GM2} - \text{JPL}$

2035, Apr 7	Apollo NEA <b>2020 GB1</b> ( $H$ = 27.0 mag, $D \approx 14$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.27 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.13 LD. See: $2020 \text{ GB1} - 82P$ , $2020 \text{ GB1} - JPL$ See also: <b>10 Oct 2000</b> .
2035, May 3	Apollo NEA <b>2020 TJ3</b> ( $H$ = 24.6 mag, $D \approx 40$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.01 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.75 LD. See: $2020 \text{ TJ3} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ TJ3} - \text{JPL}$
2035, Oct 6	Apollo NEA <b>536531</b> ( <b>2015 DV215</b> , $H = 20.4$ mag, $D \approx 290$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.91 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.91 LD. See: $2015 \text{ DV215} - \text{JPL}$ , $2015 \text{ DV215} - \text{SSA}$ See also: <b>8 Oct 2134</b> .
2035, Oct 18	Apollo NEA <b>2020 HJ4</b> ( $H = 20.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 300 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.01 LD. Minimum miss distance 8.00 LD. See: $2020 \text{ HJ4} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ HJ4} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>21 Oct 1934</b> .
2035, Dec 2	Aten NEA <b>2020</b> XG ( $H = 28.1$ mag, $D \approx 8$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.21 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.60 LD. See: $2020$ XG $-$ S2P , $2020$ XG $-$ JPL
<b>2036</b> , Feb 13	Apollo NEA <b>2021</b> CN5 ( $H$ = 27.8 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.07 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.62 LD. See: $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$ CN5 – $2021$
2036, Feb 15	Aten NEA 2020 CL1 ( $H=20.0$ mag, $D\approx400$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.93 LD. Minimum miss distance 7.64 LD. See: $2020$ CL1 $-$ S2P, $2020$ CL1 $-$ JPL See also: 15 Feb 1940, 15 Feb 1991, 14 Feb 2081, 16 Feb 2118, 16 Feb 2155
2036, Mar 15	Apollo NEA <b>216985</b> ( <b>2000 QK130</b> , $H = 21.3$ mag, $D \approx 200$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.43 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.43 LD. See: $2000 \text{ QK130} - \text{JPL}$ , $2000 \text{ QK130} - \text{SSA}$ See also: <b>12 Mar 1916</b> , <b>14 Mar 1968</b> , <b>15 Mar 2089</b> .

2036, Apr 2  Apollo NEA 2017 FU102 ( $H = 29.0 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 6 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.34 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.26 LD.  See: 2017 FU102 - SSA, 2017 FU102 - JPL  2037, Mar 22  Aten NEA 2006 GB ( $H = 20.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 300 \text{ m}$ , PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.10 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.10 LD.  See: 2006 GB - JPL, 2006 GB - SSA See also: 22 Mar 1942, 22 Mar 2081.  2037, Jul 8  Aten NEA 2020 QN1 ( $H = 23.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 80 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.87 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.94 LD.  See: 2020 QN1 - S2P, 2020 QN1 - JPL  2037, Nov 7  Apollo NEA 2020 VO1 ( $H = 28.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 9 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.09 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.52 LD.  See: 2020 VO1 - S2P, 2020 VO1 - JPL  Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 2, Haleakala See also: 6 Nov 2020.	2036, Mar 30	Apollo NEA 99942 Apophis (2004 MN4, $H = 19.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D = 310 \pm 30 \text{ m}$ , orbital $P = 0.89 \text{ yr}$ , PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 91.89 LD. Minimum miss distance 21.82 LD. See: 99942 Apophis - SSA , 2004 MN4 - JPL See also: http://www.esa.int/Our Activities/Space Science/Herschel intercepts as teroid Apophis http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2013-017 http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/apophis/https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/doc/apophis/https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/doc/apophis/http://news.bbc.co.uk/2/hi/science/nature/8296796.stm http://www.scientificamerican.com/blog/post.cfm?id=planetary-bombardments-past-and-fut-2009-10-08 http://en.rian.ru/science/20110126/162318648.html http://www.space.com/10752-apophis-asteroid-hit-earth.html https://www.space.com/19221-asteroid-apophis-earth-safe-2036.html https://phys.org/news/2017-06-impact-threat-asteroid-apophis.html https://phys.org/news/2017-08-asteroid-apophis-chance-earth-expert.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/99942 Apophis See also: 13 Apr 1907, 14 Apr 1949, 14 Apr 1998, 13 Apr 2029, 7 Apr 2123.
Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.10 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.10 LD. See: 2006 GB - JPL, 2006 GB - SSA See also: 22 Mar 1942, 22 Mar 2081.  2037, Jul 8 Aten NEA 2020 QN1 ( $H = 23.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 80 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.87 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.94 LD. See: 2020 QN1 - S2P, 2020 QN1 - JPL  2037, Nov 7 Apollo NEA 2020 VO1 ( $H = 28.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 9 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.09 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.52 LD. See: 2020 VO1 - S2P, 2020 VO1 - JPL Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 2, Haleakala	2036, Apr 2	at a nominal miss distance of 0.34 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.26 LD. [2036-01]
a nominal miss distance of 2.87 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.94 LD. See: $2020 \text{ QN1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ QN1}$ - JPL  2037, Nov 7  Apollo NEA 2020 VO1 ( $H = 28.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 9 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.09 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.52 LD. See: $2020 \text{ VO1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ VO1} - \text{JPL}$ Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 2, Haleakala	<b>2037</b> , Mar 22	Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.10 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.10 LD.  See: 2006 GB - JPL, 2006 GB - SSA
a nominal miss distance of 6.09 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.52 LD.  See: 2020 VO1 – S2P, 2020 VO1 - JPL  Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 2, Haleakala	2037, Jul 8	a nominal miss distance of 2.87 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.94 LD.
<b>2038</b> , Feb 11 Apollo NEA <b>2002</b> NY40 ( $H = 19.3 \text{ mag}, D \approx 280 \text{ m}, PHA$ ) will		a nominal miss distance of 6.09 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.52 LD.  See: 2020 VO1 – S2P, 2020 VO1 - JPL  Discovery station: Pan-STARRS 2, Haleakala  See also: 6 Nov 2020.

	pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.84 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.83 LD.  See: 2002 NY40 - SSA, 2002 NY40 - JPL  See also: 18 Aug 2002.
2038, Apr 21	Apollo NEA <b>2011 WL2</b> ( $H = 21.0 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 230 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.70 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.70 LD. See: 2011 WL2 - JPL, 2011 WL2 - SSA See also: 25 Oct 2077. See also: <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2011_WL2">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2011_WL2</a>
2038, May 23	Amor NEA <b>1943 Anteros</b> ( <b>1973 EC</b> , $H = 15.9$ mag, $D \approx 2.48$ km) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 25.84 LD. Minimum miss distance 25.84 LD.  See: <u>1973 EC - SSA</u> , <u>1973 EC - JPL</u> See also: <u>13 Mar 1973</u> , <u>6 Feb 2015</u> , <u>20 May 2050</u> .  See also: <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1943_Anteros</u>
2038, Aug 18	Apollo NEA <b>2016</b> CK137 ( $H$ = 27.6 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.66 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.80 LD. See: $\underline{2016}$ CK137 - SSA , $\underline{2016}$ CK137 - JPL
<b>2039</b> , Feb 28	Apollo NEA <b>369057</b> ( <b>2008 DK5</b> , $H = 21.3$ mag, $D \approx 180$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.46 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.45 LD. See: $2008$ DK5 - JPL, $2008$ DK5 - SSA
2039, Apr 4	Apollo NEA <b>2019 OQ2</b> ( $H = 20.4$ mag, $D \approx 300$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.83 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.82 LD. See: $2019 OQ2 - SSA$ , $2019 OQ2 - JPL$
2039, May 7	Apollo NEA <b>2009 TD17</b> ( $H = 27.9 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 9 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.46 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.05 LD. See: $2009 \text{ TD17} - \text{SSA}$ , $2009 \text{ TD17} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>23 Apr 1992</b> , <b>5 Oct 2009</b> .
2039, May 12	Aten NEA <b>2020 JQ1</b> ( $H = 26.0$ mag, $D \approx 22$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.58 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.53 LD. See: $2020 \text{ JQ1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ JQ1} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>11 May 1948</b> , <b>12 May 1967</b> .

2039, Nov 12	Aten NEA 2005 VN5 ( $H$ = 27.1 mag, $D \approx 13$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.06 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.36 LD. See: 2005 VN5 - SSA, 2005 VN5 - JPL
<b>2040</b> , Feb 4	Apollo NEA 367789 (2011 AG5, <i>H</i> = 22.0 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 140 m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.81 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.51 LD.  See: 367789 2011 AG5 - SSA, 2011 AG5 - JPL  Ref: - S.R. Chesley, S. Bhaskaran, P.W. Chodas, et al., October 2012, American Astronomical Society, DPS meeting #44, #305.09, "Impact hazard assessment for 2011 AG5."  See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012DPS4430509C  See also: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2012-051  http://www.space.com/14683-big-asteroid-2011-ag5-threat-earth.html http://www.space.com/14782-asteroid-threat-earth-impact-2011ag5.html http://blogs.discovermagazine.com/badastronomy/files/2012/03/schweik art_letter_NASA_AG5.pdf http://www.space.com/16169-earth-safe-asteroid-2011ag5-flyby.html http://tv.ibtimes.com/asteroid-headed-for-earth-in-2040/3777.html http://www.ifa.hawaii.edu/info/press-releases/allclear2011AG5.shtml http://www.space.com/19045-asteroid-earth-impact-2040-debunked.html http://www.space.com/19045-asteroid-earth-impact-2040-debunked.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2011_AG5  Workshop: 29 May 2012. See also: 26 Feb 2011, 3 Feb 2023.
2040, Feb 7	Apollo NEA <b>2013</b> VA10 ( $H$ = 22.4 mag, $D \approx 120$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.90 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.90 LD. See: $2013 \text{ VA}10 - \text{SSA}$ , $2013 \text{ VA}10 - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>6 Feb 1944</b> , <b>8 Feb 2161</b> .
<b>2041</b> , Apr 8	Apollo NEA <b>2012 UE34</b> ( $H$ = 23.1 mag, $D \approx 90$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.29 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.28 LD. [2041-01] See: 2012 UE34 - SSA, 2012 UE34 - JPL See also: 8 Apr 1991. See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012_UE34
2041, Apr 24	Apollo NEA <b>2018 HW1</b> ( $H = 25.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 25 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.63 LD. Minimum miss distance

	0.58 LD. See: 2018 HW1 - JPL, 2018 HW1 - SSA See also: 19 Apr 1975, 21 Apr 2018.
2041, May 15	Apollo NEA <b>2016 GD135</b> ( $H$ = 20.9 mag, $D \approx$ 230 m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.69 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.65 LD. See: 2016 GD135 - JPL, 2016 GD135 - SSA
2041, Jul 24	Apollo NEA <b>2013 PG10</b> ( $H$ = 27.8 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.76 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.64 LD. See: 2013 PG10 - SSA , 2013 PG10 - JPL See also: <b>25 Jul 1990</b> .
2041, Oct 4	Apollo NEA <b>2008 QS11</b> ( $H$ = 19.7 mag, $D \approx 472$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.64 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.64 LD. See: $2008 \text{ QS11} - \text{SSA}$ , $2008 \text{ QS11} - \text{JPL}$
2041, Nov 7	Apollo NEA 144898 (2004 VD17, <i>H</i> = 19.0 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 320 m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.09 LD.  Minimum miss distance 5.09 LD.  See: 144898 2004 VD17 - SSA, 2004 VD17 - JPL  Ref: - F. de Luise, D. Perna, E. Dotto, et al., 2007, <i>Icarus</i> , 191, 628, "Physical investigation of the potentially hazardous asteroid (144898) 2004 VD17."  See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007Icar191628D  See also: http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=167  http://www.thespacereview.com/article/581/2  http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(144898) 2004 VD17  See also: 7 May 2148, 5 May 2196.
<b>2042</b> , May 22	Asteroid <b>2017 KJ32</b> ( $H$ = 29.2 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.90 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.88 LD. [2042-01] See: 2017 KJ32 - JPL, 2017 KJ32 - SSA See also: <b>18 May 1994</b> .
2042, Jun 16	Aten NEA <b>513171 (2004 MD6</b> , $H$ = 20.2 mag, $D \approx 300$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.78 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.78 LD. See: 2004 MD6 - JPL, 2004 MD6 - SSA
2042, Oct 3	Apollo NEA <b>2018 TP5</b> ( $H = 25.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 25 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth

	at a nominal miss distance of 1.59 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.33 LD.  See: 2018 TP5 -JPL, 2018 TP5 - SSA
2042, Oct 30	Apollo NEA <b>2018 GE2</b> ( $H$ = 27.0 mag, $D \approx 14$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.36 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.28 LD. [2042-02] See: $2018$ GE2 - SSA, $2018$ GE2 - JPL See also: <b>2 Nov 1985</b> .
<b>2043</b> , Jul 23	Apollo NEA <b>2018 AB12</b> ( $H$ = 24.5 mag, $D \approx$ 40 m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.70 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.72 LD. See: 2018 AB12 - SSA, 2018 AB12 - JPL
2043, Aug 4	Apollo NEA <b>2020 NK1</b> ( $H = 19.0 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 600 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.81 LD. Minimum miss distance 8.21 LD. See: $2020 \text{ NK1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ NK1} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>4 Aug 1969</b> .
2043, Sep 21	Apollo NEA <b>2019 SX</b> ( $H$ = 29.6 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.47 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.04 LD. See: $2019 \text{ SX} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ SX} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2044</b> , Mar 18	Apollo NEA <b>2019 WL4</b> ( $H$ = 21.6 mag, $D \approx 170$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.60 LD. See: $2019 \text{ WL4} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ WL4} - \text{JPL}$
2044, Jun 11	Aten NEA <b>2014</b> GQ17 ( $H$ = 27.4 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.25 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.06 LD. See: 2014 GQ17 - SSA , 2014 GQ17 - JPL
2044, Sep 17	Apollo NEA <b>2020 QL2</b> ( $H$ = 23.6 mag, $D \approx 70$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.04 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.99 LD. See: $2020 \text{ QL2} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ QL2} - \text{JPL}$
2044, Sep 27	Aten NEA 2011 TO ( $H$ = 26.8 mag, $D \approx 15$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.20 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.67 LD. See: 2011 TO - SSA, 2011 TO - JPL See also: 28 Sep 1980, 28 Sep 2011.

<b>2045</b> , Jan 25	Apollo NEA <b>2018 BN6</b> ( $H$ = 26.9 mag, $D \approx 15$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.45 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.01 LD. See: 2018 BN6 - SSA, 2018 BN6 - JPL See also: 21 July 1969, 24 Jan 2018
2045, Apr 18	Aten NEA <b>2019 KJ4</b> ( $H$ = 27.3 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.67 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.57 LD. See: 2019 KJ4 - SSA, 2019 KJ4 - JPL.
<b>2046</b> , Jan 29	Apollo NEA <b>2020 OP3</b> ( $H = 20.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 230 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.89 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.56 LD. See: $2020 \text{ OP3} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ OP3} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>29 Jan 1986</b> , <b>28 Jan 2027</b> .
2046, Feb 15	Aten NEA 367943 Duende (2012 DA14, $H=24.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D\approx 40 \times 20 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.80 LD. Minimum miss distance 5.77 LD. See: $367943 \text{ Duende} - \text{SSA}$ , $2012 \text{ DA14} - \text{JPL}$ See also: $\frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{1$
2046, Apr 3	Apollo NEA <b>267221</b> ( <b>2001 AD2</b> , $H = 19.7$ mag, $D \approx 562$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.37 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.37 LD. See: 2001 AD2 - JPL, 2001 AD2 - SSA See also: <b>5 Apr 2133</b> , <b>6 Apr 2150</b> .
2046, Jun 13	Apollo NEA <b>2000 LF3</b> ( $H$ = 21.6 mag, $D \approx 170$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.71 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.66 LD. See: 2000 LF3 - JPL, 2000 LF3 - SSA
2046, Jul 21	Amor NEA <b>2003</b> SM84 ( $H = 22.9$ mag, $D \approx 90$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 19.98 LD. Minimum miss distance 19.97 LD. This NEA is being considered by ESA as a candidate target for the <b>Don Quijote</b> mission to study the effects of impacting a spacecraft into an asteroid. Also possible target for NASA manned mission, with launch date 22 March 2046, and 180 day mission duration. See: $2003$ SM84 - SSA, $2003$ SM84 - JPL See also:

	http://ww.aviationweek.com/aw/generic/story_channel.jsp?channel=spac e&id=news/awst/2010/08/16/AW_08_16_2010_p30- 247032.xml&headline=NASA%20Narrows%20Potential%20Asteroid% 20List http://www.nasa.gov/pdf/474223main_Johnson_ExploreNOW.pdf http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2003_SM84
2046, Aug 1	Apollo NEA <b>2016 BQ15</b> ( $H$ = 25.3 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.40 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.80 LD. See: 2016 BQ15 - SSA , 2016 BQ15 - JPL
2046, Nov 25	Aten NEA 1994 WR12 ( $H = 22.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 100 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.23 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.22 LD. See: 1994 WR12 - SSA, 1994 WR12 - JPL See also: 25 Nov 1994. See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1994_WR12
<b>2047</b> , Jan 13	Apollo NEA <b>2010 WZ8</b> ( $H$ = 20.9 mag, $D \approx 230$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.17 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.17 LD. See: 2010 WZ8 - JPL, 2010 WZ8 - SSA See also: <b>13 Jan 1903</b> .
2047, Feb 12	Apollo NEA <b>2012 HG2</b> ( $H$ = 27.2 mag, $D \approx 13$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.37 LD. Minimum miss distance <b>0.00012 LD</b> (= <b>0.0071 R</b> _{Earth} from the geocenter). [2047-01] See: 2012 HG2 - SSA, 2012 HG2 - JPL See also: <b>10 Apr 1981</b> .
2047, Apr 29	Aten NEA <b>2017 HW4</b> ( $H$ = 22.0 mag, $D \approx 140$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.51 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.49 LD. See: $2017 \text{ HW4} - \text{SSA}$ , $2017 \text{ HW4} - \text{JPL}$
2047, Jul 19	Apollo NEA <b>2021</b> AZ6 ( $H$ = 26.3 mag, $D \approx 19$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.93 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.74 LD. [2047-02] See: $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ AZ6 – $2021$ A
2047, Aug 14	Apollo NEA <b>2011 DS</b> ( $H = 26.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 15 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.25 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.81 LD. See: $2011 \text{ DS} - \text{SSA}$ , $2011 \text{ DS} - \text{JPL}$

2047, Sep 4	Apollo NEA <b>2018 RR1</b> ( $H = 30.0$ mag, $D \approx 4$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.08 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.85 LD. See: 2018 RR1 - SSA, 2018 RR1 - JPL See also: <b>3 Sep 2018</b> .
2047, Sep 5	Apollo NEA <b>2016 RD34</b> ( $H = 27.6$ mag, $D \approx 11$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.27 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.26 LD. [2047-03] See: $2016 \text{ RD34} - \text{SSA}$ , $2016 \text{ RD34} - \text{JPL}$
2047, Oct 21	Aten NEA <b>2020</b> UA ( $H = 28.4$ mag, $D \approx 7$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.06 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.43 LD. See: $2020$ UA $-$ S2P, $2020$ UA $-$ JPL See also: <b>21</b> Oct 2020.
<b>2048</b> , Feb 28	Apollo NEA <b>162162</b> ( <b>1999 DB7</b> , $H = 20.2$ mag, $D \approx 300$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.54 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.54 LD. See: <u>1999 DB7 - JPL</u> , <u>1999 DB7 - SSA</u>
2048, May 1	Apollo NEA <b>2015 HQ171</b> ( $H$ = 27.0 mag, $D \approx 14$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.22 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.93 LD. See: <u>2015 HQ171- SSA</u> , <u>2015 HQ171- JPL</u>
2048, Jun 2	Apollo NEA 2007 VK184 ( <i>H</i> = 22.2 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 130 m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.06 LD. Minimum miss distance 5.00 LD.  See: 2007 VK184 - SSA , 2007 VK184 - JPL  Ref:  - B. Corbin, 2010, presented at the 61st International Astronautical Congress, Prague (Czech Republic), 27 September - 1 October 2010, "Implementing advanced technologies and models to reduce uncertainty in a global, cost-effective asteroid mitigation system."  See: http://www.spacegeneration.org/index.php/eventstopics/news/227-sgac-announces-the-winner-of-the-2010-move-an-asteroid-competition  See also: http://www.spacegeneration.org/images/stories/Projects/NEO/Corbin_Asteroid_Paper.pdf  http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news183.html  http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/risk/2007vk184.html  http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/pres/stsc2011/tech-42.pdf  http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2007_VK184  See also: 6 Nov 2007, 6 Jun 2118.

2048, Oct 18	Apollo NEA <b>2007 UD6</b> ( $H$ = 28.2 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.22 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.09 LD. [2048-01] See: 2007 UD6 - SSA, 2007 UD6 - JPL See also: 18 Oct 2007.
2048, Nov 11	Aten NEA <b>2018 XQ2</b> ( $H$ = 28.1 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 12.28 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.64 LD. See: 2018 XQ2 - JPL, 2018 XQ2 - SSA See also: 9 Nov 1980, 11 Jan 1985.
<b>2049</b> , Feb 20	Apollo NEA <b>2012 DY13</b> ( $H$ = 28.1 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.76 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.28 LD. See: 2012 DY13 - SSA, 2012 DY13 - JPL
2049, Oct 23	Apollo NEA <b>2007 UN12</b> ( $H$ = 28.7 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.18 LD. See: 2007 UN12 - SSA, 2007 UN12 - JPL
2049, Nov 12	Apollo NEA <b>2004 VM24</b> ( $H$ = 25.5 mag, $D \approx 28$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.95 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.18 LD. See: 2004 VM24 - SSA, 2004 VM24 - JPL
2049, Dec 25	Apollo NEA <b>450293</b> ( <b>2004</b> LV <b>3</b> , $H = 19.1$ mag, $D \approx 500$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at 4.52 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.52 LD. See: $2004$ LV3 - JPL, $2004$ LV3 - SSA See also: <b>24 Dec 1952</b> .
<b>2050</b> , Feb 18	Apollo NEA <b>2011 DS</b> ( $H = 26.8$ mag, $D \approx 15$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.54 LD. See: 2011 DS - SSA, 2011 DS - JPL See also: <b>14 Aug 1901</b> , <b>18 Feb 1966</b> .
2050, Feb 21, 13:04	Aten NEA <b>2021 DA2</b> ( $H$ = 29.1 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.30 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.29 LD. [2050-01] See: $2021 DA2 - S2P$ , $2021 DA2 - JPL$ See also: <b>22 Feb 1955</b> , <b>21 Feb 2021</b> .
2050, Feb 21	Apollo NEA <b>2020 QN4</b> ( $H = 28.6$ mag, $D \approx 7$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.94 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.46 LD.

	See: 2020 QN4 – S2P , 2020 QN4 - JPL
	See also: 16 Feb 2006, 21 Aug 2020.
2050, Feb 28	Aten NEA <b>2021 ER</b> ( $H = 27.0$ mag, $D \approx 14$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15 LD.
	See: <u>2021 ER – S2P</u> , <u>2021 ER - JPL</u>
2050, Nov 5	Apollo NEA <b>2015 JJ</b> ( $H$ = 22.3 mag, $D \approx 130$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.07 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.07 LD. See : 2015 JJ - SSA , 2015 JJ - JPL See also: 4 Nov 1989, 6 Nov 2110.
<b>2051</b> , Jan 5	Apollo NEA <b>2018 BM3</b> ( $H = 22.0$ mag, $D \approx 140$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.48 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.42 LD. See: $2018$ BM3 - JPL, $2018$ BM3 - SSA See also: <b>5 Jan 1979</b> .
2051, Mar 24	Apollo NEA <b>4581 Asclepius</b> ( <b>1989 FC</b> , $H = 20.9$ mag, $D \approx 230$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.78 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.78 LD. See: <u>4581 Asclepius - SSA</u> , <u>1989 FC - JPL</u> See also: <b>22 Mar 1989</b> , <b>16 Aug 2012</b> . See also: <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/4581_Asclepius">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/4581_Asclepius</a>
2051, Aug 11	Apollo NEA <b>162422</b> ( <b>2000</b> EV <b>70</b> ( $H$ = 20.7 mag, $D \approx 400$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.79 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.78 LD. See: $2000 \text{ EV70} - \text{JPL}$ , $2000 \text{ EV70} - \text{SSA}$ See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(162421)_2000_ET70
2051, Oct 14	Aten NEA <b>2000 SZ162</b> ( $H$ = 27.2 mag, $D \approx 13$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.60 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.84 LD. See: $2000 \text{ SZ162} - \text{SSA}$ , $2000 \text{ SZ162} - \text{JPL}$
2051, Oct 25	Apollo NEA 497117 (2004 FU4, $H = 18.4$ mag, $D \approx 700$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at 3.17 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.16 LD. See: $2004$ FU4 - JPL, $2004$ FU4 - SSA
<b>2052</b> , Mar 19	Apollo NEA <b>221455</b> ( <b>2006 BC10</b> , $H = 19.4$ mag, $D \approx 500$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at 3.05 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.04 LD.

	See: <u>2006 BC10 - JPL</u> , <u>2006 BC10 - SSA</u>
2052, Mar 22	Apollo NEA 231937 (2001 FO32, $H = 17.6$ mag, $D \approx 1100$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.37 LD. Minimum miss distance 7.37 LD. See: $2001 \text{ FO32} - \text{S2P}$ , $2001 \text{ FO32} - \text{JPL}$ But, $NEOWISE$ : $D \approx 440 - 680$ m. See: http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [March 2021] https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/asteroid-2001-fo32-will-safely-pass-by-earth-march-21 See also: 21 Mar 2021, 23 Mar 2103.
2052, May 13	Aten NEA <b>2018 JL1</b> ( $H$ = 26.8 mag, $D$ $\approx$ 16 m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.36 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.82 LD. See: 2018 JL1 - SSA, 2018 JL1 - JPL
2052, May 16	Aten NEA <b>2021 JY3</b> ( $H$ = 28.4 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.03 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.66 LD. See: $2021 \text{ JZ5} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ JZ5} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>20 May 1971</b> , <b>8 May 2059</b> .
2052, Oct 20	Aten NEA <b>2015 UH52</b> ( $H$ = 26.2 mag, $D \approx 21$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.83 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.99 LD. See: 2015 UH52 - SSA, 2015 UH52 - JPL See also: <b>20 Oct 1988</b> , <b>19 Oct 2000</b> .
2052, Nov 13	Aten NEA <b>2018 WR</b> ( $H$ = 26.2 mag, $D \approx 20$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.72 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.59 LD. [2052-01] See: 2018 WR - SSA, 2018 WR - JPL
2052, Nov 30	Apollo NEA <b>2020 KS</b> ( $H = 25.7$ mag, $D \approx 26$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.07 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.14 LD. See: $2020 \text{ KS} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ KS} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>28 Nov 1984</b> .
<b>2053</b> , Feb 14	Aten NEA <b>2016 DB</b> ( $H$ = 28.7 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.60 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.49 LD. See: 2016 DB - SSA, 2016 DB - JPL
2053, Mar 23	Apollo NEA <b>2020 SK4</b> ( $H = 30.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 3 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at

	2.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1
	a nominal miss distance of 3.45 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.56 LD.
	See: <u>2020 SK4 – S2P</u> , <u>2020 SK4 - JPL</u>
2053, Apr 28	Apollo NEA <b>2018 JN</b> ( $H$ = 25.1 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.49 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.04 LD. See: $2018 \text{ JN} - \text{SSA}$ , $2018 \text{ JN} - \text{JPL}$
2053, Jun 1	Apollo NEA <b>2015</b> XA378 ( $H = 25.9$ mag, $D \approx 23$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.54 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.22 LD. [2053-01] See: $2015$ XA378 - SSA, $2015$ XA378 - JPL See also: <b>16</b> Dec 1968.
2053, Sep 30	Apollo NEA <b>360191</b> ( <b>1988 TA</b> , $H = 20.0$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.22 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.22 LD. See: <u>1988 TA - JPL</u> , <u>1988 TA - SSA</u> See also: <b>29 Sep 1988, 3 Oct 2189</b> .
<b>2054</b> , Feb 5	Aten NEA <b>2016</b> CG18 ( $H$ = 28.3 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.80 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.08 LD. See: 2016 CG18- SSA, 2016 CG18- JPL See also: <b>6 Feb 2016</b> , <b>3 Feb 2055</b> .
2054, Feb 13	Apollo NEA <b>2021</b> CA6 ( $H$ = 28.6 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.48 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15 LD. See: $2021$ CA6 – $2021$ CA6 – $2021$ CA6 – $2021$ CA6 – $2021$ CA6 – $2021$ See also: <b>14</b> Feb 1936, <b>13</b> Feb 2021.
2054, May 8	Aten NEA <b>2007 JB21</b> ( $H = 25.8$ mag, $D \approx 25$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.18 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.37 LD. See: $2007 \text{ JB21} - \text{SSA}$ , $2007 \text{ JB21} - \text{JPL}$
2054, Jul 12	Amor NEA <b>2020</b> UQ4 ( $H$ = 20.2 mag, $D \approx 300$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.48 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.65 LD. See: $2020 \text{ UQ4} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ UQ4} - \text{JPL}$
2054, Jul 13	Apollo NEA <b>2013 LM31</b> ( $H$ = 20.6 mag, $D \approx$ 280 m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.73 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.60 LD. See: 2013 LM31 - JPL, 2013 LM31 - SSA

2054, Dec 10	Apollo NEA <b>2021 JE1</b> ( $H$ = 26.7 mag, $D \approx 16$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.28 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.21 LD [2054-01] See: $2021 \text{ JE1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ JE1} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2055</b> , Jan 1	Aten NEA <b>2009 YR</b> ( $H$ = 28.2 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.76 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.30 LD. See: $2009 \text{ YR} - \text{SSA}$ , $2009 \text{ YR} - \text{JPL}$
2055, Jan 9	Asteroid <b>2019 AS5</b> ( $H = 32.3$ mag, $D \approx 1.2$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.66 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.92 LD. See: $2019$ AS5 - SSA, $2019$ AS5 - JPL See also: <b>8 Jan 2019</b> .
2055, Jan 15	Apollo NEA <b>2020 AN3</b> ( $H = 20.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 290 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.23 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.15 LD. See: $2020 \text{ AN3} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ AN3} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>17 Jan 2020</b>
2055, May 13	Aten NEA <b>2011 AX22</b> ( $H$ = 24.9 mag, $D \approx$ 40 m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.20 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.86 LD. See: 2011 AX22 - SSA, 2011 AX22 - JPL See also: <b>13 May 1930.</b>
2055, May 24	Apollo NEA 2015 YJ ( $H = 28.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.61 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.27 LD. See: $2015 \text{ YJ} - SSA$ , $2015 \text{ YJ} - JPL$ See also: 13 Dec 2015.
2055, Jun 29	Apollo NEA <b>2018 NL</b> ( $H$ = 25.5 mag, $D \approx 29$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.55 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.13 LD. [2055-01] See: 2018 NL - SSA, 2018 NL - JPL
<b>2056</b> , Feb 5	Aten NEA <b>2016</b> CE ( $H = 28.7$ mag, $D \approx 6$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.70 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15 LD. See: 2016 CE - SSA, 2016 CE - JPL See also: <b>5 Feb 1971</b> .
2056, Apr 26	Apollo NEA <b>2019 TK5</b> ( $H = 27.3 \text{ mag}, D \approx 12 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth

	at a nominal miss distance of 0.73 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.39 LD. [2056-01] See: 2019 TK5 – SSA, 2019 TK5 - JPL
2056, Jul 21	Apollo NEA 2016 BA15 ( $H$ = 27.0 mag, $D \approx 14$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 13.9 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.06 LD (= 3.3 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). See: 2016 BA15 - JPL, 2016 BA15 - SSA See also: 19 Jul 1945.
2056, Sep 4	Aten NEA <b>2018 RW</b> ( $H$ = 30.5 mag, $D \approx 2.8$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.37 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.66 LD. See: $2018 \text{ RW} - \text{SSA}$ , $2018 \text{ RW} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2057</b> , Apr 29	Apollo NEA <b>2014</b> UU <b>56</b> ( $H$ = 28.5 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.32 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.57 LD. See: $2014 \text{ UU56} - \text{SSA}$ , $2014 \text{ UU56} - \text{JPL}$
2057, Sep 2	Amor NEA 3122 Florence (1981 ET3 , $H = 13.8$ mag, $D \approx 4350$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 19.442 LD. Minimum miss distance 19.442 LD. See: 3122 Florence - SSA , 1981 ET3 - JPL See also: 1 Sep 2017. See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/3122_Florence
2057, Oct 12	Apollo NEA <b>162120</b> ( <b>1998 SH36</b> , $H = 20.5$ mag, $D \approx 280$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.49 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.49 LD. See: <u>1998 SH36 - JPL</u> , <u>1998 SH36 - SSA</u>
<b>2058</b> , Feb 11	Aten NEA <b>2009 BE58</b> ( $H$ = 21.8 mag, $D \approx 150$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.84 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.83 LD. See: $2009 \text{ BE58} - \text{JPL}$ , $2009 \text{ BE58} - \text{SSA}$ See also: <b>10 Feb 1950</b> , <b>13 Feb 2194</b> .
2058, Apr 21	Apollo NEA <b>2019 HE</b> ( $H = 26.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 16 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.38 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.61 LD. See: $2019 \text{ HE} - SSA$ , $2019 \text{ HE} - JPL$ See also: <b>20 Apr 2019</b> .
2058, May 8	Apollo NEA <b>2018 VO6</b> ( $H = 24.3 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 50 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.61 LD. Minimum miss distance

	0.11 LD
	See: 2007 VO6 - SSA , 2007 VO6 - JPL
	See also: 7 May 1977, 8 May 2063.
	See also. 7 Way 1977, 8 Way 2003.
2058, Jun 5	Apollo NEA <b>4953</b> ( <b>1990 MU</b> , $H = 15.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 2800 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> )
,	will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.99 LD. Minimum
	miss distance 8.99 LD.
	See: 4953 1990 MU - SSA , 1990 MU - JPL
	See also:
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(4953)_1990_MU
	See also: 6 Jun 2027
2059 San 22	Applie NIE A 522900 (2007 TW10 $H = 22.9 \text{ mag} D \approx 60 \text{ m}$ ) will
2058, Sep 22	Apollo NEA <b>523809</b> (2007 TV18, $H = 23.8$ mag, $D \approx 60$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.92 LD. Minimum miss
	distance 0.92 LD. [2058-01]
	See: 2007 TV18 - SSA, 2007 TV18 - JPL
	Sec. 2007 1 v 10 SSM , 2007 1 v 10 SM
2058, Nov 7	Apollo NEA <b>525484</b> ( <b>2005</b> GL ( $H = 21.0 \text{ mag}, D \approx 220 \text{ m}, PHA$ )
	will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.12 LD. Minimum
	miss distance 4.12 LD.
	See: <u>2005 GL - JPL</u> , <u>2005 GL - SSA</u>
	See also: 8 Nov 2125.
2058, Nov 20	Apollo NEA <b>2015 WP2</b> ( $H = 30.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 3 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth
2000,110120	at a nominal miss distance of 3.07 LD. Minimum miss distance
	0.11 LD.
	See: 2015 WP2 - SSA , 2015 WP2 - JPL
<b>2059</b> , Feb 24	Aten NEA <b>2020 DR4</b> ( $H = 29.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 4 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a
	nominal miss distance of 4.87 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.28
	LD.
	See: <u>2020 DR4 – S2P</u> , <u>2020 DR4 - JPL</u>
	See also: 25 Feb 2020.
2059, May 8	Aten NEA <b>2021 JY3</b> ( $H = 28.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a
1117, 1120, 0	nominal miss distance of 4.86 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.61
	LD.
	See: 2021 JZ5 – S2P, 2021 JZ5 - JPL
	See also: 20 May 1971, 16 May 2052.
2059, May 21	Apollo NEA <b>2012 WS3</b> ( $H = 26.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 21 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth
	at a nominal miss distance of 2.22 LD. Minimum miss distance
	0.34 LD.
	See: <u>2012 WS3 - SSA</u> , <u>2012 WS3 - JPL</u>
2059, Oct 2	Apollo NEA <b>2016</b> JA ( $H = 27.5$ mag, $D \approx 11$ m) will pass Earth at
2000, 0002	a nominal miss distance of 1.43 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.85
	The second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second secon

	LD. See: 2016 JA - SSA, 2016 JA - JPL See also: 1 Oct 2060.
2059, Nov 1	Aten NEA <b>2010 UJ7</b> ( $H$ = 25.6 mag, $D \approx 27$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.93 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.65 LD. See: <u>2010 UJ7 - SSA</u> , <u>2010 UJ7 - JPL</u>
2059, Nov 23	Apollo NEA <b>529366</b> ( <b>2009 WM1</b> , $H = 20.4$ mag, $D \approx 300$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.82 LD. See: $2009 \text{ WM1} - \text{SSA}$ , $2009 \text{ WM1} - \text{JPL}$ See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2009_WM1
2059, Dec 14	Aten NEA <b>2004</b> YC ( $H$ = 25.9 mag, $D \approx 23$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.95 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.88 LD. See: 2004 YC - SSA , 2004 YC - JPL
2059, Dec 28	Aten NEA 2010 XC15 ( $H$ = 21.6 mag, $D \approx 170$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.94 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.84 LD. See: 2010 XC15 - JPL, 2010 XC15 - SSA See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2010_XC15 See also: 26 Dec 1907, 27 Dec 1914, 27 Dec 1976, 27 Dec 2022, 26 Dec 2064, 26 Dec 2096.
<b>2060</b> , Jan 30	Aten NEA <b>2019 BE5</b> ( $H$ = 25.1 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.99 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.99 LD. [2060-01] See: $2019 \text{ BE5} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ BE5} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>29 Jan 2079</b> .
2060, Feb 14	Apollo NEA 4660 Nereus (1982 DB, $H=18.5$ mag, $D\approx510$ x 330 x 240 m, PHA) will pass Earth at 3.12 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.12 LD.  See: 4660 Nereus - SSA, 1982 DB - JPL  Ref: - M. Brozovic, S.J. Ostro, L.A.M. Benner, et al., 2009, <i>Icarus</i> , 201, 153, "Radar observations and a physical model of asteroid 4660 Nereus, a prime space mission target."  See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009Icar201153B  See also: 29 Jan 1900, 22 Jan 2002, 11 Dec 2021, 4 Feb 2071, 23 Dec 2112, 4 Feb 2166.

	See also: <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/4660_Nereus">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/4660_Nereus</a>
2060, Mar 30	Apollo NEA <b>2014</b> TL ( $H$ = 28.0 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.88 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.65 LD. See: 2014 TL - SSA, 2014 TL - JPL See also: 1 Oct 2014.
2060, Apr 23	Apollo NEA <b>2017 KN34</b> ( $H = 19.8$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.71 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.64 LD. See: $2017 \text{ KN34} - \text{SSA}$ , $2017 \text{ KN34} - \text{JPL}$
2060, May 15	Apollo NEA 2015 KG158 ( $H = 28.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 9 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.43 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.17 LD. See: $2015 \text{ KG158} - \text{SSA}$ , $2015 \text{ KG158} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 15 May 1943.
2060, Sep 23	Apollo NEA 101955 Bennu, (1999 RQ36, H = 20.2 mag, D = 492 m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.949 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.949 LD. Possible Earth impact in 2182. See: 101955 Bennu - SSA , 1999 RQ36 - JPL Ref:  - A. Milani, S.R. Chesley, M.E. Sansaturio, et al., 2009, Icarus, 203, 460, "Long term impact risk for (101955) 1999 RQ36."  See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009[car203460M]  - H. Campins, A. Morbidelli, K. Tsiganis, et al., 2010, Astrophysical Journal Letters, 721, L53, "The origin of asteroid 101955 (1999 RQ36)."  See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010ApJ721L53C  - D.S. Lauretta, M.J. Drake, R.P.Binzel, et al., 2010, presented in: 73rd Annual Meeting of the Meteoritical Society, 26-30 July 2010, New York (NY, USA), Meteoritics and Planetary Science Supplement, id.5153, "Asteroid (101955) 1999 RQ36: optimum target for an asteroid sample return mission."  See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010M%26PSA73.5153L  - B. Corbin, 2010, presented at the 61st International Astronautical Congress, Prague (Czech Republic), 27 September - 1 October 2010, "Implementing advanced technologies and models to reduce uncertainty in a global, cost-effective asteroid mitigation system."  See: http://www.spacegeneration.org/index.php/eventstopics/news/227-sgac-announces-the-winner-of-the-2010-move-an-asteroid-competition http://www.spacegeneration.org/images/stories/Projects/NEO/Corbin_Asteroid Paper.pdf  - M. Delbò, P. Michel, 2011, Astrophysical Journal (Letters), 728,

	L42, "Temperature history and dynamical evolution of (101955) 1999 RQ36: a potential target for sample return from a primitive asteroid."  See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2011ApJ728L42D  See also: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/risk/a101955.html http://www.space.com/scienceastronomy/dangerous-asteroid-impact-earth-2182-100727.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(101955)_1999_RQ36  See also: 22 Sep 1999, 25 Sep 2135.
2060, Oct 1	Apollo NEA <b>2016 JA</b> ( $H$ = 27.5 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.18 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.18 LD. See: 2016 JA - SSA, 2016 JA - JPL See also: <b>2 Oct 2059</b> .
2060, Oct 30	Apollo NEA <b>2017 VJ</b> ( $H$ = 24.5 mag, $D \approx 40$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.74 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.48 LD. See: <u>2017 VJ - SSA</u> , <u>2017 VJ - JPL</u>
<b>2061</b> , Jan 17	Apollo NEA <b>2012 YQ1</b> ( $H$ = 21.2 mag, $D \approx 200$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.81 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.15 LD. See: 2012 YQ1 - JPL, 2012 YQ1 - SSA See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012_YQ1
2061, Feb 12	Apollo NEA <b>2017 CP32</b> ( $H$ = 23.8 mag, $D \approx 60$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.26 Minimum miss distance 0.72 LD. See: 2017 CP32 - SSA, 2017 CP32 - JPL See also: <b>12 Feb 1974</b> .
2061, Feb 16	Aten NEA <b>2010</b> CK19 ( $H$ = 27.8 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.18. Minimum miss distance 0.38 LD. See: 2010 CK19 - SSA , 2010 CK19 - JPL
2061, Dec 14	Apollo NEA <b>2016 WJ1</b> ( $H$ = 21.4 mag, $D \approx 180$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.59 Minimum miss distance 1.59 LD. See: 2016 WJ1 - SSA, 2016 WJ1 - JPL See also: <b>13 Dec 1920</b> , <b>14 Dec 2097</b> .
2061, Dec 19	Apollo NEA <b>2019 YV1</b> ( $H = 25.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 30 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth

	at a nominal miss distance of 0.83. Minimum miss distance 0.67 LD. [2065-01] See: 2019 YV1 – SSA, 2019 YV1 – JPL
<b>2062</b> , Mar 30	Apollo NEA <b>2014 GY44</b> ( $H$ = 25.7 mag, $D \approx 26$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.19. Minimum miss distance 0.61 LD. See: $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> - $2014$ <b>GY44</b> -
2062, Mar 31	Aten NEA <b>2020 VA4</b> ( $H = 27.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 12 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.42. Minimum miss distance 0.88 LD. See: $2020 \text{ VA4} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ VA4} - \text{JPL}$
2062, Apr 23	Apollo NEA <b>2007</b> VG ( $H = 21.4$ mag, $D \approx 190$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.53 LD. See: 2007 VG - SSA, 2007 VG - JPL See also: <b>24</b> Apr <b>1903</b> .
2062, Oct 20	Apollo NEA <b>65803 Didymos</b> ( <b>1996 GT</b> , $H$ = 18.1 mag, $D \approx 780 + 160$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at 19.32 LD (= 0.05 AU). Minimum miss distance 19.32 LD. Flyby target for <i>AIDA</i> mission. See: <u>65803 Didymos - SSA</u> , <u>1996 GT - JPL</u> See also: <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/65803_Didymos</u> See also: <b>12 Nov 2003</b> , <b>29 May 2012</b> , <b>4 Oct 2022</b> , <b>4 Nov 2123</b> .
<b>2063</b> , Mar 11	Apollo NEA <b>2006</b> EC ( $H = 26.5$ mag, $D \approx 18$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.66. Minimum miss distance 0.75 LD. See: $2006$ EC - SSA, $2006$ EC - JPL See also: <b>8 Mar 2006</b> .
2063, Mar 26	Apollo NEA <b>2018 EM4</b> ( $H$ = 25.3 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.73 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.69 LD. See: 2018 EM4 - JPL, 2018 EM4 - SSA See also: 27 Mar 1943.
2063, May 8	Apollo NEA <b>2018 VO6</b> ( $H$ = 24.3 mag, $D \approx 50$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.16 LD. <b>Minimum miss distance 0.091 LD</b> (= <b>5.46 R</b> _{Earth} <b>from the geocenter</b> ). See: $2007 \text{ VO6} - SSA$ , $2007 \text{ VO6} - JPL$ See also: <b>7 May 1977</b> .
2063, Jul 27	Apollo NEA <b>2015</b> CV13 ( $H = 20.6$ mag, $D \approx 270$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.93 LD. Minimum miss

	distance 3.93 LD. See: <u>2015 CV13 - SSA</u> , <u>2015 CV13 - JPL</u>
2063, Nov 21	Apollo NEA <b>2009 WJ6</b> ( $H$ = 27.4 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.10 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.26 LD. See: 2009 WJ6 - SSA, 2009 WJ6 - JPL
<b>2064</b> , Mar 2	Aten NEA <b>2018 DU1</b> ( $H$ = 27.6 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.70. Minimum miss distance 0.18 LD. See: 2018 DU1 - SSA, 2018 DU1 - JPL
2064, Mar 31	Aten NEA <b>2021 FW2</b> ( $H = 25.4$ mag, $D \approx 30$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.86 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.48 LD. See: $2021$ FW2 $-$ S2P , $2021$ FW2 $-$ JPL See also: <b>31 Mar 2006</b> .
2064, Jul 27	Apollo NEA <b>2021 BN</b> , $H = 28.3$ mag, $D \approx 8$ m will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.00 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.56 LD. See: $2021$ BN $-$ S2P, $2021$ BN $-$ JPL See also: <b>21 Jul 1977</b> .
2064, Aug 2	Apollo NEA <b>2019 BV2</b> ( $H$ = 25.6 mag, $D \approx 27$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.95 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.39 LD. See: 2019 BV2 - JPL, 2019 BV2 - SSA See also: <b>26 Jan 2016</b> , <b>2 Aug 2064</b> .
2064, Oct 12	Aten NEA <b>2015</b> TG24 ( $H$ = 26.7 mag, $D \approx 16$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.17. Minimum miss distance 0.69 LD. See: 2015 TG24 - SSA, 2015 TG24 - JPL
2064, Oct 19	Apollo NEA <b>2019</b> UE4 ( $H$ = 27.9 mag, $D \approx 9$ m ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.83. Minimum miss distance 0.19 LD. See: $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ UE4 – $2019$ U
2064, Dec 20	Aten NEA <b>2017 YO3</b> ( $H = 28.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.45 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.0096 LD (= <b>0.58</b> R _{earth} from the geocenter). See: <u>2017 YO3 - JPL</u> , <u>2017 YO3 - SSA</u>

	See also: 19 Dec 1973.
2064, Dec 26	Aten NEA 2010 XC15 ( $H$ = 21.6 mag, $D \approx 170$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.42 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.19 LD. See: 2010 XC15 - SSA, 2010 XC15 - JPL See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2010_XC15 See also: 26 Dec 1907, 27 Dec 1914, 27 Dec 1976, 27 Dec 2022, 28 Dec 2059, 26 Dec 2096.
<b>2065</b> , Mar 4	Apollo NEA <b>2014</b> EG45 ( $H = 21.7$ mag, $D \approx 160$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.66 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.63 LD. See: $2014$ EG45 - SSA, $2014$ EG45 - JPL See also: <b>4 Mar 2014</b> , <b>6 Mar 2128</b> .
2065, May 28	Apollo NEA <b>2005 WY55</b> ( $H = 20.6 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 270 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.87 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.86 LD. [2065-01] See: $2005 \text{ WY55} - \text{SSA}$ , $2005 \text{ WY55} - \text{JPL}$ See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2005_WY55
2065, Jun 8	Aten NEA <b>2014 HQ124</b> ( $H$ = 19.0 mag, $D \approx 410$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.61 LD. Minimum miss distance 7.60 LD.  See: 2014 HQ124 - SSA, 2014 HQ124 - JPL  See also: http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2014-178 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?release=2014-186 http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/video/index.php?id=1310 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2014_HQ124 See also: <b>7 Jun 1901</b> , <b>7 Jun 1952</b> , <b>8 Jun 2014</b> .
2065, Oct 15	Apollo NEA <b>2018 GD2</b> ( $H$ = 29.5 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.56 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.57 LD. See: 2018 GD2 - SSA, 2018 GD2 - JPL See also: <b>13 Apr 2005</b> , <b>12 Apr 2018</b> .
2065, Oct 17	Aten NEA <b>2013</b> UG1 ( $H$ = 22.5 mag, $D \approx 110$ m), will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.83 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.83 LD. See: 2013 UG1 - SSA, 2013 UG1 - JPL

	See also: <a href="http://rt.com/news/asteroid-potentially-hazardous-earth-695/">http://rt.com/news/asteroid-potentially-hazardous-earth-695/</a>
	See also: 17 Oct 1976.
<b>2066</b> , Feb 6	Apollo NEA <b>2008</b> CE <b>22</b> ( $H$ = 26.6 mag, $D \approx 17$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.75 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.52 LD. [2065-01] See: $2008$ CE22 - SSA, $2008$ CE22 - JPL See also: <b>6 Feb 2008</b> .
2066, Mar 1	Aten NEA <b>2019 ED1</b> ( $H$ = 27.7 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.11 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.05 LD. See: $2019$ ED1 - SSA, $2019$ ED1 - JPL See also: <b>1 Mar 2019</b> .
2066, Apr 16	Apollo NEA <b>2004 RQ252</b> ( $H$ = 22.5 mag, $D \approx 110$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.65 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.53 LD. See: $2004 \text{ RQ252 - SSA}$ , $2004 \text{ RQ252 - JPL}$
2066, Sep 23	Apollo NEA <b>523654</b> ( <b>2011 SR5</b> , $H = 20.8$ mag, $D \approx 250$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.24 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.23 LD. See: <u>2011 SR5 - SSA</u> , <u>2011 SR5 - JPL</u> See also: <b>22 Sep 1988</b> .
2066, Sep 26	Apollo NEA <b>2017 SS12</b> ( $H$ = 27.4 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.06 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.06 LD. See: 2017 SS12 - SSA, 2017 SS12 - JPL See also: <b>24 Sep 2017</b> .
2066, Oct 18	Apollo NEA <b>2014</b> UX34 ( $H$ = 22.3 mag, $D \approx 120$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.23 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.58 LD. See: $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34 – $2014$ UX34
2066, Nov 15	Apollo NEA <b>2017 RU2</b> ( $H$ = 25.8 mag, $D \approx 24$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.68 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.88 LD. See: $2017 \text{ RU2} - \text{SSA}$ , $2017 \text{ RU2} - \text{JPL}$
2066, Dec 15	Aten NEA 487577 (2014 YQ15, $H = 20.9$ mag, $D \approx 240$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.92 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.90 LD. See: $2014 \text{ YQ15} - \text{SSA}$ , $2014 \text{ YQ15} - \text{JPL}$

	See also: 15 Dec 1959, 16 Dec 2122.
<b>2067</b> , Mar 3	Apollo NEA <b>2009 DD45</b> ( $H = 25.9$ mag, $D \approx 19$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.46 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.28 LD. See: 2009 DD45 - SSA, 2009 DD45 - JPL See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2009_DD45 See also: 2 Mar 2009.
2067, Mar 6	Apollo NEA 410627 (2008 RG1, $H$ = 21.0 mag, $D \approx$ 230 m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.70 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.70 LD. See: $2008$ RG1 - SSA , $2008$ RG1 - JPL
2067, Sep 10	Apollo NEA <b>387668</b> ( <b>2002</b> SZ, $H = 20.4$ mag, $D \approx 300$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.77 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.77 LD. See: $2002$ SZ - SSA, $2002$ SZ - JPL See also: <b>10</b> Sep <b>2150</b> .
2067, Sep 24	Apollo NEA <b>2016 SA2</b> ( $H = 27.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 10 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.00 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.25 LD. See: $2016 \text{ SA2} - \text{SSA}$ , $2016 \text{ SA2} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>25 Sep 2016</b> .
2067, Nov 26	Apollo NEA 2013 NJ ( $H$ = 22.1 mag, $D \approx 130$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.80 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.80 LD. See: $2013 \text{ NJ} - SSA$ , $2013 \text{ NJ} - JPL$ See also: 24 Nov 1956, 24 Nov 1997, 26 Nov 2013.
<b>2068</b> , Jan 19	Aten NEA <b>2018 BX</b> ( $H$ = 28.8 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.10 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.996 LD. See: $2018$ BX - SSA , $2018$ BX - JPL See also: <b>19 Jan 2018</b> .
2068, Jan 24	Apollo NEA <b>2019 EH</b> ( $H$ = 24.7 mag, $D \approx 40$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.55 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.83 LD. See: $2019 \text{ EH} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ EH} - \text{JPL}$
2068, Feb 9	Apollo NEA <b>2016 TA11</b> ( $H = 27.4$ mag, $D \approx 12$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.62 LD. Minimum miss distance

	0.92 LD.
	See: <u>2016 TA11 - SSA</u> , <u>2016 TA11 - JPL</u>
2068, Mar 12	Apollo NEA <b>2016</b> CY135 ( $H$ = 24.5 mag, $D \approx 40$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.88 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.43 LD. See: 2016 CY135 - SSA, 2016 CY135 - JPL See also: <b>9 Mar 1914</b> .
2068, Oct 19	Aten NEA <b>2020 UO4</b> ( $H$ = 28.7 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.32 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.72 LD. See: $2020 \text{ UO4} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ UO4} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>23 Oct 1957</b> .
<b>2069</b> , Jan 9	Aten NEA <b>2017 AG13</b> ( $H$ = 26.0 mag, $D \approx 22$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.41 LD. See: 2017 AG13 - SSA , 2017 AG13 - JPL See also: http://www.astronomy.com/news/2017/01/aten-asteroid-close-to-earth https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2017_AG13 See also: <b>9 Jan 2017</b> .
2069, Feb 28	Aten NEA <b>2019 EM1</b> ( $H$ = 22.2 mag, $D \approx 110$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.77 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.01 LD. See: 2019 EM1 - JPL, 2019 EM1 - SSA See also: 2 Mar 2114.
2069, Oct 21	Aten NEA <b>2340 Hathor</b> ( <b>1976 UA</b> , $H = 20.5$ mag, $D \approx 210$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.55 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.55 LD. See: 1976 UA - SSA, 1976 UA - JPL See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2340 Hathor See also: <b>20 Oct 1921</b> , <b>20 Oct 1976</b> , <b>21 Oct 2086</b> .
2069, Nov 5	Apollo NEA 4179 Toutatis (1989 AC, $H = 15.2$ mag, $D = 4.6 \times 2.4 \times 1.9$ km, orbital $P = 4.03$ yr, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.72 LD. Minimum miss distance 7.72 LD. See: $\frac{4179 \text{ Toutatis} - \text{SSA}}{1989 \text{ AC} - \text{JPL}}$ See also: $\frac{\text{http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/4179}}{1989 \text{ Toutatis}}$ See also: 8 Dec 1992, 30 Nov 1996, 31 Oct 2000, 29 Sep 2004, 9 Nov 2008, 12 Dec 2012.

2069, Dec 12	Apollo NEA <b>2013 YP139</b> ( $H$ = 21.2 mag, $D \approx 968$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.08 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.07 LD. See: 2013 YP139 - SSA, 2013 YP139 - JPL See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2013_YP139 See also: 3 Aug 2002.
<b>2070</b> , Mar 15	Aten NEA <b>2020 FK1</b> ( $H$ = 27.3 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.27 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.70 LD. See: $2020 \text{ FK1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ FK1} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>15 Mar 2020.</b>
2070, May 27	Apollo NEA <b>2008 KT</b> ( $H$ = 28.0 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.97 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.90 LD. See: $2008 \text{ KT} - \text{JPL}$ , $2008 \text{ KT} - \text{SSA}$
2070, Jun 6	Aten NEA 163348 (2002 NN4, $H$ = 20.3 mag, $D \approx 300$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.95 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.95 LD. See: 2002 NN4 - SSA, 2002 NN4- JPL See also: 5 Jun 1924, 6 Jun 1965, 7 Jun 2130.
2070, Sep 12	Apollo NEA <b>2017 BL3</b> ( $H$ = 20.5 mag, $D \approx$ 280 m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.44 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.43 LD. See: 2017 BL3 - SSA, 2017 BL3 - JPL
2070, Sep 15	Aten NEA <b>2020 RF3</b> ( $H$ = 28.6 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.18 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.27 LD. See: $2020 \text{ RF3} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ RF3} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>14 Sep 1961</b> , <b>14 Sep 2020</b> .
2070, Oct 5	Apollo NEA <b>2016 TH</b> ( $H$ = 29.4 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.48 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.52 LD. See: 2016 TH - SSA, 2016 TH - JPL See also: <b>3 Oct 2016</b> .
<b>2071</b> , Feb 4	Apollo NEA <b>4660 Nereus</b> ( <b>1982 DB</b> , $H = 18.5$ mag, $D \approx 510$ x 330 x 240 m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at 5.81 LD. Minimum miss distance 5.80 LD.

	See: 4660 Nereus - SSA, 1982 DB - JPL Ref: - M. Brozovic, S.J. Ostro, L.A.M. Benner, et al., 2009, Icarus, 201, 153, "Radar observations and a physical model of asteroid 4660 Nereus, a prime space mission target." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009Icar201153B See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/4660_Nereus See also: 29 Jan 1900, 22 Jan 2002, 11 Dec 2021, 14 Feb 2060, 23 Dec 2112, 4 Feb 2166.
2071, Apr 13	Apollo NEA <b>2018 GN</b> ( $H = 26.3$ mag, $D \approx 20$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.26 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.28
	LD. See: 2018 GN - SSA, 2018 GN - JPL
2071, May 26	Binary Aten NEA 66391 (1999 KW4, $H = 16.9 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 1600 \text{ m}$ , PHA) will pass Earth at 6.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 6.82 LD. See: $66391 1999 \text{ KW4} - \text{SSA}$ , $1999 \text{ KW4} - \text{JPL}$ See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ $(66391) 1999 \text{ KW4}$ See also: 25 May 2001, 25 May 2019.
2071, Oct 30	Apollo NEA <b>154276</b> ( <b>2002</b> SY50, $H = 17.6$ mag, $D \approx 1060$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.41 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.41 LD. See: $154276\ 2002\ SY50\ - SSA$ , $2002\ SY50\ - JPL$
2071, Nov 22	Apollo NEA <b>2017 KB3</b> ( $H$ = 25.1 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.66 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.30 LD. See: 2017 KB3 - SSA, 2017 KB3 - JPL
2071, Dec 25	Aten NEA 2007 YS56 ( $H$ = 25.6 mag, $D \approx 27$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.70 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.51 LD. [2065-01] See: $2007 \text{ YS56} - \text{SSA}$ , $2007 \text{ YS56} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2072</b> , Mar 25	Apollo NEA <b>2012 FS35</b> , $H = 30.1$ mag, $D \approx 3$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.23 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.29 LD. See: 2012 FS35 - SSA, 2012 FS35 - JPL See also: <b>25 Mar 2012</b> .
2072, Apr 3	Apollo NEA <b>2007 SQ6</b> ( $H = 22.0 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 140 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.68 LD. Minimum miss

	distance 4.58 LD. See: 2007 SQ6 - SSA, 2007 SQ6 - JPL See also: 4 Apr 1929.
2072, Jul 26	Apollo NEA <b>2017 MB1</b> ( $H = 18.6 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 700 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.22 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.21 LD. See: $2017 \text{ MB1} - SSA$ , $2017 \text{ MB1} - JPL$
2072, Oct 17	Apollo NEA <b>453446</b> ( <b>2011 SM68</b> , $H$ = 19.4 mag, $D \approx 500$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.88 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.87 LD. See: $2011 \text{ SM68} - \text{SSA}$ , $2011 \text{ SM68} - \text{JPL}$
2072, Dec 18	Aten NEA <b>2017 YV8</b> ( $H = 27.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 12 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.97 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.0010 LD (= <b>0.062 R</b> _{Earth} <b>from the geocenter</b> ). See: <u>2017 YV8 - SSA</u> , <u>2017 YV8 - JPL</u>
<b>2073</b> , Apr 28	Apollo NEA <b>395207</b> ( <b>2010 HQ80</b> , $H$ = 19.9 mag, $D \approx 660$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.23 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.23 LD. See: $2010 \text{ HQ80} - \text{SSA}$ , $2010 \text{ HQ80} - \text{JPL}$
2073, Apr 29	Apollo NEA 164121 (2003 YT1, $H = 16.4$ mag, $D \approx 1100$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.41 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.41 LD. See: $164121 2003 \text{ YT1} - \text{SSA}$ , $2003 \text{ YT1} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 1 May 2175.
2073, Oct 8	Apollo NEA <b>2018 QT</b> ( $H$ = 21.1 mag, $D \approx$ 220 m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.05 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.05 LD. See: $2018 \text{ QT} - \text{SSA}$ , $2018 \text{ QT} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>10 Oct 2180</b> .
2073, Nov 16	Apollo NEA <b>2018 WG</b> ( $H$ = 29.4 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.39 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.34 LD. See: $2018$ WG - SSA, $2018$ WG - JPL See also: <b>16 Nov 2018</b> .
<b>2074</b> , Mar 24	Aten NEA <b>2010 FN</b> ( $H$ = 26.4 mag, $D \approx 18$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.91 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.29 LD. See: $2010 \text{ FN} - \text{SSA}$ , $2010 \text{ FN} - \text{JPL}$

	See also: 24 Oct 2001.
2074, May 3	Apollo NEA 2006 JY26 ( $H$ = 28.3 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.59 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.0035 LD (= 0.23 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). See: 2006 JY26 - SSA, 2006 JY26 - JPL Ref: - R. Brasser, P. Wiegert, 2008, <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 386, 2931, "Asteroids on Earth-like orbits and their origin." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008MNRAS.386.2031B See also: http://fromthegonzo.wordpress.com/2006/05/12/asteroid-impact-effects/
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2006_JY26 See also: 10 May 2006.
2074, Jun 9	Apollo NEA <b>2019 LW4</b> ( $H = 26.8$ mag, $D \approx 15$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.00 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.17 LD. See: 2019 LW4 - SSA, 2019 LW4 - JPL See also: 7 Jun 1976, 8 Jun 2019.
2074, Jun 22	Aten NEA <b>2020</b> LV ( $H = 25.3$ mag, $D \approx 30$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.61 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.73 LD. See: $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV – $2020$ LV
2074, Nov 2	Aten NEA 2020 VW ( $H = 28.5$ mag, $D \approx 7$ m) passed Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.07 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.0019 LD (= 0.12 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). See: $2020$ VW $- 2020$ VW $- 2020$ VW $- 2020$ See also: 2 Nov 2020.
<b>2075</b> , Apr 3	Apollo NEA <b>2020 FN3</b> ( $H$ = 24.5 mag, $D \approx 50$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.69 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.88 LD. See: $2020 \text{ FN3} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ FN3} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>20 Oct 1977</b> .
2075, Apr 16	Apollo NEA <b>2021 HC2</b> ( $H$ = 28.8 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.33 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.45 LD. See: $2021 \text{ HC2} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ HC2} - \text{JPL}$
2075, Nov 2	Apollo NEA <b>2016 VP1</b> ( $H = 27.3 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 13 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.71 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.55 LD.

	See: <u>2016 VP1 - SSA</u> , <u>2016 VP1 - JPL</u> See also: <b>1 Nov 1929</b> .
2075, Nov 8	Apollo NEA 308635 (2005 YU55, $H$ = 21.6 mag, $D$ = 306 m, $P_0$ = 1.22 yr, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.58 LD. Minimum Earth miss distance 0.50 LD. [2075-01] See: 308635 2005 YU55 - SSA, 2005 YU55 - JPL See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2005_YU55 See also: 18 Nov 2011.
<b>2076</b> , Jan 13	Apollo NEA <b>2020 QR7</b> ( $H = 19.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 500 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.18 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.51 LD. See: $2020 \text{ QR7} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ QR7} - \text{JPL}$
2076, Feb 12	Apollo NEA <b>2021</b> CQ <b>5</b> ( $H$ = 28.6 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.09 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.85 LD. See: $2021 \text{ CQ5} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ CQ5} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>11</b> Feb <b>2021</b> .
2076, May 8	Aten NEA <b>2021 JQ2</b> ( $H = 30.0$ mag, $D \approx 4$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.47 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.92 LD. See: $2021 \text{ JQ2} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ JQ2} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>8 May 2021</b> .
2076, May 15	Apollo NEA <b>2019 JH7</b> ( $H$ = 29.7 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.48 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.40 LD. See: 2019 JH7 - SSA , 2019 JH7 - JPL See also: <b>16 May 2019</b> .
2076, Aug 4	Apollo NEA 385343 (2002 LV, $H = 16.8$ mag, $D \approx 1730$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.18 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.18 LD. See: $385343\ 2002\ LV - SSA$ , $2002\ LV - JPL$
2076, Dec 6	Apollo NEA <b>162173 Ryugu</b> ( <b>1999 JU3</b> , $H$ = 19.5 mag, $D \approx 865$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.06 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.06 LD. See: <u>1999 JU3 - SSA</u> , <u>1999 JU3 - JPL</u> See also: <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/162173_Ryugu">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/162173_Ryugu</a>
<b>2077</b> , Jan 1	Aten NEA 2020 YA1 ( $H = 26.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 16 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at

	a nominal miss distance of 2.46 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.45 LD. See: 2020 YA1 – S2P, 2020 YA1 – JPL
2077, Mar 16	Apollo NEA <b>2015 PM</b> ( $H = 20.3 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 300 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.96 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.95 LD. See: $2015 \text{ PM} - \text{SSA}$ , $2015 \text{ PM} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>18 Mar 2198</b> .
2077, Oct 25	Apollo NEA 2011 WL2 ( $H = 21.0 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 230 \text{ m}$ , PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.21 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.19 LD.  See: 2011 WL2 - SSA, 2011 WL2 - JPL  See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2011_WL2  See also: 21 Apr 2038.
<b>2078</b> , May 14	Asteroid <b>2017 FE1</b> ( $H = 20.5$ mag, $D \approx 280$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.72 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.62 LD. See: 2017 FE1 - SSA, 2017 FE1 - JPL
2078, Aug 10	Apollo NEA 277475 (2005 WK4, $H = 20.1$ mag, $D \approx 300$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.98 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.97 LD. See: $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4- $2005$ WK4
2078, Oct 12	Apollo NEA <b>496817</b> ( <b>1989 VB</b> , $H = 20.1$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.75 LD. Minimum miss distance 6.75 LD. See: <u>1989 VB - SSA</u> , <u>1989 VB - JPL</u> See also: <b>13 Oct 1956</b> , <b>29 Sep 2017</b> .
<b>2079</b> , Jan 16	Aten NEA <b>2021</b> C <b>Z2</b> ( $H$ = 22.5 mag, $D \approx 110$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.05 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.96 LD. See: $2021$ CZ2 – S2P, $2021$ CZ2 – JPL
2079, Jan 29	Aten NEA <b>2019 BE5</b> ( $H = 25.1$ mag, $D \approx 30$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.64 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.59 LD. [2079-01] See: $2019 \text{ BE5} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ BE5} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>30 Jan 2060</b> .

2079, Feb 23	Aten NEA <b>2020 DO3</b> ( $H$ = 27.5 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.08 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.91 LD. See: $2020 DO3 - S2P$ , $2020 DO3 - JPL$
2079, Mar 10	Apollo NEA 2017 VR12 ( $H = 20.6 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 260 \text{ m}$ , PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.56 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.56 LD.  See: $2017 \text{ VR12} - \text{SSA}$ , $2017 \text{ VR12} - \text{JPL}$ See also: $7 \text{ Mar 2018}$ .  See also: $\frac{\text{https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2017_VR12}}{\text{https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2017_VR12}}$
2079, Apr 16	Amor NEA 52768 (1998 OR2, $H = 16.1$ mag, $D \approx 2100$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.61 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.61 LD.  See: $52768 1998 OR2 - SSA$ , $1998 OR2 - JPL$ See also: $16 \text{ Apr } 2127$ .  See also: $\frac{16 \text{ Apr } 2127}{\frac{1998 OR2}{\frac{1998 OR2}{\frac$
2079, Apr 26	Apollo NEA <b>2020 HF5</b> ( $H$ = 26.8 mag, $D \approx 16$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.95 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.80 LD. See: 2020 HF5 – S2P, 2020 HF5 – JPL See also: <b>26 Apr 1975</b> , <b>22 Apr 2020</b> .
2079, Sep 15	Apollo NEA <b>2020 RD4</b> ( $H$ = 29.8 mag, $D \approx 4$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.49 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.27 LD. [2079-02] See: $2020 \text{ RD4} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ RD4} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>15 Sep 2002, 14 Sep 2020</b> .
<b>2080</b> , Jun 9	Amor NEA <b>2015 DP155</b> ( $H$ = 21.7 mag, $D \approx 160$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.50 LD. Minimum miss distance 9.50 LD. See: 2015 DP155 - SSA, 2015 DP155 - JPL See also: <b>11 Jun 2018</b> .
2080, Aug 31	Apollo NEA 163132 (2002 CU11, $H = 18.7$ mag, $D \approx 460$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.65 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.65 LD. See: 2002 CU11 - SSA, 2002 CU11 - JPL See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(163132)_2002_CU11 See also: 30 Aug 1925.

2080, Nov 1	Apollo NEA <b>2020 HM7</b> ( $H = 26.0$ mag, $D \approx 23$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.03 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.82 LD. See: $2020 \text{ HM7} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ HM7} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2081,</b> Feb 14	Aten NEA 2020 CL1 ( $H=20.0$ mag, $D\approx 400$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.60 LD. Minimum miss distance 5.13 LD. See: $2020$ CL1 $-$ S2P, $2020$ CL1 $-$ JPL See also: 15 Feb 1940, 15 Feb 1991, 15 Feb 2036, 16 Feb 2118, 16 Feb 2155
2081, Mar 17	Aten NEA <b>2020 FL</b> ( $H$ = 24.8 mag, $D \approx 40$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.59 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.98 LD. See: $2020 \text{ FL} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ FL} - \text{JPL}$
2081, Mar 22	Aten NEA <b>2006 GB</b> ( $H = 20.2$ mag, $D \approx 300$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.83 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.83 LD. See: $2006$ GB - SSA, $2006$ GB - JPL See also: <b>22 Mar 1942</b> , <b>22 Mar 2037</b> .
2081, Sep 5	Aten NEA <b>2020 RY2</b> ( $H$ = 26.6 mag, $D \approx 17$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.98 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.65 LD. See: $2020 \text{ RY2} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ RY2} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2082</b> , Feb 11	Apollo NEA <b>2013 PS13</b> ( $H = 27.2$ mag, $D \approx 13$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.35 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.20 See: 2013 PS13 - SSA, 2013 PS13 - JPL See: <b>9 Aug 2013</b> .
2082, Nov 16	Apollo NEA <b>2020 VH5</b> ( $H$ = 29.2 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.54 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.68 LD. See: $2020 \text{ VH5} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ VH5} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>13 Nov 2020</b> .
2082, Dec 13	Apollo NEA <b>2010 MU112</b> ( $H = 20.9 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 599 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.69 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.68 LD. See: 2010 MU112 - SSA, 2010 MU112 - JPL See also: <b>13 Dec 1933</b> .

<b>2083</b> , May 3	Aten NEA 467460 (2006 JF42, $H = 19.0$ mag, $D \approx 600$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.55 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.55 LD. See: $2006$ JF42 - SSA, $2006$ JF42 - JPL See also: 4 May 2159.
2083, Jun 2	Amor NEA <b>423321</b> ( <b>2005 ED318</b> , $H = 20.7$ mag, $D \approx 202$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.44 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.44 LD. See: $2005 ED318 - SSA$ , $2005 ED318 - JPL$ See also: <b>14 Jun 2166</b> .
<b>2084</b> , Nov 22	Apollo NEA <b>2005</b> LW3 ( $H = 21.7$ mag, $D \approx 160$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.17 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.15 LD.  See: $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3 - $2005$ LW3
<b>2085</b> , May 1	Apollo NEA <b>2017 JB2</b> ( $H = 29.3$ mag, $D \approx 5$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.01 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.80 LD. See: <u>2017 JB2 - SSA</u> , <u>2017 JB2 - JPL</u> See also: <b>4 May 2017</b> .
2085, Sep 22	Apollo NEA <b>2016</b> CW193 ( $H = 21.8$ mag, $D \approx 160$ m, PHA), will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.48 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.48 LD. See: $2016$ CW193 – SSA, $2016$ CW193 – JPL
2085, Sep 25	Apollo NEA <b>2018 BP</b> ( $H = 20.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 260 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ), will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.68 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.64 LD. See: $2018 \text{ BP} - \text{SSA}$ , $2018 \text{ BP} - \text{JPL}$
2085, Nov 21	Aten NEA <b>2019 OR1</b> ( $H$ = 21.1 mag, $D \approx 220$ m, <b>PHA</b> ), will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.41 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.38 LD. See: $2019 \text{ OR1} - \text{JPL}$ , $2019 \text{ OR1} - \text{SSA}$ See also: <b>19 Nov 1902</b> , <b>21 Nov 2100</b> , <b>21 Nov 2178</b> .
<b>2086</b> , Feb 28	Aten NEA <b>2019 EM1</b> ( $H$ = 22.3 mag, $D \approx 120$ m), will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.85 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.08 LD. See: $2019 \text{ EM1} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ EM1} - \text{JPL}$
2086, Jul 5	Aten NEA <b>2018 NX</b> ( $H = 27.9$ mag, $D \approx 9$ m) will pass Earth at a

	nominal miss distance of 0.70 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.69 LD. [2086-01] See: 2018 NX - SSA, 2018 NX - JPL See also: 7 July 1990, 7 July 2018.
2086, Oct 21	Aten NEA 2340 Hathor (1976 UA, $H = 20.5$ mag, $D \approx 210$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.15 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.15 LD. See: 2340 Hathor - SSA, 1976 UA - JPL See also: <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2340_Hathor">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2340_Hathor</a> See also: 20 Oct 1921, 20 Oct 1976, 21 Oct 2069.
2086, Oct 22	Apollo NEA 171576 (1999 VP11, $H = 18.7$ mag, $D \approx 700$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.03 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.03 LD. See: 1999 VP11 - JPL, 1999 VP11 - SSA See also: 21 Oct 1965, 21 Oct 1982.
2086, Oct 31	Apollo NEA 69230 Hermes (1937 UB, $H=17.5 \text{ mag}$ , $D\approx 1100 \text{ m}$ , PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.48 LD. Minimum miss distance 9.48 LD. See: 69230 Hermes - SSA, 1937 UB - JPL See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/69230 Hermes See also: 29 Oct 1914, 30 Oct 1937, 26 Apr 1942, 1 Nov 1954, 30 Apr 2123.
<b>2087,</b> Jan 5	Apollo NEA <b>2014 AD16</b> ( $H$ = 27.7 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 10.00 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.57 LD. See: 2014 AD16 - SSA, 2014 AD16 - JPL
2087, Feb 15	Aten NEA 367943 Duende (2012 DA14, $H = 24.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 40 \times 20 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.51 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.78 LD. See: 367943 Duende - SSA, 2012 DA14 - JPL See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2012_DA14 See also: 17 Feb 1918, 19 Aug 2004, 16 Feb 2012, 15 Feb 2013, 15 Feb 2046.
2087, Jul 23	Apollo NEA <b>2016</b> CE31 ( $H$ = 27.7 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.44 LD. See: 2016 CE31 - SSA, 2016 CE31 - JPL

<b>2088</b> , Feb 9	Apollo NEA <b>2018</b> CN2 ( $H = 27.6$ mag, $D \approx 11$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.45 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.90 LD. See: $2018$ CN2 - SSA, $2018$ CN2 - JPL See also: <b>8</b> Feb 1935, <b>9</b> Feb 2018.
2088, Mar 17	Apollo NEA <b>2019 FE</b> ( $H = 24.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 50 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.59 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.09 LD. See: $2019 \text{ FE} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ FE} - \text{JPL}$
2088, May 15	Apollo NEA <b>2012 HZ33</b> ( $H$ = 20.5 mag, $D \approx$ 280 m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.74 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.74 LD. See: 2012 HZ33 - SSA, 2012 HZ33 - JPL
<b>2089</b> , Jan 10	Apollo NEA <b>2016 AB166</b> ( $H$ = 24.6 mag, $D \approx$ 40 m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.36 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.36 LD. See: 2016 AB166 - SSA, 2016 AB166 - JPL
2089, Feb 7	Aten NEA <b>2020 DK</b> ( $H$ = 26.1 mag, $D \approx 21$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.68 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.80 LD. See: $2020 \text{ DK} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ DK} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>9 Feb 2032</b> .
2089, Mar 15	Apollo NEA 216985 (2000 QK130, $H = 21.3$ mag, $D \approx 200$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.85 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.74 LD. See: $2000 \text{ QK130} - \text{SSA}$ , $2000 \text{ QK130} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 12 Mar 1916, 14 Mar 1968, 15 Mar 2036.
2089, Oct 9	Apollo NEA <b>2015</b> TC25 ( $H$ = 29.3 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.84 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.62 LD. See: 2015 TC25 - SSA, 2015 TC25 - JPL
<b>2090</b> , Apr 11	Aten NEA <b>2015</b> XF261 ( $H$ = 25.3 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.99 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.92 LD. [2090-01] See: $2015$ XF261 - SSA , $2015$ XF261 - JPL
2090, Jun 14	Apollo NEA <b>1566 Icarus</b> ( <b>1949 MA</b> , $H = 16.3$ mag, $D \approx 1300$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of ~17 LD. Minimal miss distance ~17 LD.

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	See: <u>1566 Icarus - SSA</u> , <u>1949 MA - JPL</u>
	See also:
	http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=4625
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1566 Icarus
	See also: 14 Jun 1968, 16 Jun 2015.
2090, Nov 5	Apollo NEA <b>2017 VE</b> ( $H$ = 26.6 mag, $D \approx 17$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.59 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.74 LD. See: 2017 VE - SSA, 2017 VE - JPL
	See also: 4 Nov 2017.
<b>2091</b> , Oct 14	Apollo/Aten (?) NEA <b>2020 TK7</b> ( $H = 29.6$ mag, $D \approx 4$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.97 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.70 LD.
	See: <u>2020 TK7 – S2P</u> , <u>2020 TK7 - JPL</u>
	See also: 14 Oct 2020.
2091, Nov 2	Apollo NEA <b>2019 VA1</b> ( $H = 27.5 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 11 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth
2091, NOV 2	at a nominal miss distance of 5.73 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.73 LD.
	See: <u>2019 VA1 – SSA</u> , <u>2019 VA1 – JPL</u>
<b>2092</b> , Apr 26	Aten NEA <b>2014 JU15</b> ( $H = 24.9 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 40 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.64 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.32 LD.
	See: <u>2014 JU15 - SSA</u> , <u>2014 JU15 - JPL</u> See also: <b>28 Apr 2110</b> .
2092, May 12	Apollo NEA <b>2021 JY5</b> ( $H = 27.4 \text{ mag}, D \approx 12 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth
2092, May 12	at a nominal miss distance of 3.92 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.08 LD.
	See: <u>2021 JY5 – S2P</u> , <u>2021 JY5 – JPL</u>
2092, Jun 8	Apollo NEA <b>2020 KR4</b> ( $H = 20.9 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 300 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will
	pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.96 LD. Minimum miss
	distance 0.33 LD.
	See: <u>2020 KR4 – S2P</u> , <u>2020 KR4 – JPL</u>
2092, Oct 6	Apollo NEA 2015 TQ21 ( $H = 27.6 \text{ mag}, D \approx 11 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth
2072, 00: 0	at a nominal miss distance of 2.40 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.53 LD.
	See: 2015 TQ21 - SSA, 2015 TQ21 - JPL
	See also: 7 Oct. 2015.
2092, Oct 26	Apollo NEA <b>2019 UB6</b> ( $H = 28.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at
Í	a nominal miss distance of 3.08 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.97
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	1.0
	LD. See: <u>2019 UB6 – SSA</u> , <u>2019 UB6 – JPL</u>
2092, Oct 27	Aten NEA <b>2004 TD10</b> ( $H$ = 22.2 mag, $D \approx 130$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.05 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.05 LD. See: $2004 \text{ TD10} - \text{SSA}$ , $2004 \text{ TD10} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2093</b> , Apr 1	Apollo NEA <b>2011 GG60</b> ( $H$ = 22.3 mag, $D \approx 140$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.51 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.38 LD. See: 2011 GG60 - SSA , 2011 GG60 - JPL
2093, Apr 19	Apollo NEA <b>2014 SM143</b> ( $H = 20.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 290 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.87 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.87 LD. See: $2014 \text{ SM143} - \text{SSA}$ , $2014 \text{ SM143} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>20 Apr 1934</b> , <b>23 Oct 2197</b> .
2093, Sep 27	Apollo NEA <b>2018 TR</b> ( $H$ = 25.5 mag, $D \approx 28$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.50 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.54 LD. See: 2018 TR - SSA, 2018 TR - JPL
2093, Oct 5	Apollo NEA <b>350751</b> ( <b>2002 AW</b> , $H = 21.1$ mag, $D \approx 210$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.21 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.13 LD. See: $2002$ AW - SSA , $2002$ AW - JPL
2093, Nov 30	Aten NEA <b>153201</b> ( <b>2000 WO107</b> , $H = 19.1$ mag, $D \approx 510$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at 3.23 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.23 LD. See: 2000 WO107 - JPL, 2000 WO107 - SSA See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(153201)_2000_WO107 See also: <b>29 Nov 1953</b> , <b>1 Dec 2140</b> .
2093, Dec 14	Apollo NEA <b>3200 Phaethon</b> ( <b>1983 TB</b> , $H = 14.4$ mag, $D \approx 5.1 \pm 0.2$ km, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.71 LD. Minimum miss distance 7.71 LD. See: <u>3200 Phaethon - SSA</u> , <u>1983 TB - JPL</u> See also: <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/3200_Phaethon">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/3200_Phaethon</a> See also: <b>16 Dec 2017</b> .
<b>2094</b> , Mar 13	Apollo NEA <b>2017 FD157</b> ( $H = 22.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 130 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.99 LD. Minimum miss

Earth at a nominal midistance 0.12 LD. See: 2013 YD48 - SS  Apollo NEA 2015 JJ a nominal miss distant LD. See: 2015 JJ - SSA , 2 See also: 4 Nov 1989  2095, Mar 24  Aten NEA 2016 FZ1 a nominal miss distant LD. See: 2016 FZ13 - SS See also: 23 March 2  2095, Apr 2  Apollo NEA 2006 GG pass Earth at a nomin distance 1.94 LD. See: 2006 GC1 - JPL  2095, Apr 9  Apollo NEA 297300 PHA) will pass Earth Minimum miss distant See: 1998 SC15 - JPL  2095, May 13  Apollo NEA 2019 JJ a nominal miss distant LD. See: 2019 JJ3 - SSA See also: 7 May 1970  2095, Sep 6  Apollo NEA 2010 RI at a nominal miss distant anominal miss distant LD. See: 2019 JJ3 - SSA See also: 7 May 1970	PL , 2017 FD157 - SSA 22.
a nominal miss distant LD.  See: 2015 JJ - SSA, 2  See also: 4 Nov 1989  2095, Mar 24  Aten NEA 2016 FZ13  a nominal miss distant LD.  See: 2016 FZ13 - SS  See also: 23 March 2  2095, Apr 2  Apollo NEA 2006 GG  pass Earth at a nominal distance 1.94 LD.  See: 2006 GC1 - JPL  2095, Apr 9  Apollo NEA 297300  PHA) will pass Earth Minimum miss distant See: 1998 SC15 - JPL  2095, May 13  Apollo NEA 2019 JJ  a nominal miss distant LD.  See: 2019 JJ3 - SSA  See also: 7 May 1970  2095, Sep 6  Apollo NEA 2010 RI at a nominal miss disgeocenter). Minimum from the geocenter). See: 2010 RF12 - SS	<b>D48</b> ( $H = 22.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 100 \text{ m}$ ) will pass iss distance of 6.59 LD. Minimum miss <b>SA</b> , 2013 YD48 - JPL
a nominal miss distant LD.  See: 2016 FZ13 - SS  See also: 23 March 2  2095, Apr 2  Apollo NEA 2006 GO pass Earth at a nominal distance 1.94 LD. See: 2006 GC1 - JPL  2095, Apr 9  Apollo NEA 297300 PHA) will pass Earth Minimum miss distant See: 1998 SC15 - JPL  2095, May 13  Apollo NEA 2019 JJ a nominal miss distant LD. See: 2019 JJ3 - SSA See also: 7 May 1970  2095, Sep 6  Apollo NEA 2010 RI at a nominal miss distant anominal miss distant the geocenter). Minimum from the geocenter). See: 2010 RF12 - SSA	$J$ ( $H$ = 22.3 mag, $D \approx 130$ m) will pass Earth at acce of 4.00 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.96 $\frac{2015 \text{ JJ} - \text{JPL}}{2.5 \text{ Nov 2050}}$ , 6 Nov 2110.
pass Earth at a nomini distance 1.94 LD. See: 2006 GC1 - JPL  2095, Apr 9  Apollo NEA 297300 PHA) will pass Earth Minimum miss distant See: 1998 SC15 - JPL  2095, May 13  Apollo NEA 2019 JJ a nominal miss distant LD. See: 2019 JJ3 - SSA See also: 7 May 1970  2095, Sep 6  Apollo NEA 2010 RI at a nominal miss distant geocenter). Minimum from the geocenter). See: 2010 RF12 - SSA	3 ( $H = 28.5 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at nee of 6.47 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.39 6A, 2016 FZ13 - JPL 2016.
PHA) will pass Earth Minimum miss distant See: 1998 SC15 - JPI  2095, May 13  Apollo NEA 2019 JJ a nominal miss distant LD. See: 2019 JJ3 - SSA See also: 7 May 1970  2095, Sep 6  Apollo NEA 2010 RI at a nominal miss distant geocenter). Minimum from the geocenter). See: 2010 RF12 - SSA	C1 ( $H = 20.9 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 230 \text{ m}$ , PHA) will nal miss distance of 4.11 LD. Minimum miss $a_{1}$ , $a_{2} = 2006 \text{ GC1} - 800 \text{ Minimum}$
a nominal miss distant LD.  See: 2019 JJ3 – SSA See also: 7 May 1970  2095, Sep 6  Apollo NEA 2010 RI at a nominal miss dis geocenter). Minimum from the geocenter). See: 2010 RF12 - SSA	
at a nominal miss dis geocenter). Minimum from the geocenter). See: 2010 RF12 - SS2	
http://en.wikipedia.org/ See also: 10 Sep 1915, 2095, Oct 27 Apollo NEA 35396 (2)	A , 2010 RF12 - JPL /wiki/2010_RF12

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	PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.09 LD.  Minimum miss distance 5.05 LD.
	See: <u>35396 1997 XF11 - SSA</u> , <u>1997 XF11 - JPL</u> See also:
	http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=60 http://www.minorplanetcenter.net/iau/pressinfo/1997XF11Globe.html
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(35396)_1997_XF11 See also: 11 Mar 1998, 26 Oct 2028.
2095, Dec 9	Apollo NEA <b>2015 XX128</b> ( $H = 26.1$ mag, $D \approx 22$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.92 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.49 LD. [2095-02] See: $2015$ XX128-SSA, $2015$ XX128 - JPL
2095, Dec 11	Apollo NEA <b>2013</b> XY8 ( $H$ = 25.0 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.89 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.84 LD. [2095-03] See: $2013 \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-$
<b>2096</b> , Feb 29	Apollo NEA <b>269690</b> ( <b>1996 RG3</b> , $H = 18.5$ mag, $D \approx 879$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.43 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.43 LD. See: <u>1996 RG3 - JPL</u> , <u>1996 RG3 - SSA</u>
2096, Apr 11	Apollo NEA <b>2018</b> TJ6 ( $H$ = 23.5 mag, $D \approx 70$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.37 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.58 LD. See: $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ Sec. $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ6 - $2018$ TJ7 - $2018$ TJ7 - $2018$ TJ7 - $2018$ TJ7 - $2018$ TJ7 - $2018$ TJ7 - $2018$ TJ7 - $2018$ TJ7 - $2018$ TJ7 - $2018$ TJ7 - $2018$ TJ7 - $2018$
2096, May 7	Apollo NEA <b>438908</b> ( <b>2009 XO</b> , $H = 20.1$ mag, $D \approx 300$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.02 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.02 LD. See: $2009 \times O - JPL$ , $2009 \times O - SSA$ Se also: <b>7 May 2020</b> .
2096, Oct 12	Apollo NEA <b>475016</b> ( <b>2005 UO</b> , $H$ = 21.9 mag, $D \approx 164$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.26 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.26 LD. See: 2005 UO - SSA, 2005 UO - JPL
2096, Dec 26	Aten NEA <b>2010</b> XC15 ( $H$ = 21.6 mag, $D \approx 170$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.89 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.67 LD. See: $2010 \times 15 - 100 \times 15 - 100 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 \times 15 \times 15 = 100 \times 15 \times 15 \times 15 \times 15 \times 15 \times 15 \times 15 $

	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2010_XC15 See also: 26 Dec 1907, 27 Dec 1914, 27 Dec 1976, 27 Dec 2022, 28 Dec 2059, 26 Dec 2064.
<b>2097</b> , Dec 14	Apollo NEA <b>2016 WJ1</b> ( $H$ = 21.4 mag, $D \approx 180$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.23 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.21 LD. See: 2016 WJ1 - SSA, 2016 WJ1 - JPL See also: <b>14 Dec 1920</b> , <b>14 Dec 2061</b> .
2097, Dec 23	Apollo NEA <b>2020 YN2</b> ( $H$ = 28.4 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.90 LD. See: 2020 YN2 – S2P, 2020 YN2 – JPL See also: <b>22 Dec 2020</b> .
<b>2098</b> , Jan 12	Apollo NEA <b>2021 AX1</b> ( $H$ = 27.6 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.62 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.36 LD. [2098-01] See: $2021 \text{ AX1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ AX1} - \text{JPL}$
2098, Mar 23	Apollo NEA <b>2021 FT1</b> ( $H$ = 24.4 mag, $D \approx 50$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.23 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15 LD. [2098-02] See: $2021$ FT1 - $202$ , $2021$ FT1 - $202$
2098, Nov 25	Apollo NEA <b>2017 WA14</b> ( $H = 27.5 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 11 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.55 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.98 LD. See: 2017 WA14 - SSA, 2017 WA14 - JPL See also: 21 Nov 2017.
<b>2099</b> , Jan 28	Apollo NEA <b>2020 BK13</b> ( $H$ = 28.5 mag, $D \approx 7$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.05 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.76 LD. See: 2020 BK13 – S2P, 2020 BK13 – JPL
2099, Apr 3	Apollo NEA <b>2018 GZ</b> ( $H$ = 27.5 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.44 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.06 LD. See: 2018 GZ - SSA , 2018 GZ - JPL
2099, Aug 5	Aten NEA <b>2018 MD7</b> ( $H = 22.6$ mag, $D \approx 110$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.52 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.79 LD. See: $2018 \text{ MD7} - \text{SSA}$ , $2018 \text{ MD7} - \text{JPL}$

2099, Dec 18	Aten NEA 33342 (1998 WT24, <i>H</i> = 18.3 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 415 m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.92 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.92 LD.  See: 33342 1998 WT24 - SSA, 1998 WT24 - JPL  Ref:  - A.M. MacRobert, <i>Sky &amp; Telescope</i> , 25 June 2004, "A close visitor tumbles by."  See: http://www.skyandtelescope.com/news/3304726.html  - M.W. Busch, L.A.M. Benner, S.J. Ostro, et al., 2008, <i>Icarus</i> , 195, 614, "Physical properties of near-Earth asteroid (33342) 1998 WT24."  See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008Icar195614B corrigendum 2008, <i>Icarus</i> , 197, 375.  See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008Icar197375B  See also: http://antwrp.gsfc.nasa.gov/apod/ap011224.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(33342) 1998 WT24  See also: 16 Dec 1908, 16 Dec 1956, 16 Dec 2001, 11 Dec 2015.
	See also: 16 Dec 1908, 16 Dec 1950, 16 Dec 2001, 11 Dec 2015.
<b>2100</b> , Apr 26	Apollo NEA <b>2011 JA</b> ( $H = 21.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 190 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.54 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.54 LD. [2100-01] See: $2011 \text{ JA} - SSA$ , $2011 \text{ JA} - JPL$
2100, Apr 27	Apollo NEA <b>363116</b> ( <b>2001</b> GQ2, $H = 20.0$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.32 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.32 LD. See: $2001$ GQ2 - JPL, $2001$ GQ2 - SSA
2100, Jun 30	Apollo NEA <b>2020 ME1</b> ( $H = 26.3 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 20 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.41 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.27 LD. See: $2020 \text{ ME1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ ME1} - \text{JPL}$
2100, Nov 21	Aten NEA <b>2019 OR1</b> ( $H = 21.0$ mag, $D \approx 220$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.95 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.91 LD. See: $\frac{2019 \text{ OR1} - \text{S2P}}{\text{S2P}}$ , $\frac{2019 \text{ OR1} - \text{JPL}}{\text{S2P}}$ See als: <b>19 Nov 1902</b> , <b>20 Nov 2085</b> , <b>21 Nov 2178</b> .
<b>2101</b> , Jan 2	Apollo NEA <b>456938</b> ( <b>2007</b> YV <b>56</b> , $H$ = 21.0 mag, $D \approx$ 220 m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.62 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.62 LD. [2101-01] See: $2007$ YV56 - SSA, $2007$ YV56 - JPL See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2007 YV56

2101, Aug 6	Apollo NEA 399457 (2002 PD43, $H = 19.2$ mag, $D \approx 500$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.43 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.41 LD. See: $2002$ PD43 - JPL, $2002$ PD43 - SSA
2101, Oct 25	Apollo NEA <b>2020 FM6</b> ( $H = 21.9 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 150 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.90 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.97 LD. See: $2020 \text{ FM6} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ FM6} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>24 Oct 1964</b> .
<b>2102</b> , Jan 7	Apollo NEA 471240 (2011 BT15, $H = 21.7$ mag, $D \approx 160$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.42 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.33 LD. See: 2011 BT15 - JPL, 2011 BT15 - SSA See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(471240)_2011_BT15 See also: 3 Jan 1983.
2102, Mar 13	Aten NEA <b>2021 ER4</b> ( $H$ = 27.2 mag, $D \approx 13$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.03 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.34 LD. See: $2021 \text{ ER4} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ ER4} - \text{JPL}$
2102, May 15	Apollo NEA <b>2010 WC9</b> ( $H = 23.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 60 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 14.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.89 LD. See: $2010 \text{ WC9} - \text{SSA}$ , $2010 \text{ WC9} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2010_WC9">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2010_WC9</a> See also: <b>15 May 2018</b> , <b>17 May 2156</b>
2102, Aug 30	Aten NEA <b>2020 QV6</b> ( $H$ = 22.5 mag, $D \approx 110$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.35 LD. Minimum miss distance 8.35 LD. See: 2020 QV6 – S2P, 2020 QV6 – JPL See also: <b>28 Aug 2020, 30 Aug 2184</b>
2102, Aug 31	Apollo NEA <b>2009 DM45</b> ( $H = 21.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 200 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.72 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.70 LD. See: $2019 \text{ DM45} - \text{S2P}$ , $2019 \text{ DM45} - \text{JPL}$
2102, Sep 12	Apollo NEA <b>2020 DR2</b> ( $H = 18.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 600 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 11.44 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.14 LD.

	See: <u>2020 DR2 – S2P</u> , <u>2020 DR2 - JPL</u>
2102, Oct 31	Aten NEA <b>2015 VK1</b> ( $H$ = 26.2 mag, $D \approx 20$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.62 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.71 LD. See: $2015 \text{ VK1} - \text{SSA}$ , $2015 \text{ VK1} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2103</b> , Feb 22	Aten NEA <b>1995</b> CR, $H = 21.9$ mag, $D \approx 100$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.29 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.28 LD. See: <u>1995</u> CR - JPL, <u>1995</u> CR - SSA
2103, Mar 21	Apollo NEA 231937 (2001 FO32, $H = 17.6$ mag, $D \approx 1100$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.22 LD. Minimum miss distance 8.17 LD. See: $2001 \text{ FO32} - \text{S2P}$ , $2001 \text{ FO32} - \text{JPL}$ But, $2001 \text{ NEOWISE}$ : $2001 \text{ FO32} - \text{JPL}$ But, $2001 \text{ NEOWISE}$ : $2001 \text{ FO32} - \text{JPL}$ But, $2001 \text{ FO32} - \text{JPL}$ March $2001 \text{ JPL}$ http://neo.ssa.esa.int/newsletters [March 2021] https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/asteroid-2001-fo32-will-safely-pass-by-earth-march-21 See also: 21 Mar 2021, 22 Mar 2052.
2103, Oct 10	Apollo NEA <b>2010 TW54</b> ( $H$ = 27.5 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.96 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.16 LD. See: 2010 TW54 - SSA, 2010 TW54 - JPL See also: <b>9 Oct 2010</b> .
<b>2104</b> , Sep 24	Aten NEA <b>2008</b> ST ( $H$ = 27.4 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.75 LD. <b>Minimum miss distance 0 LD</b> . See: $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST - $2008$ ST -
<b>2105</b> , Feb 26	Apollo NEA <b>2017 DR34</b> ( $H$ = 29.2 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.92 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.997 LD. See: $2017 DR34 - SSA$ , $2017 DR34 - JPL$
2105, Aug 24	Apollo NEA <b>2020 QR5</b> ( $H$ = 27.3 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.97 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.11 LD. See: $2020 \text{ QR5} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ QR5} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>20 Aug 1959</b> , <b>23 Aug 2020</b> .
<b>2106</b> , Apr 21	Apollo NEA 162416 (2000 EH26, $H = 21.7$ mag, $D \approx 141$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.61 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.59 LD.

	See: 2000 EH26 - JPL, 2000 EH26 - SSA See also: 22 Jun 2167.
<b>2107</b> , May 7	Aten NEA <b>2015</b> KE ( $H = 26.3$ mag, $D \approx 20$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.81 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.10 LD. See: 2015 KE - SSA, 2015 KE - JPL See also: <b>18</b> Sep 1955.
<b>2108</b> , Jan 17	Apollo NEA <b>2011 BU59</b> ( $H$ = 26.3 mag, $D \approx$ 20 m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.34 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.34 LD. See: $2011 \text{ BU59} - \text{SSA}$ , $2011 \text{ BU59} - \text{JPL}$
2108, Jul 2	Asteroid 436724 (2011 UW158, $H = 20.0$ mag, $D \approx 600$ x 300 m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.26 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.26 LD. See: 2011 UW158 - JPL, 2011 UW158 - SSA See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(436724)_2011_UW158 See also: 1 Jul 1978.
2108, Oct 1	Apollo NEA <b>2016 TD</b> ( $H = 28.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 7 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.69 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.87 LD. See: 2016 TD - SSA, 2016 TD - JPL See also: <b>30 Sep 2016</b> .
<b>2110</b> , Apr 28	Aten NEA <b>2014 JU15</b> ( $H$ = 24.9 mag, $D \approx 40$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.39 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.07 LD. See: 2014 JU15 - SSA, 2014 JU15 - JPL See also: <b>26 Apr 2092</b> .
2110, Jun 4	Aten NEA <b>437844</b> ( <b>1999 MN</b> , $H = 20.8$ mag, $D \approx 240$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.64 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.64 LD. See: <u>1999 MN - JPL</u> , <u>1999 MN - SSA</u> See also: <b>2 Jun 1938</b> , <b>2 Jun 1943</b> , <b>4 Jun 2137</b> , <b>3 Jun 2148</b> .
2110, Nov 6	Apollo NEA <b>2015</b> JJ ( $H$ = 22.3 mag, $D \approx 130$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.97 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.53 LD. See: 2015 JJ - SSA, 2015 JJ - JPL See also: <b>4 Nov 1989</b> , <b>5 Nov 2050</b> , <b>5 Nov 2094</b> .
2110, Dec 16	Apollo NEA <b>2019 YS</b> ( $H = 31.5 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 1.8 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth

	at a nominal miss distance of 7.35 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.21 LD. See: 2019 YS – SSA, 2019 YS – JPL
<b>2111</b> , Aug 3	Apollo NEA <b>2019 YB4</b> ( $H = 26.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 19 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.67 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.86 LD. See: $2019 \text{ YB4} - \text{S2P}$ , $2019 \text{ YB4} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>2 Aug 2112</b> .
2111, Aug 19	Apollo NEA <b>2020 QF2</b> ( $H = 27.9$ mag, $D \approx 9$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.89 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.70 LD. See: $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$ QF2 – $2020$
2111, Aug 26	Aten NEA <b>2018 QS1</b> ( $H$ = 27.5 mag, $D \approx 11$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.75 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.57 LD. See: 2018 QS1 - SSA, 2018 QS1 - JPL
<b>2112</b> , Aug 2	Apollo NEA <b>2019 YB4</b> ( $H = 26.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 19 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.15 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.85 LD. See: $2019 \text{ YB4} - \text{S2P}$ , $2019 \text{ YB4} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>3 Aug 2111</b> .
2112, Nov 8	Apollo NEA <b>2017</b> UJ43 ( $H$ = 27.9 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.45 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.18 LD. [2112-01] See: $2017$ UJ43 - SSA , $2017$ UJ43 - JPL
2112, Dec 23	Apollo NEA 4660 Nereus (1982 DB, <i>H</i> = 18.8 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 510 x 320 x 240 m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal distance of 6.96 LD. Minimum distance 6.89 LD See: 4660 Nereus - SSA, 1982 DB - JPL Ref:  - M. Brozovic, S.J. Ostro, L.A.M. Benner, et al., 2009, <i>Icarus</i> , 201, 153, "Radar observations and a physical model of asteroid 4660 Nereus, a prime space mission target."  See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009Icar201153B  - K. Kitazato, S. Abe, M. Ishiguro, et al., October 2012, American Astronomical Society, DPS meeting #44, #210.20, "Measuring the YORP effect of asteroid 4660 Nereus."  See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2012DPS4421020K See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/4660_Nereus

	See also: 22 Jan 2002, 11 Dec 2021, 14 Feb 2060, 4 Feb 2071, 4 Feb 2166.
<b>2114,</b> Jan 4	Apollo NEA <b>2019 NW5</b> ( $H = 23.8$ mag, $D \approx 60$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.31 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.93 LD. See: 2019 NW5 - JPL, 2019 NW5 - SSA
2114, Mar 2	Aten NEA <b>2019 EM1</b> ( $H = 22.5$ mag, $D \approx 110$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.95 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.89 LD. [2114-01] See: 2019 EM1 - JPL, 2019 EM1 - SSA See also: <b>28 Feb 2086</b> .
<b>2115</b> , Jul 29	Aten NEA <b>2018 PZ21</b> ( $H$ = 26.7 mag, $D \approx 16$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.54 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.34 LD. See: 2018 PZ21 - SSA, 2018 PZ21 - JPL See also: <b>30 Jul 2119</b> .
<b>2116</b> , Apr 4	Aten NEA <b>2014 GC49</b> ( $H$ = 28.9 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.99 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.63 LD. See: 2014 GC49 - SSA, 2014 GC49 - JPL
2116, Nov 26	Apollo NEA <b>152685</b> ( <b>1998 MZ</b> , $H = 19.4$ mag, $D \approx 590$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at 1.07 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.07 LD. See: <u>1998 MZ - JPL</u> , <u>1998 MZ - SSA</u>
<b>2117</b> , Nov 1	Aten NEA <b>2000 UK11</b> ( $H$ = 25.5 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.40 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.17 LD. See: 2000 UK11 - SSA, 2000 UK11 - JPL
<b>2118,</b> Feb 16	Aten NEA <b>2020</b> CL1 ( $H = 20.0$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.89 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.61 LD. See: $2020$ CL1 $-$ S2P, $2020$ CL1 $-$ JPL See also: 15 Feb 1940, 15 Feb 1991, 15 Feb 2036, 14 Feb 2018, 16 Feb 2155.
2118, Jun 6	Apollo NEA <b>2007 VK184</b> ( $H$ = 22.2 mag, $D \approx 130$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.95 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.35 LD. See: $2007 \text{ VK184} - \text{SSA}$ , $2007 \text{ VK184} - \text{JPL}$ See also:

	http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news183.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2007_VK184 See also: 6 Nov 2007, 2 Jun 2048.
<b>2119</b> , May 20	Aten NEA <b>2004 KG1</b> ( $H$ = 24.2 mag, $D \approx 50$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.60 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.25 LD. See: 2004 KG1 - SSA, 2004 KG1 - JPL
2119, 30 Jul	Aten NEA <b>2018 PZ21</b> ( $H$ = 26.7 mag, $D \approx 16$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.76 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.12 LD. See: 2018 PZ21 - SSA, 2018 PZ21 - JPL See also: <b>29 Jul 2115</b> .
2119, Oct 21	Apollo NEA <b>2017 UR2</b> ( $H$ = 27.7 mag, $D \approx 10$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.23 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.98 LD. See: 2017 UR2 - SSA, 2017 UR2 - JPL See also: <b>16 Oct 2004</b> , <b>17 Oct 2017</b> .
2119, Oct 23	Apollo NEA <b>2017 TA6</b> ( $H$ = 26.8 mag, $D \approx 13$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.85 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.65 LD. See: 2017 TA6 - SSA, 2017 TA6 - JPL
<b>2120</b> , Jan 23	Apollo NEA <b>2018 BL11</b> ( $H$ = 28.3 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.65 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.03 LD. See: $2018$ BL $11 - SSA$ , $2018$ BL $11 - JPL$
2120, Apr 25	Aten NEA <b>2011 DV</b> ( $H = 20.5 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 280 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.23 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.28 LD. See: 2011 DV - SSA, 2011 DV - JPL See also: <b>25 Apr 1928</b> .
2120, Dec 20	Apollo NEA <b>2008</b> YF ( $H = 21.0$ mag, $D \approx 230$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.89 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.05 LD. See: 2008 YF - JPL, 2008 YF - SSA
<b>2121</b> , Jun 5	Aten NEA <b>2020 LO</b> ( $H$ = 26.8 mag, $D \approx 15$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.52 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.51 LD [2121-01] See: $2020 \text{ LO} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ LO} - \text{JPL}$

<b>2122</b> , Feb 14	Aten NEA <b>2014 WQ202</b> ( $H$ = 23.9 mag, $D \approx 60$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.62 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.98 LD. See: 2014 WQ202 - SSA, 2014 WQ202 - JPL
2122, Nov 2	Aten NEA <b>2019 VV</b> ( $H$ = 25.5 mag, $D \approx 29$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.81 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.53 LD. See: $2019 \text{ VV} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ VV} - \text{JPL}$
2122, Nov 30	Apollo NEA 416801 (2005 GC120, $H = 19.6$ mag, $D \approx 906$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.08 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.07 LD. See: $2005$ GC120 - JPL, $2005$ GC120 - SSA
2122, Dec 16	Aten NEA <b>487577</b> ( <b>2014</b> YQ <b>15</b> , $H = 20.9$ mag, $D \approx 240$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.87 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.61 LD. See: $2014$ YQ15 - JPL, $2014$ YQ15 - SSA See also: <b>15 Dec 1959</b> , <b>15 Dec 2066</b> .
<b>2123</b> , Mar 13	Apollo NEA <b>2013 ET</b> ( $H = 23.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 40 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.05 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.69 LD. See: $2013 \text{ ET} - \text{SSA}$ , $2013 \text{ ET} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2013_ET">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2013_ET</a> See also: <b>9 Mar 2013.</b>
2123, Apr 7	Apollo NEA <b>99942 Apophis (2004 MN4</b> , $H = 19.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D = 310 \pm 30 \text{ m}$ , orbital $P = 0.89 \text{ yr}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 43.42 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.39 LD. See: 2004 MN4 – SSA , 2004 MN4 - JPL  See also: <a href="http://www.esa.int/Our_Activities/Space_Science/Herschel_intercepts_asteroid_Apophis">http://www.esa.int/Our_Activities/Space_Science/Herschel_intercepts_asteroid_Apophis</a> <a href="http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2013-017">http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/newsfeatures.cfm?release=2013-017</a> <a blog="" href="http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/apophis/http://neos.jpl.nasa.gov/doc/apophis/http://news.bbc.co.uk/2/hi/science/nature/8296796.stm/http://news.bbc.co.uk/2/hi/science/nature/8296796.stm/http://www.scientificamerican.com/blog/post.cfm?id=planetary-bombardments-past-and-fut-2009-10-08&lt;/a&gt;  &lt;a href=" http:="" post.cfm?id='planetary-bombardments-past-and-fut-2009-10-08"' www.scientificamerican.com="">http://www.scientificamerican.com/blog/post.cfm?id=planetary-bombardments-past-and-fut-2009-10-08</a> <a href="http://www.space.com/10752-apophis-asteroid-hit-earth.html">http://www.space.com/10752-apophis-asteroid-apophis-earth-safe-2036.html</a> <a href="http://www.space.com/19221-asteroid-apophis-earth-safe-2036.html">http://www.space.com/19221-asteroid-apophis-chance-earth-</a> <a href="https://phys.org/news/2017-06-impact-threat-asteroid-apophis.html">https://phys.org/news/2017-06-impact-threat-asteroid-apophis.html</a> <a href="https://phys.org/news/2017-08-asteroid-apophis-chance-earth-">https://phys.org/news/2017-08-asteroid-apophis-chance-earth-</a>

	expert.html http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/99942_Apophis See also: 13 Apr 1907, 14 Apr 1949, 14 Apr 1998, 13 Apr 2029, 30 Mar 2036.
2123, Apr 30	Apollo NEA <b>69230 Hermes</b> ( <b>1937 UB</b> , $H = 17.5 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 1100 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.43 LD. Minimum miss distance 5.70 LD. See: <u>69230 Hermes - SSA</u> , <u>1937 UB - JPL</u> See also: <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/69230_Hermes">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/69230_Hermes</a> See also: <b>29 Oct 1914</b> , <b>30 Oct 1937</b> , <b>26 Apr 1942</b> , <b>1 Nov 1954</b> , <b>31 Oct 2086</b> .
2123, Nov 4	Apollo NEA 65803 Didymos (1996 GT, $H = 18.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 780 + 160 \text{ m}$ , PHA) will pass Earth at 15.23 LD (= 0.04 AU). Minimum miss distance 15.23 LD. Flyby target for <i>AIDA</i> mission. See: 65803 Didymos - SSA , 1996 GT - JPL See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/65803_Didymos See also: 12 Nov 2003, 29 May 2012, 4 Oct 2022.
<b>2124</b> , Apr 20	Apollo NEA <b>2021 HE1</b> ( $H = 28.9$ mag, $D \approx 6$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.81 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.95 LD. See: $2021 \text{ HE1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ HE1} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>17 Apr 2021</b> .
2124, Oct 1	Apollo NEA <b>2017 SX17</b> ( $H$ = 28.3 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.45 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.14 LD. See: 2017 SX17 - SSA, 2017 SX17 - JPL See also: <b>2 Oct 2017</b> .
<b>2125,</b> Feb 26	Apollo NEA <b>2019 DS1</b> ( $H$ = 25.6 mag, $D \approx 26$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.65 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.42 LD. See: 2019 DS1 - SSA, 2019 DS1 - JPL See also: <b>26 Feb 1970</b>
2125, Aug 19	Apollo NEA <b>2017 RV</b> ( $H = 21.9$ mag, $D \approx 150$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.56 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.53 LD. See: $2017 \text{ RV} - \text{JPL}$ , $2017 \text{ RV} - \text{SSA}$ See also: <b>17 Aug 1979</b> , <b>19 Aug 2175</b> .
2125, Nov 8	Apollo NEA <b>525484</b> ( <b>2005</b> GL, $H = 21.0$ mag, $D \approx 220$ m, PHA)

	will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.25 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.24 LD.  See: 2005 GL - JPL, 2005 GL - SSA  See also: 7 Nov 2058.
<b>2127</b> , Mar 29	Apollo NEA <b>2016</b> FU6 ( $H$ = 28.8 mag, $D \approx 6$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.12 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.74 LD. See: 2016 FU6 - SSA, 2016 FU6 - JPL
2127, Apr 12	Apollo NEA <b>2018 GG</b> ( $H$ = 24.7 mag, $D \approx$ 40 m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.91 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.28 LD. See: $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$ GG - $2018$
2127, Apr 16	Amor NEA <b>52768</b> ( <b>1998 OR2</b> , $H = 16.1$ mag, $D \approx 2100$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 6.53 LD.  See: $52768 1998 OR2 - SSA$ , $1998 OR2 - JPL$ See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(52768)_1998_OR2 See also: <b>16 April 2079</b> .
2127, Oct 10	Apollo NEA <b>2016 QE45</b> ( $H$ = 21.9 mag, $D \approx 150$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.25 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.24 LD. See: 2016 QE45 – S2P, 2016 QE45 – JPL
<b>2128</b> , Mar 6	Apollo NEA <b>2014</b> EG45 ( $H = 21.7$ mag, $D \approx 160$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.79 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.45 LD. See: $2014$ EG45 - JPL, $2014$ EG45 - SSA See also: 4 Mar 2014, 4 Mar 2065.
2128, Jun 26	Apollo NEA <b>2020 JX1</b> ( $H$ = 23.8 mag, $D \approx 60$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.38 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.73 LD. See: $2020 \text{ JX1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ JX1} - \text{JPL}$
2128, Nov 27	Apollo NEA <b>2000 KA</b> ( $H$ = 21.9 mag, $D \approx 150$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.73 LD. Minimum miss distance 5.73 LD. See: 2000 KA - SSA, 2000 KA - JPL See also: <b>12 May 2020</b> , <b>15 May 2158</b> .
<b>2129</b> , May 30	Apollo NEA <b>2019 KG2</b> ( $H = 25.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 29 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth

	at a nominal miss distance of 6.47 LD. Minimum miss distance
	0.08 LD. See: 2019 KG2 – SSA, 2019 KG2 – JPL
	200 <u>2017 1202 2211</u> , <u>2017 1202 222</u>
2129, Jun 20	Apollo NEA 443104 (2013 XK22, $H$ = 24.3 mag, $D \approx 50$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.30 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.44 LD. See: $\underline{443104\ 2013\ XK22 - SSA}$ , $\underline{2013\ XK22 - JPL}$
2129, Oct 19	Aten NEA <b>2007 UW1</b> ( $H$ = 22.9 mag, $D \approx 90$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.22 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.15 LD. [2129-01] See: 2007 UW1 - SSA, 2007 UW1 - JPL See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2007_UW1
<b>2130</b> , Jan 27	Apollo NEA <b>85182</b> ( <b>1991 AQ</b> , $H = 17.2$ mag, $D \approx 1098$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.14 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.14 LD. See: <u>85182 1991 AQ - SSA</u> , <u>1991 AQ - JPL</u> See also: <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(85182)_1991_AQ">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(85182)_1991_AQ</a>
2130, Jun 7	Aten NEA 163348 (2002 NN4, $H = 20.3$ mag, $D \approx 300$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.75 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.75 LD. See: $2002$ NN4 - JPL, $2002$ NN4 - SSA See also: 5 Jun 1924, 6 Jun 1965, 6 Jun 2070.
2130, Jul 31	Apollo NEA <b>2020 OO1</b> ( $H$ = 26.5 mag, $D \approx 18$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.65 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.18 LD. See: $2020 \text{ OO1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ OO1} - \text{JPL}$
2130, Aug 24	Aten NEA 2004 QA22, ( $H$ = 28.2 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.62 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.0010 LD (= 0.062 R _{Earth} from the geocenter). See: $2004$ QA22 - $SSA$ , $2004$ QA22 - $JPL$
<b>2131</b> , Mar 21	Aten NEA <b>2019 EA2</b> ( $H$ = 25.9 mag, $D \approx 24$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.15 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.65 LD. See: 2019 EA2 - SSA, 2019 EA2 - JPL See also: <b>22 Mar 2019</b> .
2131, Jun 17	Apollo NEA <b>2016</b> LK49, ( $H = 26.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 21 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.36 LD. Minimum miss

	11
	distance 0.31 LD.
	See: <u>2016 LK49 - SSA</u> , <u>2016 LK49- JPL</u>
0121 D	A 11 NEA 2017 DO2(/H 10.0 D., (00.) '11
2131, Dec	Apollo NEA 2017 DQ36 ( $H = 19.0 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 600 \text{ m}$ ) will pass
	Earth at a nominal miss distance of $0.016 \text{ AU} = 6.23 \text{ LD}$ .
	See: <u>2017 DQ36 – SSA</u> , <u>2017 DQ36 - JPL</u>
	Re:
	- J.D. Hefele, F. Bortolussi, S. Portegies Zwart, 2020, Astronomy
	& Astrophysics, 634, 45, "Identifying Earth-impacting asteroids
	using an artificial neural network."
	See: https://www.aanda.org/articles/aa/full_html/2020/02/aa35983-
	<u>19/aa35983-19.html</u>
	See also:
	https://www.astronomie.nl/leiden-astronomers-discover-potential-near-
	earth-objects-76
	See also: 24 Jan 2017.
<b>2132</b> , Jan 8	Aten NEA 2020 AD3 ( $H = 21.6 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 170 \text{ m}$ , PHA) will pass
	Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.80 LD. Minimum miss
	distance 6.77 LD.
	See: <u>2020 AD3 – S2P</u> , <u>2020 AD3 - JPL</u>
	See also: 12 Jan 2132.
2132, Jun 18, 13:40	Apollo NEA <b>2016 JB29</b> ( $H = 24.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 40 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth
	at a nominal miss distance of 6.12 LD. Minimum miss distance
	0.71 LD.
	See: 2016 JB29 - SSA , 2016 JB29 - JPL
2132, Jun 18, 03:16	Apollo NEA <b>2018 TO1</b> ( $H = 21.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 160 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will
	pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.56 LD. Minimum miss
	distance 3.49 LD.
	See: <u>2018 TO1 – SSA</u> , <u>2018 TO1 – JPL</u>
<b>2133</b> , Apr 5	Apollo NEA <b>267221</b> ( <b>2001 AD2</b> , $H = 19.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 562 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> )
, 1	will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.41 LD. Minimum
	miss distance 3.41 LD.
	See: 2001 AD2 - JPL , 2001 AD2 - SSA
	See also: 3 Apr 2046, 6 Apr 2150.
	300 also: 6 11p1 20 10, 6 11p1 2100.
2133, Sep 26	Apollo NEA <b>429584</b> ( <b>2011</b> EU <b>29</b> , $H = 19.9$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m,
, <b>r</b>	PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.00 LD.
	Minimum miss distance 3.99 LD.
	See: 2011 EU29 - JPL, 2011 EU29 - SSA
	200. <u>2011 13027</u> 3111, <u>2011 13027</u> 3311
2133, Dec 29	Aten NEA 2012 AP10 ( $H = 26.5 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 18 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at
	a nominal miss distance of 4.33 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.50
	LD.
	LD.

	See: <u>2012 AP10 - SSA</u> , <u>2012 AP10 - JPL</u>
<b>2134</b> , Apr 17	Apollo NEA <b>2019</b> GC6 ( $H = 26.6$ mag, $D \approx 17$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.49 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.52 LD. See: 2019 GC6 - SSA, 2019 GC6 - JPL See also: 17 Apr 1983, 18 Apr 2019.
2134, Oct 8	Apollo NEA <b>536531</b> ( <b>2015 DV215</b> , $H = 20.4$ mag, $D \approx 290$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.85 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.88 LD. See: $2015 DV215 - JPL$ , $2015 DV215 - SSA$ See also: <b>6 Oct 2035</b> .
2134, Oct 22	Apollo NEA <b>2020 FN3</b> ( $H$ = 24.4 mag, $D \approx 50$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.80 LD. [2134-01] See: $2020 \text{ FN3} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ FN3} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2135</b> , Aug 6	Apollo NEA <b>2017 BL30</b> ( $H$ = 23.5 mag, $D \approx 70$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.22 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.71 LD. See: 2017 BL30- SSA, 2017 BL30- JPL
2135, Sep 25	Apollo NEA 101955 Bennu (1999 RQ36, $H = 20.4$ mag, $D \approx 245$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.77 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.31 LD. [2135-01] Possible Earth impact in 2182 ? See: $101955$ Bennu - SSA, $1999$ RQ36 - JPL See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(101955) 1999 RQ36 See also: 22 Sep 1999, 23 Sep 2060.
<b>2136</b> , Jan 19	Apollo NEA <b>2021 BO</b> ( $H$ = 33.0 mag, $D \approx 0.9$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.80 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.72 LD. See: $2021 BO - S2P$ , $2021 BO - JPL$ See also: <b>18 Jan 2021</b> .
2136, Jan 25	Apollo NEA <b>523804</b> ( <b>2000 YF29</b> , $H = 20.5$ mag, $D \approx 290$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.91 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.89 LD. See: $2000 \text{ YF29} - \text{JPL}$ , $2000 \text{ YF29} - \text{SSA}$ See also: <b>22 Jan 2193</b> .
<b>2137</b> , Mar 24	Aten NEA <b>2020</b> CB2 ( $H = 20.3$ mag, $D \approx 300$ m, PHA) will pass

	Earth at a nominal miss distance of 12.88 LD. Minimum miss distance 10.42 LD.  See: 2020 CB2 – S2P, 2020 CB2 – JPL
2137, Jun 4	Aten NEA <b>437844</b> ( <b>1999 MN</b> , $H = 20.8$ mag, $D \approx 270$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.15 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.15 LD. See: <u>1999 MN - JPL</u> , <u>1999 MN - SSA</u> See also: <b>2 Jun 1938</b> , <b>2 Jun 1943</b> , <b>4 Jun 2110</b> , <b>3 Jun 2148</b> .
<b>2139</b> , Jul 31	Apollo NEA <b>457768</b> ( <b>2009</b> KN4, $H = 18.4$ mag, $D \approx 700$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.98 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.98 LD. See: $2009$ KN4 - JPL, $2009$ KN4 - SSA
2139, Sep 27	Aten NEA <b>2016</b> SU2 ( $H = 27.7$ mag, $D \approx 10$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.57 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.24 LD. [2139-01] See: $2016$ SU2 - SSA, $2016$ SU2 - JPL See also: <b>24</b> Sep <b>2016</b> .
2139, Dec 18	Apollo NEA <b>2018 YM</b> ( $H$ = 27.1 mag, $D \approx 13$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.70 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.46 LD. [2139-02] See: $2018 \text{ YM} - \text{SSA}$ , $2018 \text{ YM} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2140</b> , Jun 11	Apollo NEA <b>2021 KN1</b> ( $H$ = 24.5 mag, $D \approx 40$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.81 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.12 LD. See: $2021 \text{ KN1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ KN1} - \text{JPL}$
2140, Dec 1	Aten NEA <b>153201</b> ( <b>2000</b> WO <b>107</b> , $H$ = 19.4 mag, $D \approx 510$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.63 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.63 LD. [2140-01] See: $153201\ 2000\ WO107 - SSA$ , $2000\ WO107 - JPL$ See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(153201)_2000_WO107 See also: <b>29 Nov 1953</b> , <b>30 Nov 2093</b> .
<b>2141</b> , Feb 21	Apollo NEA <b>2012 DX</b> ( $H$ = 27.1 mag, $D \approx 14$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.96 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.12 LD. See: 2012 DX - SSA, 2012 DX - JPL
2141, May 8	Aten NEA <b>525498</b> ( <b>2005 GE60</b> , $H = 22.2$ mag, $D \approx 130$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.06 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.06 LD.

	See: <u>2005 GE60 – SSA</u> , <u>2005 GE60 – JPL</u>
2141, Jul 8	Aten NEA <b>2016 NJ22</b> ( $H = 28.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 8 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.47 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.43 LD. See: 2016 NJ22 - SSA, 2016 NJ22 - JPL See also: <b>7 July 2016</b> .
2141, Sep 4	Apollo NEA <b>196625</b> ( <b>2003 RM10</b> , $H = 20.0$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.17 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.17 LD. See: $2003 \text{ RM10} - \text{JPL}$ , $2003 \text{ RM10} - \text{SSA}$
2141, Nov 16	Apollo NEA <b>2016 VX1</b> ( $H$ = 25.3 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.30 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.09 LD. See: $2016 \text{ VX1} - \text{SSA}$ , $2016 \text{ VX1} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2142</b> , Nov 29	Apollo NEA <b>2017 WN16</b> ( $H = 21.6$ mag, $D \approx 170$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.68 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.99 LD. See: <u>2017 WN16 - JPL</u> , <u>2017 WN16 - SSA</u>
2142, Dec 10	Aten NEA <b>2015</b> YU7 ( $H = 21.6$ mag, $D \approx 170$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.56 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.56 LD. See: $2015$ YU7 - JPL, $2015$ YU7 - SSA See also: <b>10 Dec 2174</b> .
<b>2143</b> , Mar 6	Apollo NEA 474158 (1999 FA, $H = 20.9$ mag, $D \approx 300$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.74 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.46 LD. See: $\underline{1999 \text{ FA}} - \underline{\text{JPL}}$ , $\underline{1999 \text{ FA}} - \underline{\text{SSA}}$ See also: 6 Mar 1909, 6 Mar 1999, 7 Mar 2194.
2143, Dec 7	Apollo NEA <b>2020 XE1</b> ( $H = 26.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 16 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.84 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.42 LD. See: $2020 \times 1 - 2020 \times 1 - 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 2020 \times 1 = 20$
<b>2145</b> , Nov 2	Aten NEA <b>2019 UN13</b> ( $H = 32.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 1.3 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.42 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.58 LD. See: $2019 \text{ UN13} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ UN13} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>31 Oct 2019</b> .

<b>2146</b> , Mar 23	Apollo NEA <b>2009 DO111</b> ( $H = 22.6$ mag, $D \approx 110$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.88 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.74 LD. [2146-01] See: 2009 DO111 - SSA, 2009 DO111 - JPL
<b>2147</b> , Feb 25	Aten NEA <b>2004 DA 53</b> ( $H$ = 28.3 mag, $D \approx 8$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.04 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.16 LD. See: 2004 DA 53 - SSA, 2004 DA 53 - JPL
2147, Oct 9	Apollo NEA <b>2018</b> EB ( $H = 22.0$ mag, $D \approx 140$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.96 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.94 LD. See: 2018 EB - JPL, 2018 EB - SSA
<b>2148</b> , Jan 22	Apollo NEA <b>85640</b> ( <b>1998 OX4</b> = <b>2002 PJ34</b> , $H = 20.9 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 230 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.77 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.77 LD. [ <b>2148-01</b> ] See: <u>85640 1998 OX4 - SSA</u> , <u>1998 OX4 - JPL</u> See also: <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(85640)_1998_OX4</u> See also: <b>18 Jan 1985</b> .
2148, May 7	Apollo NEA 144898 (2004 VD17, $H = 19.0 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 320 \text{ m}$ , PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 16.5 LD. Minimum miss distance 5.7 LD. See: 144898 2004 VD17 - SSA, 2004 VD17 - JPL Ref: - F. de Luise, D. Perna, E. Dotto, et al., 2007, <i>Icarus</i> , 191, 628, "Physical investigation of the potentially hazardous asteroid (144898) 2004 VD17." See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007Icar191628D See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(144898) 2004 VD17 See also: 7 Nov 2041, 5 May 2196.
2148, Jun 3	Aten NEA <b>437844</b> ( <b>1999 MN</b> , $H = 20.8$ mag, $D \approx 250$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.28 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.27 LD. See: 1999 MN - JPL, 1999 MN - SSA See also: 2 Jun 1938, 2 Jun 1943, 4 Jun 2110, 4 Jun 2137.
2148, Dec 26	Apollo NEA <b>2018 FQ4</b> ( $H$ = 27.2 mag, $D \approx 13$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.771 LD. Minimum miss distance <b>0.0014 LD</b> (= <b>0.083 R</b> _{Earth} from the geocenter). See: $2018 \text{ FQ4} - SSA$ , $2018 \text{ FQ4} - JPL$

<b>2149</b> , Feb 18	Aten NEA <b>2020</b> CX1 ( $H$ = 24.2 mag, $D \approx 50$ m), will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.12 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.10 LD See: $2020 \text{ CX1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ CX1} - \text{JPL}$
2149, May 28	Aten NEA <b>2017 JF3</b> ( $H = 22.0$ mag, $D \approx 140$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.57 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.43 LD. See: $2017 \text{ JF3} - SSA$ , $2017 \text{ JF3} - JPL$ See also: <b>28 May 2168</b> .
2149, Oct 24	Apollo NEA <b>497117</b> ( <b>2004</b> FU4, $H = 18.4$ mag, $D \approx 700$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 10.4 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.83 LD. See: $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ SSA , $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2004$ FU4 - $2$
2149, Dec 7	Apollo NEA <b>279744</b> ( <b>1998 KM3</b> , $H = 20.2$ mag, $D \approx 300$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.52 LD. See: <u>1998 KM3 - JPL</u> , <u>1998 KM3 - SSA</u>
<b>2150</b> , Apr 6	Apollo NEA <b>267221</b> ( <b>2001 AD2</b> , $H = 19.7$ mag, $D \approx 562$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.76 LD. See: $2001 \text{ AD2} - \text{JPL}$ , $2001 \text{ AD2} - \text{SSA}$ See also: <b>3 Apr 2046</b> , <b>5 Apr 2133</b> .
2150, Sep 10	Apollo NEA <b>387668</b> ( <b>2002</b> SZ, $H = 20.4$ mag, $D \approx 300$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.29 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.27 LD. See: $2002$ SZ - JPL, $2002$ SZ - SSA See also: <b>10</b> Sep <b>2067</b> .
2150, Sep 21	Apollo NEA <b>2018 BP</b> ( $H$ = 20.6 mag, $D \approx 270$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at nominal miss distance of 9.30 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.76 LD. See: $2018 \text{ BP} - \text{SSA}$ , $2018 \text{ BP} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2151</b> , Nov 10	Aten NEA 2018 VR3 ( $H$ = 26.1 mag, $D \approx 21$ m) will pass Earth at nominal miss distance of 5.40 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.61 LD. See: $2018 \text{ VR3} - \text{SSA}$ , $2018 \text{ VR3} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2152</b> , Jan 27	Apollo NEA <b>2020 TB12</b> ( $H = 21.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 160 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.67 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.18 LD.

	See: <u>2020 TB12 – S2P</u> , <u>2020 TB12 - JPL</u>
<b>2153</b> , Apr 15	Apollo NEA <b>2004 HM</b> ( $H = 23.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 80 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at nominal miss distance of 5.95 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.22 LD. See: 2004 HM - SSA, 2004 HM - JPL
2153, Sep 21	Apollo NEA 1997 GL3, $H = 19.1$ mag, $D \approx 200$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.01 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.00 LD. See: 1997 GL3 - JPL, 1997 GL3 - SSA
<b>2154</b> , May 9	Aten NEA <b>525498</b> ( <b>2005 GE60</b> , $H = 22.2$ mag, $D \approx 130$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.12 LD. Minimum miss distance 5.01 LD. See: $2005$ GE60 - JPL, $2005$ GE60 - SSA
2154, Jun 13	Amor NEA <b>2020 DB5</b> ( $H$ = 19.3 mag, $D \approx 500$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.71 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.74 LD. See: $2020 \text{ DB5} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ DB5} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2155,</b> Feb 16	Aten NEA 2020 CL1 ( $H$ = 20.0 mag, $D \approx 400$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.97 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.39 LD. See: $2020 \text{ CL1} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ CL1} - \text{JPL}$ See also: 15 Feb 1940, 15 Feb 1991, 15 Feb 2036, 14 Feb 2018, 16 Feb 2118.
2155, Jun 16	Apollo NEA <b>530520</b> ( <b>2011</b> LT17, $H = 21.6$ mag, $D \approx 170$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.75 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.74 LD. See: 2011 LT17 - JPL, 2011 LT17 - SSA See also: <b>15 Jun 2011</b> , <b>16 Dec 2156</b> .
2155, Aug 5	Apollo NEA <b>2018 PY7</b> ( $H = 26.9 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 15 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.31 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.30 LD. [2155-01] See: $2005 \text{ GE}60 - \text{JPL}$ , $2005 \text{ GE}60 - \text{SSA}$
<b>2156</b> , May 17	Apollo NEA <b>2010</b> WC9 ( $H$ = 23.8 mag, $D \approx 60$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 12.49 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.49 LD. See: 2010 WC9 - SSA, 2010 WC9 - JPL See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2010 WC9 See also: 15 May 2018, 15 May 2102.

2156, Dec 16	Apollo NEA <b>530520</b> ( <b>2011</b> LT17, $H = 21.6$ mag, $D \approx 170$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at nominal miss distance of 0.98 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.96 LD. [2156-01] See: $2011$ LT17 - SSA, $2011$ LT17 - JPL See also: <b>15 Jun 2011</b> , <b>16 Jun 2155</b> .
<b>2157</b> , Jan 1	Aten NEA <b>2012 XE133</b> ( $H$ = 23.3 mag, $D \approx 80$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.69 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.69 LD. [2157-01] See: $2012 \times 133 - 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100 \times 1$
<b>2158</b> , May 15	Apollo NEA <b>2000 KA</b> ( $H$ = 21.9 mag, $D \approx 150$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.67 LD. Minimum miss distance 8.64 LD. See: $2000 \text{ KA} - \text{SSA}$ , $2000 \text{ KA} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>12 May 2020, 27 Nov 2128</b> .
2158, Nov 6	Apollo NEA <b>2012 TY52</b> ( $H = 21.3 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 190 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.11 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.97 LD. See: 2012 TY52 - JPL, 2012 TY52 - SSA See also: <b>4 Nov 1982</b> .
2158, Dec 20	Apollo NEA <b>2015 BW310</b> ( $H$ = 22.2 mag, $D \approx 130$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.63 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.31 LD. See: $2015BW310 - SSA$ , $2015BW310 - JPL$
2158, Dec 25	Apollo NEA <b>2020</b> YA3 ( $H$ = 26.1 mag, $D \approx 22$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.60 LD. Minimum miss distance <b>0.0000085</b> LD (= <b>0.0005</b> R _{Earth} from the geocenter). See: $2020$ YA3 $-$ S2P , $2020$ YA3 $-$ JPL
<b>2159</b> , May 4	Aten NEA <b>467460</b> ( <b>2006 JF42</b> , $H = 19.0$ mag, $D \approx 600$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.87 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.87 LD. See: <u>2006 JF42 - JPL</u> , <u>2006 JF42 - SSA</u>
<b>2160</b> , Mar 23	Apollo NEA <b>434734</b> ( <b>2006</b> FX, $H = 20.0$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.39 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.37 LD. See: $2006$ FX - JPL, $2006$ FX - SSA
<b>2161</b> , Feb 8	Apollo NEA <b>2013 VA10</b> ( $H = 22.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 120 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.89 LD. Minimum miss

	distance 3.87 LD. See: 2013 VA10 – SSA, 2013 VA10 – JPL See also: 6 Feb 1944, 7 Feb 2040.
2161, Nov 6	Apollo NEA <b>2011 VU5</b> ( $H = 20.5 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 280 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.95 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.81 LD. See: $2011 \text{ VU5} - \text{JPL}$ , $2011 \text{ VU5} - \text{SSA}$
2161, Dec 8	Aten NEA <b>2019</b> YA3 ( $H = 26.6$ mag, $D \approx 17$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.62 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.93 LD. See: $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$ YA3 – $2019$
<b>2162</b> , 13 Apr	Apollo NEA <b>2020 GA2</b> ( $H = 21.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 210 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.02 LD. Minimum miss distance 7.39 LD. See: $2020 \text{ GA2} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ GA2} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>11 Apr 2020</b> .
2162, Jun 1	Aten NEA <b>2017 HZ4</b> ( $H$ = 25.9 mag, $D \approx 23$ m) will pass Earth at nominal miss distance of 0.95 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.17 LD. [2162-01] See: $2017 \text{ HZ4} - \text{SSA}$ , $2017 \text{ HZ4} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2163</b> , Dec 14	Apollo NEA <b>162474</b> ( <b>2000</b> LB <b>16</b> , $H = 18.7$ mag, $D \approx 600$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.29 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.29 LD. See: $2000$ LB16 - JPL, $2000$ LB16 - SSA
<b>2164</b> , May 31	Aten NEA <b>2021 KO2</b> ( $H$ = 28.1 mag, $D \approx 9$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.58 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.69 LD. See: $2021 \text{ KO2} - \text{S2P}$ , $2021 \text{ KO2} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>30 May 2021</b> , <b>30 May 2022</b> .
<b>2165</b> , Mar 3	Apollo NEA <b>2003 DW10</b> ( $H = 26.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 21 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at nominal miss distance of 1.63 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.50 LD. See: $2003 \text{ DW10} - \text{SSA}$ , $2003 \text{ DW10} - \text{JPL}$
2165, Sep	Apollo NEA <b>2014 TW57</b> ( $H = 19.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 470 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of $0.017 \text{ AU} = 6.62 \text{ LD}$ . See: $2014 \text{ TW57} - \text{SSA}$ , $2014 \text{ TW57} - \text{JPL}$ Re: - J.D. Hefele, F. Bortolussi, S. Portegies Zwart, $2020$ , <i>Astronomy &amp; Astrophysics</i> , 634, 45, "Identifying Earth-impacting asteroids

2165, Oct 21	using an artificial neural network."  See: <a href="https://www.aanda.org/articles/aa/full_html/2020/02/aa35983-19/aa35983-19.html">https://www.aanda.org/articles/aa/full_html/2020/02/aa35983-19/aa35983-19.html</a> See also: <a href="https://www.astronomie.nl/leiden-astronomers-discover-potential-near-earth-objects-76">https://www.astronomie.nl/leiden-astronomers-discover-potential-near-earth-objects-76</a> See also: 20 Oct 2014.  Aten NEA 2007 US12, $H = 21.9 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 150 \text{ m}$ , PHA) will pass
	Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.27 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.27 LD.  See: 2007 US12 - JPL, 2007 US12 - SSA
<b>2166</b> , Feb 3	Apollo NEA 4660 Nereus (1982 DB, $H = 18.8 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 510 \text{ x}$ 330 x 240 m, PHA) will pass Earth at 7.30 LD. Minimum miss distance 6.81 LD.  See: 4660 Nereus - SSA, 1982 DB - JPL  Ref: - M. Brozovic, S.J. Ostro, L.A.M. Benner, et al., 2009, <i>Icarus</i> , 201, 153, "Radar observations and a physical model of asteroid 4660 Nereus, a prime space mission target."  See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2009Icar201153B  See also: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/4660 Nereus  See also: 29 Jan 1900, 22 Jan 2002, 11 Dec 2021, 14 Feb 2060, 4 Feb 2071, 23 Dec 2112.
2166, Jun 14	Amor NEA 423321 (2005 ED318, $H = 20.7$ mag, $D \approx 202$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.43 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.43 LD. See: $2005$ ED318 - JPL, $2005$ ED318 - SSA See also: 2 Jun 2083.
<b>2167</b> , Apr 9	Apollo NEA <b>25143 Itokawa</b> ( <b>1998 SF36</b> , $H = 19.1$ mag, $D = 520 \times 270 \times 230$ m, $M = 3.6 \times 10^{10}$ kg, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 9.79 LD. Minimum miss distance 9.76 LD. See: <u>25143 Itokawa - SSA</u> , <u>1998 SF36 - JPL</u> See also: <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/25143_Itokawa">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/25143_Itokawa</a> See also: <b>27 Jun 1905</b> , <b>26 Jun 2004</b> .
2167, Jun 22	Apollo NEA <b>162416</b> ( <b>2000 EH26</b> , $H = 21.7$ mag, $D = 141$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.34 LD. See: $2000 EH26 - SSA$ , $2000 EH26 - JPL$ See also: <b>21 Apr 2106</b> .

<b>2168</b> , Jan 30	Asteroid <b>2007</b> TU24 ( $H = 20.5$ mag, $D = 250$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.44 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.46 LD.  See: 2007 TU24 - SSA, 2007 TU24 - JPL  See also: <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2007_TU24">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2007_TU24</a> See also: <b>29 Jan 2008</b> .
2168, May 28	Aten NEA 2017 JF3 ( $H = 22.0$ mag, $D \approx 140$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.02 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.19 LD. See: $2017$ JF3 – SSA, $2017$ JF3 – JPL See als: 28 May 2149.
2168, Nov 1	Apollo NEA 374158 (2004 UL, $H = 18.7$ mag, $D \approx 600$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.24 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.99 LD. See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(374158)_2004_UL See: 2004 UL - JPL, 2004 UL - SSA
<b>2169</b> , Feb 9	Apollo NEA <b>2018 DA1</b> , $H = 19.0$ mag, $D = 600$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.78 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.75 LD. See: $2018$ DA1 - SSA, $2018$ DA1 - JPL
2169, Jul 29	Apollo NEA <b>2014 SP142</b> , $H$ = 21.8 mag, $D \approx 160$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.81 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.05 LD. See: 2014 SP142 - JPL, 2014 SP142 - SSA
2169, Aug 23	Aten NEA <b>3362 Khufu</b> ( <b>1984 QA</b> , $H = 17.5$ mag, $D \approx 700$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.38 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.25 LD. See: <u>1984 QA - JPL</u> , <u>1984 QA - SSA</u> See also: <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/3362_Khufu">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/3362_Khufu</a>
<b>2172</b> , Jan 14	Apollo NEA <b>2013 BY2</b> ( $H$ = 27.3 mag, $D \approx 12$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.60 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.18 LD. See: 2013 BY2 - SSA , 2013 BY2 - JPL
2172, Feb 8	Apollo NEA <b>276033</b> ( <b>2002 AJ129</b> , $H = 19.1$ mag, $D \approx 500$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.78 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.77 LD.

	See: 2002 AJ129 - JPL , 2002 AJ129 - SSA
	See also:
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(276033)_2002_AJ129
2172, Mar 7	Apollo NEA <b>2007 ED125</b> ( $H$ = 21.3 mag, $D$ = 200 m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.64 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.63 LD. See: 2007 ED125 - SSA, 2007 ED125 - JPL
<b>2174</b> , Jul 16	Apollo NEA <b>2019 NB7</b> ( $H = 27.3 \text{ mag}$ , $D = 13 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.65 LD. <b>Minimum miss distance 0.021 LD</b> (= <b>1.27 R</b> _{Earth} <b>from the geocenter</b> ). [2174-01] See: $2019 \text{ NB7} - SSA$ , $2019 \text{ NB7} - JPL$
2174, Dec 10	Aten NEA <b>2015</b> YU7 ( $H$ = 21.6 mag, $D$ = 170 m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.53 LD. See: 2015 YU7 - SSA, 2015 YU7 - JPL See also: <b>10 Dec 2142</b> .
<b>2175</b> , May 1	Apollo NEA <b>164121</b> ( <b>2003 YT1</b> , $H = 16.4$ mag, $D \approx 1100$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.35 LD. Minimum miss distance 6.11 LD. See: <u>164121 2003 YT1 - SSA</u> , <u>2003 YT1 - JPL</u> See also: <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(164121)_2003_YT1">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(164121)_2003_YT1</a> See also: <b>29 Apr 2073</b> .
2175, Aug 19	Apollo NEA <b>2017 RV</b> ( $H$ = 22.1 mag, $D \approx 140$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.78 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.44 LD. See: $2017 \text{ RV} - \text{SSA}$ , $2017 \text{ RV} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>17 Aug 1979</b> , <b>19 Aug 2125</b> .
<b>2176</b> , Apr 12	Apollo NEA <b>2021</b> GW4 ( $H$ = 29.5 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.19 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.89 LD. See: $2021 \text{ GW4} - 82P$ , $2021 \text{ GW4} - JPL$ See also: <b>12</b> Apr <b>2021</b> .
2176, Apr 27	Apollo NEA <b>2012 HM</b> ( $H$ = 24.4 mag, $D \approx 50$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.09 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.14 LD. See: <u>2012 HM - SSA</u> , <u>2012 HM - JPL</u>
<b>2177</b> , Jan 28	Apollo NEA <b>2017 BA7</b> ( $H = 27.8$ mag, $D \approx 10$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.52 LD. Minimum miss distance

	0.81 LD. See: <u>2017 BA7 - SSA</u> , <u>2017 BA7 - JPL</u>
2177, Mar 24	Aten NEA <b>2016 BC14</b> ( $H$ = 21.1 mag, $D \approx$ 210 m, <b>PHA</b> ), will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.38 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.94 LD. See: $2016 \text{ BC14} - \text{SSA}$ , $2016 \text{ BC14} - \text{JPL}$
2177, Mar 29	Apollo NEA <b>374851</b> ( <b>2006 VV2</b> , $H = 16.9$ mag, $D \approx 1800$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 12.4 LD. Minimum miss distance 12.4 LD. See: $\underline{374851} \ \underline{2006} \ \underline{VV2} - \underline{SSA}$ , $\underline{2006} \ \underline{VV2} - \underline{JPL}$ See also: <b>31 Mar 2007</b> .
2177, Nov 11	Aten NEA <b>2017 XS2</b> ( $H$ = 26.0 mag, $D \approx 22$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.27 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.03 LD. See: 2017 XS2 - SSA, 2017 XS2 - JPL
<b>2178,</b> Apr 18	Apollo NEA <b>2013 CE129</b> ( $H$ = 22.4 mag, $D \approx 120$ m), will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.46 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.85 LD. See: 2013 CE129 – SSA, 2013 CE129 – JPL
2178, Nov 21	Aten NEA <b>2019 OR1</b> ( $H$ = 21.1 mag, $D \approx 220$ m, <b>PHA</b> ), will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.52 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.51 LD. See: $2019 \text{ OR1} - \text{JPL}$ , $2019 \text{ OR1} - \text{SSA}$ See also: <b>19 Nov 1902</b> , <b>20 Nov 2085</b> , <b>21 Nov 2100</b> .
<b>2179</b> , Feb 4	Aten NEA <b>2020</b> CA ( $H$ = 29.4 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.65 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.08 LD. See: $2020 \text{ CA} - 82P$ , $2020 \text{ CA} - JPL$ See also: <b>2 Feb 2020</b> .
2179, Apr 13	Apollo NEA <b>2016 FV13</b> ( $H$ = 26.0 mag, $D \approx$ 23 m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.29 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.52 LD. See: 2016 FV13 - SSA, 2016 FV13 - JPL
2179, Dec 28	Apollo NEA <b>452302</b> ( <b>1995</b> YR1, $H = 20.6$ mag, $D = 270$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.15 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.94 LD. See: <u>1995</u> YR1 - SSA, <u>1995</u> YR1 - JPL

<b>2180</b> , Oct 10	Apollo NEA <b>2018 QT</b> ( $H = 21.1 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 220 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.81 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.76 LD.
	See: <u>2018 QT – SSA</u> , <u>2018 QT – JPL</u> See also: <b>8 Oct 2073</b> .
<b>2181</b> , Feb 9	Apollo NEA523606 (2005 CJ, $H$ = 20.3 mag, $D$ = 300 m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.16 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.16 LD. See: 2005 CJ - SSA, 2005 CJ - JPL
2181, Jun 25	Apollo NEA <b>441987</b> ( <b>2010 NY65</b> , $H = 21.4$ mag, $D \approx 228$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 8.49 LD. Minimum miss distance 8.49 LD. See: <u>2010 NY65- SSA</u> , <u>2010 NY65- JPL</u> See also: <b>24 Jun 2017</b> , <b>24 Jun 2018</b> , <b>24 Jun 2019</b> , <b>24 Jun 2020</b>
2181, Dec 29	Aten NEA <b>2019</b> AQ2 ( $H$ = 25.7 mag, $D \approx 26$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.45 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.63 LD. See: $2019 \text{ AQ2} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ AQ2} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2183</b> , Jan 12	Apollo NEA <b>332446</b> ( <b>2008 AF4</b> , $H = 19.7$ mag, $D = 400$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.41 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.96 LD.  See: <u>332446 2008 AF4 - SSA</u> , <u>2008 AF4 - JPL</u> See also: <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2008_AF4">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2008_AF4</a>
<b>2184</b> , Aug 30	Aten NEA <b>2020 QV6</b> ( $H$ = 22.5 mag, $D \approx 110$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.76 LD. Minimum miss distance 7.55 LD. See: 2020 QV6 – S2P, 2020 QV6 – JPL See also: <b>28 Aug 2020</b> , <b>30 Aug 2102</b> .
2184, Sep 10	Aten NEA <b>523950</b> ( <b>1998 SZ27</b> , $H$ = 20.5 mag, $D$ = 280 m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.04 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.03 LD. See: <u>1998 SZ27 - SSA</u> , <u>1998 SZ27 - JPL</u>
<b>2185</b> , Feb 20	Aten NEA <b>2019 BE5</b> ( $H$ = 25.1 mag, $D \approx 30$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.65 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.18 LD. See: $2019 \text{ BE5} - \text{SSA}$ , $2019 \text{ BE5} - \text{JPL}$
2185, Mar 29	Apollo NEA 410777 (2009 FD, $H = 22.3 \text{ mag}, D \approx 472 \text{ m}, PHA)$

	will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 13.16 LD. Minimum miss distance 6.16 LD.
	See: 410777 2009 FD - SSA , 2009 FD - JPL
	Ref:
	- F. Spoto, A. Milani, D. Farnocchia, S.R. Chesley, M. Micheli,
	G.B. Valsecchi, D. Perna, O. Hainaut, 2014, Astronomy &
	Astrophysics, 572, 100, "Non-gravitational perturbations and
	virtual impactors: the case of asteroid 2009 FD."
	See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2014A%26A572A.100S
	See also:
	http://www.space.com/12645-asteroid-deflection-doomsday-earth-
	capability.html
	http://www.eso.org/public/announcements/ann14004/
	http://neo.ssa.esa.int/
	http://www.esa.int/Our Activities/Operations/Space Situational Awaren
	ess/European cooperation reduces asteroid risk
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2009 FD
	See also: 27 Mar 2009.
2185, Jul 22	Aten NEO 2017 OO1 ( $H = 24.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 40 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at
,	a nominal miss distance of 1.44 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.16
	LD.
	See: 2017 OO1 - SSA, 2017 OO1 - JPL
	See also:
	https://watchers.news/2017/07/25/asteroid-2017-oo1/
	http://earthsky.org/space/asteroid-2017-oo1-close-pass-undetected
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2017 OO1
	See also: 21 July 2017
	·
2185, Aug 4	Apollo NEA <b>2011</b> EL11 ( $H = 19.9 \text{ mag}, D \approx 400 \text{ m}, \text{PHA}$ ) will
, ,	pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.07 LD. Minimum miss
	distance 2.85 LD.
	See: 2011 EL11 - SSA, 2011 EL11 - JPL
<b>2186</b> , Jun 17	Apollo NEA <b>152685</b> ( <b>1998 MZ</b> , $H = 19.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 500 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> )
,	will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 19.55 LD. Minimum
	miss distance 0.48 LD.
	See: <u>152685 1998 MZ - SSA</u> , <u>1998 MZ - JPL</u>
	See also: 13 Jun 2175.
	See also. 10 tuli 21/0.
2186, Jul 16	Apollo NEA <b>314082</b> Dryope ( <b>2005</b> C <b>Z36</b> , $H = 17.4$ mag, $D \approx$
	1200 m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.69
	LD. Minimum miss distance 3.00 LD.
	See: 314082 2005 CZ36 - SSA, 2005 CZ36 - JPL
	500. <u>51 1002 2005 C250                           </u>
2186, Oct 12	Aten NEA <b>2020 TK5</b> ( $H = 23.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 70 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at
2100, Oct 12	a nominal miss distance of 8.16 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.96
	a nominal miss distance of 6.10 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.96

	T
	LD. See: 2020 TK5 – S2P, 2020 TK5 – JPL See also: 11 Oct 1978.
<b>2187</b> , Apr 28	Apollo NEA <b>2014 HM4</b> ( $H$ = 27.2 mag, $D \approx 13$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.72 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.85 LD. See: $2014 \text{ HM4} - \text{SSA}$ , $2014 \text{ HM4} - \text{JPL}$
2187, Sep 2	Aten NEA <b>2017 RH16</b> ( $H$ = 26.2 mag, $D \approx 20$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.14 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.54 LD. See: 2017 RH16 - SSA, 2017 RH16 - JPL
<b>2189</b> , Jan 21	Apollo NEA <b>2011 BM45</b> ( $H$ = 21.7 mag, $D \approx 160$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.76 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.76 LD. See: 2011 BM45 – SSA, 2011 BM45 – JPL
2189, Oct 3	Apollo NEA <b>360191</b> ( <b>1988 TA</b> , $H = 20.0$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.75 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.12 LD. See: <u>1988 TA - SSA</u> , <u>1988 TA - JPL</u> See also: <b>29 Sep 1988</b> , <b>30 Sep 2053</b> .
2189, Oct 27	Apollo NEA <b>2011 WL2</b> ( $H = 20.7 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 250 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.79 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.16 LD. See: $2011 \text{ WL2} - \text{SSA}$ , $2011 \text{ WL2} - \text{JPL}$
2189, Nov 18	Aten NEA <b>2009 WQ6</b> ( $H$ = 29.1 mag, $D \approx 5$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 0.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.14 LD. [2189-01] See: $2009 \text{ WQ6} - \text{SSA}$ , $2009 \text{ WQ6} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>16 Nov 2009</b> .
<b>2190</b> , May 21	Apollo NEA <b>452807</b> ( <b>2006 KV89</b> , $H = 21.8$ mag, $D = 160$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.48 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.41 LD. See: $2006 \text{ KV89} - \text{SSA}$ , $2006 \text{ KV89} - \text{JPL}$
2190, Nov 22	Aten NEA 413577 (2005 UL5, $H = 20.5$ mag, $D \approx 280$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 6.29 LD. Minimum miss distance 6.28 LD. See: $\frac{413577\ 2005\ UL5 - SSA}{2005\ UL5 - JPL}$ See also: 23 Nov 2200.

<b>2191</b> , Jan 11	Aten NEA <b>2018 AM12</b> ( $H$ = 20.9 mag, $D \approx$ 230 m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.13 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.94 LD. See: 2018 AM12 - JPL, 2018 AM12 - SSA See also: 9 Jan 1982.
2191, Feb 19	Aten NEA <b>2018 CW2</b> ( $H$ = 25.7 mag, $D$ = 25 m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.83 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.29 LD. See: $2018 \text{ CW2} - \text{SSA}$ , $2018 \text{ CW2} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>19 Feb 2193</b> .
<b>2192</b> , Feb 15	Apollo NEA <b>2007 PV27</b> ( $H$ = 20.5 mag, $D$ = 300 m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.25 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.24 LD. See: 2007 PV27 - SSA, 2007 PV27 - JPL
2192, Aug 21	Apollo NEA 137126 (1999 CF9, $H = 18.2$ mag, $D \approx 900$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.97 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.97 LD. See: 137126 1999 CF9 - SSA, 1999 CF9 - JPL
<b>2193</b> , Jan 23	Apollo NEA <b>523804</b> ( <b>2000</b> YF29, $H = 20.5$ mag, $D = 290$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.60 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.58 LD. See: $2000$ YF29 - SSA, $2000$ YF29 - JPL See also: <b>25 Jan 2136.</b>
2193, Feb 19	Aten NEA <b>2018</b> CW2 ( $H = 25.7$ mag, $D = 25$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.12 LD. <b>Minimum miss distance 0.00090</b> LD (= <b>0.054</b> R _{Earth} from the geocenter). See: $2018$ CW2 – SSA, $2018$ CW2 – JPL See also: <b>19</b> Feb <b>2191</b> .
2193, Mar 21	Apollo NEA <b>354182</b> ( <b>2002 DU3</b> , $H = 20.6$ mag, $D = 270$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.60 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.54 LD. See: $2002 \text{ DU3} - \text{SSA}$ , $2002 \text{ DU3} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2194</b> , Feb 13	Aten NEA <b>2009 BE58</b> ( $H$ = 21.8 mag, $D$ = 150 m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.53 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.48 LD. See: $2009 \text{ BE58} - \text{SSA}$ , $2009 \text{ BE58} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>10 Feb 1950</b> , <b>11 Feb 2058</b> .

2194, Mar 7	Apollo NEA <b>474158</b> ( <b>1999 FA</b> , <i>H</i> = 20.9 mag, <i>D</i> = 300 m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.58 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.89 LD.  See: <u>1999 FA - SSA</u> , <u>1999 FA - JPL</u> See also: <b>6 Mar 1909</b> , <b>6 Mar 1999</b> , <b>6 Mar 2143</b> .
2194, Nov 16	Apollo NEA 374855 (2006 VQ13, $H = 19.9$ mag, $D \approx 400$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.31 LD. Minimum miss distance 2.31 LD. See: $374855\ 2006\ VQ13 - SSA$ , $2006\ VQ13 - JPL$
<b>2195</b> , Feb 26	Apollo NEA <b>2017 BY93</b> ( $H = 23.2 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 80 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.66 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.91 LD. See: $2017 \text{ BY93} - \text{SSA}$ , $2017 \text{ BY93} - \text{JPL}$
<b>2196</b> , Mar 25	Apollo NEA <b>2017 FZ2</b> ( $H$ = 26.6 mag, $D \approx 17$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.75 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.69 LD. See: 2017 FZ2 - SSA, 2017 FZ2 - JPL See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2017_FZ2
2196, May 5	Apollo NEA 144898 (2004 VD17, $H = 19.0$ mag, $D \approx 320$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.56 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.70 LD. See: 2004 VD17 - SSA, 2004 VD17 - JPL See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(144898)_2004_VD17 See also: 7 Nov 2041, 7 May 2148.
2196, Jul 11	Apollo NEA <b>2017 MC4</b> ( $H$ = 22.0 mag, $D \approx 140$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.66 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.10 LD. See: 2017 MC4 – SSA, 2017 MC4 – JPL
<b>2197</b> , Mar 13	Aten NEA <b>2021 EL4</b> ( $H$ = 25.8 mag, $D \approx 24$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.96 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.59 LD. See: $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$ EL4 – $2021$
2197, Apr 22	Apollo NEA <b>2013 WT45</b> ( $H$ = 20.4 mag, $D \approx 300$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 2.50 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.89 LD. See: 2013 WT45 - SSA, 2013 WT45 - JPL
2197, Jun 11	Amor NEA <b>2018 EJ4</b> ( $H = 21.4$ mag, $D \approx 190$ m, <b>PHA</b> ) will pass

	Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.82 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.57 LD.  See: 2018 EJ4 - SSA, 2018 EJ4 - JPL  See also: 10 Jun 2018.
2197, Oct 23	Apollo NEA <b>2014 SM143</b> , ( $H = 20.4 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 290 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.94 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.36 LD. See: $2014 \text{ SM143} - \text{SSA}$ , $2014 \text{ SM143} - \text{JPL}$ See also: <b>20 Apr 1934</b> , <b>19 Apr 2093</b> .
<b>2198</b> , Mar 18	Apollo NEA <b>2015 PM</b> ( $H = 20.3 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 300 \text{ m}$ , <b>PHA</b> ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.22 LD. Minimum miss distance 3.21 LD. See: $2015 \text{ PM} - SSA$ , $2015 \text{ PM} - JPL$ See also: <b>16 Mar 2077</b> .
2198, Mar 25	Apollo NEA <b>2011 FV6</b> ( $H$ = 24.9 mag, $D \approx 40$ m) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 3.85 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.93 LD. See: 2011 FV6 - SSA, 2011 FV6 - JPL
2198, May 5	Apollo NEA 290772 (2005 VC, $H = 17.4$ mag, $D \approx 1200$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 1.97 LD. Minimum miss distance 1.82 LD. See: $290772\ 2005\ VC - SSA$ , $2005\ VC - JPL$
<b>2199</b> , Apr 22	Apollo NEA <b>2014</b> YS34 ( $H$ = 20.7 mag, $D$ = 260 m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.69 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.63 LD. See: $2014$ YS34 - SSA, $2014$ YS34 - JPL
2199, Jul 6	Apollo NEA <b>2020 NB</b> ( $H = 26.3 \text{ mag}$ , $D \approx 20 \text{ m}$ ) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 7.55 LD. Minimum miss distance 0.47 LD. See: $2020 \text{ NB} - \text{S2P}$ , $2020 \text{ NB} - \text{JPL}$ See also: $5 \text{ Jul 2020}$ .
<b>2200</b> , Nov 1	Aten NEA 475534 (2006 TS7, $H = 21.3$ mag, $D = 200$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 4.47 LD. Minimum miss distance 4.47 LD. See: $2006$ TS7 - SSA, $2006$ TS7 - JPL See also: 29 Oct 2018.
2200, Nov 23	Aten NEA 413577 (2005 UL5, $H = 20.5$ mag, $D \approx 280$ m, PHA) will pass Earth at a nominal miss distance of 5.84 LD. Minimum

	miss distance 5.78 LD. See: <u>413577 2005 UL5- SSA</u> , <u>2005 UL5 - JPL</u>
	See also: 22 Nov 2190.
•••	
2880, Mar 16	Apollo NEA 29075 (1950 DA = 2000 YK66, <i>H</i> = 17.5 mag, <i>D</i> ≈ 1.39 km   1.46 km   1.07 km, PHA) has a 1-in-8330 chance of impacting in 2880.  See: 29075 1950 DA - SSA, 1950 DA - JPL  Ref:  - J.D. Giorgini, S.J. Ostro, L.A.M. Benner, et al., 2002, <i>Science</i> , 296, 132, "Asteroid 1950 DA's encounter with Earth in 2880: physical limits of collision probability prediction."  See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2002Sci296132G  - A.P.J. Abdul Kalam, President of India, 4 January 2003, Space Summit address to the 90 th Indian Science Congress, "Vision for the global space community: prosperous, happy and secure planet earth."  See: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/1950da/1950DA_Kalam_90th_Indian_Congress.pdf  - K. Wong, 2003, <i>Scientific American</i> , "2880 asteroid impact simulation suggests tsunamis could hammer Atlantic coast."  See: http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=2880-asteroid-impact-simu  - S.N. Ward, E. Asphaug, 2003, <i>Geophysical Journal International</i> , 153, F6, "Asteroid impact tsunami of 2880 March 16."  See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2003GeoJI.153F6W  - S.J. Ostro, J.D. Giorgini, 2004, in: M.J.S. Belton, et al. (eds.), <i>Mitigation of Hazardous Comets and Asteroids</i> (Cambridge: CUP), p. 54, "The role of radar in predicting and preventing asteroid and comet collisions with Earth."  See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2004mhca.conf380  - M.W. Busch, J.D. Giorgini, S.J. Ostro, et al., 2007, <i>Icarus</i> , 190, 608, "Physical modeling of near-Earth asteroid (29075) 1950 DA."  See: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2007Icar190.608B  - D. Farnocchia, S.R. Chesley, 2014, <i>Icarus</i> , 229, 321, "Assessment of the 2880 impact threat from asteroid (29075) 1950 DA."  See: also: http://acsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2014Icar229321F  See also: http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/los/1950da/ https://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/los/29075.html http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/los/29075.html http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/los/1950da/ https://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/los/1950da/ https://neo.apa.gov/risk/a29075.html
	http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/news_detail.cfm?ID=111 http://www.planetary.org/news/2002/0412 A Close Call for Earth in

878 Years.html

http://www.scientificamerican.com/article.cfm?id=asteroid-impact-

ossible

http://neo.ssa.esa.int/ # January 2016. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/(29075) 1950 DA

See also: 5 Mar 2001.

* * *

## **EXTERNAL LINKS**

American Meteor Society

ANSMET

Arcetri NEO Procovery Program

Asia-Pacific Asteroid Observation Network

Asiago DLR Asteroid Survey

http://www.amsmeteors.org/fireballs/
http://geology.cwru.edu/~ansmet/
http://www.arcetri.astro.it/science/aneopp/
http://www.spaceguard.or.jp/apaon/index.html
http://dipastro.pd.astro.it/planets/adas/#team

Association of Space Explorers http://www.space-explorers.org/committees/NEO/neo.html

Asteroid Day
Asteroid Deflection Research Center
Asteroid and Comet Impact Hazards

http://www.asteroidday.org/
http://www.adrc.iastate.edu/
http://impact.arc.nasa.gov/

Asteroid Impact & Deflection Assessment (AIDA)

http://www.esa.int/esaMI/NEO/SEMAWBTWT1H 0.html

https://www.nasa.gov/planetarydefense/aida

Asteroid Impact Mission (AIM)

http://www.esa.int/Our_Activities/Space_Engineering_Technology/NEO/Asteroid_Impact_Mission_AIM Asteroid Threat Assessment Project (ATAP)

https://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/meetings/jun2017/presentations/Mathias.pdf

Asteroid Watch
AsteroidWatch (on Twitter)
Astrophysics Data System
Asteroid Radar Research

http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch/
http://twitter.com/AsteroidWatch
http://www.adsabs.harvard.edu/
http://echo.jpl.nasa.gov/

AsteroidFinder http://www.dlr.de/pf/en/desktopdefault.aspx/tabid-174/319 read-18911/

ATLAS

http://www.fallingstar.com/index.php

B612 Foundation

http://www.b612foundation.org/

B612 Foundation Asteroid Institute https://b612foundation.org/resource_subjects/asteroid-institute/

Cameras for Allsky Meteor Surveillance (CAMS) <a href="http://cams.seti.org/">http://cams.seti.org/</a>

Catalina Sky Survey

<a href="http://www.lpl.arizona.edu/css/index.html">http://www.lpl.arizona.edu/css/index.html</a>
Chang'e-2
<a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Chang'e">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Chang'e</a>

China NEO Survey (NEOST) <a href="http://english.pmo.cas.cn/rh/dcm/nsb/200908/t20090831">http://english.pmo.cas.cn/rh/dcm/nsb/200908/t20090831</a> 35079.html

CINEOS <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Campo">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Campo</a> Imperatore Near-

Earth Object Survey

Daily Minor Planet <a href="http://www.minorplanetcenter.net/daily-minor-planet">http://www.minorplanetcenter.net/daily-minor-planet</a>

Discovery Channel Telescope <a href="http://www.lowell.edu/dct/">http://www.lowell.edu/dct/</a>
DANEOPS <a href="http://earn.dlr.de/daneops/">http://earn.dlr.de/daneops/</a>

DARPA Space Surveillance Telescope (SST) <a href="http://www.darpa.mil/program/space-surveillance-telescope">http://www.darpa.mil/program/space-surveillance-telescope</a>

Desert Fireball Network (DFN) <a href="http://www3.imperial.ac.uk/desertfireballnetwork">http://www3.imperial.ac.uk/desertfireballnetwork</a>

DLR Institute of Planetary Research
European Asteroid Research Node
EARN NEA Data Base
http://www.dlr.de/pf/en/
http://earn.dlr.de/
http://earn.dlr.de/

Earth Impact Effects Program <a href="http://impact.ese.ic.ac.uk/ImpactEffects/">http://impact.ese.ic.ac.uk/ImpactEffects/</a>

Ephemerides of Minor Planets

ESA Fly-eye telescope

ESA Hera

http://www.ipa.nw.ru/PAGE/DEPFUND/LSBSS/engephem.htm

http://www.esa.int/spaceinimages/Images/2016/10/Fly-eye_telescope

http://www.esa.int/Our_Activities/Space_Engineering_Technology/Hera/Hera

ESA NEO Coordination Center <a href="http://neo.ssa.esa.int/">http://neo.ssa.esa.int/</a>

ESA NEO Space Mission Studies <a href="http://www.esa.int/Our Activities/Technology/NEO">http://www.esa.int/Our Activities/Technology/NEO</a>

ESA Planetary Defence Office

http://www.esa.int/Enabling Support/Operations/Planetary Defence Office contact details

ESA Space Situational Awareness <a href="http://www.esa.int/ssa/neo">http://www.esa.int/ssa/neo</a>

http://www.esa.int/Our Activities/Operations/Near-Earth Objects - NEO

ESA Tenerife Observatory Teide Asteroid Survey (TOTAS) <a href="https://totas.cosmos.esa.int/mover.php?id=220640">https://totas.cosmos.esa.int/mover.php?id=220640</a>

European Fireball Network <a href="http://www.dlr.de/pf/desktopdefault.aspx/tabid-623">http://www.dlr.de/pf/desktopdefault.aspx/tabid-623</a>

European Planetary Science Congress
European NEA Search Observatories

http://www.europlanet-ri.eu/epsc
http://earn.dlr.de/euneaso.htm

EURONEAR <a href="http://euronear.imcce.fr/tiki-index.php?page=HomePage">http://euronear.imcce.fr/tiki-index.php?page=HomePage</a>
Earth Impact Database <a href="http://www.passc.net/EarthImpactDatabase/index.html">http://www.passc.net/EarthImpactDatabase/index.html</a>

Hayabusa <a href="http://www.isas.jaxa.jp/e/enterp/missions/hayabusa/index.shtml">http://www.isas.jaxa.jp/e/enterp/missions/hayabusa/index.shtml</a>

Hayabusa-2 http://www.jspec.jaxa.jp/e/activity/hayabusa2.html

IAF NEOs Technical Committee

http://www.iafastro.com/index.html?title=Committee on Near Earth Objects

IAU Minor Planet Center

http://www.cfa.harvard.edu/iau/mpc.html

IAU Meteor Data Center

http://www.astro.amu.edu.pl/~jopek/MDC2007/

International Asteroid Warning Network (IAWN) <a href="http://iawn.net">http://iawn.net</a>

Impact Database <a href="http://impacts.rajmon.cz/index.html">http://impacts.rajmon.cz/index.html</a>
IMPACTON <a href="http://www.on.br/impacton/">http://www.on.br/impacton/</a>
International Academy of Astronautics (IAA) <a href="http://www.iaaweb.org/">http://www.iaaweb.org/</a>

International Asteroid Warning Network <a href="http://www.minorplanetcenter.net/IAWN/">http://iawn.net/</a>

99942 Apophis 2021 Observing Campaign <a href="http://iawn.net/obscamp/Apophis/">http://iawn.net/obscamp/Apophis/</a>

International Astronomical Union (IAU) <a href="http://www.iau.org">http://www.iau.org</a>
International Meteor Organization (IMO) <a href="http://www.imo.net/">http://www.imo.net/</a>

International Primitive Body Exploration Working Group <a href="http://ipewg.caltech.edu/">http://ipewg.caltech.edu/</a>

International Scientific Optical Network (ISON)
International Asteroid Warning Network (IAWN)

http://lfvn.astronomer.ru/report/0000029/index.htm
http://www.minorplanetcenter.net/IAWN/

Jet Propulsion Laboratory's Center for NEO Studies (CNEOS) <a href="http://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/">http://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/</a>

KLENOT <a href="http://www.klet.org/?stranka=klenot&menu_id=4&uroven=2">http://www.klet.org/?stranka=klenot&menu_id=4&uroven=2</a>

La Sagra Sky Survey
Large Synoptic Survey Telescope
LCOGT network

http://lasagraskysurvey.org/
http://lasagraskysurvey.org/
http://lwww.lsst.org/lsst
http://lcogt.net/

LINEAR http://www.ll.mit.edu/mission/space/linear/

Lowell Discovery Telescope https://lowell.edu/research/research-facilities/4-3-meter-ldt/

LPI <a href="http://www.lpi.usra.edu/publications/slidesets/craters/">http://www.lpi.usra.edu/publications/slidesets/craters/</a> crater_index.shtml

Marco Polo-Rhttp://www.oca.eu/MarcoPolo-R/Meteoritical Societyhttp://www.meteoriticalsociety.org/

MIT Project Apophis https://eapsweb.mit.edu/mit-project-apophis

NASA All Sky Fireball Network <a href="http://fireballs.ndc.nasa.gov/">http://fireballs.ndc.nasa.gov/</a>

NASA Asteroid Initiative and Grand Challenge <a href="http://www.nasa.gov/asteroidinitiative">http://www.nasa.gov/asteroidinitiative</a>
NASA Asteroid and Comet Hazard
NASA Asteroid Watch

<a href="http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch">http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch</a>
<a href="http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch">http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/asteroidwatch</a>

NASA Asteroid and Comet Watch <a href="http://www.nasa.gov/mission_pages/asteroids/main/index.html">http://www.nasa.gov/mission_pages/asteroids/main/index.html</a>

NASA Asteroid Radar Research http://echo.jpl.nasa.gov/

NASA Asteroid Redirect Mission <a href="http://www.nasa.gov/content/what-is-nasa-s-asteroid-redirect-mission">http://www.nasa.gov/content/what-is-nasa-s-asteroid-redirect-mission</a>

https://www.nasa.gov/arm

NASA Meteoroid Environment Office http://www.nasa.gov/offices/meo/home/aboutMEO-rd.html

http://www.nasa.gov/offices/meo/outreach/

NASA Near Earth Object Program
NASA Planetary Data System

http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/
https://pds.nasa.gov/

NASA Planetary Data System Small Bodies Node <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/</a> <a href="https://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/">https://pds-smallbod

NASA Solar System Exploration Research Virtual Institute (SERVI) http://sservi.nasa.gov

Near-Earth object Lunar Impacts and Optical TrAnsients (NELIOTA) http://neliota.astro.noa.gr/

NEOCam<a href="http://neocam.ipac.caltech.edu/">http://neocam.ipac.caltech.edu/</a>NEODyS (University of Pisa)<a href="http://newton.dm.unipi.it/neodys/">http://newton.dm.unipi.it/neodys/</a>NELIOTA<a href="https://neliota.astro.noa.gr/">https://neliota.astro.noa.gr/</a>

NEOShield<a href="http://www.neoshield.net/en/index.htm">http://www.neoshield.net/en/index.htm</a>NEO Scout<a href="https://www.nasa.gov/content/nea-scout">https://www.nasa.gov/content/nea-scout</a>NEOSSat<a href="https://www.asc-csa.gc.ca/eng/satellites/neossat/">http://www.asc-csa.gc.ca/eng/satellites/neossat/</a>

NEOStel <a href="http://creotech.pl/project/neostel">http://creotech.pl/project/neostel</a>

NEO-WISE

<a href="http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/stats/wise/">http://neowise.ipac.caltech.edu/</a>
<a href="http://neowise.ipac.caltech.edu/">http://neowise.ipac.caltech.edu/</a>
<a href="http://www.nasa.gov/mission">http://neowise.ipac.caltech.edu/</a>
<a href="http://www.nasa.gov/mission">http://neowise.ipac.caltech.edu/</a>
<a href="http://www.nasa.gov/mission">http://neowise.ipac.caltech.edu/</a>
<a href="http://www.nasa.gov/mission">http://neowise.ipac.caltech.edu/</a>

OSIRIS-Rexhttp://osiris-rex.lpl.arizona.edu/Near-Earth Object Human Space Flighthttp://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/nhats/

Accessible Targets Study (NHATS)

Pan-STARRS <a href="http://pan-starrs.ifa.hawaii.edu/public/">http://pan-starrs.ifa.hawaii.edu/public/</a>

Planetary Data System

Planetary Defense

Planetary Resources

Planetary Society

Radar Astronomy

http://pds.nasa.gov/

http://planetary.org/defense

http://www.planetaryresources.com/

http://www.planetary.org/home/

http://mel.ess.ucla.edu/radar/

Space Mission Planning Advisory Group (SMPAG) <a href="http://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/smpag/home">http://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/smpag/home</a>

http://smpag.net

Secure World Foundation http://www.secureworldfoundation.org/

Sentinel Space Telescope Mission <a href="http://b612foundation.org/media/sentinelmission/">http://b612foundation.org/media/sentinelmission/</a>

SENTRY (JPL) <a href="http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/risk/">http://neo.jpl.nasa.gov/risk/</a>
Siding Spring Survey <a href="http://www.mso.anu.edu.au/~rmn/">http://www.mso.anu.edu.au/~rmn/</a>

Slooh SpaceCamera

Small Bodies Assessment Group

http://events.slooh.com/
http://www.lpi.usra.edu/sbag/

Small Solar System Objects

Spectroscopic Survey (S³OS²) <a href="http://sbn.psi.edu/pds/resource/s3os2.html">http://sbn.psi.edu/pds/resource/s3os2.html</a> <a href="http://sbn.psi.edu/pds/resource/s3os2.html">http://sbn.psi.edu/pds/resource/s3os2.html</a> <a href="http://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/smpag">http://sbn.psi.edu/pds/resource/s3os2.html</a> <a href="http://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/smpag">http://sbn.psi.edu/pds/resource/s3os2.html</a> <a href="http://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/smpag">http://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/smpag</a>

Solar System Object Search <a href="http://www3.cadc-ccda.hia-iha.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca/ssos/">http://www3.cadc-ccda.hia-iha.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca/ssos/</a>

Space Foundation

Space Generation Advisory Council

The Spaceguard Center

Spaceguard Foundation

http://spaceguard.iasf-roma.inaf.it/

Spaceguard Central Node <a href="http://www.esa.int/esaMI/NEO/SEMS58OVGJE_0.html">http://www.esa.int/esaMI/NEO/SEMS58OVGJE_0.html</a>
Spaceguard Australia <a href="http://users.tpg.com.au/users/tps-seti/spacegd.html">http://users.tpg.com.au/users/tps-seti/spacegd.html</a>

Spaceguard Croatia <a href="http://www.astro.hr/spaceguard/">http://www.astro.hr/spaceguard/</a>

Spaceguard Japan <a href="http://www.spaceguard.or.jp/ja/e_index.html">http://www.spaceguard.or.jp/ja/e_index.html</a>

Spaceguard Spain

Spaceguard United Kingdom

Spacewatch

TOTAS

UAO-DLR Asteroid Survey (UDAS)

http://www.spaceguardspain.org/
http://www.spaceguarduk.com/
http://spacewatch.lpl.arizona.edu/
http://wmo.estec.esa.int/totas
http://earn.dlr.de/udas/

UN-COPUOS <a href="http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/oosa/COPUOS/copuos.html">http://www.oosa.unvienna.org/oosa/COPUOS/copuos.html</a>

UN-COPUOS STSC http://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/copuos/stsc/2019/index.html

UN Office for Outer Space Affaires http://www.unoosa.org/

UN OOSA Near Earth Objects <a href="http://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/topics/neos/index.html">http://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/topics/neos/index.html</a>
Warm *Spitzer* NEO Survey <a href="http://ssc.spitzer.caltech.edu/spitzermission/observingprograms/es/">http://ssc.spitzer.caltech.edu/spitzermission/observingprograms/es/</a>

WFIRST <a href="https://wfirst.gsfc.nasa.gov/">https://wfirst.gsfc.nasa.gov/</a>

https://wfirst.gsfc.nasa.gov/about.html

https://www.nasa.gov/wfirst

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SRON Netherlands Institute for Space Research, Utrecht, the Netherlands

Latest update: 01 June 2021

Site manager:

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